

An adverb is a word that modifies a verb, an adjective or an adverb itself.

e.g. This is a very famous book.

↓ ↓ ↓ Adverb Adjective

He runs slowly.

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Verb Adverb

Types of Adverb

1. Adverbs of Time

They tell us when the action takes place.

e.g. I went for a movie <u>yesterday</u>. Vicky finishes all his task early.

Ago, after, early, yesterday, quickly, recently, today, tonight, tomorrow etc are used as adverbs of time.

2. Adverb of Manner

They tell us how or in what manner an action takes place.

e.g. Sita speaks English <u>fluently</u>.

Read the instructions <u>carefully</u>.

Peacefully, fluently, quickly, certainly, loudly, carefully, gladly, badly, fast etc are used as adverbs of manner.

3. Adverb of Frequency

They tell us how often an action or event takes place.

e.g. Jeet practices voilin <u>regularly</u>. Nandu will come again.

Seldom, often, regularly, never, ever, again, frequently, always, usually etc are used as adverbs of frequency.

4. Adverb of Place

They tell us where an action takes place.

e.g. She took the lady inside.

Arjun searched for water everywhere.

Near, far, away, inside, everywhere, anywhere, here etc are used as adverbs of place.

5. Adverb of Quantity/Extent/Degree

They tell us to which extent an adjective is modified.

e.g. Your pen is too nice.

Poorab is little tall.

Partly, fully, pretty, almost, very, more, much, any, none, too, little, are used as adverbs of quantity/extent/degree.

Practice Exercise

Directions (Q. Nos. 1-25) *Fill in the blanks with the correct adverb from the options.*

	• •	·			•	-					
1.	fever.	bathe as he had	13.	We stayed at our home all the day and went							
	(a) tomorrow (c) yesterday	(b) now (d) ago		(a) somew	(a) somewhere (c) nowhere		here ere				
2.	my mother is p the kitchen.	reparing breakfast in	14.	I saw him walking out side the room and called him							
	(a) Then (b) Ago	(c) Before (d) Now		(a) out	(b) in	(c) up	(d) above				
3.	Nobody will celebrat	te his birthday	15.	This book	seems	inspiring					
		(b) yesterday		(a) much	(b) more	(c) lot	(d) very				
	(c) earlier	(d) then	16.	3. They are poor to buy this house.							
4.	Kavita goes to	temple with her		(a) very	(b) too	(c) a little	(d) much				
	mother.		17 .	. My uncle is clever that nobody can							
	(a) ago (c) tomorrow	(b) yesterday		cheat him	l .						
_	We have not submit	• •		(a) so	(b) very	(c) much	(d) a lot				
Э.		(c) now (d) before	18.	will l	he put this	knife?					
6	` , 1	, , , , ,		(a) When	(b) Where	(c) Whom	(d) Who				
О.	Rohit gets up e	(c) always (d) once	19.	did y	ou see him	n?					
7		- · · ·		(a) Whom	(b) What	(c) Where	(d) Which				
7.	We have gone t (a) always (b) never		20.	Due to fever I could not go?							
0				(a) no where (b) everywhere							
8.	His father has warns (a) always			(c) somewhere (d) anywhere							
	(c) twice	(b) never (d) ever	21.	He studied and scored 92% marks.							
9	He runs than ye	* *		(a) fast (c) hard		(b) hardly (d) carefully					
О.	(a) fastly		22.	The boy was wise to understand it.							
	(c) faster	(d) with fast		_	as wi (b) very						
10.	She could not reach	on time because she	00		•		(d) too				
	was walking very		23.	I have not understand the story so I will have to read it							
	(a) loud (b) loudly	(c) badly (d) slowly				(c) again	(d) once				
11.	They beat him	•	24			er than her					
	(a) badly	(b) lovingly	24 .			(c) very					
	(c) warnty	•	25	` '	` ,		, ,				
12.		in search of water.	25.	Manoj is to pluck this mango. (a) tall much (b) much tall							
	(a) near	(b) everywhere		(a) tall mu (c) taller	ch	(d) enough tall					
	(c) within	(d) above		\ - /		() B 22					

Answers

1	(c)	2	(d)	3	(a)	4	(d)	5	(a)	6	(c)	7	(b)	8	(c)	9	(c)	10	(d)
11	(a)	12	(b)	13	(c)	14	(b)	15	(d)	16	(b)	17	(a)	18	(b)	19	(c)	20	(d)
21	(c)	22	(d)	23	(c)	24	(b)	25	(d)										