



VISIONIAS

INSPIRING INNOVATION

ABHYAAS MAINS

सामान्य अध्ययन (प्रश्न पत्र-IV)/GENERAL STUDIES (Paper-IV) (2220)

निर्धारित समय: तीन घंटे
Time Allowed: Three Hours

अधिकतम अंक: 250
Maximum Marks: 250

सामान्य अनुदेश

इस प्रश्न-सह-उत्तर (क्यू.सी.ए.) पुस्तिका में 61+3 पृष्ठ हैं। प्रश्न-पत्र, क्यू.सी.ए. पुस्तिका के अंत में संलग्न है, जो अलग (वियोज्य) किया जा सकता है और उम्मीदवार परीक्षा के उपरांत अपने साथ ले जा सकते हैं।

रफ कार्य के लिए, इस पुस्तिका के अंत में खाली पृष्ठ दिया गया है।

पुस्तिका प्राप्त होने पर, कृपया यह जांच कर लें कि इस क्यू.सी.ए. पुस्तिका में कोई कमी न हो, फटा हुआ पृष्ठ न हो अथवा कोई पृष्ठ गायब न हो इत्यादि। यदि ऐसा हो, तो इसके बदले नई क्यू.सी.ए. पुस्तिका प्राप्त कर लें।

General Instructions

This Question-Cum-Answer (QCA) Booklet contains 61+3 pages. Question Paper in detachable form is available at the end of the QCA Booklet which can be taken away by the candidate after examination.

For rough work, blank page has been provided at the end of this Booklet.

On receipt of the Booklet, please check that this QCA Booklet does not have any shortcomings, torn or missing pages etc. If, so, get it replaced with a fresh QCA Booklet.

(उम्मीदवार द्वारा भरा जाएगा/To be filled by the Candidate)

पंजीकरण सं./Registration No. : 11307530

अभ्यर्थी का नाम/Name of Student : Surbhi Pathak

माध्यम: हिंदी/अंग्रेजी
Medium: Hindi/English

Gng.

तारीख
Date

28/8/2022

सामान्य अध्ययन (प्रश्न पत्र-IV) GENERAL STUDIES (Paper IV)

केंद्र
Centre

Chradan.

निरीक्षक के हस्ताक्षर
Invigilator's Signature

[Signature]

	महत्वपूर्ण अनुदेश उम्मीदवारों को नीचे उल्लिखित निर्देश सावधानी से पढ़ लेने चाहिए। किसी भी निर्देश का उल्लंघन करने पर उम्मीदवारों को मिलने वाले अंकों में कटौती, उम्मीदवारी रद्द या आयोग के परवर्ती परीक्षाओं के लिए वर्जित करने इत्यादि के रूप में दण्डित किया जा सकता है।	Important Instructions Candidates should read the undermentioned instructions carefully. Violation of any of the following instructions may entail penalty in the form of deduction of marks, cancellation of candidature, debarment from further Examination of the Commission etc.
1	(क) अपना पंजीकरण सं. एवं अन्य विवरण केवल प्रश्न-सह-उत्तर पुस्तिका (क्यू.सी.ए.) में उम्मीदवार के लिए निर्धारित स्थान पर ही लिखें। (ख) इस पुस्तिका में अन्यत्र कहीं भी अपना नाम, पंजीकरण सं., मोबाइल नं., पता अथवा प्रश्न-सह-उत्तर पुस्तिका (क्यू.सी.ए.) संख्या न लिखें जिससे आपकी पहचान का खुलासा हो।	(a) Write your Registration Number and other details only in the-space provided in the Question-Cum-Answer (QCA) Booklet for candidates. (b) Do not disclose your identity in any manner such as, by writing your Name, Registration number, Mobile number, Address, Question-Cum-Answer (QCA) Booklet No. etc. elsewhere in the Booklet
2	अपनी प्रश्न-सह-उत्तर पुस्तिका में कहीं भी प्रश्नों के वास्तविक उत्तर के अतिरिक्त कुछ न लिखें जैसे कि कोई कविता/दोहा, अभद्र या अपमानजनक अभिव्यक्ति इत्यादि और न ही कोई ऐसा चिन्ह/निशान बनाएं जिसका उत्तर से सम्बन्ध न हो।	Do not write in the QCA Booklet anything other than the actual answer such as couplet, obscene, abusive expression etc., nor put any sign/mark having no relevance to the answer.
3	परीक्षक को प्रत्यक्ष/अप्रत्यक्ष रूप से कोई भी प्रार्थना/धमकी भरी बातें न लिखें।	Do not make any direct/indirect appeal/threat to the examiner.
4	उत्तर अस्पष्ट अथवा गंदी लिखावट में न लिखें। इस प्रकार के उत्तर का मूल्यांकन नहीं भी किया जा सकता है।	Do not write answers in bad/illegible handwriting. Such answers may not be evaluated.
5	उत्तर स्याही में ही लिखें। उत्तर लिखने के लिए पेंसिल का उपयोग न करें, हालांकि आरेख, चित्र इत्यादि बनाने के लिए पेंसिल का उपयोग किया जा सकता है।	Write answers in ink only. Do not use pencil for writing the answers. However, pencil may be used for drawing diagrams, sketches, etc.
6	प्रवेश पत्र में उल्लेख किए गए माध्यम के अलावा अन्य किसी माध्यम में उत्तर न लिखें। अधिकृत और अनधिकृत की मिली जुली भाषा का भी उपयोग न करें।	Do not write answers in medium other than the authorized medium in the Admission Certificate. Do not use mixed language either i.e. authorize and unauthorized media together for writing answers.
7	प्रश्नों के उत्तर ठीक उसके नीचे दिए गए निर्धारित स्थान पर ही लिखें। निर्धारित स्थान के अलावा किसी अन्य स्थान पर लिखे गए उत्तर का मूल्यांकन नहीं किया जाएगा।	Write answer at the specific space (right below the question) only. Answers written elsewhere at unspecified places in the booklet shall not be evaluated.
8	यदि आप अपने किसी उत्तर को रद्द करना चाहते हैं तो उसे पेन से काट दें तथा उस पर "रद्द" लिख दें, अन्यथा उसका मूल्यांकन किया जा सकता है।	If you wish to cancel any work, draw your pen through it and write "Cancelled" across it, otherwise it may be valued.

कार्यालय के प्रयोग हेतु For Official Use	कार्यालय के प्रयोग हेतु For Official Use
परीक्षक के हस्ताक्षर Signature of Examiner(s)	

प्राप्तांक के विवरण (परीक्षक द्वारा भरा जाए)/ Marks Details (To be filled by the Examiner(s))

प्रश्न सं. Q. No.	अंक Marks		प्रश्न सं. Q. No.	अंक Marks	
1(a)			6 (a)		
1(b)			6 (b)		
2(a)			6 (c)		
2(b)			7		
3(a)			8		
3(b)			9		
4(a)			10		
4(b)			11		
5(a)			12		
5(b)					
उप-योग (A) Subtotal (A)			उप-योग (B) Subtotal (B)		
सकल योग (A+B) / GRAND TOTAL (A+B)					



सामान्य अध्ययन (प्रश्न पत्र-IV)/GENERAL STUDIES (Paper-IV) (2220)

निर्धारित समय: तीन घंटे
Time Allowed: **Three Hours**

अधिकतम अंक: 250
Maximum Marks: **250**

प्रश्न-पत्र संबंधी विशेष अनुदेश

कृपया प्रश्नों के उत्तर देने से पूर्व निम्नलिखित प्रत्येक अनुदेश को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें:

इसमें बारह प्रश्न हैं जो दो खण्डों में विभाजित हैं तथा हिंदी और अंग्रेजी दोनों में छपे हुए हैं।

सभी प्रश्न अनिवार्य हैं।

प्रत्येक प्रश्न/भाग के अंक उसके सामने दिए गए हैं।

प्रश्नों के उत्तर उसी प्राधिकृत माध्यम में लिखे जाने चाहिए जिसका उल्लेख आपके प्रवेश-पत्र में किया गया है, और इस माध्यम का स्पष्ट उल्लेख प्रश्न-सह-उत्तर (क्यू.सी.ए.) पुस्तिका के मुख-पृष्ठ पर निर्दिष्ट स्थान पर किया जाना चाहिए। प्राधिकृत माध्यम के अतिरिक्त अन्य किसी माध्यम में लिखे गए उत्तर पर कोई अंक नहीं मिलेंगे।

प्रश्नों में इंगित शब्द सीमा को ध्यान में रखिए।

प्रश्न-सह-उत्तर पुस्तिका में खाली छोड़ा हुआ पृष्ठ या उसके अंश को स्पष्ट रूप से काटा जाना चाहिए।

QUESTION PAPER SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

Please read each of the following instructions carefully before attempting questions:

There are **TWELVE** questions divided in **TWO SECTIONS** and printed both, in **HINDI** and in **ENGLISH**.

All questions are compulsory.

The number of marks carried by a question/part is indicated against it.

Answers must be written in the medium authorized in the Admission Certificate which must be stated clearly on the cover of this Question-cum-Answer (QCA) Booklet in the space provided. No marks will be given for answers written in a medium other than the authorized one.

Keep the word limit indicated in the questions in mind.

Any page or portion of the page left blank in the Questions-cum-Answer Booklet must be clearly struck off.

EVALUATION INDICATORS

1. Contextual Competence
2. Content Competence
3. Language Competence
4. Introduction Competence
5. Structure - Presentation Competence
6. Conclusion Competence

Overall Macro Comments / feedback / suggestions on Answer Booklet:

1.

2.

3.

4.

5.

6.

All the Best

1. (a)

असीमित संपत्ति का तर्क लाभ के रूप में स्वहित की पूर्ति करने की बुनियादी मानवीय प्रवृत्ति में निहित है। इस संदर्भ में, क्या आपको लगता है कि नैतिक पूंजीवाद का अनुसरण करने की संभावना है? (150 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए)

The logic of limitless wealth lies in the basic human instinct for furthering self-interest in the form of profit. In this context, do you think there is a possibility of pursuing ethical capitalism? (Answer in 150 words)

उम्मीदवारों को
इस दृष्टि में
नहीं लिखना
चाहिए
Candidates
must not
write on
this margin

Basic human nature has been survival since ages. Charles Darwin has also put forward the theory of survival of fittest.

But over time, this survival instinct has transformed into governing max wealth than others. Recent events like scam by Nirav Modi, Vijay Mallya are testimony to the fact that profits, even through unethical means drive humans today.

Reasons for furthering self-interest in profit

- ① To live high standard of living
- ② To lead a life full of virtues of life and leave an empire

☞ Lehman Brothers were considered as too big to fail when they collapsed in 2008 financial crisis

③ It leads to hubris hypothesis among leaders that they can do no wrong

eg Satyam scandal or recent NSE scam where the chairman was allegedly consulting a saty to take financial decisions.

उम्मीदवारों को
इस कक्ष में
नहीं लिखना
चाहिए
Candidates
must not
write on
this margin

Possibility of pursuing ethical capitalism - Yes

① Basic human nature does have inclination towards right conduct

② Following role models who have shown exemplary ethical standards

eg In vivekananda used his own vehicle when he returned after his farewell

③ Narayan murthy has brought the concept of compassionate capitalism

④ Regular and good usage of CSR (2% of profits) can lead to redistributive justice

Aristotle rightly said, "when there is a will, there is a way". Thus, ethical capitalism can be pursued if people are willing.

1. (b)

यदि कोई कानून अन्यायपूर्ण है, तो व्यक्ति द्वारा उसकी अवज्ञा करना न केवल उचित है, अपितु ऐसा करना उसका दायित्व भी है। चर्चा कीजिए। (150 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए)

If a law is unjust, a man is not only right to disobey it, he is obligated to do so. Discuss. (Answer in 150 words)

10

उम्मीदवारों को
इस दृष्टिकोण में
नहीं लिखना
चाहिए
Candidates
must not
write on
this margin

Laws are codified standards of
action that an individual needs to
follow for an ethical society that upholds
fundamental rights and constitutional
ethos.

If any law becomes over-arching
and promotes disharmony, it goes against
the principle of a democratically
governed society.

For eg → British initiated a law against
felling of trees and entry of tribals in
forests. This was against their traditional
practices and unjust.

Similarly, many ^{colonial} ~~total~~ powers
created laws that were for their
jaws but resulted in oppression of
people. Slave Trade was legitimized

In old world. But people revolted against it and thus it was stopped.

India in work high suber case, de-inhibited the historical practice of homosexuality. It was an unjust law that went against the human rights of freedom and economy.

Thus, as a torch bearers of humanity, a man must also disobey the laws that deny freedom to people. It also takes the spirit of an ethical and upright man to raise voice against such illegal laws.

For example, Raja Ram Mohan Roy rightly voiced against Sati practice which was an inhumane act.

Though it takes time, but an indomitable spirit of resisting such unjust laws leads the society on an ethical path.

2. (a)

किसी परिवर्तनकारी प्रक्रिया को शुरू करने की सिटीजन चार्टर की क्षमता उसे उचित रूप से तैयार करने और प्रभावी ढंग से लागू किए जाने पर निर्भर करती है। चर्चा कीजिए। (150 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए)

The capacity of Citizens' Charter to initiate any transformative process is conditioned upon it being appropriately designed and effectively executed. Discuss. (Answer in 150 words) 10

उम्मीदवारों को इस खंड में नहीं लिखना चाहिए
Candidates must not write on this margin

Citizen charter refers to the vision, mission and goals of an organization that ensure its services to be delivered to the citizens

Citizen charter has the capacity to bring about transformative processes

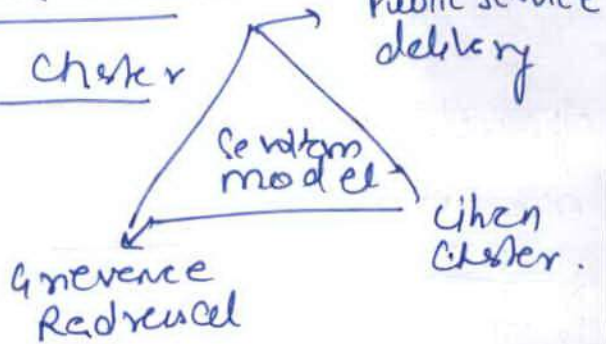
- ① Citizen charter ensures the rights guaranteed to people are documented and followed upon
- ② Citizen charter provides the scope of grievance redressal in case of non-delivery
- ③ It helps in streamlining the process thus enhancing efficiency
- ④ It helps in evidence based policy making

eg. Citizen charter of Bangalore municipal corporation helped in streamlining construction of metro.

उम्मीदवारों को इस इतिहास में नहीं लिखना चाहिए
Candidates must not write on this margin

ways to effective design and execution of citizen charter

- ① Ensuring legal enforcement of charter
- ② Adopting servotam model to enforce citizen charter
- ③ Promoting data based management to ensure timely solution
- ④ Proper evaluation of outcomes to check implementation gaps



Citizen charter can usher in new era of public governance and efficiency in public service delivery through technology infusion.

2. (b)

लोक प्राधिकारियों की आंतरिक शक्ति (मोरल फाइबर) और नैतिक आचरण न केवल शासन की गुणवत्ता को प्रभावित करते हैं बल्कि उनके स्वयं के हितों और प्रदर्शन को भी प्रभावित करते हैं। सविस्तार वर्णन कीजिए। (150 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए)

The moral fiber and ethical conduct of public officials not only influence the standard of governance but also their own interests and performance. Elaborate. (Answer in 150 words) 10

उम्मीदवारों को इस खंड में नहीं लिखना चाहिए
Candidates must not write on this margin

Public officials are provided with wide discretionary powers which should be used ethically to promote socio-economic development.

An ethical and upright public official would ensure governance standards are upright as follows

- 1) ensure quality of service delivery
- 2) efficient utilization of resources to reach every citizen
- 3) ensure public good should be encouraged
- 4) eg ujala scheme for street lighting
- 5) leads to uphold democratic ethos of sabka saath sabka vikas

ethical conduct also leads to promotion of own interest of civil servants also ! ↓

उम्मीदवारों को इस कश्चि में नहीं लिखना चाहिए
Candidates must not write on this margin

- ① It leads to satisfaction of conscience that he/she has upheld moral duty
- ② Leads to better career prospects due to impartial service
- ③ Further creates a reputation in the society ↓
leads to public trust
- 4) own well-being is improved.

Thus, following an ethical path is beneficial to all and should be the guiding light for an aspiring public official.

3. (a)

इच्छामृत्यु पर जारी बहस कई नैतिक प्रश्नों को जन्म देती है। चर्चा कीजिए। (150 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए)

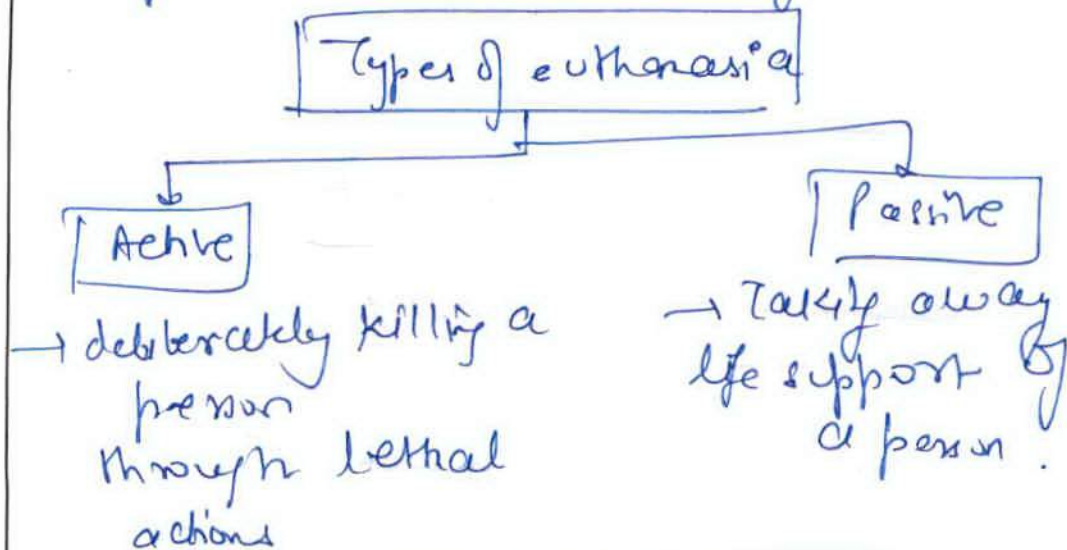
The ongoing debate on euthanasia poses several ethical questions. Discuss. (Answer in 150 words)

10

उम्मीदवारों को इस छवि में नहीं लिखना चाहिए
Candidates must not write on this margin

Passive euthanasia in Aruna Shanbag case led to its popularity in India.

Euthanasia is a concept of providing right to dignified death to a person who is terminally ill.



ethical problems of euthanasia

① while God has given the life to a person, it's God's will to take away the right at its own will

- ② As humans, we always strive for better innovation. we can be optimistic of finding a treatment to a medical problem in future
- ③ As the patient is terminally ill, we cannot be sure of the consent that he/she has provided is based on sound judgement
- ④ But, to see any person in suffering or pain should evoke a sense of urgency in us. to provide a dignity in the face of death as well
- ⑤ many families spend huge sum of money in treatment of ill patients, often to no avail — This leads to moral, physical and financial trauma
- Thus, euthanasia should be seen only as a last resort and 'human endeavour should be to protect each and every life on planet earth.

3. (b)

विदेशी सहायता नव-उपनिवेशवाद का एक रूप है, क्योंकि आर्थिक रूप से समृद्ध देश सहायता की आड़ में विकासशील देशों का शोषण कर सकते हैं। परीक्षण कीजिए। (150 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए)

Foreign aid is a form of neo-colonialism, as the economically wealthier countries can exploit the developing countries under the cloak of aid. Examine. (Answer in 150 words)

10

उम्मीदवारों को इस दृष्टिकोण में नदी लिखना चाहिए।
Candidates must not write on this margin

As Bhutan is facing a tough economic situation, many countries and IMF has come to its aid to build back economy in form of foreign aid.

But, foreign aid at times act as a form of neo-colonialism where developed countries push for more aid if their interests are satisfied.

When America entered Afghanistan in 2001 to end seign of terror, it also wanted to rebuild Afghanistan and promote democratic setup. But after 20 years of billions of fund wasted and million lives lost, it exited the country leaving behind a terrorist organization to rule the country.

Similarly, China has been following debt trap diplomacy where after billions of loan amount, when the country is unable to pay debt, it takes share in the country.

For example, China's Hambantota Port has been taken on 99 year lease.

उम्मीदवारों को
इस कॉलम में
नहीं लिखना
चाहिए
Candidates
must not
write on
this margin

Since the developing countries don't have much bargaining power and their economy is in turmoil they agree to the terms quoted by developed countries. This results in compromise of autonomy and loss of sovereign decision making power.

International Monetary Fund (IMF) also heavily funded by wealthier countries, sometimes put extreme conditions like currency devaluation in return for aid.

This neo-colonialism lack of compromise the autonomy of a nation needs to be curtailed to ensure sustainable development of a nation.

Foreign aid can sometimes also be advantageous like rebuilding coastal Indonesia after 2004 Tsunami aid to India in form of oxygen concentrators promote good ethical conduct and should be promoted to realize the concept of Vasudha Kutumbakam.

4. (a)

रवीन्द्रनाथ टैगोर द्वारा प्रतिपादित सार्वभौम मानवतावाद के विचार पर प्रकाश डालते हुए, इसकी समकालीन प्रासंगिकता पर चर्चा कीजिए। (150 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए)

Throwing light on the idea of Universal Humanism propounded by Rabindranath Tagore, discuss its contemporary relevance. (Answer in 150 words)

10

उम्मीदवारों को
इस इलाक़े में
नहीं लिखना
चाहिए
Candidates
must not
write on
this margin

Rabindranath Tagore was a visionary who provided the idea of Universal Humanism where society all over the world protect and propagate virtues of humanity. For example, compassion to needy, tolerance in society.

Similar concept was given by Swami Vivekananda where he promoted the idea of Dharma Manoranjan i.e. (compassion for all) and a universal home.

With rising religious intolerance, fundamentalism and xenophobia, such values become all the more important. As we have seen with the case of Rohiyas Muslims who

have become ghost citizens. They are denied rights in their home country and relocated to Bhushan Char island by Bangladesh.

Sarodaya concept of Gandhi comes to rescue here where he called for a home and growth for all.

Humanity as a virtue is of utmost importance to protect people from any risk

4. (b)

क्या आप इस विचार से सहमत हैं कि चारित्रिक प्रकृति, न कि परवरिश, किसी व्यक्ति की भावनात्मक बुद्धिमत्ता का निर्धारण करती है? (150 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए)

Do you agree with the view that it is nature and not nurture which determines the emotional intelligence of a person? (Answer in 150 words)

10

Emotional intelligence ^(EI) refers to a person's capability to deal with recognizing emotions in self and others and then regulating own behaviour to deal with a situation.

It has been said to be naturally present in some i.e. a person is born emotionally intelligent in a way that can't be learnt.

But, EI as per me, can be nurtured over the years. Family is the first agent of socialization that teaches a human being importance of values and morals. A child's introduction in society is through family where a child learns to develop relations, friendship etc which leads to empathy.

School being the first formal agent of socialization teaches the value of team spirit, leadership which develop social skills of a person necessary for development.

Components of EI

Self

- self awareness
- self motivation

Others

- empathy
- social skills

उम्मीदवारों को इस कक्ष में नहीं लिखना चाहिए।
Candidates must not write on this margin

Nurturing can also be done in adolescence when a person tries to recognize his drive towards a future career prospect. A zeal to succeed leads to development of self motivation which is crucial to excel in career.

As an individual interacts more with people, he/she develops an understanding of how to deal with difficult situation leading to development of self awareness. For example, when Gandhi was requested by a mother to get rid of child's habit of eating many mangoes, he himself got rid of the practice which shows his self awareness about his wrong habits.

As a person starts to work in corporate world or in any service, leadership skills get developed over time leading to EI.

Thus, an interest in developing oneself holistically should drive EI, not an innate nature.

5. (a)

वे मूल्य जो लोक प्रशासकों का मार्गदर्शन करते हैं, व्यापक सार्वजनिक हित के लिए अपने सापेक्ष महत्व के कारण प्रायः एक-दूसरे के प्रतिस्पर्धी हो सकते हैं। उदाहरणों सहित चर्चा कीजिए। (150 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए)
Values that guide public administrators can often compete with each other, owing to their relative importance to the larger public interest. Discuss with examples. (Answer in 150 words)

10

उम्मीदवारों को इस इतिहास में नहीं लिखना चाहिए
Candidates must not write on this margin

Foundational & values of civil servants provide guidance to make decision in the face of adversity and complex situations.

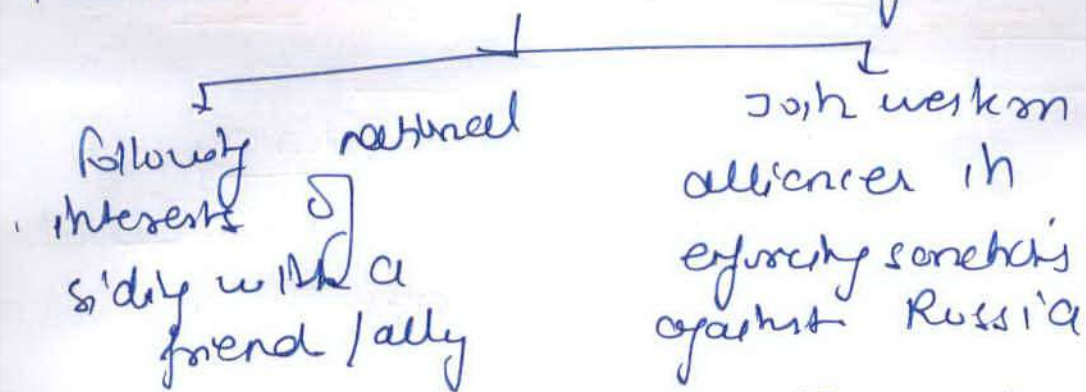
Sometimes, these values are in conflict with each other and leads to ethical dilemmas

For example

Ethical dilemma of following duty & compassion. Recently, death of a Thakur girl due to denial of rahar led to moral and social unrest.

In international relations, often dichotomy occurs between following national interests or global ethics.

For example, in Russia-Ukraine conflict,
India was at the crossroads of



on the case of development vs rehabilitation in construction of a dam in tribal area.

At such times, public officials should follow

- ① constitutional values
- ② code of ethics
- ③ past precedents of similar situations tackled by public officials

And surmise both on ethical dilemmas of a C.S.

eg

Civil servant should follow his conscience in the end to for uphold justice

उम्मीदवारों को इस हाशिये में नदी लिखना चाहिए
Candidates must not write on this margin

5. (b)

क्या यह कहना तर्कसंगत है कि भ्रष्टाचार एक सामाजिक परिघटना है? प्रशासनिक भ्रष्टाचार से निपटने के विभिन्न तरीके क्या हैं? (150 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए)

Is it justifiable to say that corruption is a social phenomenon? What are the various ways through which administrative corruption can be tackled? (Answer in 150 words) 10

Corruption refers to voluntary diversion of funds for personal interest.

Corruption has become an ever-compensating characteristic of society that it has penetrated all the fields.

Corruption — social phenomenon

- 1) Corruption in political domain where freebies are used to gain higher vote share
- 2) Corruption in economic sphere where many cases of scandals like Nirav Modi, Harshad Mehta have crippled our economy
- 3) This is present in food distribution where fake ration cards are being generated to deplete state resources.
[eg] PDS leakage in many states.
- 4) This is also present in our own lives where

we tend to pay small bribes to get out of
a difficult situation

eg very often people bribe the traffic police
or pay a challan for indiscriminate driving

→ Lack of awareness on part of citizens and
over-reliance on "chalta-hai" attitude
has led to bureaucratic apathy

ways to tackle administrative corruption

① As per ARC-2nd

Discretion + Monopoly - Accountability = Corruption

as administrative officers have wide discretionary
powers, measure should be taken to

Increase accountability → citizen charter

→ Code of ethics and code
of conduct
→ ethics officer (2nd ARC)

② Reward mechanism to promote whistleblowing

③ strict punishment if an officer is found
to be indulging in corruption.

Corruption is like a rust which would
eat away India's skeletal frame of bureaucracy.
It must be rooted out of the
system at the earliest

6.

निम्नलिखित में से प्रत्येक उद्धरण का आपके लिए क्या मायने रखता है?

What do each of the following quotations mean to you?

(a)

"गरीबी पर काबू पाना दान का कार्य नहीं है; यह न्याय का कार्य है।" नेल्सन मंडेला (150 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए)

"Overcoming poverty is not a task of charity, it is an act of justice." Nelson Mandela (Answer in 150 words)

10

Above quote by Nelson Mandela, highlights the importance of ~~removed~~ removing poverty to provide justice to the poor.

Often we consider it as our charity to support the needy by donating few clothes, food or supporting financially.

But we often forget that it is the society that has made us capable to be able to do something for others. Thus, we ~~can~~ become obliged to do such tasks. Also as we have already benefitted from sociality some resources, we need to uplift others.

Recent o/pn Report of 2021

highlights that top 10% of people
hold 55% of income and 77% of wealth
This imbalance shows historic injustice
being meted out to lower section people.

As a society, we need to take
collective efforts to ensure justice. As
businesses think on profit motive, CSR
has been evolved as a form of redistributive
Justice

Similarly, use of NFOS and
social stock exchange lead to justice to
poor

उम्मीदवारों को
इस कक्ष में
नहीं लिखना
चाहिए
Candidates
must not
write on
this margin

6. (b)

"मेरा यह मानना है कि जहां कायरता और हिंसा में से केवल किसी एक को चुनना हो तो मैं हिंसा चुनने की सलाह दूंगा।" - महात्मा गांधी (150 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए)

"I do believe that, where there is only a choice between cowardice and violence, I would advise violence." - Mahatma Gandhi (Answer in 150 words)

10

उम्मीदवारों को
इस हार्शिए में
नहीं लिखना
चाहिए
Candidates
must not
write on
this margin

Above quote by Mahatma
Gandhi highlights the importance of
being ~~fearful~~ fearless in the midst of
adversity and not be a coward.

Gandhi was a non-violent
dentee who would never compromise on
violence, but in the choice of cowardice
and violence, it would be violence that
wins.

India's freedom in 1947 was
a cumulative chain of fearless events
all throughout 200 years of British rule.
Had India had given up after Rowlatt
Satyagraha or Jallianwala Bagh massacre
of 1919, we would still be under British rule.

Annima Sinha became first female
climber to climb Mount Everest. Had
she given up due to her disability &
acted out of fear, she would never have

created history and found inner peace.

Cowardice is an act of extreme pessimism where the person has lost the will and drive to succeed. A mother bird teaches the child to fly after multiple tries. The bird fears and is initially reluctant to come out of nest, but once that transparent wall of fear is outstripped, the whole world becomes its territory.

In times of war, the victor is always fearless in the face of adversity. It's normal human instinct to be fearful in a tough situation but overcoming it to be a support to others is what makes a soldier. And he is willing to commit violence against enemy to save national interest.

Thus, we should all be fearless in our minds and take challenges head on. Life was not guaranteed to be fair, but life is a Journey worth fighting for !!

6. (c)

"परिवर्तन अपरिहार्यता के पहियों पर नहीं चलता है, बल्कि निरंतर संघर्ष के माध्यम से आता है।" मार्टिन लूथर किंग जूनियर (150 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए)

"Change does not roll in on the wheels of inevitability, but comes through continuous struggle." Martin Luther King Jr (Answer in 150 words)

10

उम्मीदवारों को इस दृष्टि में नहीं लिखना चाहिए
Candidates must not write on this margin

Above quote by Martin Luther King highlights the importance of change in our lives. Change is essential for development of humanity. The progress that we have made ~~as~~ since the dawn of civilization can only be attributed to change.

The evolution of humans from ~~home~~ ancient creatures has been attributed to "Survival of fittest" theory by Charles Darwin. It was not that human survival was inevitable, but the continuous struggle to survive the inhumane conditions of planet earth millions of years ago from micro-organisms to an intelligent thinking being.

The independence of India in 1947 was not inevitable, proven by over 200 years of British rule and continued denial of domination. It was the

relentless spirit of our nationalists like
Bhagat Singh, Azad and non-violent
struggle of Gandhiji that led to our
freedom.

Michael Phelps won 8 golds at
Beijing 2008 olympics creating history. It
was not pre-destined on the wheels of
inevitability, but his unshattered spirit
and continuous spirit of struggle of over
5 years that led him to panacea of
success.

Thus, continuous struggle is the
essence of achieving any change we wish
to see in the world. As a child learns
to walk from crawling, he falls multiple
times, hurts himself. But it's this struggle
that shows him real fruit of taking
courage of standing on two feet.

Human beings should never shy from
continuous struggle. Sometimes it will be
painful and requires immense endurance,
But there will surely be light at the
end of tunnel in form of a
beautiful change!!

7. आप एक मेट्रोपॉलिटन शहर में पुलिस आयुक्त के रूप में तैनात हैं जहाँ एक आधिकारिक समारोह में अतिथि के रूप में शामिल होने के लिए राष्ट्रपति स्तर की सुरक्षा प्राप्त एक विदेशी पदाधिकारी के दौरे का कार्यक्रम है। सुरक्षा तैयारियों के एक भाग के रूप में यह निर्णय लिया गया है कि शहर में समारोह स्थल तक पहुँचने के लिए विदेशी पदाधिकारी द्वारा उपयोग किए जाने वाले मार्ग पर किसी भी वाहन यातायात की अनुमति नहीं दी जाएगी। हालांकि, विदेशी पदाधिकारी के आगमन के लिए निर्धारित समय से ठीक 15 मिनट पहले आपको यह सूचना मिलती है कि गंभीर रूप से बीमार एक मरीज, निजी कार से अस्पताल ले जाते समय अपने परिवार के साथ रास्ते में फँस गया है। इस स्थिति में, निम्नलिखित का उत्तर दीजिए:

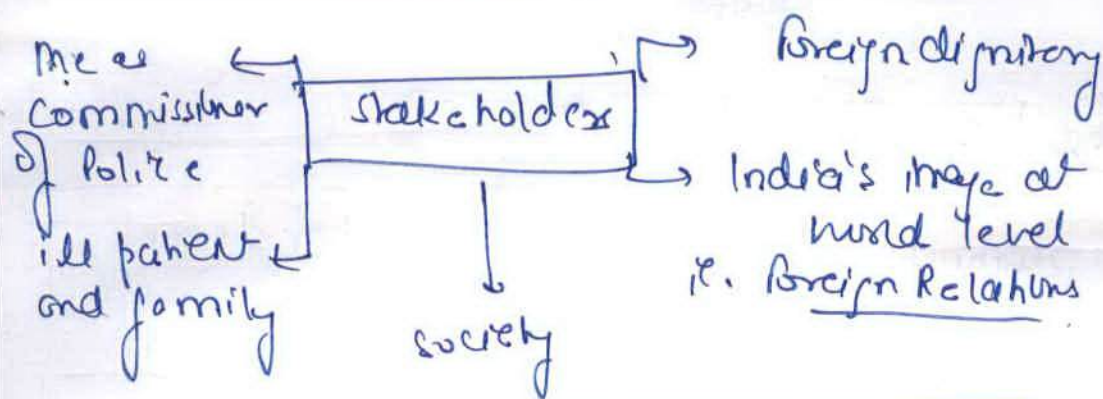
- वी. आई. पी. के आवागमन के लिए यातायात रोकने से जुड़े मुद्दों पर चर्चा कीजिए।
- इस स्थिति में आपके समक्ष उपलब्ध विकल्पों को उनके गुणों एवं दोषों के साथ सूचीबद्ध कीजिए।
- आपकी कार्रवाई क्या होगी? उचित तर्कों के साथ उसका औचित्य सिद्ध कीजिए। (250 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए)

You are posted as the Commissioner of Police in a metropolitan city where a visiting foreign dignitary, with President-level security cover, is scheduled to visit for an official function. As a part of the security preparedness, it has been decided that no vehicular traffic will be allowed on the route which will be taken by the foreign dignitary to reach the venue of the function in the city. However, just 15 minutes before the scheduled arrival of the dignitary, you are informed that a critically-ill patient is stuck on the way to the hospital in a private car along with his family.

In this situation, answer the following:

- Discuss the issues involved in halting traffic for VIP movement.
- List the options available to you in this situation with their merits and demerits.
- What will be your course of action? Justify with proper reasoning. (Answer in 250 words) 20

Police personnel and bureaucrats are often faced with conflicting situations where they have to take steps which may have consequences and impact the security preparedness. Above case reflects the dilemma of a Police Commissioner on making certain choices.



उम्मीदवारों को इस हाथिए में नहीं लिखना चाहिए
Candidates must not write on this margin

(a) Issues involved in halting traffic for VIP

① It involves ethical dilemma of saving citizen's life vs upholding duty of traffic clearance

② As a dignitary is of President level, ensuring Security is of paramount importance to maintain India's image at world level as well as upholding democratic values

③ As a public servant, if I don't act accordingly to people's person, an innocent life is at risk leading to a dent on my conscience

④ Impact on my future career if there is any mishappening due to security lapse

⑤ It also involves cognitive dissonance of my will to show compassion but duty requires me to be objective

① Options available to me

- a) Continue with the security preparedness and halt traffic for VIP

Merits

- 1) uphold my duty
- 2) National sovereignty as per constitution upheld
- 3) Career prospects intact

Demerits

- 1) Risk of losing an innocent life
- 2) Public anger and distrust
- 3) crisis of conscience
- 4) Peace of mind of State

- b) Halting traffic for VIP movement

- b) Allow the critically ill patient and family to pass

Merits

- a) save the life of an innocent person
- b) Peace of mind and satisfaction
- c) motivation to serve public
- d) set an example for society and juniors

Demerits

- a) security of foreign dignity compromised
- b) Lapse of duty
- c) Threat of backlash from government
- d) Foreign Relations may be impacted.

(i) I will take an objective assessment of the situation and go with Option 2 of maintaining security preparedness without allowing the ill patient to pass.

(1) Since since it is an emergency situation, it requires prompt action on my part.

As I am the Police Commissioner, I have wide discretionary powers and such actions would be justifiable provided adequate safeguards are in place.

(2) I will personally talk to the family to avoid any miscommunication and do regular checks like frisking the people and car to avoid presence of any objectionable material.

(3) I will also ensure that a subordinate officer accompanies or follows the vehicle till the hospital to ensure the right intentions upheld.

④ I'll also ensure that I speak to the foreign delegates and brief them of the situation since 15 minutes are still there, they can be assured of safe protocols in place.

↳ A brief can be given to the ministry to accommodate this emergency situation

⑤ If at all the matter turns out to be frivolous, immediate steps could be taken to punish the family.

By following above course of action,
I would have upheld public trust doctrine
and my duty to consider public welfare at first.

ट्रांसजेंडर समुदाय शुरुआती समय से ही भारत के सामाजिक ढांचे का हिस्सा रहा है लेकिन उसे कभी भी समाज के एक सम्मानित वर्ग के रूप में मान्यता नहीं मिली है। 'हिजड़ा' शब्द भारत में पारंपरिक रूप से उन ट्रांसजेंडर महिलाओं के लिए इस्तेमाल किया जाता है जिनका जन्म पुरुष के रूप में हुआ था। पवित्र हिंदू ग्रंथों के अनुसार इस समुदाय की भूमिका और महत्व विवाह एवं जन्म समारोहों में अच्छे भाग्य के लिए आशीर्वाद देने तक ही केंद्रित है। 19वीं शताब्दी में ब्रिटिश राज के आगमन के साथ ही "क्रॉस-ड्रेसिंग" के कृत्यों को एक दंडनीय अपराध माना गया और यदि ऐसे अपराध बार-बार किए जाते थे तो कारावास का दंड दिया जाता था। इस प्रकार, हिजड़ों का अपराधीकरण शुरू हुआ। हालांकि, वर्तमान समय में इस समुदाय को पहले की तुलना में कानूनी समर्थन प्राप्त है और वे सामाजिक रूप से सशक्त हैं, किंतु वे अभी भी ट्रांसजेंडर लोगों के प्रति भेदभाव-संबंधी हिंसा, गरीबी और अलगाव के शिकार हैं। उपर्युक्त के आलोक में, निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए:

- ट्रांसजेंडर लोगों द्वारा अपने जीवन के विभिन्न चरणों के दौरान सामना की जाने वाली चुनौतियों की पहचान कीजिए।
- ट्रांसजेंडर समुदाय के उत्थान के लिए वर्तमान समय में की गई कई पहलों के बावजूद भारत में उनके साथ लगातार हो रहे भेदभाव के कारणों पर चर्चा कीजिए। (250 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए)

The transgender community has been a part of India's social set up since the very beginning but never recognized as a reputable part of the society. 'Hijra' is a term traditionally used in India for transgender women who were born male. The role and value of this community in accordance with the sacred Hindu texts condenses to the performance of blessings at marriage and birth ceremonies for good fortune. With the advent of the British Raj in the 19th century, the acts of "cross-dressing" were registered as a criminal offence and if such offences were committed repeatedly, imprisonment followed. Thus, began the criminalization of hijras. Today, although legally supported and socially empowered as compared to earlier times, hijras are still subject to transphobic discrimination-associated violence, poverty, and segregation.

In light of the above, answer the following:

- Identify the challenges faced by transgenders during the different stages of their life.
- Discuss the reasons for the continuing discrimination against transgenders in India despite several initiatives for their upliftment in recent times. (Answer in 250 words) 20

India is a land of multiple identities and transgenders are one of them. They have been left out of mainstream but they still comprise of 8-6% of India's population (census 2011). Yet they are not given freedom and importance as only 30,000 of them are registered as voters.

a) challenges faced by transgender during different stages of life

Birth

- excluded by family
- generally many are abandoned and sent to orphanages.
- They lack basic hygiene and nutrition requirements

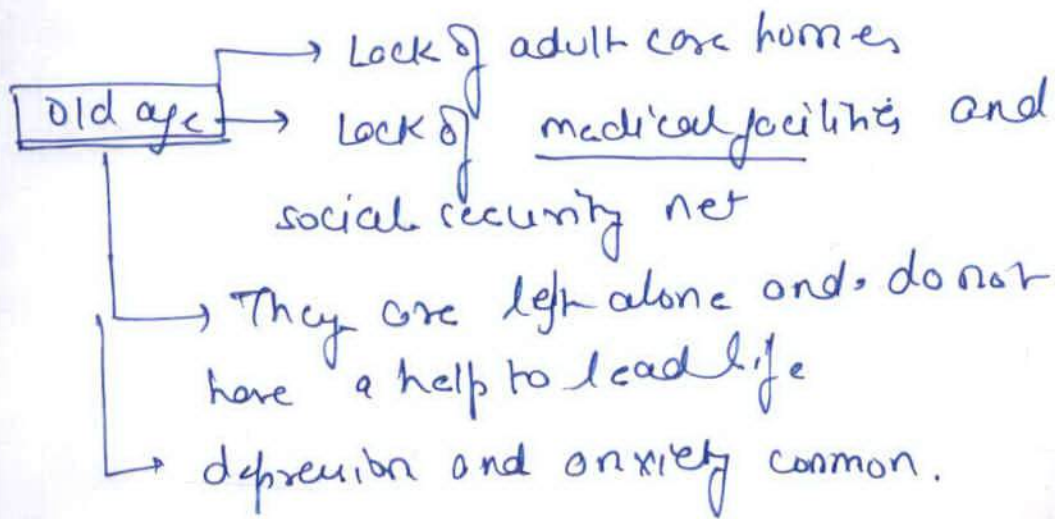
Adolescence

- Lack of education opportunities
- Discrimination at school due to distinct appearance
- Teachers not trained or sensitised to deal with special needs of transgender children
- Lack of adequate facilities of washroom and sanitation
- excluded from group activities

Adulthood

- employment opportunities are limited.
- employers are generally reluctant to hire transgender
- social ostracization as people don't offer them place to stay

- Restricted to livelihood like performance of bleatings or family functions
- They are socially ridiculed
- Lack of political empowerment
[eg] only 4% of transgenders in 2019 electoral candidates.



(b) Reasons for continued discrimination against transgenders in India

- (a) Social setup where they are ridiculed and abandoned from the birth
→ families do not wanted to give their name due to being ashamed
- (b) Lack of adequate political power as they don't form the mainstream, their

interests are underrepresented in Government leading to their demands not getting fulfilled.

(c) Lack of moral values and downgrade of ethical standards

→ we don't teach our children to be compassionate towards them and consider them as equal

(d) Social Prejudice due to negative attitude that they bring bad luck

(e) As they do not have economic stability they are generally treated badly and discriminated by upper sections of society

↳ Lack of implementation of Transgender bill

Initiatives taken by govt for their upliftment

① Gorima Greh for rehabilitation and support

② various NGOs have raised concerns for their ~~own~~ integration in society

eg No2 Foundation fighting for LGBTQ rights

③: Promote their employment at workplaces

[eg] many companies celebrate Purple week to raise awareness

④ Recent passage of transgender bill

↓
allow them to register as 3rd gender ↓ medical certificate ↓ provision of employment.

As a society where transgenders have been part of our social set up since ages, we need to be more accommodative and compassionate towards their needs and consider them equal in every field. we should indicate values of mutual respect and acceptance in our children without considering the gender of the person.

9.

आप एक राज्य में पुलिस महानिरीक्षक के रूप में तैनात एक आई. पी. एस. अधिकारी हैं। हाल ही में राज्य के एक जिले में कथित तौर पर पुलिस उपाधीक्षक (डी. एस. पी.) की मौजूदगी में हिरासत में हुई हिंसा के कारण एक पिता एवं पुत्र की मृत्यु से पूरे राज्य में आक्रोश फैल गया है। यह कोई अकेली घटना नहीं है, क्योंकि पुलिस द्वारा शारीरिक हमले के कारण हिरासत में हुई मौतों के संबंध में मानवाधिकार समूहों द्वारा पहले भी आरोप लगाए जाते रहे हैं। राज्य के उच्च न्यायालय ने हाल की इस घटना पर स्वतः संज्ञान लेते हुए राज्य सरकार को नोटिस जारी कर हिरासत में मौतों की बढ़ती घटनाओं पर विस्तृत रिपोर्ट मांगी है। राज्य सरकार ने घटना की जांच करने और इससे जुड़े तथ्यों की सत्यता के बारे में एक विस्तृत रिपोर्ट प्रस्तुत करने के लिए एक समिति का गठन किया है। आपको समिति का नेतृत्व करने के लिए कहा गया है। आप जिले के पुलिस उपाधीक्षक को एक ईमानदार, मेहनती और शुचितापूर्ण अधिकारी के रूप में जानते हैं। उसने आपसे निजी तौर पर अनुरोध किया है कि आप उसे किसी भी गलत कार्य के आरोप से मुक्त कर दें क्योंकि उसका दावा है कि वह घटना के समय वहां पर मौजूद नहीं था। आप जानते हैं कि उसके खिलाफ कोई भी कार्रवाई उसकी प्रतिष्ठा और करियर के लिए हानिकारक होगी। वहीं दूसरी ओर, विभाग के वरिष्ठ अधिकारी राज्य में पुलिस की समग्र छवि की रक्षा के लिए सारा दोष डी. एस. पी. पर डालने और उसे बलि का बकरा बनाने के लिए आप पर दबाव बना रहे हैं।

दिए गए परिदृश्य में, निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए:

- इस प्रकरण में शामिल हितधारकों और नैतिक मुद्दों की पहचान कीजिए।
- यह सुनिश्चित करने के लिए कि जांच न्यायसंगत और निष्पक्ष हो, आप क्या कदम उठाएंगे?
- भारत में पुलिस बल अपने दिन-प्रतिदिन के काम-काज में जिन चुनौतियों के दबाव में काम करते हैं, उन्हें देखते हुए कुछ पहलों का सुझाव दीजिए। (250 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए)

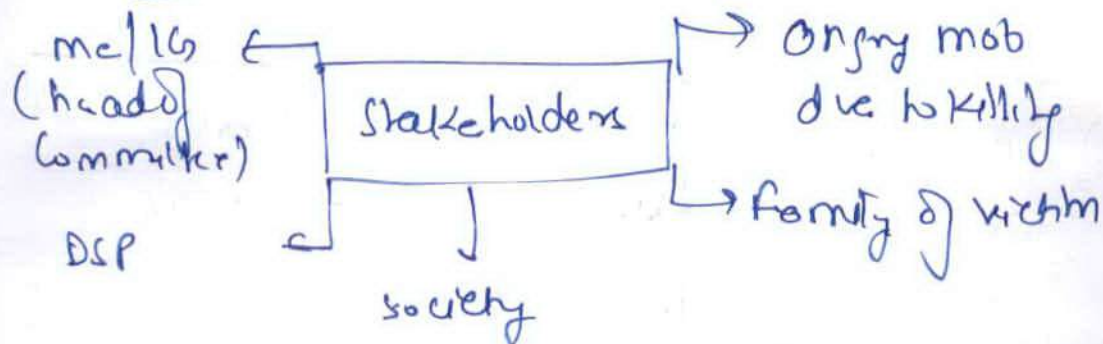
You are an IPS officer posted as the Inspector General of Police in a state. The recent death of a father-son duo in one of the districts in the state, due to custodial violence allegedly in the presence of the Deputy Superintendent of Police (DSP), has sparked anger across the state. This is not an isolated incident, as there have been allegations raised by human rights groups in the past regarding custodial deaths due to physical assault by the police. The High Court of the State, taking suo moto cognizance of the recent incident, has served a notice to the state government, seeking a detailed report on the rising instances of custodial deaths. The state government has constituted a Committee to probe the incident and submit a detailed report about the veracity of facts related to it. You have been asked to head the Committee. You know the Deputy Superintendent of Police of the district to be an honest, hardworking and upright officer. He has privately requested you to absolve him of any wrongdoing as he claims not to be present when the incident occurred. You know that any action against him will be detrimental to his reputation and career. On the other hand, the seniors in the department are pressurising you to put all the blame on the DSP and make him a sacrificial lamb in order to protect the overall image of the police in the state.

In the given scenario, answer the following questions:

- Identify the stakeholders and the ethical issues involved in the case.
- What steps will you take to ensure that the enquiry is seen to be fair and impartial?
- Given the challenges that the police forces in India operate under in their day-to-day functioning, suggest some initiatives to address them. (Answer in 250 words)

20

Bureaucrats and police personnel often face extreme situations that test their ability to handle any pressure situation. Above case study is inspired from the custodial death of father-son duo in Tamil Nadu in 2020. (a)



ethical issues involved in case

- ① Violence in police station against the accused resulting in custodial deaths
- ② Lack of tolerance among police personnel against accused and undertrials
- ③ Lack of following of reformatory justice principle in true spirit
- ④ Following the unethical spirit of having the criminal more than the crime

⑤ unethical standards of Police where an upright officer is considered to be made a sacrificial lamb

⑥ ethical dilemma of following Rule of Law vs senior pressure

(b) Steps to ensure enquiry is fair and impartial

(1) As a head of the committee, I will ensure that I follow Objective way of assessing the situation.

(2) I will collect evidence using CCTV footage and interviews to ensure that the violence and physical assault happened at what time

(3) I'll not directly blame the DSP given that he has an excellent track record of honesty

(4) I will also consult police staff like constables as to ascertain the reasoning given by multiple people and to verify the claims

(5) I'll be compassionate towards the family of victims and ensure full support to them

उम्मीदवारों को इस कक्ष में नहीं लिखना चाहिए
Candidates must not write on this margin

(6) I will request my seniors to support the investigation. If they do not, I'll uphold my constitutional duty of upholding Rule of Law and continue with investigation

(7) After investigation I'll ensure the guilty gets punished in strictest way to set a deterrence for future.

(1) Challenges of Police Force

① Low police personnel

UN recommended -	222	per 1 lakh
India	- 195	"

② Lack of ethical training

③ Over-burdened police due to rising crime

Initiatives to address challenges

- 1) modernization of police force
- 2) following Prakash Singh Guidelines to enhance capacity of police
- 3) Increase in recruitment
- 4) Better Infrastructure in police station for a conducive environment
- 5) Ethical training of all police personnel
- 6) code of conduct in police stations

By following above measures, we can reduce burden on police personnel and improve their efficiency. Further,

Naliniwar Committee recommendations to release undertrials who have served 1/3rd of trial can be followed

मिस्टर X एक अरबपति व्यवसायी हैं जो बीमा, ऊर्जा उत्पादन एवं वितरण तथा विनिर्माण कार्य में संलग्न एक बड़ी कंपनी के प्रमुख हैं। विश्व भर में एक महान परोपकारी के रूप में उनकी पहचान होने के बावजूद, उन्होंने एक शेयरधारक के उस अनुरोध को ठुकरा दिया है जिसमें जलवायु परिवर्तन के साथ-साथ विविधता और समावेशन से संबंधित मुद्दों पर कंपनी की कार्रवाइयों का खुलासा करने की मांग की गई थी।

जलवायु और विविधता के मुद्दों पर बढ़ते ध्यान के कारण, कई प्रमुख फर्मों ने अपनी व्यावसायिक रणनीतियों में प्रासंगिक विचारों को शामिल करने के लिए खुद को प्रतिबद्ध किया है। इसलिए, कुछ उद्योग-पर्यवेक्षकों ने आश्चर्य व्यक्त किया है कि क्या मिस्टर X बड़े पैमाने पर उद्योग के संपर्क में नहीं हैं और उन्हें यह चेतावनी दी है कि जलवायु परिवर्तन के मुद्दों को हल करने में विफल रहने से उनके व्यवसाय के लिए प्रणालीगत जोखिम उत्पन्न हो सकता है। इसके बावजूद, मिस्टर X प्रकटीकरण प्रस्ताव के खिलाफ अपने मत पर कायम रहे, साथ ही जलवायु परिवर्तन और विविधतापूर्ण एवं समावेशी कार्यबल इन दोनों के महत्व को भी स्वीकार किया। हालांकि, मिस्टर X का मानना है कि शेयरधारकों के लाभ को अधिकतम करने के लिए इस तरह के नैतिक मुद्दे गौण महत्व रखते हैं।

- एक व्यावसायिक संगठन में जलवायु परिवर्तन से जुड़ी रणनीतियों और विविधता एवं समावेश को शामिल करने के महत्व पर चर्चा कीजिए?
- आपकी राय में, एक व्यावसायिक संगठन के लिए क्या अधिक मायने रखता है- सामाजिक-पर्यावरणीय चिंताएं या शेयरधारकों का लाभ?
- उपर्युक्त दो मुद्दों को कैसे सुलझाया जा सकता है? (250 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए)

Mr. X is a billionaire businessman who heads a conglomerate engaged in insurance, energy generation and distribution, and manufacturing. Despite being globally known as a great philanthropist, he turned down a shareholder request seeking the disclosure of the conglomerate's actions on issues related to climate change as well as diversity and inclusion.

Because of increased attention to climate and diversity issues, many leading firms have committed themselves to incorporate relevant considerations in their business strategies. Therefore, some industry-observers wonder if Mr. X is out of touch with the industry at large and have warned him that failing to address climate change issues puts his businesses under systemic risk. But, Mr. X maintained his vote against the disclosure proposal, while at the same time acknowledged the importance of both climate change and a diverse and inclusive work force. However, Mr. X believes that such ethical issues take secondary importance to maximising shareholder profit.

- Discuss the importance of including climate change strategies and diversity and inclusion in a business organisation?
- In your opinion, what matters more for a business organisation - socio-environmental concerns or shareholder profit?
- How can the two above-mentioned issues be reconciled? (Answer in 250 words)

20

with rising global temperature
(1.09°C by IPCC) and climate crisis, it has
become imperative to include climate
actions in company policies for a sustainable

planet

(Q) Importance of including climate change strategies in business org.

① For a sustainable development of a company, it's essential to be responsible to society's needs

② With increasing information available to people on climate change and its impact, they have become real change agents

↳ They are to be sacrificed ~~for~~ for company's profit

③ rise of CSR and ethical capitalism have led to increasing pressure on business to adopt climate change strategies

④ Our society is based on the concept of "one world" and sustainable growth for all.

(b) In my opinion, for any business organization, shareholder interest and profit matter the most

उम्मीदवारों को
इस दृष्टि में
नहीं लिखना
चाहिए
Candidates
must not
write on
this margin

- ① With increasing competition, companies have to fight for higher profits to meet the expectations of shareholders.
- ② If socio-environmental concerns are given priority and not profit, the entire existence of a company is in stress
- ③ It's also possible to meet shareholders profit along with better socio-environmental concerns

[e] compassionate capitalism of
Norwegian monarchy

[eg] Tata's investing in CSR (Redistributive Justice)

(c) To reconcile sub-environmental concerns and shareholder profit,

A company should →

a) Follow processes of production or manufacturing that are environmentally sustainable

[eg] ITC - e-choupal initiative. to help farmers

ITC is diversifying its business from cigarettes to notebooks and construction

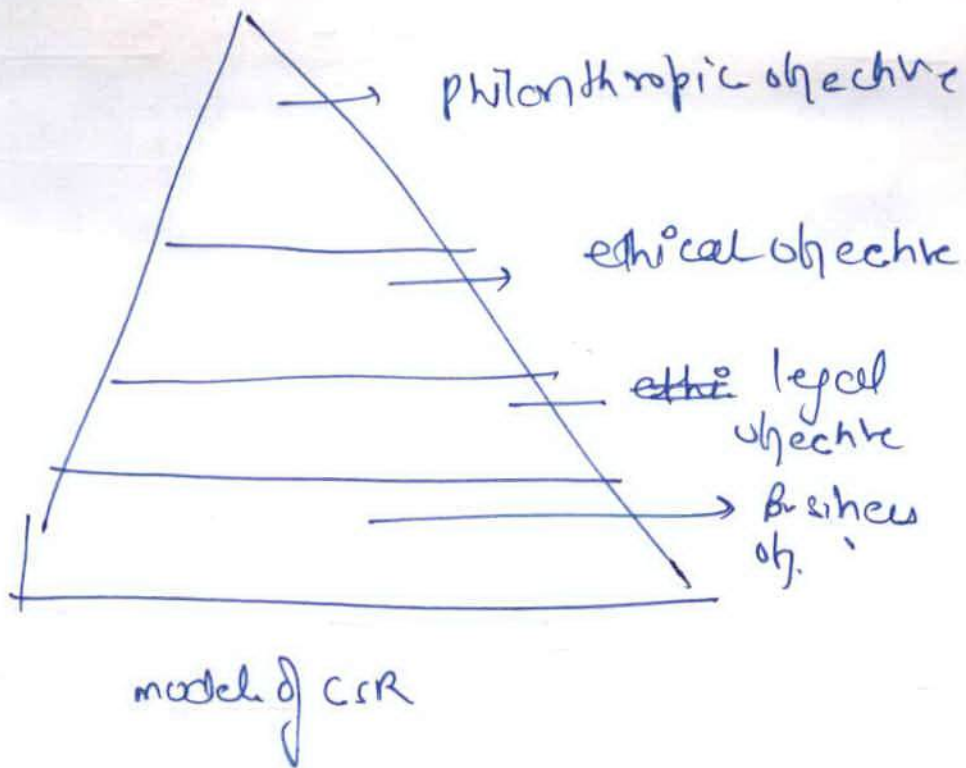
b) Follow ethical standards in disclosure norms to report exact profit

[eg] - Green budgeting

c) Use of sustainable sources of manufacturing

[eg] Recycling of plastics

d) Follow ethical practices in CSR



11.

आप एक ऐसे जिले में पुलिस अधीक्षक (SP) के रूप में तैनात हैं जहां विभिन्न धार्मिक समुदायों के लोग एक साथ शांतिपूर्वक रह रहे हैं। यह जिला अपनी स्थापत्य विरासत के लिए भी प्रसिद्ध है और यहां विश्व भर से पर्यटक नियमित रूप से आते हैं। हालांकि, पड़ोसी राज्य में एक ऐसी घटना हुई है जिसमें दो अलग-अलग समुदायों के लोगों ने धार्मिक मुद्दों पर लड़ाई शुरू कर दी है। इस घटना का प्रभाव पूरे देश पर पड़ा है। आपकी तैनाती वाले क्षेत्र में भी विभिन्न स्रोतों से आपको हेट स्पीच वाले कुछ ऐसे वीडियो के प्रसार की सूचना मिली है जो कानून और व्यवस्था की स्थिति को बिगाड़ सकते हैं। आप यह भी जानते हैं कि आपके जिले में संदिग्ध नीयत से कुछ बाहरी लोगों का आना शुरू हो गया है। एक इलाके में एक दुकानदार की, जिसने पहले इंटरनेट पर कुछ पोस्ट करने के कारण मिलने वाली धमकियों के बारे में शिकायत दर्ज कराई थी, उसकी निर्दयतापूर्वक हत्या कर दी गई है। इस घटना ने पूरे देश को स्तब्ध कर दिया है। आपको यह सूचना दी गई है कि दुकानदार जिस समुदाय का था, उस समुदाय के सैकड़ों लोग आपके जिले में व्यापक विरोध प्रदर्शन करने की योजना बना रहे हैं।

- (a) दी गई स्थिति में, जिले में कानून और व्यवस्था की स्थिति को स्थिर बनाए रखने के लिए आपके समक्ष क्या विकल्प उपलब्ध हैं। अपनी कार्रवाइयों का विस्तृत विवरण प्रदान कीजिए।
- (b) क्या आपको लगता है कि वर्तमान कानूनी और संस्थागत ढांचे समाज में हेट स्पीच के खतरे से निपटने के लिए पर्याप्त हैं? (250 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए)

You are posted as a Superintendent of Police (SP) in a district where people of different religious communities are living together peacefully. The district is also famous for its architectural heritage and is regularly visited by tourists from all around the world. However, there has been an incident in the nearby state where people of two different communities have started fighting over religious issues. This incident has a spillover effect over the whole country. In your own area of jurisdiction, you have come to know from various sources about circulation of some hate speech videos, which have the potential to destabilise the law and order situation. You are also aware that some outsiders with dubious intentions have started pouring in your district. In one locality, a shopkeeper who had earlier filed a complaint regarding threats he received for posting something on the internet, is found murdered in cold blood. This incident has stunned the nation. You are being informed that hundreds of people of the community to which the shopkeeper belonged are planning to stage a massive protest in your district.

- (a) In the given situation, what are the options available to you to ensure that the law and order situation in the district remains stable. Provide a detailed account of your course of action.
- (b) Do you think the present legal and institutional mechanisms are sufficient to tackle the menace of hate speech in the society? (Answer in 250 words)

20

Recent incident of killing of a shopkeeper on communal lines has led to social and religious unrest in society.

4) As SP in district, I need to take
strong actions to dissolve communal
tension.

Options available to me to resolve law
and order situation

- ① Firstly, to curb the violence, I'll
implement section 144 of CrPc to
tackle immediate violence
- ② To reduce panic and hate speech,
I'll put a temporary ban on internet
through Telegraph Act, 1885.
- ③ I'll ensure security is beefed up
by coordinating with neighbouring districts
- ④ To control the flow of rumor ~~from~~
and assiders it's essential to
take their data beforehand &
regulate flow.
- ⑤ I'll also speak to the religious heads
to maintain calm & peace.

⑥ Giving protection to the people who have received threat

⑦ Strict punishment to the people involved in crime

(v) Present legal mechanism

→ are not sufficient as there are lapses in implementation due to administrative apathy

→ State speech is covered under section 124A of IPC which has been in news due to ~~sex~~ indecent usage and to punish any voice against the government of the day

→ enforce of laws like 144 of CrPc take only short term means and doesn't impact society in long term

→ ignoring intolerance intensity
due to social media and
doctored videos

[eg] muzzafargarh at 2011.

We need to take stern
measures to stop relapse intolerance
and promote universal peace

उम्मीदवारों को
इस कक्ष में
नहीं लिखना
चाहिए
Candidates
must not
write on
this margin

उम्मीदवारों को
इस क्षेत्र में
नहीं लिखना
चाहिए
Candidates
must not
write on
this margin

भारतीय शिक्षा प्रणाली कई समस्याओं से ग्रस्त है। प्रमुख समस्याओं में से एक 'रटकर सीखने' पर ध्यान केंद्रित करना है जो कई वर्षों से भारतीय शिक्षा प्रणाली की मुख्य विशेषता रही है। हालांकि, कई भारतीयों ने इस प्रणाली के बावजूद सफलता प्राप्त की है, किंतु आज की दुनिया में केवल सूचनाओं को याद रखने में सक्षम होना ही पर्याप्त नहीं है, जबकि वह सूचना किसी भी व्यक्ति को मोबाइल फोन पर तुरंत उपलब्ध हो जाती है। 200 भारतीय और विदेशी कंपनियों के एक सर्वेक्षण में पाया गया है कि केवल 14% भारतीय स्नातक कार्यबल में शामिल होने के लायक थे। इसका मुख्य कारण यह था कि अधिकांश स्नातक वास्तविक दुनिया की समस्याओं को हल करने के लिए अपने ज्ञान का प्रयोग करने में असमर्थ थे। इस संदर्भ में, निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए:

- (a) देश में युवा छात्रों के शैक्षिक विकास पर 'रटकर सीखने' के क्या प्रभाव हुए हैं?
- (b) इस मुद्दे को हल करने के लिए किए जा सकने वाले उपायों का सुझाव दीजिए। (250 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए)

The Indian education system suffers from many ills. One of the major issues is the focus on 'rote learning', which has been the staple of the Indian education system for many years. While many Indians have attained success despite this system, simply being able to recall information is not enough in today's world when that information is instantly available to anyone on a mobile phone. A survey of 200 Indian and foreign companies found that only 14% of Indian graduates were prepared for the workforce, largely because most graduates were unable to apply their knowledge to solve real-world problems.

In this context, answer the following questions:

- (a) What are the consequences of 'rote learning' on the educational development of young students in the country?
- (b) Suggest measures that can be taken to address this issue. (Answer in 250 words) 20

While India has achieved universal enrollment at primary level ~~with~~ and increasing GER at secondary level, we still lag behind innovation and technical development.

(a) over-reliance on Rote-Learning in schools

Consequence

- 1) Lack of cognitive capacity development
- 2) Leads to risk averse attitude and innovative spirit lays behind

[Eg] even though India has 3rd largest entrepreneurs ecosystem, it still lays behind in ~~various~~ innovative startups like Facebook

- 3) Leads to informalization of economy and loss of demographic dividend

- 4) Leads to a huge workforce (60% of people in 15-59 age) that cannot be used to improve economy

(b) means to address the skill-learn
issue

(1) emphasis on practical learning
by experiments

[eg] Atal Tinkering Labs

(2) Provide more funds to R&D
from 0.6% of GDP $\rightarrow$ 2% of GDP

(3) Provide training to teachers to
support their development

[eg] Aakash platform

(4) encourage vocational learning

Investing in education should be
the primary aim of Government to
reap the advantage of huge demographic
potential into demographic dividend
International collaborations like PLSA
organised by OECD should be
used to evaluate standards & promote
learning

उम्मीदवारों को
इस कक्ष में
नहीं लिखना
चाहिए
Candidates
must not
write on
this margin

उम्मीदवारों
इस दफ्तरे
नहीं लिखना
बाहिर
Candidates
must not
write on
this margin

उम्मीदवादी को
इस इतिहास में
नहीं लिखना
चाहिए
Candidates
must not
write on
this margin

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

AL