## **Social Science**

## **Themes Objectives**

Any two themes from each of the first two sub-units and one from the third could be studied.

Sub-unit 1.1: Events and processes.

In this unit the focus is on three events and

processes that have in major ways shaped the identity of the modern world. Each represents a different form of politics, and a specific combination of forces. One event is linked to the growth of liberalism and democracy, one with socialism, and one with a negation of both democracy and socialism.

- 1. French revolution:
- (a) The Ancient Regime and its crises.
- (b) The social forces that led to the revolution.
- (c)The different revolutionary groups and ideas of the time.
- (d) The legacy.
- 2. Russian Revolution.
- (a) The crises of Tzarism.
- (b) The nature of social movements between 1905 and 1917.
- (c) The First World War and foundation of Soviet state. (d) The legacy.
- 3. Rise of Nazism.
- (a) The growth of social democracy
- (b) The crises in Germany.
- (c) The basis of Hitler's rise to power.
- (d) The ideology of Nazism.
- (e) The impact of Nazism.

Sub-unit 1.2: Economies and Livelihoods

The themes in this section will focus on how

different social groups grapple with the changes in the contemporary world and how these changes affect their lives.

- 4. Pastoralists in the modern world.
- (a) Pastoralism as a way of life.
- (b) Different forms of pastoralism.

(c) What happens to pastoralism under colonialism and modern states?

Case studies: focus on two pastoral groups, one from Africa and one from India.

- 5. Forest society and colonialism:
- (a) Relationship between forests and livelihoods.
- (b) Changes in forest societies under colonialism.

Case studies: focus on two forest movements one in colonial India (Bastar) and one in Indonesia.

- 6. Farmers and peasants:
- (a) Histories of the emergence of different forms of farming and peasant societies.
- (b)Changes within rural economies in the modern world.

Case studies: focus on contrasting forms of rural change and different forms of rural societies (expansion of large-scale wheat and cotton farming in USA, rural economy and the Agricultural Revolution in England, and small peasant production in colonial India)

Sub-unit 1.3: Culture, Identity and Society

The themes in this unit will consider how issues of culture are linked up to the making of contemporary world.

## 7. Sports and politics:

The story of cricket

- (a) The emergence of cricket as an English sport.
- (b) Cricket and colonialism.
- (c) Cricket nationalism and de-colonialization.
- 8. Clothes and cultures.
- (a) A short history of changes in clothing.
- (b) Debates over clothing in colonial India.
- (c) Swadeshi and the movement for Khadi.