## Class 11

## **Important Formulas**

## **Principle of Mathematical Induction**

- A sentence or description which can be judged to be true or false is called a statement. Statements involving mathematical relations are called mathematical statements.
- 2. Let P(n) be a statement involving the natural number n such that
  - (i) P (1) is true.
  - and, (ii) P(m+1) is true, whenever P(m) is true.

Then, P(n) is true for all  $n \in N$ .

This is called first principle of mathematical induction.

- 3. Let P(n) be a statement involving the natural number n such that
  - (i) P (1) is true
  - and, (ii) P(m+1) is true, whenever P(n) is true for all  $n \le m$ .

Then, P(n) is true for all  $n \in N$ .

This is called second principle of mathematical induction.