

## Major Landforms of the Earth

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Question 1.

Which is ideal for cultivation of crops?

- (i) River valleys
- (ii) Flora and fauna
- (iii) Glaciers

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (i) River valleys

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Question 2.

The Tibet plateau is the highest plateau in the world with a height of:

- (i) 2000-4000 mtr.
- (ii) 4000-6000 mtr.
- (iii) 8000-9000 mtr.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (ii) 4000-6000 mtr.

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Question 3.

African plateau is famous for:

- (i) Gold and diamond
- (ii) Iron mining
- (iii) Coalmining

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (i) Gold and diamond

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Question 4.

Which are the most useful areas for human habitation?

- (i) Plateaus
- (ii) Mountains
- (iii) Plains

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (iii) Plains

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Question 5.

The plains of Asia are formed by rivers:

- (i) Ganga and Brahmaputra
- (ii) Yamuna
- (iii) Kaveri

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (i) Ganga and Brahmaputra

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Question 6.

Undersea mountain is:

- (i) Mauna Kea

- (ii) Kilimanjaro
- (iii) Fujiyama

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (i) Mauna Kea

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Question 7.

The continuous wearing down and rebuilding of the land surface is a/an:

- (i) Internal process
- (ii) External process
- (iii) Glaciers.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (ii) External process

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Question 8.

The Himalayan Mountains and the Alps are example of:

- (i) Fold Mt.
- (ii) Block Mt
- (iii) Volcanic Mt.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (i) Fold Mt.

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Question 9.

Mt. Kilimanjaro is situated in:

- (i) India
- (ii) Japan
- (iii) Africa

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (iii) Africa

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Question 10.

Mt. Fujiyama is situated in:

- (i) India
- (ii) Japan
- (iii) Africa

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (ii) Japan

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Question 11.

\_\_\_\_\_ forces originate from within the earth and \_\_\_\_\_ forces originate from outside the earth

- (a) Volcanic and Tectonic
- (b) Tectonic and Gradational
- (c) Gradational and Volcanic
- (d) Gradational and Tectonic

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (b) Tectonic and Gradational

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Question 12.

Which of the following is not the type of mountains

- (a) Rockies Mountain
- (b) Block mountains
- (c) Fold mountains
- (d) Volcanic mountains

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (a) Rockies Mountain

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Question 13.

What are two land forming processes

- (a) Upper processes and Lower processes
- (b) Block processes and Fold processes
- (c) Internal processes and External processes
- (d) Minor processes and Major processes

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (c) Internal processes and External processes

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Question 14.

Which of the following is the Peninsular plateau?

- (a) Deccan
- (b) Sahara
- (c) Chotanagpur
- (d) North

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (a) Deccan

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Question 15.

How plateau is differ from the mountains

- (a) It is considerably higher than the surroundings
- (b) Plateau is elevated flat land
- (c) There are three types of mountains
- (d) Its elevation is more than 600 metres

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (b) Plateau is elevated flat land

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Question 16.

\_\_\_\_\_ is the continuous wearing down and rebuilding of the land surface

- (a) Minor process
- (b) External process
- (c) Internal process
- (d) Major process

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (b) External process

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Question 17.

Which of the following is not a volcanic mountain

- (a) Cotopaxi
- (b) Rockies
- (c) Fujiyama
- (d) Krakatoa

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (b) Rockies

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Question 18.

Mountains are very useful. The mountains are a storehouse of

- (a) Water
- (b) Gas
- (c) Rice
- (d) Minerals

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (a) Water

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Question 19.

These are large stretches of flat land

- (a) River
- (b) Mountain
- (c) Plateau
- (d) Plain

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (d) Plain

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Question 20.

Wearing away of earth

- (a) Erosion
- (b) Weather
- (c) Climate
- (d) Horst

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (a) Erosion

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[Match the following](#)

1.

Column-I	Column-II
1. Fold Mountains	(a) Large areas are broken and displaced vertically.
2. Block Mountains	(b) Volcanic activity.
3. Volcanic Mountains	(c) Rugged relief and high conical peaks.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer:

Column-I	Column-II
1. Fold Mountains	(c) Rugged relief and high conical peaks.
2. Block Mountains	(a) Large areas are broken and displaced vertically.
3. Volcanic Mountains	(b) Volcanic activity.

### Fill in the blanks

1. .... leads to the upliftment and sinking of the Earth's surface at several places.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: Internal process

2. The surface is being rebuilt by the process of .....

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: deposition

3. Permanently frozen rivers of ice are called .....

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: glaciers

4. Horst and graben blocks are concerned to the .....

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: Block Mountains

5. Mauna Kea in the ..... Ocean is an undersea mountain.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: Pacific

6. The mountains are storehouse of .....

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: water

7. The Deccan plateau in India is one of the ..... plateaus.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: oldest

8. In India huge reserves of ....., ..... and ..... are found in the Chhotanagpur plateau.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: iron, coal, manganese

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9. In China, the plains are formed by river .....

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: Yangtze

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10. Ural mountains are situated in .....

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: Russia

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### Picture Based Questions

1.  
Find out where are the following situated in the map.

1. Himalaya Mt.
2. Vindhya Range
3. Aravali Range
4. Deccan Plateau

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer:

