Double Century





THE STORY OF OUR NUMBERS

Tens of thousands of years ago, people started counting. They wanted to keep records of their things. So they made marks on the walls of caves and on the barks of trees.

Over time, they kept records of their things by making groups of 5, 10, 20, and 60.

Thousands of years ago, the ancient Indians created a method for writing any number, however large, using only ten symbols: 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9. It was one of the most ingenious and creative inventions in human history. It made possible the invention of TVs, computers, mobile phones, and more. This method of writing numbers is now used everywhere in every country in the world.

A very important part of this invention was the introduction and use of the symbol "0" to mean "nothing". It is the number 0 that really made this system of writing numerals work!

Over the next few months, we will learn how to write all numbers, however large, using just these ten symbols.

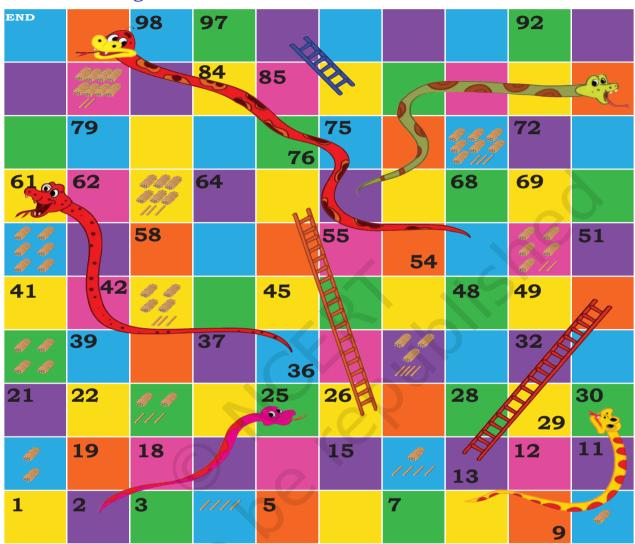
Let us Do

- 1. Look at the picture. Estimate and write the number of each of the following objects.
 - a. Oranges :
 - b. Bangles:
 - c. Laddoos:
 - d. *Barfi* :
 - e. Bindis :
 - f. Bananas:





Fill the missing numbers on the board.



Answer the following on the basis of the Snakes and Ladders board:

- 1. Which number will you reach if you take the ladder from 13?
- 2. If you are on the snake at number 25, which number will you reach?
- 3. You are standing on 96. Which number on the die will take you to the snake's mouth?
- 4. Show the number written on the tail of the longest snake using bundles and loose sticks.



Let us Think



I am a talking Pot. Tell me any number, and I will tell you the next.

I said 42, Pot said 43



I said 39, Pot said

I said, Pot said 90



I said 63, Pot said

I said, Pot said......

I said **99**, Pot said **100**

What is 100?



and one more makes 100. One more than 99 is 100.





10 bundles of 10 sticks each is 100 sticks



Oh, he scored a century.
That is a 100 runs





10 Packets of 10 bindis each makes 100.



Teacher's Note: Encourage children to represent numbers with matchsticks in the form of bundles and loose sticks.





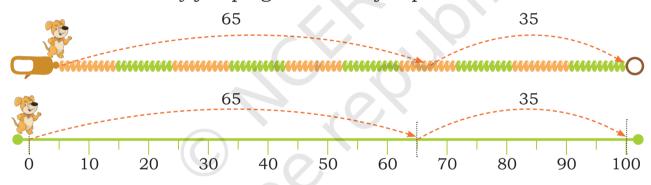
These beads are also 100 in number.



1. Fill in the blanks.

Making 10	Number sentence	
		70 and 30 makes 100
		and makes 100
		and makes 100

Bholu made 100 by jumping on 65 and jumped 35 more.



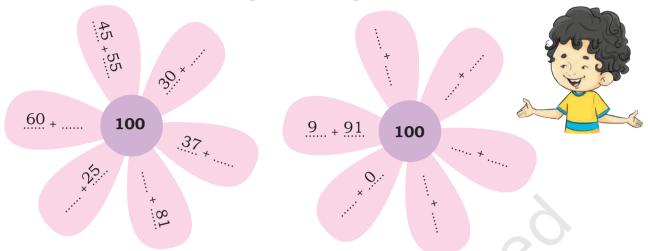
Make 100 by different jumps on this number line.



2. Use matchstick bundles and a *ginladi* to make 100 in different ways. Fill the table below.

60 and 40 makes	45 and makes 100.
and 25 makes 100.	and 85 makes 100.
and makes 100.	and makes 100.

3. Write numbers in the blank spaces inside the flower petals so that the numbers in each petal add up to 100.

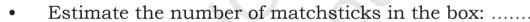




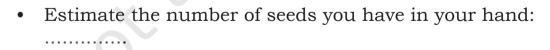
Let us Explore

How many are 100?

1. Open a full box of matchsticks.



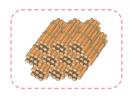
- Count the number of matchsticks in the box:
- How close was your estimate?
- How many boxes of matchsticks will get the total close to 100 matchsticks? boxes.
- 2. Take a handful of seeds like kidney beans, chickpeas, etc.



- Count the number of seeds in your hand:
- How many handfuls of seeds will get the total close to 100 seeds? handfuls.



Are these 100?



Yes, 10 bundles of 10 sticks means one bundle of 100.



124

120

Let's observe the table and learn to write numbers beyond 100. Fill in the blank spaces.

iii die blaik spaces.		
	100 and 1 makes One Hundred One	101
	100 and 2 makes One Hundred Two	102
	100 and 3 makes One Hundred	103
	100 and 4 makes One Hundred	104
	100 and 5 makes One Hundred Five	
	100 and 6 makes One Hundred	106
	100 and 7 makes One Hundred Seven	
	100 and 8 makes One Hundred	108
	100 and 9 makes One Hundred	
	100 and 10 makes One Hundred Ten	110

Fill the blank spaces on the number line given at the edge of the page.





Let us Do

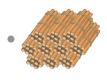
- 1. Let's continue making numbers above 100 using matchstick bundles and loose sticks.
 - In the table given below, identify the bundles and loose sticks and write the corresponding numbers.

and write the corresponding name				
Bundles and Sticks		Matchstick bundles		
Buildles and Sticks	100	10s	1s	Number
	1	2	3	123
				<u></u>
				104
				120

Extend this table in your notebook till 150. Do you observe something common in all the numbers?

Match the numbers with the correct bundles and loose sticks.























Oh! Talking Pot is back. It will say one more than whatever you say.



Bholu said

Pot	said

Pot	said

127
109
134

	128	

105
100

150

Fill the blank spaces on the number line.



110

120



150

Show the following numbers on the number line below.

- 1. Place an arrow on 125.
- 3. Make a smiley on 149.
- 2. Make a tree on 112.
- 4. Put a cross on 137.







(), Snap 🌾



and Pat



One clap represents 100 One snap represents 10 One pat represents 1

Two claps represent 200 Two snaps represent 20 Two pats represent 2

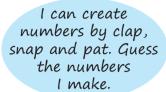
Play this game in two teams. One team will show a number using clap, snap and pat and the other team will guess it.

Example: Clap - Snap Snap - Pat Pat Pat means 123

(One hundred and twenty three)



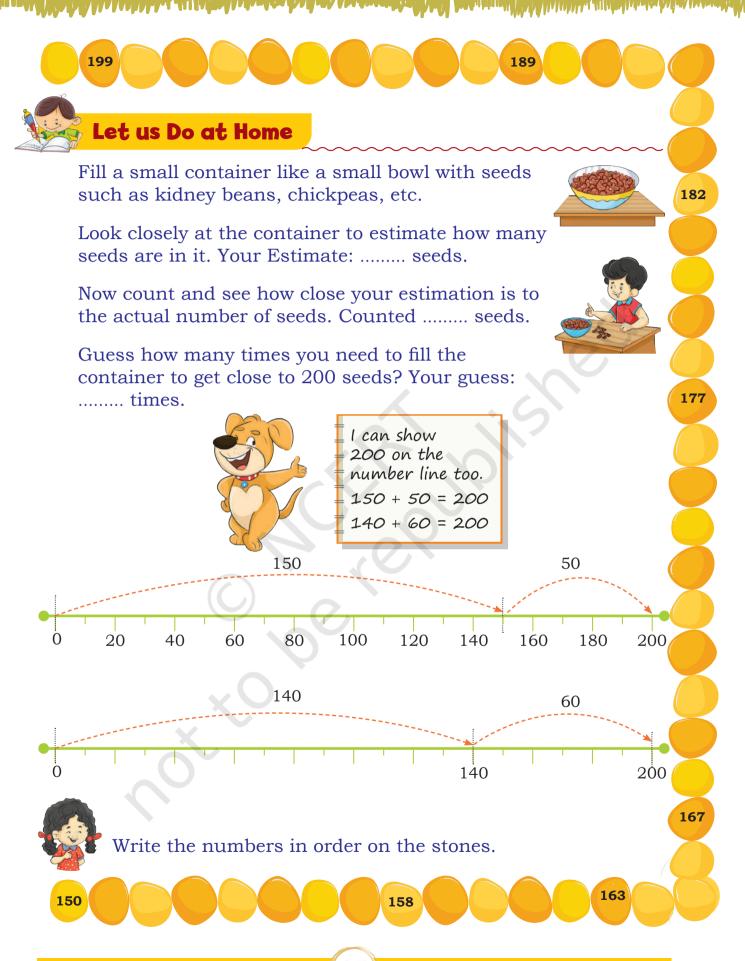






Pictorial form	Matchsticks Bundles		Number	Number name	
	100	10s	1s	sentence	
E 14444	1	5	0	150	One hundred and fifty
A 10000/	1	5	1	100 and 51	One hundred and fifty one
A 20000 11		•••••		100 and 52	One hundred and fifty two
# 00000 III	1		3	100 and	One hundred and fifty three
A 2000 1111	1	5		100 and	One hundred and fifty four
A 2222	1	5		100 and 55	One hundred and fifty five
A 10000 IIIII	1	• • • • •	6	and 56	One hundred and fifty six
A 1000	• • • • •	5	7	100 and	One hundred and fifty seven
A 00000				and	One hundred and fifty eight
A 00000	• • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • •	and	One hundred and fifty nine

Extend this table till 200 in your notebook. How much is 200?





Let us Do

Jumping Game

1. Draw jumps of 5 on the number line and write the numbers on the number line in the given spaces.





2. Continue jumps of 20 and write the missing numbers on the given number line.



3. Fill in the table.

1 less	Number	1 more
	160	
×	129	
-0	187	
	134	
	158	

- 4. Show at least two different ways of making the following numbers.
 - a. Use matchstick bundles to make 125.
 - b. Make 145 using a ginladi.
 - c. Make 170 on a number line.
- 5. Fill in the empty boxes appropriately.

•	Number	Pictorial form	Matchstick bundles			Number sentence
0-			100	10s	1s	6.
10	114	(2////				100 and 14 more
20 30					10	100 and 32 more
40						
50 60	172					
70	108	×O				
80 —		O				30 more than 150
90 100			1	6	0	
	110 120		160	170	180 1	90 200

- 6. Mark the following numbers on the number line.
 - a. 109, 112, 124, 134, 146



b. 155, 163, 178, 189, 198



c. 125, 142, 153, 174, 199

