

Traders, Kings and Pilgrims

Question 1.

Xuan Zang translated the manuscripts from:

- (a) Pali to Sanskrit
- (b) Pali to Chinese
- (c) Brahmi to Chinese
- (d) Sanskrit to Chinese

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (d) Sanskrit to Chinese

Question 2.

The goddess Durga became popular by:

- (a) Bhakti
- (b) Ashrama
- (c) Buddhism
- (d) Jainism

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer:

Question 3.

The Kushana's two major centres of power were:

- (a) Taxila and Naland
- (b) Nalanda and Peshawar
- (c) Peshawar and Mathura
- (d) Taxila and Mathura

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (c) Peshawar and Mathura

Question 4.

Gold coins were issued first by:

- (a) Ashoka
- (b) Kaniska
- (c) Harshvardhan
- (d) Cholas

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (b) Kaniska

Question 5.

Central Asia, China, Korea and Japan were famous for:

- (a) Worship of Durga
- (b) Worship of Mahaveer
- (c) Worship of Shiva
- (d) Worship of Buddha

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (d) Worship of Buddha

Question 6.

Traders carried their goods in ancient time, through:

- (a) Road by Bullock-cart
- (b) Air rout
- (c) Sea route
- (d) All of these.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (c) Sea route

Question 7.

What was found in South India which referred about Roman traders?

- (a) Gold coins
- (b) Iron coins
- (c) Brass coins
- (d) Paper coins

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (a) Gold coins

Question 8.

Precious stones, gold, elephants, chariots and fine cloth were given to:

- (a) Public
- (b) Army men
- (c) Women
- (d) Poets

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (d) Poets

Question 9.

Rich, glossy colour and smooth texture make it a highly valued fabric. This is:

- (a) Cotton
- (b) Polyester

- (c) Tericot
- (d) Silk

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (d) Silk

Question 10.

Fa-Xian was a pilgrim of:

- (a) Rome
- (b) China
- (c) Iron
- (d) Afghanistan

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (b) China

Question 11.

It contains the advice of Lord Krishna to Arjun to abandon all dharmas and surrender to God. Only God can set him free from every evil

- (a) Ramayana
- (b) Quran
- (c) Bible
- (d) Bhagavad Geeta

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (d) Bhagavad Geeta

Question 12.

The best-known of the rulers who controlled the Silk Route were the

- (a) Mughals
- (b) Satvahanas
- (c) Mauryas
- (d) Kushanas

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (d) Kushanas

Question 13.

Where is Sanchi is at present

- (a) Bihar
- (b) Madhya Pradesh
- (c) Uttar Pradesh
- (d) Himanchal Pradesh

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (b) Madhya Pradesh

Question 14.

South India was famous for gold and spices especially _____ and _____.

- (a) Pepper and Cardamom
- (b) Rice and Cardamom
- (c) Millets and precious stones
- (d) Pepper and precious stones

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (d) Pepper and precious stones

Question 15.

Single minded devotion to one god

- (a) Prarthana
- (b) Bhajan
- (c) Bhakti
- (d) Pray

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (c) Bhakti

Question 16.

Bhakti comes from the Sanskrit term bhaj meaning

- (a) to pray
- (b) to borrow
- (c) to divide or share
- (d) to see

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (c) to divide or share

Question 17.

Bhagavad Gita, a sacred book of the

- (a) Sikhs
- (b) Muslims
- (c) Hindus
- (d) Jains

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (c) Hindus

Question 18.

_____ is the sacred book of the Hindus. It is a part of the great epic, Mahabharata.

- (a) Ramayana
- (b) Geeta
- (c) Vedas
- (d) Bible

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (b) Geeta

Question 19.

Wearing _____ became the fashion amongst rulers and rich people in Rome

- (a) Silk
- (b) Jute
- (c) Cotton
- (d) Woollen

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (a) Silk

Question 20.

Which is called Black Gold in Roman

- (a) Black Pepper
- (b) Black Silk
- (c) Black Stone
- (d) Black Coal

► [Answer](#)

[Fill in the blanks](#)

1. Each of the three chiefs had centres of power.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: two

2. Out of six cities, two were very important: the port of Cholas, and the capital of the Pandyas.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: Puhar, Madurai

3. Sailors took advantage of the winds to cross the seas more quickly.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: monsoon

4. is a Tamil word which means three chiefs.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: Muvender

5. The paths traders followed came to be known as the Route.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: Silk

6. was the most famous Buddhist monastery.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: Nalanda

7. Rich or poor, men or women, anyone can follow the path of

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: Bhakti

8. The capital of Pandyas was in

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: Madurai

9. Puhar was an important port on the coast.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: east

10. Theravada is an form of Buddhism.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: older

[Picture Based Questions](#)

1.



- (i) Who is shown in this picture?
- (ii) Where is this image found?
- (iii) Vishnu took the shape of a _____ in order to rescue the earth, which had sunk into water.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer:

- (i) Vishnu as varaha is shown in the figure
 - (ii) This image is found in Madhya Pradesh.
 - (iii) Boar
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