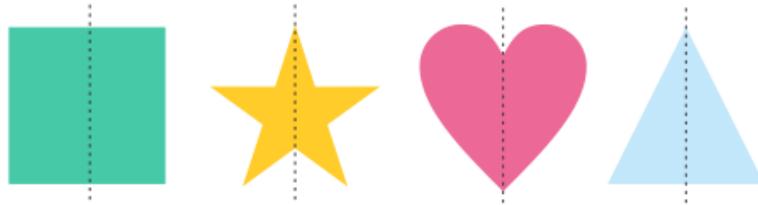
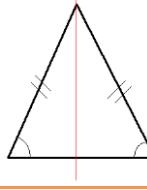
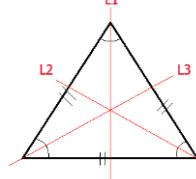
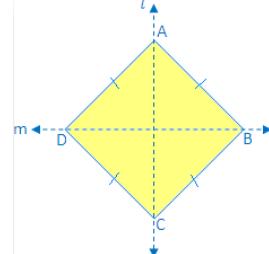
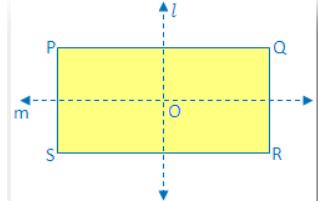
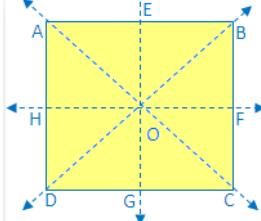


SYMMETRY

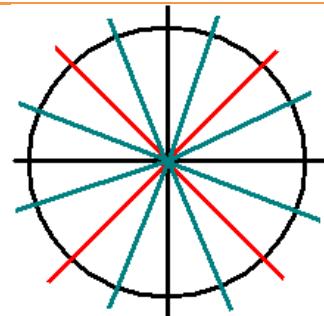
Line of Symmetry: A line that divides a figure into two parts such that, when the figure is folded along the line, the two parts of the figure coincide.



Figures	No . of Lines symmetry	Lines of Symmetry
Isosceles Triangle	1	
Equilateral Triangle	3	
Rhombus	2	
Rectangle	2	
Square	4	

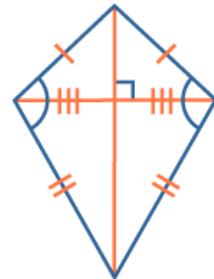
Circle

Infinite



Kite

1

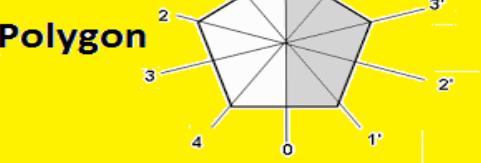


Polygon with n sides has n lines of symmetry

Polygon

Pentagon

Lines of Symmetry



5

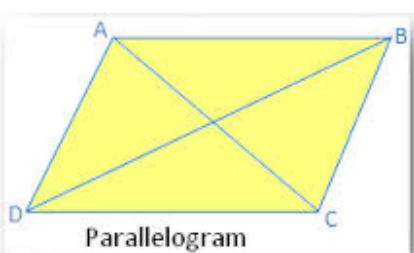
Hexagon

6

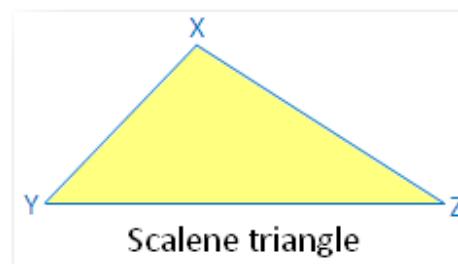
Octagon

8

No line of symmetry

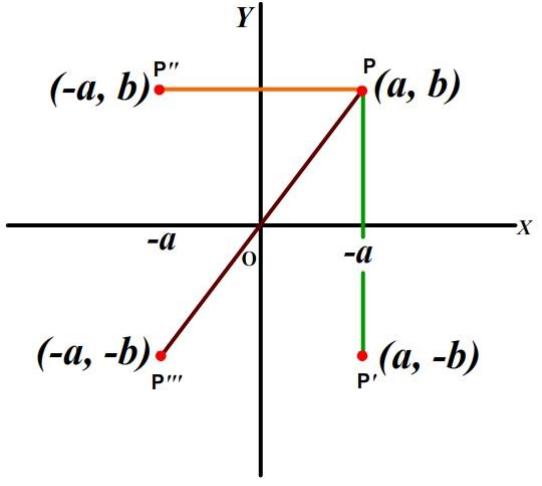


Parallelogram



Scalene triangle

Reflection

	<p>Reflection of a point P</p> <p>In the line $y = 0$ i.e. in the x-axis The mirror image of the point $P (a, b)$ is $P' (-a, -b)$ The sign of its ordinate changes</p> <p>In the line $x = 0$ i.e. in the y-axis The mirror image of the point $P (a, b)$ is $P'' (-a, b)$ The sign of its abscissa changes</p> <p>In the origin The mirror image of the point $P (a, b)$ is $P''' (-a, -b)$ The sign of its ordinate and abscissa changes</p>
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