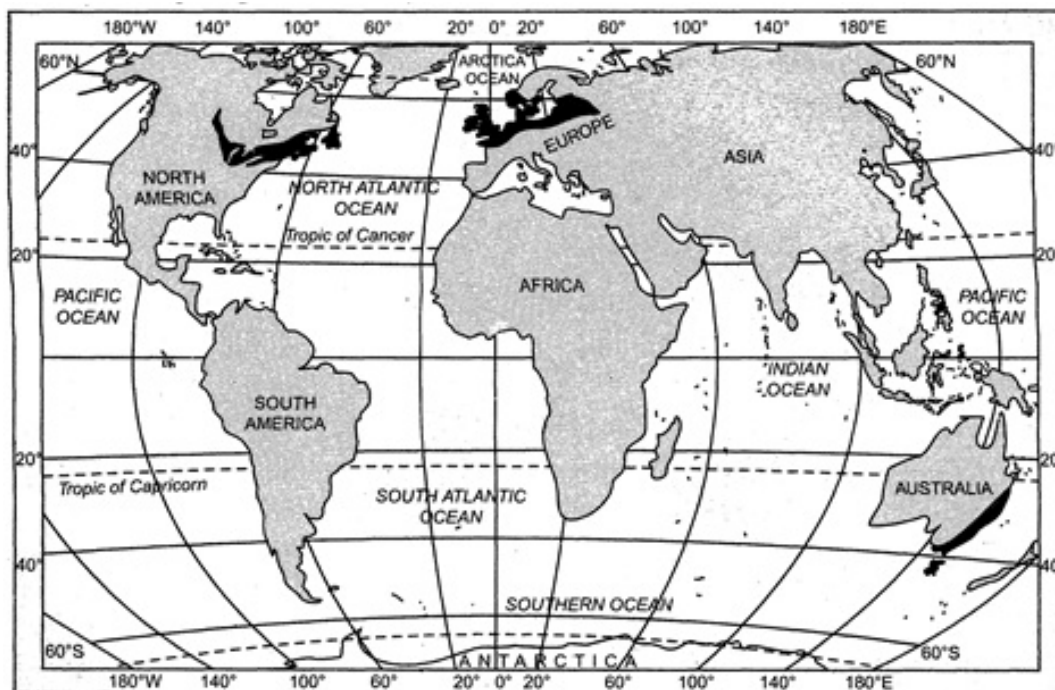

CBSE Test Paper 02
Ch-5 Primary Activities

1. In which regions of the world is market gardening and horticulture most popular?
2. Who are called red collar workers?
3. State the two groups of factors which affect the profitability of mining.
4. Why has gathering little chance of becoming important at the global level?
5. Why Mediterranean agriculture is considered as one of the best and profitable types of agriculture?
6. Describe any five characteristics of dairy farming practiced in different parts of the world.
7. Explain any three features of underground mining methods in different countries of the world.
8. Why is the method of underground mining very risky?
9. Explain the characteristics of dairy farming practised in the world.
10. Study the following map and on the basis of shaded areas, answer the following questions:



- i. Which economic activity is revealed by the shaded portion?
- ii. What are the products of primary activities in this area?
- iii. Which types of climatic conditions are present here?

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Answer

1. This type of agriculture is well developed in densely populated industrial districts of North West Europe, North Eastern United States of America and the Mediterranean regions. The Netherlands specialises in flowers and horticulture crops especially tulips which are exported all over Europe.
2. People who are engaged in primary activities such as agriculture are called red collar workers.
3. The profitability of mining depends on two main factors:
 - i. Physical factors include the size, grade and the mode of occurrence of the deposits.
 - ii. Economic factors such as the demand for the mineral, technology available and used.
4. The gathering has little chance of becoming important at the global level because products of these activities cannot compete for the world market. Moreover, synthetic products often of better quality and at lower prices, have replaced many items supplied by the gatherers in tropical forests.
5.
 - i. Mediterranean agriculture is highly specialized in commercial agriculture.
 - ii. Viticulture or grape cultivation is a speciality of the Mediterranean region. Best quality wines in the world with distinctive flavours are produced from high-quality grapes. Inferior grapes are dried into raisins and currants. Olives and figs are produced in this region.
 - iii. The advantage of Mediterranean agriculture is that more valuable crops such as fruits and vegetables are grown in winters when there is great demand in European and North American Markets.
6. Five characteristics of dairy farming practiced in different parts of the world are:
 - i. Dairy farming involves cattle rearing for milk and milk products.
 - ii. It is done extensively in developed countries of the world.
 - iii. It is done near urban and industrial centres.
 - iv. Cattle are reared in grasslands having soft and long grasses.
 - v. Fodder crops and grasses are cultivated over extensive areas and special breeds of animals are reared to get maximum yields of milk.
7. The three features of underground mining methods in different countries of the

world are as follows:

- i. It is done when the ore lies deep below the surface. In this method, vertical shafts have to be sunk, from underground galleries, radiate to reach the minerals.
 - ii. For underground mining, lifts, drills, haulage vehicles, ventilation systems for safety and efficient movement of people and materials are required.
 - iii. The method used in underground mining is risky because poisonous gases, fires, floods, and caving can lead to fatal accidents.
8. Underground mining is very risky as every year a large number of miners die due to:
 - i. Explosions, too, trigger casualties when ventilation systems fail to effectively remove exhaust from **mining** equipment, coal dust and natural **underground** gas leaks. Emission of poisonous gases such as methane
 - ii. Accidental fires in the tunnels.
 - iii. Flooding due to seepage of underground water.
 - iv. Caving of roofs and tunnels due to water.
5. Continually breathing in **mineral** dust can cause lung diseases like pneumoconiosis or the dreaded black lung.
9. The five characteristics of dairy farming practised in the world are as follows:
 - i. This kind of agriculture is the most advanced and efficient type of rearing of milch animals.
 - ii. It requires a huge investment of capital. Animal sheds, storage facilities for fodder, feeding and mulching machines add to the cost of dairy farming.
 - iii. Focus on health care, cattle breeding and veterinary services.
 - iv. Here, the labour requirement is high as it is involved in rigorous care in feeding and mulching.
 - v. It is practised near urban and industrial regions because these places provide a market for milk and dairy products.
 - vi. The development of transportation, refrigeration, pasteurisation and other preservation processes have increased the duration of storage of various dairy products.
10.
 - i. Dairy farming
 - ii. Milk and milk products are the primary products of this area.
 - iii. Mountainous and cold type of climatic conditions are formal here.