

Lists in Python

PART 1

Objective Questions

• Multiple Choice Questions

1. Which value is used to represent the first index of list?

(a) 1 (b) 0
(c) -1 (d) a

Ans. (b) To access the list's elements, index number is used. The index number should be an integer. Index of 0 refers to first element, 1 refers to second element and so on.

2. Choose the output of following Python code.

```
l1 = list()
print(l1)
```

(a) [] (b) ()
(c) [,] (d) Empty

Ans. (a) Empty list can be created in Python using []. To create empty list, list () is also used.

3. Suppose list

```
l1 = [10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70]
print(l1[-3])
```

(a) 30 (b) 50
(c) 40 (d) Error

Ans. (b) The index of -1 refers to the last element, -2 refers to the second last element and so on. Hence, -3 refers to third last element, i.e. 50.

4. Choose the output from following code.

```
list1 = ['A', 'R', 'I', 'H', 'A', 'N', 'T']
print(list1[7])
```

(a) T (b) N
(c) A (d) Error

Ans. (d) In the given code, we are trying to access 8th element from the list which does not exist as we are having total 7 elements for which the last index is 6. So, Python will give an IndexError.

5. Which function is used to insert an element at specified position in the list?

(a) extend () (b) append ()
(c) insert () (d) add ()

Ans. (c) insert () function is used to insert an element at specified position in the list. This method takes two arguments : one for index number and second for element value.

Syntax list_name.insert(index, element)

6. Choose the correct option for the following.

```
l1 = [2, 5, 7]
l = l1 + 5
print(l)
```

(a) [7, 10, 12]
(b) [2, 5, 7, 5]
(c) [5, 2, 5, 7]
(d) TypeError

Ans. (d) + operator cannot add list with other type as number or string because this operator is used only with list types.

So, it will give TypeError as it can only concatenate list (not "int") to list.

7. What is the output of following code?

```
l1 = [3, 2, 6]
l = l1 * 2
print(l)
```

(a) [3, 2, 6, 3, 2, 6]
(b) [6, 4, 12]
(c) [3, 4, 12]
(d) TypeError

Ans. (a) * operator can repeat the elements of the list.

Syntax list = list1 * digit

8. Which of the following is true regarding lists in Python?

(a) Lists are immutable.
(b) Size of the lists must be specified before its initialisation.
(c) Elements of lists are stored in contiguous memory location.
(d) size(list1) command is used to find the size of lists.

Ans. (c) Elements of lists are stored in contiguous memory location, so it is true regarding lists in Python.

9. Suppose list1 is [56, 89, 75, 65, 99], what is the output of list1 [-2]?

(a) Error (b) 75
(c) 99 (d) 65

Ans. (d) -1 corresponds to the last index in the list, -2 represents the second last element and so on.

So, the output for list1 [-2] is 65 because 65 is second last element of list1.

10. Identify the output of following code.

```
List1=[1, 2, 3, 7, 9]
```

```
L=List1.pop(9)
```

```
print(L)
```

- (a) Syntax error (b) 9
(c) [1, 2, 3, 7] (d) None of these

Ans. (a) In pop(9), parentheses put index number instead of element. In the given list, maximum index number is 4, then 9 is out of index range.

11. Suppose list1 is [2445,133,12454,123], what is the output of max(list1)?

- (a) 2445 (b) 133
(c) 12454 (d) 123

Ans. (c) max() returns the maximum element in the list. From given options, 12454 is the element with maximum value.

12. To add a new element to a list, which command will we use?

- (a) list1.add(8)
(b) list1.append(8)
(c) list1.addLast(8)
(d) list1.addEnd(8)

Ans. (b) We use the function append() to add an element to the list.

13. What will be the output of the following Python code?

```
list1=[9, 5, 3, 5, 4]
```

```
list1[1:2]=[7,8]
```

```
print(list1)
```

- (a) [9,5, 3, 7, 8] (b) [9, 7, 8, 3, 5, 4]
(c) [9,[7, 8], 3, 5,4] (d) Error

Ans. (b) In the piece of code, slice assignment has been implemented. The sliced list is replaced by the assigned elements in the list.

14. Consider the declaration a=[2, 3, 'Hello', 23.0]. Which of the following represents the data type of 'a'?

- (a) String (b) Tuple
(c) Dictionary (d) List

Ans. (d) List contains a sequence of heterogeneous elements which store integer, string as well as object. It can be created to put elements separated by comma (,) in square brackets [].

15. Identify the output of the following Python statement.

```
x = [[1, 2, 3, 4], [5, 6, 7, 8]]
```

```
y = x [0] [2]
```

```
print(y)
```

- (a) 3 (b) 4
(c) 6 (d) 7

Ans. (a) x is a list, which has two sub-lists in it. Elements of first list will be represented by [0] [i] and elements of second list will be represented by [1] [i].

16. Which method will empty the entire list?

- (a) pop() (b) clear()
(c) sort() (d) remove()

Ans. (b) clear() method is used to remove all the items of a list. This method will empty the entire list.

Syntax

```
list_name.clear()
```

17. Which of the following allows us to sort the list elements in descending order?

- (a) reverse = True
(b) reverse = False
(c) sort (descending)
(d) sort. descending

Ans. (a) sort() is used to sort the given list in ascending order. The sort() has an argument called reverse = True. This allows us to sort the list elements in descending order.

18. Identify the correct output.

```
>>>l1=[34, 65, 23, 98]
```

```
>>>l1.insert(2, 55)
```

```
>>>l1
```

- (a) [34, 65, 23, 55] (b) [34, 55, 65, 23, 98]
(c) [34, 65, 55, 98] (d) [34, 65, 55, 23, 98]

Ans. (d) insert() is used to insert an element at specified position in the list. This method takes two arguments : one for index number and second for element value.

Syntax

```
list_name.insert(index, element)
```

19. Find the output from the following code.

```
list1=[2, 5, 4, 7, 7, 8, 90]
```

```
del list1[2 : 4]
```

```
print(list1)
```

- (a) [2, 5, 7, 7, 8, 90] (b) [5, 7, 7, 7, 8, 90]
(c) [2, 5, 4, 8, 90] (d) Error

Ans. (a) del keyword is used to delete the elements from the list.

20. Slice operation is performed on lists with the use of

- (a) semicolon (b) comma
(c) colon (d) hash

Ans. (c) In Python list, there are multiple ways to print the whole list with all the elements, but to print a specific range of elements from the list, we use slice operation. Slice operation is performed on lists with the use of colon (:).

• Case Based MCQs

21. Suppose that list L1

```
["Hello", ["am", "an"], ["that", "the", "this"], "you",  
"we", "those", "these"]
```

Based on the above information, answer the following questions.

(i) Find the output of len (L1).

- (a) 10 (b) 7
(c) 6 (d) Error

- (ii) Find the output of `L1[3 : 5]`.
 (a) ["that", "the", "this"] (b) ["we", "those"]
 (c) ["you", "we"] (d) [you, we]

- (iii) What will be the output of `L1[5:] + L1[2]`?
 (a) ['those', 'these', 'that', 'the', 'this']
 (b) ['those', 'these']
 (c) ['that', 'the', 'this']
 (d) Error

- (iv) Choose the correct output of
`print (L1[6:])`
 (a) "those" (b) "these"
 (c) "those", "these" (d) None of these

- (v) Give the correct statement for
 ['Hello', ['am', 'an'], ['that', 'the', 'this'], 'you', 'we',
 'those', 'these']
 (a) `L1[]` (b) `L1[:]`
 (c) `all.L1()` (d) `L1(all)`

- Ans.** (i) (b) `len()` is used to calculate total occurrence of given element of list. `L1` is a nested list which contains two sub-lists and a sub-list is considered as a single element.
 (ii) (c) To print a specific range of elements from the list, we use slice operation. Slice operation is performed on lists with the use of colon (:). In `L1[3 : 5]`, slicing start from index number 3, i.e. 'you' to index number (5-1) \Rightarrow 4 i.e. 'we'.
 (iii) (a) To print elements from specific index till the end, use `[Index:]`, so `L1[5:]` will print from index number 5 till end. i.e. 'those', 'these'. To print the element at specified index number use `[index_number]`, so `L1[2]` will print the element at index number 2 which is a sub-list and considered as single element i.e. 'that', 'the', 'this'.
 + operator is used to concatenate the element of list.
 (iv) (b) To print elements from specific index till the end, use `[Index:]`, so `L1[6:]` will print from index number 6 till end i.e. "these".
 (v) (b) To print the whole list, use `[:]`, so `L1[:]` will print the entire list.

PART 2

Subjective Questions

• Short Answer Type Questions

1. What is nested list ? Explain with an example.

Ans. Nested lists are list objects where the elements in the lists can be lists themselves.

For example,

```
list1 = [45, 43, 12, 'Math', 'Eng', [75, 34, 'A'], 5]
```

Here, `list1` contains 7 elements, while inner list contains 3 elements. `list1` is considered `[75, 34, 'A']` as one element.

2. `list1 = [45, 77, 87, 'Next', 'Try', 33, 43]`

Observe the given list and find the answer of questions that follows.

- (i) `list1[-2]` (ii) `list1[2]`

Ans. (i) 33 (ii) 87

3. Distinguish between string and list.

Ans. Strings are immutable, which means the values provided to them will not change in the program. While lists are mutable which means the values of list can be changed at any point of time in program.

4. What is the output of below questions?

`l2 = [75, 43, 40, 36, 28, 82]`

- (i) `l2.sort()`

- (ii) `l2.sort(reverse = True)`

Ans. (i) [28, 36, 40, 43, 75, 82]

- (ii) [82, 75, 43, 40, 36, 28]

5. Find the errors.

`L1 = [2, 4, 5, 9]`

`L2 = L1 * 3`

`L3 = L1 + 3`

`L4 = L1.pop(5)`

Ans. **Error 1** `L3 = L1 + 3` because + operator cannot add list with other type as number or string.

Error 2 `L1.pop(5)` parentheses puts index value instead of element. In the given list, maximum index value is 3 and 5 is out of index range.

6. What will be the output of the following Python code?

```
a=[13,6,77]
a.append([87])
a.extend([45,67])
print(a)
```

Ans. [13,6,77, [87], 45, 67]

7. What will be the output of the following Python code?

```
a=[18,23,69,[73]]
b=list(a)
a[3][0]=110
a[1]=34
print(b)
```

Ans. [18, 23, 69, [110]]

8. Predict the output.

`L2 = [4, 5, 3, 1]`

`L3 = [3, 4, 11, 2]`

- (i) `print (L2 + L3)`

- (ii) `print (L2.count(0))`

- (iii) `print (L3[4])`

- (iv) `L3.remove(11)`

`print (L3)`

Ans. (i) [4, 5, 3, 1, 3, 4, 11, 2] (ii) 0

- (iii) `IndexError` (iv) [3, 4, 2]

9. Find the output.

L = [3, 4, 53, 4, 0, 2, 4, 7, 29]

(i) L [2 : 5]

(ii) L [: 7]

(iii) L [4 :]

(iv) [: -1]

Ans. (i) [53, 4, 0]

(ii) [3, 4, 53, 4, 0, 2, 4]

(iii) [0, 2, 4, 7, 29]

(iv) [29, 7, 4, 2, 0, 4, 53, 4, 3]

10. Find the output of the given code.

```
list2 = ['A','R','I','H','A','N','T']
```

```
for i in range (len (list2)):
```

```
    print (list2 [i])
```

Ans. A

R

I

H

A

N

T

11. Define the replicating lists with an example.

Ans. In Python, you can repeat the elements of the list using (*) operator. This operator is used to replicate the list.

For example,

```
>>>l1 = [4, 5, 7, 1]
```

```
>>>l2 = l1 * 2
```

```
>>>l2
```

```
[4, 5, 7, 1, 4, 5, 7, 1]
```

12. Consider the following list and answer the below questions.

```
l1 = [89, 45, "Taj", "Qutub", 93, 42, "Minar", "Delhi", "Agra"]
```

(i) l1 [5 :]

(ii) "Qutab" not in l1

(iii) l1 [-3]

(iv) l1 [9]

(v) l1 [2 : 5]

(vi) l1 [-2 : 5]

Ans. (i) [42, 'Minar', 'Delhi', 'Agra']

(ii) False

(iii) 'Minar'

(iv) It gives IndexError because there is index value 0 to 8.

(v) ['Taj', 'Qutub', 93]

(vi) []

13. Predict the output.

```
L1 = [3, 4, 5, 9, 11, 2, 27]
```

```
print (L1. index (3))
```

```
print (max (L1))
```

```
print (len (L1))
```

Ans. Output

0

27

7

14. Write the suitable method's name for the below conditions.

(i) Adds an element in the end of list.

(ii) Returns the index of first occurrence.

(iii) Adds contents of list2 to the end of list1.

Ans. (i) append ()

(ii) index ()

(iii) extend ()

15. Consider the following list myList. What will be the elements of myList after the following two operations:

```
myList = [10,20,30,40]
```

(i) myList.append([50,60])

(ii) myList.extend([80,90])

[NCERT]

Ans. (i) [10, 20, 30, 40, [50, 60]]

(ii) [10, 20, 30, 40, 80, 90]

16. What will be the output of the following code segment?

```
myList = [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10]
```

```
for i in range(0,len(myList)):
```

```
    if i%2 == 0:
```

```
        print(myList[i])
```

[NCERT]

Ans. 1

3

5

7

9

17. What will be the output of the following code segment?

```
(i) myList = [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10]
```

```
del myList[3:]
```

```
print(myList)
```

```
(ii) myList = [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10]
```

```
del myList[:5]
```

```
print(myList)
```

```
(iii) myList = [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10]
```

```
del myList[:2]
```

```
print(myList)
```

[NCERT]

Ans. (i) [1, 2, 3]

(ii) [6, 7, 8, 9, 10]

(iii) [2, 4, 6, 8, 10]

18. Differentiate between append() and extend() functions of list.

[NCERT]

Ans. Differences between append() and extend() functions of list are

append()	extend()
append() method adds an element to a list.	extend() method concatenates the first list with another list (or another iterable).
When append() method adds its argument as a single element to the end of a list, the length of the list itself will increase by one.	extend() method iterates over its argument adding each element to the list, extending the list.

19. Consider a list:

```
list1 = [6,7,8,9]
```

What is the difference between the following operations on list1?

(i) `list1 * 2`

(ii) `list1 *= 2`

(iii) `list1 = list1 * 2` [NCERT]

Ans. (i) The statement will print the elements of the list twice, i.e. [6, 7, 8, 9, 6, 7, 8, 9]. However, list1 will not be altered.
(ii) This statement will change the list1 and assign the list with repeated elements, i.e. [6, 7, 8, 9, 6, 7, 8, 9] to list1.
(iii) This statement will also have same result as the statement 'list1 *= 2'. The list with repeated elements, i.e. [6, 7, 8, 9, 6, 7, 8, 9] will be assigned to list1.

20. What possible output(s) are expected to be displayed on screen at the time of execution of the program from the following code?

```
List = ["Poem", "Book", "Pencil", "Pen"]
```

```
List1 = List [2 : 3]
```

```
List[2] = "Scale"
```

```
print (List1)
```

Ans. ["Pencil"]

• Long Answer Type Questions

21. Write the best suited method's name for the following conditions.

(i) Insert an element at specified position.

(ii) Add contents from one list to other.

(iii) Calculate the total length of list.

(iv) Reverse the contents of the list object.

Ans. (i) `insert ()`
(ii) `extend ()`
(iii) `len ()`
(iv) `reverse ()`

22. Write a program to move all zeroes to the end of the list.

```
list1 = [4, 7, 0, 9, 8, 0, 2, 0, 4, 9, 0]
```

```
n = len (list1)
```

```
count = 0
```

```
for i in range (n):
```

```
    if list1[i] != 0:
```

```
        list1 [count] = list1 [i]
```

```
        count += 1
```

```
while count < n :
```

```
    list1 [count] = 0
```

```
    count += 1
```

```
print ("List after pushing all zeroes to
```

```
end of list:")
```

```
print (list1)
```

Output

List after pushing all zeroes to end of list :

```
[4, 7, 9, 8, 2, 4, 9, 0, 0, 0, 0]
```

23. Observe the following list and answer the questions that follows.

```
l1 = [45, 65, "The", [65, "She", "He"], 90, 12, "This", 21]
```

(i) `l1 [3 : 4] = ["That", 54]`

(ii) `l1 [4]`

(iii) `l1 [:7]`

(iv) `l1 [1 : 2] + l1 [3 : 4]`

Ans. (i) [45, 65, 'The', 'That', 54, 90, 12, 'This', 21]

(ii) [54]

(iii) [45, 65, 'The', 'That', 54, 90, 12]

(iv) [65, 'That']

24. Write a Python program to find the third largest number in a entered list.

```
y = []
```

```
num = int(input("Enter number of elements:"))
```

```
for i in range (1, num + 1):
```

```
    x = int (input ("Enter element:"))
```

```
    y.append(x)
```

```
y. sort ()
```

```
print("Third largest element is :", y[num-3])
```

Output

Enter number of elements : 5

Enter element : 76

Enter element : 45

Enter element : 98

Enter element : 90

Enter element : 23

Third largest element is : 76

25. Write Python program to display all the common elements of two lists.

```
list1 = [ ]
```

```
num = int (input ("Enter number of elements in List1 :"))
```

```
for i in range (1, num +1):
```

```
    x = int (input("Enter element:"))
```

```
    list1. append (x)
```

```
list2 = [ ]
```

```
num1 = int (input ("Enter number of elements in List2 :"))
```

```
for j in range (1, num1 +1):
```

```
    y = int (input ("Enter element:"))
```

```
    list2. append (y)
```

```
a_set = set (list1)
```

```
b_set = set (list2)
```

```
if (a_set & b_set):
```

```
    print ("Common elements are:", a_set &
```

```
b_set)
```

```

else :
    print ("No common elements")

```

Output

```

Enter number of elements in List1:5
Enter element : 23
Enter element : -45
Enter element : 84
Enter element : -12
Enter element : 33
Enter number of elements in List2:5
Enter element : 12
Enter element : -45
Enter element : -65
Enter element : 41
Enter element : 32
Common elements are : {-45}

```

26. What will be the output of the following statements?

- (i) `list1 = [12,32,65,26,80,10]`
`list1.sort()`
`print(list1)`
- (ii) `list1 = [12,32,65,26,80,10]`
`sorted(list1)`
`print(list1)`
- (iii) `list1 = [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10]`
`list1[::-2]`
`list1[:3] + list1[3:]`
- (iv) `list1 = [1,2,3,4,5]`
`list1[len(list1)-1]`

[NCERT]

- Ans.** (i) [10, 12, 26, 32, 65, 80]
(ii) [12, 32, 65, 26, 80, 10]
(iii) [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]
(iv) 5

27. The record of a student (Name, Roll No., Marks in five subjects and percentage of marks) is stored in the following list:

```
stRecord = ['Raman', 'A-36', [56,98,99,72,69], 78.8]
```

Write Python statements to retrieve the following information from the list stRecord.

- (i) Percentage of the student
- (ii) Marks in the fifth subject
- (iii) Maximum marks of the student
- (iv) Roll No. of the student
- (v) Change the name of the student from 'Raman' to 'Raghav'

[NCERT]

- Ans.** (i) `print(stRecord[3])`
(ii) `print(stRecord[2][4])`
(iii) `print(max(stRecord[2]))`

- (iv) `print(stRecord[1])`
- (v) `stRecord[0]='Raghav'`

28. Write a program to read a list of n integers (positive as well as negative). Create two new lists, one having all positive numbers and the other having all negative numbers from the given list. Print all three lists. [NCERT]

Ans. `List = []`
`Pos = []`
`Neg = []`
`Num = int(input("Enter the Total Number of List Elements : "))`
`for i in range(1, Num + 1):`
`value = int(input("Enter the Value of %d Element : " %i))`
`List.append(value)`
`for j in range(Num):`
`if(List[j] >= 0):`
`Pos.append(List[j])`
`else:`
`Neg.append(List[j])`
`print("Element in Positive List is : ", Pos)`
`print("Element in Negative List is : ", Neg)`

29. Write a program to read a list of n integers and find their median.

Note The median value of a list of values is the middle one when they are arranged in order. If there are two middle values then take their average. [NCERT]

Hint You can use a built-in function to sort the list.

Ans. `num = int(input("Enter the number of elements : "))`
`list1 = list()`
`for i in range(num):`
`x = int(input("Enter the integer: "))`
`list1.append(x)`
`print("Original list:", list1)`
`list1.sort()`
`print("Sorted list: ", list1)`
`c = len(list1)`
`if c%2 != 0:`
`med = c//2`
`print("Median: ", list1[med])`
`else:`
`a = list1[c//2]`
`b = list1[(c//2) - 1]`
`s = a + b`
`med = s/2`
`print("Median: ", med)`

- 30.** Write a program to read a list of elements. Modify this list, so that it does not contain any duplicate elements, i.e. all elements occurring multiple times in the list should appear only once. [NCERT]

Ans.

```
list1 = []
num = int(input("Enter the number of
elements: "))
for i in range(num):
    x = int(input("Enter the element: "))
    list1.append(x)
print("New list: ")
print(list(set(list1)))
```

- 31.** Write a program to read a list of elements. Input an element from the user that has to be inserted in the list. Also, input the position at which it is to be inserted. Write a user defined function to insert the element at the desired position in the list. [NCERT]

Ans.

```
num = int(input("Enter the number of elements: "))
list1 = list()
for i in range(num):
    x = int(input("Enter the element: "))
    list1.append(x)
print("Original list: ", list1)
print()
pos = int(input("Enter the index
position: "))
ele = int(input("Enter the new element: "))
list1.insert(pos, ele)
print()
print("New list: ", list1)
```

- 32.** Write a program to read elements of a list.

- (i) The program should ask for the position of the element to be deleted from the list. Write a function to delete the element at the desired position in the list.
- (ii) The program should ask for the value of the element to be deleted from the list. Write a function to delete the element of this value from the list. [NCERT]

Ans. (i)

```
num = int(input("Enter the number of
elements: "))

list1 = list()
for i in range(num):
```

```

    x = int(input("Enter the element:
"))

    list1.append(x)
print("Original list: ", list1)
print()
pos = int(input("Enter the position of
the element you want to delete: "))
del list1[pos]
print("List after deletion:", list1)
(ii) num = int(input("Enter the number of elements: "))
list1 = list()
for i in range(num):
    x = int(input("Enter the element:
"))

    list1.append(x)
print("Original list: ", list1)
x = int(input("Enter the element you
want to delete: "))
list1.remove(x)
print("List after deletion: ", list1)
```

- 33.** In Python, list is a type of container in data structures, which is used to store multiple data at the same time. It can store integer, string as well as object in a single list. Lists are mutable which means they can be changed after creation. Each element of a list is assigned a number its position or index. The first index is 0, the second index is 1, the third index is 2 and so on.

Based on the above information, answer the following questions.

- (i) List is defined by which type of bracket?
- (ii) List contains a sequence of what type of elements?
- (iii) Lists are mutable. What is it mean?
- (iv) Which method is also used to create list of characters and integers through keyboard?
- (v) How to represent the first index of list?

Ans. (i) []
(ii) Heterogeneous
(iii) Lists are mutable, which means they can be changed after creation
(iv) list ()
(v) 0

Chapter Test

Multiple Choice Questions

- What is the output of following code?
`list1=[4, 3, 7, 6, 4, 9, 5, 0, 3, 2]`
`l1=list1[1:10:3]`
`print(l1)`
(a) [3, 7, 6] (b) [3, 4, 0]
(c) [3, 6, 9] (d) [7, 9, 2]
- Identify the output of following Python statement.
`a=[[0, 1, 2], [3, 4, 5, 6]]`
`b=a[1][2]`
`print(b)`
(a) 2 (b) 1 (c) 4 (d) 5
- Identify the output of following code.
`list1=[2, 3, 9, 12, 4]`
`list1.insert(4, 17)`
`list1.insert(2, 23)`
`print(list1[-4])`
(a) 4 (b) 9 (c) 12 (d) 23
- What will be the output of the following Python code?
`books = ['Hindi', 'English', 'Computer']`
if 'put' in books:
 `print(True)`
else:
 `print(False)`
(a) True (b) False (c) None (d) Error
- Identify the output of the following Python statement.
`list1=[4,3,7,9,15,0,3,2]`
`s=list1[2:5]`
`print(s)`
(a) [7,9,15,0] (b) [3,7,9,15]
(c) [7,9,15] (d) [7,9,15,0,3]
- What will be the output of following code?
`list1=[2, 5, 4, [9, 6], 3]`
`list1[3][2]=10`
`print(list1)`
(a) [2, 5, 4, [9, 10], 3] (b) [2, 5, 4, 10, [9, 6], 3]
(c) Index out of range (d) None of these

Short Answer Type Questions

- 7.** What will be the output of the following Python code?
- ```
list1=[11, 12, 13, 14, 15]
for i in range (1, 5) :
 list1[i-1] = list1[i]
for i in range (0, 5) :
 print(list1[i],end=" ")
```

8. What will be the output of following code?
- ```
l=[]  
for i in range (20, 40) :  
    if(i % 7 == 0) and (i % 5 != 0) :  
        l . append (str(i))  
print ('.'.join(l))
```
9. What are the output of below questions?
- L=[45, 89, 74, 12, 9, 83]
- (i) L.remove ()
- (ii) L.remove (12)
10. Predict the output.
- L1=[3, 2, 1]
- L2=[5, 9, 8]
- (i) L1 * L2
- (ii) L2.sort ()
- (iii) L1.reverse ()
11. Write a program to input a list and print it in reverse order.
12. Give the output.
- (i) str1 = 'aeiou'
- ```
list1 = list(str1)
print(list1)
```
- (ii) list1 = [2, 3, 4, 5]
- ```
list1. append(1)  
print(list1)
```

Long Answer Type Questions

- 13.** Write the best suited method's name for the following conditions.
 - (i) Remove the value from the list.
 - (ii) Sort the elements in descending order.
 - (iii) Calculate the sum of all the elements of list.
 - (iv) Return the minimum element out of elements.
- 14.** Write program to find the minimum and maximum elements from the entered list.
- 15.** Write program to calculate the sum and mean of the elements which are entered by user.
- 16.** Write program to count the frequency of elements in a list entered by user.
- 17.** Write program to search for an element with its respective index number.
- 18.** Write program to enter the elements of a list and reverse these elements.

Answers

Multiple Choice Questions

1. (b) 2. (d) 3. (b) 4. (b) 5. (c) 6. (c)