

Type 13: Controllability and Observability

For Concept, refer to Control Systems K-Notes, State Variable Analysis

Sample Problem 13:

The second order dynamic system $\frac{dx}{dt} = PX + Qu$, $Y = RX$ has the matrices P, Q and R as follows:

$$P = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 0 & -3 \end{bmatrix}, Q = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, R = [0 \ 1]$$

The system has the following controllability and observability properties:

- (A) Controllable and observable
- (B) Not controllable but observable
- (C) Controllable but not observable
- (D) Not controllable and not observable

Solution: (C) is correct option

Controllability Matrix:

$$C = [Q \ PQ]$$

$$Q = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}; PQ = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 0 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$\det(C) = 3 \times 0 - 1 = -1 \neq 0$ hence controllable

Observability Matrix

$$O = \begin{bmatrix} R \\ RP \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R = [0 \ 1] : RP = [0 \ 1] \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 0 & -3 \end{bmatrix} = Q [0 \ -3]$$

$$O = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$\det(O) = 0$ not observable

Unsolved Problems:

Q.1 A state variable model of a system is given by

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{X}_1 \\ \dot{X}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -2 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X_1 \\ X_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u, \\ y = [1 \ 0] \begin{bmatrix} X_1 \\ X_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

The system is

- (A) Controllable and observable (B) Controllable but unobservable
(C) Observable and uncontrollable (D) Uncontrollable and unobservable

Q.2 Consider the system $\frac{dx}{dt} = AX + Bu$ with $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ and $B = \begin{bmatrix} p \\ q \end{bmatrix}$ where p and q are arbitrary real numbers. Which of the following statements about the controllability of the system is true?

- (A) The system is completely state controllable for any nonzero values of p and q .
(B) Only $p=0$ and $q=0$ result in controllability.
(C) The system is uncontrollable for all values of p and q .
(D) We cannot conclude about controllability from the given data.

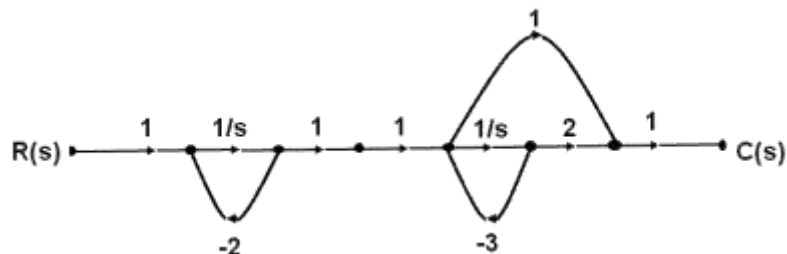
Q.3 The state variable description of an LTI system is given by

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{X}_1 \\ \dot{X}_2 \\ \dot{X}_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & a_1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & a_2 \\ a_3 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X_1 \\ X_2 \\ X_3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u, \quad y = [1 \ 0 \ 0] \begin{bmatrix} X_1 \\ X_2 \\ X_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

where y is the output and u is the input. The system is controllable for

- (A) $a_1 \neq 0, a_2 = 0, a_3 \neq 0$ (B) $a_1 = 0, a_2 \neq 0, a_3 \neq 0$
(C) $a_1 = 0, a_2 \neq 0, a_3 = 0$ (D) $a_1 \neq 0, a_2 \neq 0, a_3 = 0$

Q.4 The state diagram of a system is shown in the given figure:



The system is

- (A) Controllable and observable (B) Controllable but not observable
(C) Not Controllable but observable (D) Neither Controllable nor observable

Q.5 Consider the system defined by
$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{X}_1 \\ \dot{X}_2 \\ \dot{X}_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -6 & -11 & -6 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X_1 \\ X_2 \\ X_3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u, \quad y = [C_1 \ C_2 \ C_3] \begin{bmatrix} X_1 \\ X_2 \\ X_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

except for an obvious solution choice $C_1=C_2=C_3=0$, find an example of a set of C_1, C_2, C_3 that will make the system unobservable

(A) $C=[1 \ 1 \ 1]$

(B) $C=[0 \ 1 \ 1]$

(C) $C=[0 \ 1 \ 0]$

(D) $C=[1 \ 1 \ 0]$