

9th nov,  
SUNDAY

## OMITTED MEASUREMENTS

- Maximum number of omitted measurements = 2

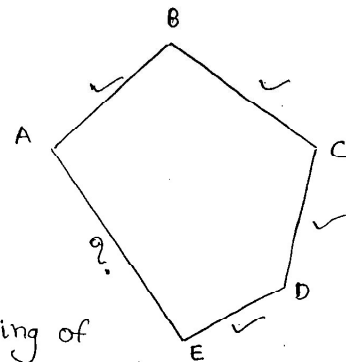
as  $\Sigma L = 0$  &  $\Sigma D = 0$ .

Case 1: Length & Bearing of one side is omitted.

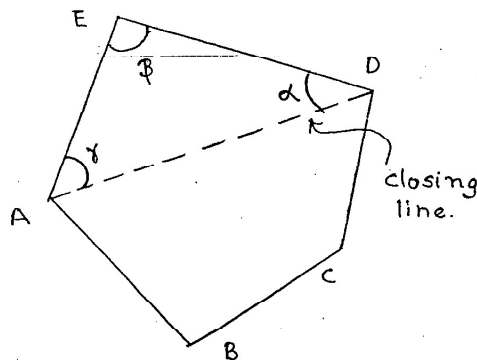
Latitude of EA =  $-\Sigma L$

Departure of EA =  $-\Sigma D$ .

Length of EA =  $\sqrt{(-\Sigma L)^2 + (-\Sigma D)^2}$



Case 2: Length of one side & bearing of adjacent side are omitted.



| Line | Length | Bearing |
|------|--------|---------|
| AB   | ✓      | ✓       |
| BC   | ✓      | ✓       |
| CD   | ✓      | ✓       |
| DE   | ?      | ✓       |
| EA   | ✓      | ?       |

Applying sine rule in  $\triangle ADE$ ,

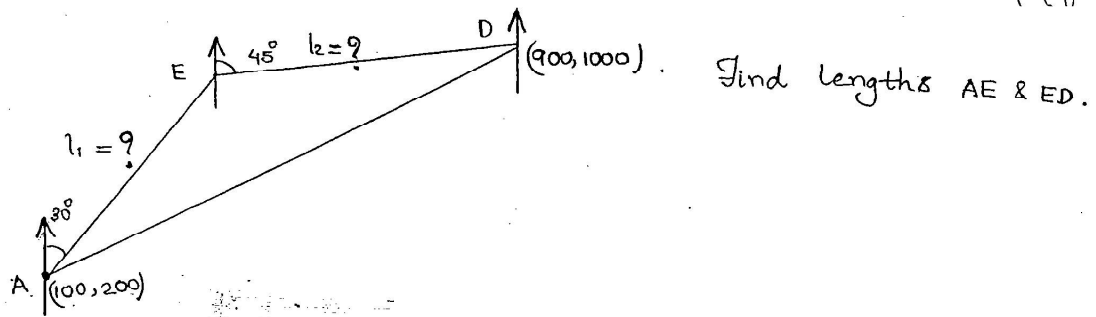
$$\frac{\sin \alpha}{EA} = \frac{\sin \beta}{AD} = \frac{\sin \gamma}{DE}$$

$$\sin \beta = \frac{\sin \alpha \cdot DA}{EA} \Rightarrow \beta \text{ is obtained.}$$

$$\therefore \gamma = 180 - (\alpha + \beta).$$

$$DE = \frac{\sin \gamma \cdot EA}{\sin \alpha}$$

Q.



Method I :

Latitude E wrt A = Latitude of E wrt D.

$$\text{ie } 100 + l_1 \cos 30 = 900 + l_2 \cos 45$$

$$0.866 l_1 - 0.707 l_2 = 800$$

Departure of E wrt A = Departure of E wrt D.

$$200 + l_1 \sin 30 = 1000 + l_2 \sin 45$$

$$0.5 l_1 - 0.707 l_2 = 800$$

P-28

| Line | Length (m) | Bearing     |
|------|------------|-------------|
| PR   | 200        | $0^\circ$   |
| QR   | 1000       | $45^\circ$  |
| RS   | 907        | $180^\circ$ |
| SP   | ?          | ?           |

$$\Sigma L = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 200 \cos 0 + 1000 \cos 45 + 907 \cos 180 + SP \cos \theta = 0$$

$$\Sigma D = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 200 \sin 0 + 1000 \sin 45 + 907 \sin 180 + SP \sin \theta = 0$$

$$SP \cos \theta = -0.107$$

$$SP \sin \theta = -707.107$$

$$\Rightarrow \theta = \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{707.107}{0.107} \right) = 90^\circ$$

For SP,

$$\text{latitude} = -\Sigma L = -106 \quad (S)$$

$$\text{departure} = -\Sigma D = -707.10 \quad (W).$$

$$\Rightarrow S 90^\circ W = 270^\circ$$

$$SP = \underline{\underline{707.107 \text{ m}}}$$

It is an indirect levelling in which

52. Latitude of Q wrt P = Latitude of Q wrt R.

$$100 + l_1 \cos 30 = 1000 \text{ m} + l_2 \cos 45.$$

$$0.866 l_1 - 0.707 l_2 = 900.$$

Departure of Q wrt P = Departure of Q wrt R.

$$200 + l_1 \sin 30 = 1000 + l_2 \sin 45.$$

$$0.5 l_1 - 0.707 l_2 = 800.$$

$$\Rightarrow l_1 = 273.224 \text{ m}$$

$$l_2 = \underline{\underline{938.314 \text{ m}}}$$

P-42

$$1. \quad \Sigma L = 400.75 + 100.25 - 199 - 300$$

$$= 2$$

$$\Sigma D = 99.25 + 399.75 - 300.5 - 200.5$$

$$= -2.$$

$$\therefore L' = -\Sigma L = -2 \quad (S)$$

$$D' = -\Sigma D = 2 \quad (E)$$

$$e = \sqrt{-2^2 + 2^2} = \underline{\underline{2.82 \text{ m}}}$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{D'}{L'}\right) = 45^\circ \Rightarrow S 45^\circ E = \underline{\underline{135^\circ}}$$

45

2.  $\Sigma L = 0$

$$200 \cos \theta + 98 \cos 178 + l \cos 270 + 86.4 \cos 1^\circ = 0.$$

$$200 \cos \theta - 97.94 + 0 + 86.386 = 0$$

$$\cos \theta = 0.0577 \Rightarrow \theta = \underline{\underline{86.68^\circ}}$$

$\Sigma D = 0$

$$200 \sin 86.68^\circ + 98 \sin 178 + l \sin 270 + 86.4 \sin 1^\circ = 0.$$

$$l = \underline{\underline{204.59 \text{ m}}}$$

3.  $150 + l_1 \cos 29.30^\circ = 1500 + l_2 \cos 45^\circ 45'$

$$200 + l_1 \sin 29.30^\circ = 1300 + l_2 \sin 45^\circ 45'$$

$$l_1 = 712.71 \text{ m.}$$

$$l_2 = 1045.7 \text{ m}$$

4.  $\Sigma L = 0.$

$$250 \cos 60 + 300 \cos 290 + 350 \cos 190 + l_1 \cos \theta = 0.$$

$$\Rightarrow AD \cos \theta = L' = 117.08 \text{ m (N)}$$

$\Sigma D = 0$

$$250 \sin 60 + 300 \sin 290 + 350 \sin 190 + AD \sin \theta = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow AD \sin \theta = D' = 126.18 \text{ m (E)}$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{126.18}{117.08} \right) = 47.14^\circ$$

$$AD = 172.13 \text{ m.}$$

5. In closed traverse ABDEA,

$$200 \sin 121 + 350 \cos 280 \sin 235 +$$

$$5 \sin 205 + BD \sin \theta = 0$$

$$BD \sin \theta = D' = 60.04,$$

$$\Sigma L = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 200 \cos 121 + 280 \sin 235 + 5 \cos 205 + BD \cos \theta = 0$$

$$BD \cos \theta = L' = 268.14 \text{ m.}$$

$$\theta = 12.62^\circ \quad \& \quad BD = 274.78 \text{ m}$$

$$\angle CDB = \alpha = (BB)_{CD} - (FB)_{DB}.$$

$$= 143 - 12.62 = 130.38$$

$$\frac{\sin \alpha}{BC} = \frac{\sin \beta}{BD} = \frac{\sin \gamma}{CD}.$$

$$\frac{\sin 130.38}{350} = \frac{\sin \beta}{274.78} = \frac{\sin (180 - (130.38 + \beta))}{CD}.$$

$$\beta = 36.73^\circ$$

$$CD = 102.5 \text{ m.}$$

$$\beta =$$

