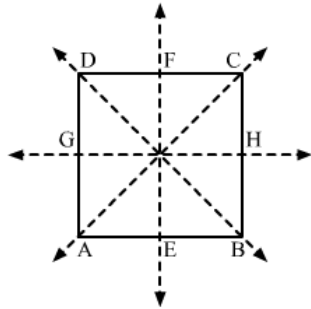# Two Dimensional Reflection Symmetry

Q1

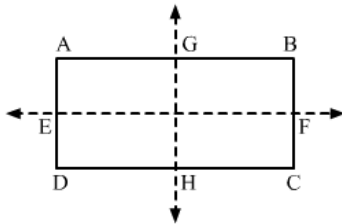**Answer :**

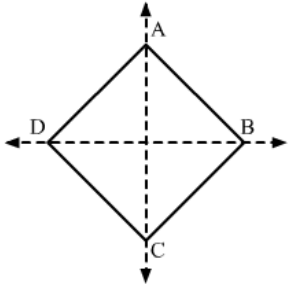(d) four lines of symmetry



Q2

**Answer :**

(c) a line joining the midpoints of its opposite sides
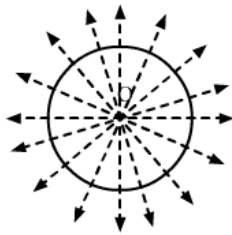


Q3

**Answer :**

(b) each of its diagonals



Q4

**Answer :**

(d) an unlimited number of lines of symmetry

This is because a circle has infinite number of diameters. Also, a circle is symmetrical about each of its diameter.
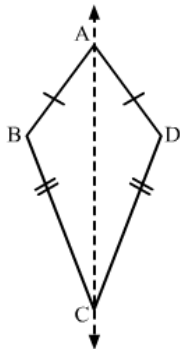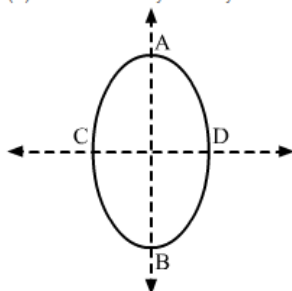


Q5

**Answer :**

(a) no line of symmetry

Q6

**Answer :**

(a) the diagonal AC



Q7

**Answer :**
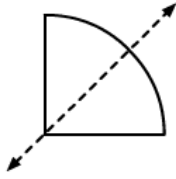
(c) two lines of symmetry



Q8

**Answer :**

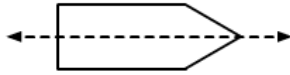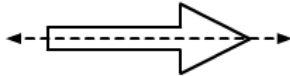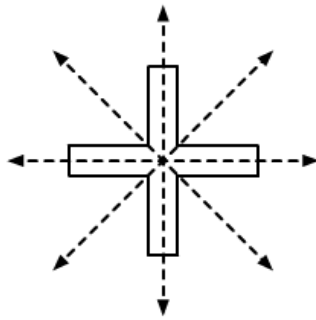(a) no line of symmetry

Q9
**Answer :**

(i)



(ii)



(iii)



(iv)



Q10
**Answer :**

(i) True

(ii) True

(iii) True
An equilateral triangle is symmetrical about each one of the bisectors of its interior angle. Also, it has three bisectors.

(iv) False
A rhombus has two lines of symmetry. It is symmetrical about each one of its diagonals.

(v) True
A square is symmetrical about each one of its diagonals and the lines joining the midpoints of the opposite sides.

(vi) True
A rectangle is symmetrical about the lines joining the midpoints of the opposite sides.

(vii) True