Equality

I. Choose the correct answer in following questions

Question 1.

Who said equality is the preferred value?

- (a) Aristotle
- (b) Plato
- (c) Burke
- (d) Hegel

▼ Answer

Answer: (b) Plato.

Question 2.

Who is associated with 'Communism'?

- (a) Hegel
- (b) Marx
- (c) Rousseau
- (d) None

▼ Answer

Answer: (b) Marx.

Question 3.

In which country 'Apartheid' prevailed?

- (a) Britain
- (b) USA
- (c) South Africa
- (d) France

▼ Answer

Answer: (c) South Africa.

Question 4.

The purpose of Feminism is

- (a) To weaken women
- (b) To empower women
- (c) To exploit women
- (d) None.

▼ Answer

Answer: (b) To empower women.

II. Fill in the blanks with suitable words

Question 1is written by Karl Marx.
▼ Answer
Answer: Das Capital.
Question 2. Aristotle justified
▼ Answer
Answer: Slavery
Question 3. Apartheid means
▼ Answer
Answer: Racial discrimination.
Question 4. To give free education to poor is
▼ Answer
Answer: Affirmative Action.
Question 5. Negative aspect of equality means
▼ Answer
Answer: Absence of privilege.
Question 6 means fulfillment of basic needs of people.
▼ Answer
Answer: Egalitarianism.
III. Choose the True and False statement from the following:
Question 1. Equality is impossible.
▼ Answer
Answer: False

Question 2.

To deny equal opportunity in employment is economic inequality.

▼ Answer

Answer: True

Question 3.

Indian Constitution gives Fundamental Right of equality.

▼ Answer

Answer: True

Question 4.

Un-touchability is not prohibited in India.

▼ Answer

Answer: False

Question 5.

Under Art. 18 special privileges are abolished.

▼ Answer

Answer: True

Question 6.

Reservation is not positive discrimination.

▼ Answer

Answer: False

Question 7.

Gender inequality is not natural inequality.

▼ Answer

Answer: False

Question 8.

Gandhi supported absolute equality.

▼ Answer

Answer: False

Question 9.

UNDP stands for United Nation Development Programme.

▼ Answer

Answer: True

Question 10.

Denial of voting right is violation of political equality.

▼ Answer

Answer: True

IV. Match the following

Column A	Column B
A. Discriminations on the basis of caste, colour and sex.	1. Feminism
B. Several policy and programmes for upliftment of the poor.	2. Socialism
C. Collective ownership.	3. Affirmative Action.
D. Casteless, classless and stateless society.	4. Social inequality
E. Empowerment of women.	5. Communism.

▼ Answer

Answer:

Column A	Column B
A. Discriminations on the basis of caste, colour and sex.	4. Social inequality
B. Several policy and programmes for upliftment of the poor.	3. Affirmative Action.
C. Collective ownership.	2. Socialism
D. Casteless, classless and stateless society.	5. Communism.
E. Empowerment of women.	1. Feminism