

FIRST TERM 2012-2013
CLASS IV – EVS

Ln 5: Where do babies come from?

Fill in the blanks:

1. The process by which living beings produce their own kind is called _____.
2. Animals that give birth to young ones directly are called _____
3. Viviparous animals also called as _____
4. A bird lives in a _____.
5. Animals that lay eggs are called _____.
6. _____ a child means to become legal parents of that child
7. Only birds and mammals display a great sense of _____ case.
8. All _____ produce young ones of their own kind.
9. All _____ lay eggs which have hard brittle shells.

Write true or false:

1. The young ones of mammals develop inside the mother's body()
2. The whale and the dolphins which live in water are mammals()
3. Fishes, frogs and reptiles care for their young ones.()
4. Pigeon is a viviparous animal.()
5. All birds lays eggs which have soft shells.()
6. Mayfly lives only for a few hours as an adult.()
7. The mammals and birds take much care of their young ones.()

8.Bats that fly in the air are mammals.()

Name the following:

1.Examples of two mammals.

a) _____ b) _____

2.Two animals that do not care their young ones.

a) _____ b) _____

3.Examples of oviparous animals.

a) _____ b) _____

Match the following:

1.Human beings a)puppy

2.Cow b)oviparous animals

3.Dog c)viviparous animals

4.Birds d)calf

Ln6:Our sense organs

Fill in the blanks:

1.Blind people can read with the help of the _____ script.

2.Blind people read by using their _____ over raised dots.

3.We should not touch or play with_____ things.

4.Braille script is a system which use_____

5.We should not make fun of people who are _____

6.Children have about _____ taste buds.

Write true or false:

1. We have six sense organs.()
2. We should make fun of people who are differently abled.()
3. We should touch or play with sharp things.()
4. Children have about 10,000 taste buds()

Ln8: How we gets food

Fill in the blanks:

1. _____ is known as the 'land of spices.'
2. _____ grow food.
3. _____ catches fish.
4. Daily workers gather _____
5. Spices add _____ to our food.
6. _____ are unwanted plants.

Write true or false:

1. Weeds are useful.()
2. Salt is a spice.()

Ln10: Water sources

Fill in the blanks:

1. _____ is the ultimate source of water on earth.
2. Rain water that seeps into the earth is known as _____ water.
3. _____ at the bottom of the well help to filter the water.
4. _____ is the only kind of water which can be used for drinking.

5.A small collection of water is called a_____.

6_____ uses electricity to draw out underground water.

Name the following:

1.Large water bodies.

a)_____ b)_____

2.Small bodies of water.

a)_____ b)_____

3.Three sources of water.

a)_____ b)_____ c)_____

4.Chief source of water_____

5.Sources provide us with underground water.

a)_____ b)_____ c)_____

Write true or false:

1.Lakes are bigger collection of water than pond.()

2.Sea water is safe for drinking.()

3.A tubewell uses electricity to draw out underground water.()

4.We get filtered water from a tubewell.()

5.Water from open well is safe for drinking.()

6.Underground water is brought out for use by handpump,well and tubewells.()

Ln11:How water gets dirty

Fill in the blanks:

1.ORS stands for_____

2.A large mass of water is called_____

3.When we suffer from _____ we lose a lot of water from our body.

4._____ is the holiest river of the hindus.

5._____ is the longest river in india.

6._____ is called the ganga of the south.

7.Brahmaputra together with the _____ - it forms the world's biggest delta in west bengal.

8._____ is saline.

Name the following:

1.Name five famous rivers of india

a)_____ b)_____ c)_____ d)_____ e)_____

2.Name three diseases which is caused by water pollution.

a)_____ b)_____ c)_____

3.Name five animals that live in sea.

a)_____ b)_____ c)_____ d)_____

e)_____

Write true or false:

1.Animals should be bathed in canals or rivers.()

2.Water should not be boiled or filtered before drinking.()

3.An octopus lives in the pond.()

4.Indus was known as sindhu in ancient times.()

5.A person who is having loose motions and vomiting should drink ORS.()

6.Pipes should be checked at regular intervals.()

Ln 12:Evaporation

Fill in the blanks:

1. The heat of the _____ dries up the puddles.
2. _____ is taking place in nature all the time.
3. _____ is a process in which water changes into water vapour due to heat.
4. _____ is a process in which water vapour changes to water due to cooling.
5. _____ cools down to form tiny drops of water.

Colour and label the water cycle:



Ln 16: How they learnt their skills

Fill in the blanks:

1. A _____ stitches clothes.
2. A _____ makes pots.
3. A _____ mends shoes.
4. A _____ makes furniture.

5. An _____ makes beautiful patterns on fabrics.
6. ITI stands for _____
7. A jack is used by _____
8. An awl is used by a _____
9. The tools of a _____ are sewing machines, scissors and needle.
10. A potter makes pots with the help of _____
11. The tools of an _____ are needle and a circular wooden frames.

Name the following:

1. The tools used by the tailor.
a) _____ b) _____ c) _____
2. The tools used by an embroiderer.
a) _____ b) _____
3. The tools used by the cobbler.
a) _____ b) _____
4. The tools used by the carpenter.
a) _____ b) _____ .

Ln 20:Parts of a plant

Fill in the blanks:

1. If we cut the roots of a plant, it _____
2. _____ is a long and thick root.
3. _____ is a bunch of long and thin roots.
4. During the time of famine people eat a root called _____

5.In banyan trees roots are above the ground.They are called _____ roots.

Name the following:

1.Name any two trees which have aerial root.

a) _____ b) _____

2.Name any two tap roots.

a) _____ b) _____

3.Name any two fibrous roots

a) _____ b) _____

Write true or false:

1.A carrot is a fibrous root.()

2.Stem of the plant is above the ground.()

3.Roots binds the particles of soil.()

4.Banyan trees has tap root.()