

Topic : Straight Lines

DPP No. 48

Total Marks : 22

Max. Time : 20 min.

Type of Questions		M.M	., Min.
Comprehension (no negative marking) Q.1 to Q.3	(3 marks, 3 min.)	[9,	9]
Single choice Objective (no negative marking) Q.4,5,6	(3 marks, 3 min.)	[9,	9]
Multiple choice objective (no negative marking) Q.7	(5 marks, 4 min.)	[5,	4]

COMPREHENSION (Q.No. 1 to 3)

Consider the family of lines passing through the point of intersection of lines

 L_1 : 3x + 4y + 7 = 0 L_2 : 4x - 3y + 1 = 0

- 1. A member of family which bisects the angle between them and is closer to origin, is (A) x - 7y - 6 = 0 (B) 7x + y + 8 = 0 (C) 7x - y + 6 = 0 (D) 7x + y + 4 = 0
- A member of family with gradient 2 has y-intercept equal to
 (A) 2
 (B) –3
 (C) 1
 (D) –2

A member of this family whose slope is not defined is
 (A) y + 1 = 0
 (B) x = 1
 (C) 3x = 4
 (D) x + 1 = 0

- 4. Chords of the curve $4x^2 + y^2 x + 4y = 0$ which subtend a right angle at the origin pass through a fixed point whose co-ordinates are :
 - (A) $\left(\frac{1}{5}, -\frac{4}{5}\right)$ (B) $\left(-\frac{1}{5}, \frac{4}{5}\right)$ (C) $\left(\frac{1}{5}, \frac{4}{5}\right)$ (D) $\left(-\frac{1}{5}, -\frac{4}{5}\right)$

5. The image of the pair of lines represented by $ax^2 + 2h xy + by^2 = 0$ by the line mirror y = 0 is : (A) $ax^2 - 2h xy - by^2 = 0$ (B) $bx^2 - 2h xy + ay^2 = 0$ (C) $bx^2 + 2h xy + ay^2 = 0$ (D) $ax^2 - 2h xy + by^2 = 0$

- 6. The value of k so that the equation $12x^2 10xy + 2y^2 + 11x 5y + k = 0$ represents a pair of lines is (A) - 2 (B) 2 (C) 7 (D) - 7
- 7. The sides AB, BC and CA of a triangle ABC are given by the equation 3x + 4y 6 = 0, 12x 5y 3 = 0 and x + y + 2 = 0 respectively. Find the equation of bisector of internal angle B.

Answers Key

1. (A) **2.** (B) **3.** (D) **4.** (A) **5.** (D) **6.** (B)

7. 3x - 11y + 9 = 0