UNIT 13

PLAYING WITH NUMBERS

(A) Main Concepts and Results

- Numbers can be written in general form. For example, a two digit number ab is written as ab = 10a + b; a three digit number abc is written as abc = 100a + 10b + c.
- The general form of numbers are helpful in solving various problems related to numbers.
- Rationale for the divisibility of numbers by 11, 10, 5, 2, 9 or 3 can be explained by writing the numbers in general form.
- Many number puzzles involving different letters for different digits are solved using rules of number operations.

(B) Solved Examples

In examples 1 to 4, out of four options only one is correct. Write the correct answer.

Example 1: Generalised form of a three-digit number xyz is

(a) x + y + z

(b) 100x + 10y + z

(c) 100z + 10y + x

(d) 100y + 10x + z

Solution: The correct answer is (b).

Example 2: The usual form of 100a + b + 10c is

(a) abc

(b) *cab*

(c) bac

(d) *acb*

Solution: The correct answer is (d).

Example 3: If $5 \times A = CA$ then the values of A and C are

- (a) A = 5, C = 1
- (b) A = 4, C = 2
- (c) A = 5, C = 2
- (d) A = 2, C = 5

Solution : The correct answer is (c).

Example 4: If 5 A + 25 is equal to B 2, then the value of A + B is

- (a) 15
- (b) 10
- (c) 8
- (d) 7

Solution : The correct answer is (a).

In examples 5 to 7, fill in the blanks to make the statements true.

Example 5: The number ab - ba where a and b are digits and a > b

is divisible by _____.

Solution : 9.

Example 6: When written in usual form 100a + 10c + 9 is equal to

Solution : ac 9

Example 7: If $AB \times B = 9B$, then $A = ____, B = ____.$

Solution : 9.1

In examples 8 to 10, state whether the statements are true (T) or false (F).

Example 8: If abc, cab, bca are three digit numbers formed by the digits a, b, and c then the sum of these numbers is

always divisible by 37.

: True. Solution

Example 9: Let ab be a two-digit number, then ab + ba is divisible

by 9.

Solution : False.

Example 10: If a number is divisible by 2 and 4, then it will be divisible

by 8.

Solution : False.

Example 11: A three-digit number 42x is divisible by 9. Find the value

of x.

Solution : Since 42x is divisible by 9, the sum of its digits, i.e.

4 + 2 + x must be divisible by 9.

i.e.
$$6 + x$$
 is divisible by 9

i.e.
$$6 + x = 9 \text{ or } 18,$$
____.

Since x is a digit, therefore 6 + x = 9 or, x = 3.

$$+\frac{B}{512}$$

Solution

: From ones column A + 4 gives a number whose ones digit is 2. So, A = 8. The value of B can be obtained by solving 2 + B is a number whose ones digit is 1. So, B = 9.

Example 13: Suppose that the division $x \div 5$ leaves a remainder 4 and

the division $x \div 2$ leaves a remainder 1. Find the ones digit of x.

Solution

: Since $x \div 5$ leaves a remainder 4, so ones digit of x can be 4 or 9. Also, since $x \div 2$ leaves a remainder 1, so ones digit must be 9 only.

Application on Problem Solving Strategy



Example 14:

If 756x is divisible by 11, where x is a digit find the value of x.



Understand and Explore the problem

- What is given in the question?
 A four digit number 756x is divisible by 11.
- Which property is required to solve the problem? Divisibility of a number by 11.



Plan a Strategy

- Find the sum of the digits of given number 756x at odd places.
- Find the sum of the digits of 756x at even places.
- Find the difference of step 1 and step 2.



Solve

- Given y = 2x
- Sum of digits at odd places = x + 5
- Sum of digits at even places = 6 + 7 = 13
- Difference = (x + 5) 13

$$= x - 8$$

Now (x - 8) should be equal to 0 or a multiple of 11 (i.e. 11, 22, 33, ..., etc.)

$$x - 8 = 0$$

$$x = 8$$
 or $x - 8 = 11$

$$x = 11 + 8 = 19$$

Since x is a digit so it can take values from 0 - 9Hence x = 8Required number is 7568.



Revise

7568

Sum of digits at odd places = 5 + 8 = 13

Sum of digits at even places = 6 + 7 = 13

Difference =
$$13 - 13$$

$$= 0$$

So Value of *x* is correct.

Discuss OOO Think and



- 1. What would be the value of y, if 277y is divisible by 11?
- (C) Exercise

In each of the questions 1 to 17, out of the four options, only one is correct. Write the correct answer.

- **1.** Generalised form of a four-digit number *abdc* is
 - (a) 1000 a + 100 b + 10 c + d
 - (b) 1000 a + 100 c + 10 b + d
 - (c) 1000 a + 100 b + 10 d + c
 - (d) $a \times b \times c \times d$

2.	Generalised form of a two-digit number <i>xy</i> is								
	(a) $x + y$	(b) $10x + y$	(c) $10x - y$	(d) $10y + x$					
3.	The usual form of $1000a + 10b + c$ is								
	(a) abc	(b) abco	(c) aobc	(d) aboc					
4.	Let abc be a three-digit number. Then $abc-cba$ is not divisible by								
	(a) 9	(b) 11	(c) 18	(d) 33					
5.	The sum of all the numbers formed by the digits x , y and z of the number xyz is divisible by								
	(a) 11	(b) 33	(c) 37	(d) 74					
6.	A four-digit number $aabb$ is divisible by 55. Then possible value(of b is/are								
	(a) 0 and 2	(b) 2 and 5	(c) 0 and 5	(d) 7					
7.	Let abc be a three digit number. Then $abc + bca + cab$ is not divisible by								
	(a) $a + b + c$	(b) 3	(c) 37	(d) 9					
8.	A four-digit number $4ab5$ is divisible by 55. Then the value of $b-a$ is								
	(a) 0	(b) 1	(c) 4	(d) 5					
9.	If abc is a three digit number, then the number $abc - a - b - c$ is divisible by								
	(a) 9	(b) 90	(c) 10	(d) 11					
10.	A six-digit number is formed by repeating a three-digit number. For example 256256, 678678, etc. Any number of this form is divisible by								
	(a) 7 only	(b) 11 only	(c) 13 only	(d) 1001					
11.	If the sum of digits of a number is divisible by three, then the number is always divisible by								
	(a) 2	(b) 3	(c) 6	(d) 9					
12 .	If $x + y + z = 6$ and z is an odd digit, then the three-digit number xyz								
	(a) an odd multip	ole of 3	(b) odd multiple of 6						
	(c) even multiple	of 3	(d) even multiple of 9						

	(a) $A = 2$, $B = 3$		(b) $A = 3, B =$	2					
	(c) $A = 2$, $B = 1$		(d) $A = 1, B =$	2					
14.	If A $3 + 8$ B = 150, then the value of A + B is								
	(a) 13	(b) 12	(c) 17	(d) 15					
15 .	If 5 A \times A = 399, then the value of A is								
	(a) 3	(b) 6	(c) 7	(d) 9					
16.	If $6 A \times B = A 8 B$, then the value of $A - B$ is								
	(a) -2	(b) 2	(c) -3	(d) 3					
17.	Which of the follo	wing numbers	is divisible by 9	9					
	(a) 913462	(b) 114345	(c) 135792	(d) 3572406					
In questions 18 to 33, fill in the blanks to make the statements true.									
18.	3134673 is divisi	ble by 3 and _	·						
19.	20x3 is a multiple of 3 if the digit x is or or								
20.	3x5 is divisible by 9 if the digit x is								
21.	The sum of a two-	digit number ar	nd the number o	btained by reversing					
	the digits is alway	s divisible by	·•						
22.	The difference of	a two–digit nu	mber and the n	umber obtained by					
	reversing its digit	s is always divi	sible by	·					
23.	The difference of	three-digit nu	mber and the n	umber obtained by					
	putting the digits in reverse order is always divisible by 9 and								
	•								
	2 B	_	_						
24.	If $+$ A B then	A = and	B =						
	8 A								
	A B								
25 .	If \times B then A	= and B	=						
	9 6								
	В 1								
26.	If \times B then B	=							
	4 9B								

13. If 5 A + B 3 = 65, then the value of A and B is

- **27.** 1 *x* 35 is divisible by 9 if x =_____.
- **28.** A four-digit number *abcd* is divisible by 11, if d + b =____ or
- **29.** A number is divisible by 11 if the differences between the sum of digits at its odd places and that of digits at the even places is either 0 or divisible by _____.
- **30.** If *a* 3-digit number *abc* is divisible by 11, then _____ is either 0 or multiple of 11.
- **31.** If $A \times 3 = 1A$, then A = ...
- **32.** If $B \times B = AB$, then either A = 2, B = 5 or $A = _____, B = _____.$
- **33.** If the digit 1 is placed after a 2-digit number whose tens is t and ones digit is u, the new number is _____.

State whether the statements given in questions 34 to 44 are true (T) or false (F):

- **34.** A two-digit number *ab* is always divisible by 2 if *b* is an even number.
- **35.** A three-digit number abc is divisible by 5 if c is an even number.
- **36.** A four-digit number *abcd* is divisible by 4 if *ab* is divisible by 4.
- **37.** A three-digit number *abc* is divisible by 6 if *c* is an even number and a + b + c is a multiple of 3.
- **38.** Number of the form 3N + 2 will leave remainder 2 when divided by 3.
- **39.** Number 7N + 1 will leave remainder 1 when divided by 7.
- **40.** If a number a is divisible by b, then it must be divisible by each factor of b.
- **41.** If $AB \times 4 = 192$, then A + B = 7.
- **42.** If AB + 7C = 102, where B \neq 0, C \neq 0, then A + B + C = 14.
- **43.** If 213x 27 is divisible by 9, then the value of x is 0.
- **44.** If N \div 5 leaves remainder 3 and N \div 2 leaves remainder 0, then N \div 10 leaves remainder 4.

Solve the following:

45. Find the least value that must be given to number a so that the number 91876a2 is divisible by 8.

MATHEMATICS

46. If
$$\frac{1}{x} \frac{P}{Q}$$
 where Q – P = 3, then find the values of P and Q.

- **47.** If 1AB + CCA = 697 and there is no carry–over in addition, find the value of A + B + C.
- **48.** A five-digit number AABAA is divisible by 33. Write all the numbers of this form.
- **49.** Find the value of the letters in each of the following questions.

$$\begin{array}{ccc} A & A \\ +A & A \\ \hline XA & Z \end{array}$$

and
$$B - A = 1$$

61. If $2A7 \div A = 33$,

then find the

value of A.

- **62.** 212 x 5 is a multiple of 3 and 11. Find the value of x.
- **63.** Find the value of k where 31k 2 is divisible by 6.
- **64.** 1y3y6 is divisible by 11. Find the value of y.
- **65.** 756 x is a multiple of 11, find the value of x.
- **66.** A three-digit number 2 α 3 is added to the number 326 to give a three-digit number 5b9 which is divisible by 9. Find the value of b-a.

67. Let E = 3, B = 7 and A = 4. Find the other digits in the sum

68. Let D = 3, L = 7 and A = 8. Find the other digits in the sum

$B\,U\,L\,L$

- **69.** If from a two-digit number, we subtract the number formed by reversing its digits then the result so obtained is a perfect cube. How many such numbers are possible? Write all of them.
- **70.** Work out the following multiplication.

Use the result to answer the following questions.

- (a) What will be 12345679×45 ?
- (b) What will be 12345679×63 ?
- (c) By what number should 12345679 be multiplied to get 888888888?
- (d) By what number should 12345679 be multiplied to get 999999999?
- **71.** Find the value of the letters in each of the following:

- **72.** If 148101B095 is divisible by 33, find the value of B.
- **73.** If 123123A4 is divisible by 11, find the value of A.
- **74.** If 56x32y is divisible by 18, find the least value of y.

(D) Application, Games and Puzzles

1. Polygonal Numbers

Study the patterns given below and extend it. We already know about square numbers.

1 9

Draw two more.

Here for the first square number, use 12; for the second square number, use 2^2 . To find the third square number use 3^2 and so on. Write the *n*th square number.

Now let's move to triangular numbers.

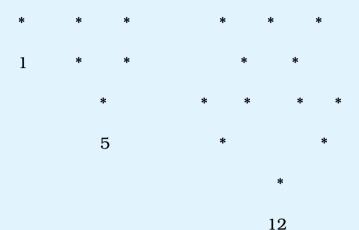
1 3 6 10

Find the next triangular number.

To find the nth triangular number we use the formula

Are you familiar with pentagonal numbers?

First three are given to you. Write the next one

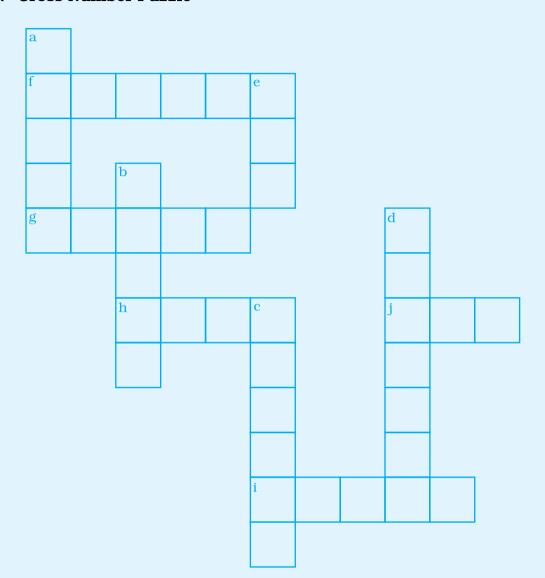


Draw the dot patterns for the next pentagonal number. Count the number of dots inside the entire shape and write the number under the shape.

2. Put tick mark in the appropriate boxes if the given numbers are divisible by any of 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 11 numbers.

S.No.	Number	Divisible by									
		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1.	40185										
2.	92286										
3.	56390										
4.	419562										
5.	10593248										

3. Cross Number Puzzle



Fill in the blank spaces in the cross number puzzle using following clues.

Down

(e) 56 ____ ÷ 10

Across

- (f) 90 _____ 815 ÷ 15
- (g) 3514 ____ ÷ 12
- (h) 4 _____ 07 ÷ 7
 - (i) 8 _____ 558 ÷ 6
 - (j) 6 _____ 5 ÷ 55

Rough Work

Rough Work

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