21. Data Handling

Exercise 21A

1. Question

The number of members in 20 families are given below:

4, 6, 5, 5, 4, 6, 3, 3, 5, 5, 3, 5, 4, 4, 6, 7, 3, 5, 5, 7.

Prepare a frequency distribution of the data.

Answer

Arranging the members in ascending order, we get

3, 3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 6, 6, 6, 7, 7

Number of Members	Tally Marks	Number of Families (Frequency)
3	IIII	4
4	IIII	4
5	ЖП	7
6	III	3
7	II	2
	Total	20

A dice was thrown 30 times and the following outcomes were noted:

Answer

Arranging the outcomes of dice in ascending order, we get

Number of Dice	Tally Marks	Number of Outcomes (Frequency)
1	ЖП	6
2	жп	6
3	IIII	4
4	Ж	5
5	IIII	4
6	JHT.	5
	Total	30

The following data gives the number of children in 40 families:

Represent it in the form of a frequency distribution.

Answer

In the question, the data of the number of children in 40 familiare is given as:

1, 2, 6, 5, 1, 5, 1, 3, 2, 6, 2, 3, 4, 2, 0, 4, 4, 3, 2, 2, 0, 0, 1, 2, 2, 4, 3 2, 1, 0, 5, 1, 2, 4, 3, 4, 1, 6, 2, 2.

On arranging the children in ascending order, we get,

0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 5, 5, 5, 6, 6, 6

Now, we plot this data in a frequency distribution table as given below:

Number of Children	Tally Marks	Number of Families (Frequency)
0		4
1	ЖП	7
2	ММП	12
3	JH	5
4	ЖI	6
5		3
6		3
	Total	40

Exercise 21B

1. Question

The marks obtained by 40 students of a class in an examination are given below:

8, 47, 22, 31, 17, 13, 38, 26, 3, 34, 29, 11, 22, 7, 15, 24, 38, 31, 21, 35, 42, 24, 45, 23, 21, 27, 29, 49, 25, 48, 21, 15, 18, 27, 19, 45, 14, 34, 37, 34.

Prepare a frequency distribution table with equal class intervals, starting from 0-10 (where 10 is not included).

Answer

Marks	Tally Marks	Number of Students (Frequency)
0 - 10	III	3
10 - 20	ЖПП	8
20 - 30	ЖЖШ	14
30 - 40	жиш	9
40 - 50	ЖП	6
	Total	40

The electricity bills (in rupees) of 25 houses of a certain locality for a month are given below:

324, 700, 617, 400, 356, 365, 435, 506, 548, 736, 780, 378, 570, 685, 312, 630, 584, 674, 754, 776, 596, 745, 565, 763, 472.

Arrange the above data in increasing order and form a frequency table using equal class intervals, starting from 300-400, where 400 is not included.

Answer

Electricity Bills	Tally Marks	Number of Houses (Frequency)
300 - 400	Ж	5
400 - 500	III	3
500 - 600	ЖП	6
600 - 700	IIII	4
700 - 800	жи	7
	Total	25

The weekly wages (in rupees) of 28 workers of a factory are given below:

668, 610, 642, 658, 668, 620, 719, 720, 700, 690, 710, 642, 672, 654, 692, 706, 718, 702, 704, 678, 615, 640, 680, 716, 705, 615, 636, 656.

Construct a frequency table with equal class intervals, taking the first of the class intervals as 610-630, where 630 is not included.

Answer

Weekly Wages	Tally Marks	Number of Workers (Frequency)
610 - 630	IIII	
630 - 650	IIII	4
650 - 670	Ж	5
670 - 690	III	3
690 - 710	ЖП	7
710 - 730	Ж	5
	Total	28

The weekly pocket expenses (in rupees) of 30 students of a class are given below:

62, 80, 110, 75, 84, 73, 60, 62, 100, 87, 78, 94, 117, 86, 65, 68, 90, 80, 118, 72, 95, 72, 103, 96, 64, 94, 87, 85, 105, 115.

Construct a frequency table with class intervals 60-70 (where 70 is not included), 70-80, 80-90, etc.

Answer

Expenses	Tally Marks	Number of Students (Frequency)
60 - 70	ЖП	6
70 - 80	Ж	5
80 - 90	ЖП	7
90 - 100	Ж	5
100 - 110	III	3
110 - 120	IIII	4
	Total	30

The daily earnings (in rupees) of 24 stores in a market was recorded as under:

715, 650, 685, 550, 573, 530, 610, 525, 742, 680, 736, 524, 500; 585, 723, 545, 532, 560, 580, 545, 625, 630, 645, 700.

Prepare a frequency table taking equal class sizes. One such class is 500-550, where 550 is not included.

Answer

The Frequency distribution will be as follows:

Daily Earnings	Tally Marks	Number of Stores (Frequency)
500 - 550	жи	7
550 - 600	Ж	5
600 - 650	IIII	4
650 - 700	III	3
700 - 750	M	5
	Total	24

6. Question

The heights (in cm) of 22 students were recorded as under:

125, 132, 138, 144, 142, 136, 134, 125, 135, 130, 126, 132, 135, 142, 143, 128, 126, 136, 135, 130, 130, 133.

Prepare a frequency distribution table, taking equal class intervals and starling from 125-130, where 130 is not included.

Answer

The frequency distribution will be as follows

Heights (in cm.)	Tally Marks	Number of Students (Frequency)
125 - 130	Ж	5
130 - 135	ЖП	7
135 - 140	ЖП	6
140 - 145	IIII	4
	Total	22