

**Chapter -8**  
**Basic Elements of Indian Logic**

**One Mark Questions**

**(Answer in one sentence. Each question carries one mark.)**

- 1) Who was the father of Indian Logic? (K)
- 2) Who wrote Nyayasutra?(K)
- 3) Which is the first epc of Indian Logic? (U)
- 4) What is Pratyaksha?(K)
- 5) What is Anumana Pramana?
- 6) What is Upamana?(K)
- 7) What is Pratijna?(K)
- 8) What is Hetu? (K)
- 9) What is Poorvavat Anumana?(K)
- 10) What is Sheshavat inference?(K)
- 11) What is Samanythodrista?(K)
- 12) What is Kevalanvayi inference?(K)
- 13) What is Kevalavyathirekhi inference? (K)
- 14) What is Anvaya Vyathirekhi Anumana? (K)
- 15) What is Swarthanumana?(K)
- 16) What is Pararthanumana?(K)
- 17) How many Sentences are required for swarthanumana?(U)
- 18) How many Sentences are required for Pararthanumana?(U)
- 19) What are the two kinds of Indian inference? (U)

**Two Mark questions**

**(Answer in TWO sentences, each question carries TWO marks).**

- 1) Name the two kinds of inference according to Indian Logicians. (U)
- 2) Name the Panchavaya Nyaya of Indian inference. (U)
- 3) Name the three Characteristics of Sadh-Hetu. (U)

**Short Notes – Five Marks**

(Write in 10 to 15 sentences. Each question carries five marks.)

1. Characterstic of Sadh - Hetu. (U)
2. Five kinds of Jnana according to Indian inference. (U)

**Five Mark questions.**

**(Answer in 10-15 sentences, each question carries five marks)**

- 1) Explain the characteristics of sadh-hetu. (U)
- 2) Explain the five kinds of jnana –according to Indian inference. (U)

**Ten Mark Questions**

**(Answer in 25-30 sentences, each question carries TEN marks)**

- 1) Compare and explain Indian inference and Aristotelian Syllogism. (S)