#### Magnets

Natural : found in nature ( ex.Lodestone) – composed of oxides of iron (Fe $_3O_4$ )-Attracts iron

Magnetism – property of attracting iron

Magnetic force- the force that a magnet exerts on iron

Artificial : magnetized piece of iron or magnetic materials.

Magnetic Substance	Non-Magnetic Substance
are attracted by magnets	are not attracted by magnets
ex: iron, cobalt, nickel	ex: aluminium, copper, wood, plastic





## MAGNETISM



#### MAKING MAGNETS :

1. Magnetic Induction : - Magnetism acquired by a magnetic material when it is kept near or in contact with a magnet.







# Using one Magnet

#### 3. Double Touch method:

Each time start from middle and rub upto its ends



### Demagnetizing a Magnet :

- By hammering the magnet repeatedly
- By rough handling
- By heating and keeping in east west direction
- By passing AC current
- Self-demagnetization.



#### Strength depends on:

- 1. Number of turns in coil
- 2. Amount of current flowing

It is a temporary strong magnet made from a piece of soft iron when current flows in the coil wound around it. It is an artificial magnet. The polarity and magnetic field strength can be changed. Demagnetized by switching off the current.

**Uses:** lifting and transporting huge mass of iron scrap, loading furnaces with iron, electric bell, electric fans, electric motors, etc. Electric Bell:

#### Advantages of electromagnet :

- Can be easily magnetized and demagnetized by turning the current on or off in the coil.
- They can be made stronger than any other permanent magnet.
- Poles of an electromagnet can be interchanged by reversing the direction of current.



#### Uses of Magnet :

- Magnetic compass
- Door bells
- Dynamos
- Motors
- Loudspeaker , etc.,