

Time allowed: 45 minutes

Maximum Marks: 200

*General Instructions: Same as Practice Paper-1.**Select the most appropriate option.***1. Which party has had an alliance with both BJP and Congress?**

- (a) Janta Party (b) Left Front
(c) Janta Dal (d) United Progressive Alliance

2. What is the full form of 'NATO'?

- (a) National Atlantic Treaty Organisation (b) North Atlantic Treaty Organs
(c) North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (d) North Alliance Treaty Organisation

3. Who led 'Chipko Movement'?

- (a) Gaura Devi (b) Gauri Devi (c) Bhaura Devi (d) Bhauri Devi

4. What is Kyoto Protocol?

- (a) The Kyoto Protocol is an international agreement linked to Americas framework convention on climate change.
(b) The Kyoto Protocol is an international agreement linked to UN's framework convention on climate change.
(c) The Kyoto Protocol is an international agreement linked to Africa's framework convention on climate change.
(d) All of these

5. Match the following correctly:

Column-1	Column-2
A. Common members of EU and UN Security Council	(i) Euro
B. Common European Currency	(ii) ASEAN
C. Regional Organisation	(iii) China
D. SEZs	(iv) Britain and France

- (a) (A)–(ii), (B)–(i), (C)–(iv), (D)–(iii) (b) (A)–(ii), (B)–(iv), (C)–(i), (D)–(iii)
(c) (A)–(i), (B)–(iii), (C)–(iv), (D)–(ii) (d) (A)–(iv), (B)–(i), (C)–(ii), (D)–(iii)

6. The policies that India has always opposed:

- (a) Colonialism (b) Neo-colonialism (c) Imperialism (d) All of these

7. When was RTI (Right to Information) movement started?

- (a) 1985 (b) 1990 (c) 1992 (d) 1995

8. Which one of the following was NOT given primacy by the makers of the Soviet System?

- (a) Abolition of private property (b) Society based on the principle of equality
(c) No opposition party to be allowed (d) No state control over economy

9. Name the political party founded by Acharya Narendra Dev.
 - (a) Congress Socialist Party
 - (b) Congress Party
 - (c) Socialist Party
 - (d) Communist Socialist Party
10. Arrange the following in chronological order:
 - (i) Establishment of NITI Aayog
 - (ii) Establishment of National Development Council
 - (iii) Declaration of abolishment of Planning Commission
 - (iv) Establishment of Planning Commission
 - (a) (iv), (ii), (iii), (i),
 - (b) (iii), (iv), (ii), (i)
 - (c) (iv), (ii), (i), (iii)
 - (d) (i), (ii), (iii), (iv)
11. Statement 1 : The Kabayali people of Pakistan invaded Kashmir in 1947.
 Statement 2 : The main reason for the Indo-Pakistan war in 1965 was the Kashmir dispute.
 - (a) Both the Statements are correct
 - (b) Both the Statements are incorrect
 - (c) Statement 1 is correct but the Statement 2 is incorrect
 - (d) Statement 2 is correct but the Statement 1 is incorrect
12. The functions of the UN Secretary-General are:
 - (i) To implement decisions taken by different components of Union
 - (ii) To give a report of all works done by Secretariat to General Assembly
 - (iii) To organise conferences of security council, economic/financial and social security
 - (a) (i) and (ii) only
 - (b) (ii) and (iii) only
 - (c) (i) and (iii) only
 - (d) (i), (ii) and (iii)
13. Who played an important role in the roots of NAM?
 - (i) Jawaharlal Nehru
 - (ii) Josip Broz Tito
 - (iii) Gamal Abdel Nasser
 - (a) (i) and (ii) only
 - (b) (i) and (iii) only
 - (c) (ii) and (iii) only
 - (d) (i), (ii) and (iii)
14. How many countries established UNO by signing the United Nations manifesto?
 - (a) 51
 - (b) 52
 - (c) 55
 - (d) 61
15. What was the economy like in Soviet Russia?
 - (i) Planned and controlled by the state
 - (ii) Inspired by the ideals of socialism and the need for an egalitarian society
 - (a) (i) only
 - (b) (ii) only
 - (c) Both (i) and (ii)
 - (d) None of these
16. What was agreed upon at the time of independence?
 - (i) After independence the country will be governed in democratic manner.
 - (ii) Government will work for the good of all.
 - (iii) Government will divide the states according to religion.
 - (a) (i) and (ii) only
 - (b) (i), (ii) and (iii)
 - (c) (ii) and (iii) only
 - (d) (i) only
17. Study the Newspaper cutting and Cartoon given below and answer the questions that follows:



What was the year 1960 famous for?

- (a) Due to the diplomatic dispute over the border between India and China
- (b) Due to the Kashmir dispute between India and Pakistan
- (c) Due to the problem of Tamils between India-Sri Lanka
- (d) None of these

18. Choose the odd one:

- (a) Operation Infinite Reach — 1998
- (b) Operation Enduring Freedom — 2001
- (c) Operation Desert Storm — 1993
- (d) Operation Iraqi Freedom — 2003

19. Who has opposed Multinational Corporation in India?

- (a) Trade unions of industrial workforce
- (b) States
- (c) Police
- (d) None of these

20. After which General Election did the popularity of the Congress begin to diminish?

- (a) 1962
- (b) 1967
- (c) 1972
- (d) 1975

21. When was the first democratic election held in Sikkim?

- (a) 1962
- (b) 1967
- (c) 1974
- (d) 1975

22. What was the duration of the Emergency?

- (a) 15 months
- (b) 16 months
- (c) 17 months
- (d) 18 months

23. During the first three general elections, Congress won more seats than any other party. Which party stood at number two during those elections?

- (a) Communist Party
- (b) Bharatiya Jana Sangh
- (c) Congress Socialist Party
- (d) Socialist Party

24. Who controlled Northeastern parts of Sri Lanka?

- (a) Peace Keeping Force
- (b) Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eelam
- (c) King Gyanendra
- (d) None of these

25. The notions of security can be divided under _____ heads.

- (a) Two
- (b) Three
- (c) Four
- (d) Six

26. What would have been India's position in the world, had there been no partition of India?

(i) India would have been a much larger nation in terms of territorial area.

(ii) India would have played a more vital role in the world scenario.

- (a) (i) is correct
- (b) (ii) is correct
- (c) Both are correct
- (d) Both are incorrect

27. Who was the President of America during Cuban Missile Crisis?

- (a) John F. Kennedy
- (b) Nikita Khrushchev
- (c) Josip Broz Tito
- (d) George Washington Carver

28. Match the following correctly:

Column-1	Column-2
A. Emphasis on Agriculture	(i) 1966-69
B. Emphasis on Heavy Industrialisation	(ii) M.S. Swaminathan
C. Plan Holiday	(iii) First Five Year Plan
D. Green Revolution	(iv) Second Five Year Plan

(a) (A)–(ii), (B)–(i), (C)–(iv), (D)–(iii)

(b) (A)–(ii), (B)–(iv), (C)–(i), (D)–(iii)

(c) (A)–(i), (B)–(iii), (C)–(iv), (D)–(ii)

(d) (A)–(iii), (B)–(iv), (C)–(i), (D)–(ii)

29. The National Front Government lead by _____ was supported by the left as well as the BJP in 1989.
 (a) I.K. Gujral (b) V.P. Singh (c) Atal Bihari Vajpayee (d) H.D. Deva Gowda
30. Which war became 'Video Game'?
 (a) First Gulf War (b) 9/11
 (c) Operation Enduring Freedom (d) None of these
31. Which was the most important principle of Nehru's foreign policy?
 (a) Non-Alignment (b) Simla Agreement (c) Eastern Alliance Policy (d) None of these
32. Arrange the following in chronological order:
 (i) Afghan Crisis (ii) Fall of Berlin Wall
 (iii) Disintegration of Soviet Union (iv) Russian Revolution
 (a) (iv), (i), (ii), (iii), (b) (iii), (i), (ii), (iv)
 (c) (ii), (iv), (i), (iii) (d) (i), (ii), (iii), (iv)
33. What is true with respect to the Tibet issue?
 (i) China had claimed administrative control over Tibet and in 1950, China invaded Tibet.
 (ii) This was opposed by Tibetans who led an uprising in 1958 but were suppressed by China.
 (iii) The Dalai Lama fled to India and was given asylum.
 (a) (i) and (ii) only (b) (i) and (iii) only
 (c) (ii) and (iii) only (d) (i), (ii) and (iii)
34. Statement 1 : In 1947, the population of one place was forced to move to another place on a large scale.
 Statement 2 : It was one of the largest migrations ever known in human history.
 (a) Both the Statements are correct
 (b) Both the Statements are incorrect
 (c) Statement 1 is correct but the Statement 2 is incorrect
 (d) Statement 2 is correct but the Statement 1 is incorrect
35. A large scale violence against muslims took place in _____, provocation was an incident of Godhra Station.
 (a) Uttar Pradesh (b) Gujarat (c) Maharashtra (d) Delhi
36. Which parties lent support to J.P. Narayan?
 (a) Bharatiya Jana Sangh (b) Congress (O) (c) Indian Lokdal (d) All of these
37. Name the gases responsible for the Global Warming.
 (a) Carbon dioxide (b) Methane (c) Hydro-fluoro carbons (d) All of these
38. Why was ASEAN established?
 (i) to accelerate the economic growth
 (ii) for social progress and cultural development
 (iii) to promote regional peace and stability
 (a) (i) and (ii) only (b) (i) and (iii) only
 (c) (ii) and (iii) only (d) (i), (ii) and (iii)
39. The emblem of _____ has a world map with olive branches around it, signifying world peace.
 (a) IMF (b) World Bank (c) United Nations (d) WTO
40. The merger of the princely states of Junagadh, Hyderabad, Kashmir and _____ proved to be a bit difficult as compared to the rest of the princely states.
 (a) Nagaland (b) Mizoram (c) Manipur (d) Assam
41. NATO came in existence in April 1949 and is a union of _____ countries.
 (a) 10 (b) 12 (c) 14 (d) 15

42. Which statements are true regarding 'Operation Enduring Freedom'?
- It was a campaign launched by the United States against that organisation which was suspected of involvement in the 9/11 attack.
 - The main target in this campaign was the al Qaeda and Taliban regime of Afghanistan.
 - This campaign involved the army of 34 countries.
- (a) (i) and (ii) only (b) (i) and (iii) only (c) (ii) and (iii) only (d) (i), (ii) and (iii)
43. Main contributions of Human Rights Watch to the field of Human Rights are:
- It draws the global media's attention to human rights abuses.
 - It helped in building international coalitions.
 - It made efforts to stop the use of child soldiers.
 - It established the International Criminal court.
- (a) (i) and (ii) only (b) (i) and (iii) only (c) (ii), (iii) and (iv) only (d) (i), (ii), (iii) and (iv)
44. When was the Berlin Wall built?
- (a) August 31, 1961 (b) August 31, 1962 (c) January 1, 1961 (d) January 1, 1962
45. The elections of 1967 proved to be a boon and it established supremacy of _____.
- (a) Indira Gandhi (b) Lal Bahadur Shastri (c) K. Kamraj (d) Ram Manohar Lohia
46. Why were the seven small states created in North-East India?
- They were created for economic development of the region.
 - Due to socio-cultural issues.
 - Due to popular demand of the people
- (a) (i) and (ii) only (b) (i) and (iii) only (c) (ii) and (iii) only (d) (i), (ii) and (iii)
47. Jeans culture represents:
- Cultural Globalisation
 - Economic Globalisation
 - Political Globalisation
 - None of these
48. _____ and Bangladesh have experienced both civilian and military rulers.
- (a) India (b) Pakistan (c) Nepal (d) Srilanka
49. On whose name did the 'Mandal Commission' have its name?
- Baidhyanath Prasad Mandal
 - Bindeshwari Prasad Mandal
 - Bishwanath Prasad Mandal
 - Binda Prasad Mandal
50. Name the group that led a Dalit movement in Maharashtra?
- (a) Dalit Panthers (b) Dalit Movement (c) Dalit Tigers (d) Dalit Force

III

ANSWERS

PRACTICE PAPER – 9

- | | | | | | | |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| 1. (b) | 2. (c) | 3. (a) | 4. (b) | 5. (d) | 6. (d) | 7. (b) |
| 8. (d) | 9. (a) | 10. (a) | 11. (c) | 12. (d) | 13. (d) | 14. (a) |
| 15. (c) | 16. (a) | 17. (a) | 18. (c) | 19. (a) | 20. (b) | 21. (c) |
| 22. (d) | 23. (a) | 24. (b) | 25. (a) | 26. (c) | 27. (a) | 28. (d) |
| 29. (b) | 30. (a) | 31. (a) | 32. (a) | 33. (d) | 34. (a) | 35. (b) |
| 36. (d) | 37. (d) | 38. (d) | 39. (c) | 40. (c) | 41. (b) | 42. (a) |
| 43. (d) | 44. (a) | 45. (a) | 46. (d) | 47. (a) | 48. (b) | 49. (b) |
| 50. (a) | | | | | | |