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HISTORY AND CIVICS

Time Allowed : $2\frac{1}{2}$ Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 100

- N. B. : i) Outline map of Asia or India should be attached to the answer script after marking on it as asked in the question.
- ii) Draw diagrams wherever necessary.

PART - A

- I. Choose the correct answer and complete each statement : $10 \times 1 = 10$
- China was politically independent under the rule.
 - British
 - Manchu
 - French.
 - The French acquired the Island of in 1896.
 - Mozambique
 - Canary Island
 - Madagascar.
 - In both the Kuomintang Party and the Communist Party decided to work together.
 - 1920
 - 1922
 - 1924.
 - In Central India the revolt was led by
 - Rani Lakshmi Bai
 - Begum Hazrat Mahal
 - Nana Sahib.
 - The newspaper inspired the people of India with patriotism.
 - Femina
 - Weekly
 - Indian Mirror.

[Turn over

- II. Answer each of the following in a word or phrase :

$$10 \times 1 = 10$$

20. What is SAPTA ?

- III. A) Match the following : (History)

$$5 \times 1 = 5$$

21. Karl Peters a) 1492-1763

22. Treaty of Nanking

23. Manila Pact c) First Opium War

24. Japan d) Pakistan

25. Colonialism
- e) Manchuria.

5 × 1 = 5

B) Match the following : (Civics)

- | | |
|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| 26. Council of Ministers | a) Finance Minister |
| 27. Annual Budget | b) Smuggling |
| 28. Supreme Court | c) Collective responsibility |
| 29. Snake skin | d) Nehru |
| 30. Panchsheel | e) New Delhi. |

PART - B

IV. Answer any *eight* of the following (*five* from History, *three* from Civics). Answer all the questions given under each caption : 8 × 5 = 40

31. Political Imperialism :

- What is political imperialism ?
- Give an example for this type of imperialism.
- Why did the industrially advanced countries exploit these regions ?
- Which countries imposed economic imperialism ?
- Who dominated China ?

32. Europeans in Africa :

- Name the colony founded by the Portuguese.
- Which places were acquired by Spain ?
- Which places were lost by Turkey to Italy ?
- Name the places acquired by France in 1882 and 1896.
- Who established a protectorate over Egypt ?

33. Balkan problem :

- Which empire was ruled by Turkish Sultan ?
- How was Turkey known at that time ?
- By whom was Austria asked to administer Bosnia and Herzegovina ?
- By which treaty did the first Balkan war end ?
- Which country was defeated in the Second Balkan War ?

[Turn over

34. Hitler's Aggressions :

- a) What was the Locarno Treaty ?
- b) How did Hitler violate the Locarno Treaty ?
- c) Name a region annexed by Hitler on the excuse that there was large German population.
- d) Why was the Munich Pact signed ?
- e) How did Hitler violate the Munich Pact ?

35. NATO :

- a) When was NATO signed ?
- b) Name the countries which joined it in 1952.
- c) What was its chief aim ?
- d) What does NATO have ?
- e) What did NATO strengthen ?

36. INDO - CHINA :

- a) Whose colony was Indo-China ?
- b) Who moved into Indo-China with her forces during the World War II ?
- c) What was the reaction of the people of Indo-China ?
- d) Who captured the northern part of Indo-China after 1945 ?
- e) Where was an International Conference held ?

37. Queen Victoria's Proclamation :

- a) When was Queen's Proclamation issued ?
- b) Who was the Governor General of India at that time ?
- c) What was the status of the Queen with regard to Indian territory ?
- d) Name the new post created to help administration.
- e) What was the title given to the Governor General after 1858 ?

38. Religious and Social Reformers :

- a) Mention any two social and religious reformers who contributed towards the freedom movement.
- b) What did they present ?
- c) What did they appeal to the people of India ?
- d) What was proclaimed by Swami Dayanand ?
- e) What did Vivekananda teach young Indians ?

39. European Union :

- a) Where does the historical roots of the European Union lie ?
- b) By whom was the idea of European integration proposed first ?
- c) What made the European leaders to unite economically and politically ?
- d) What was proposed by Robert Schuman in 1950 ?
- e) What was the result ?

40. Palestine :

- a) Name the border of Palestine.
- b) Why does Palestine have a distinguished strategic location ?
- c) Who considers it as Holy land ?
- d) Why do many Muslims and Christians visit this land ?
- e) Name a few important harbours found here.

41. The Vice-President :

- a) Who elects the Vice-President of India ?
- b) How is the Vice-President of India elected ?
- c) What are the qualifications required to become the Vice-President of India ?
- d) What is his term of office ?
- e) What is his position in the Rajya Sabha ?

[Turn over

42. The Lok Sabha :

- a) Who elects the members of the Lok Sabha ?
- b) What is the term of office of the Lok Sabha ?
- c) When can the Lok Sabha be dissolved ?
- d) When is the term of the Lok Sabha extended ?
- e) What should be the interval between the two sessions of the Lok Sabha ?

43. AIDS :

- a) What is AIDS ?
- b) How is HIV transmitted ?
- c) What are the preventive measures against AIDS ?
- d) Do mosquitoes spread AIDS ?
- e) What are the tests done to detect HIV ?

44. Legislation on Women in Free India :

- a) Name the Act passed in 1955.
- b) How are the women given safety and security in their married life ?
- c) What was banned for the first time ?
- d) Name the Act that prohibits indecent representation of women in books.
- e) What law was passed by the Tamil Nadu Government in 1997 ?

45. Democracy :

- a) Give Abraham Lincoln's definition of democracy.
- b) What are the two types of democracies ?
- c) Mention the important duties of a citizen in a democracy.
- d) Who is eligible to vote in India ?
- e) What is meant by indirect election ?

46. Policy of Disarmament :

- a) When and where did India bring a resolution in favour of disarmament ?
- b) What has India stressed ?
- c) Who was the first person to call for the banning of Nuclear Tests ?
- d) What was the result ?
- e) Which treaty was concluded in 1996 ?

PART - C

V. 47. Answer any *one* of the following in not more than *two* pages : $1 \times 10 = 10$

- a) What were the consequences of imperialism ?
- b) Enumerate the causes of the Great Revolt of 1857.
- c) What is the role of India in Information Technology and Telecommunication ?

48. Answer any *one* set of the following. Each sub-question of the set should be answered in 15 lines : $2 \times 5 = 10$

- a) i) Discuss the importance of the Cabinet.
- ii) Write about the legislation on children in free India.

OR

- b) i) How do we maintain hygienic environment ?
- ii) Explain any three features of India's foreign policy.

OR

- c) i) Write about any two stages of the election process in India.
- ii) Explain the powers of the Parliament.

[Turn over]

PART - D

VI. 49. On the outline map of Asia mark the following places :

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- | | |
|-------------------|-----------------------|
| i) Canton | ii) Sakhalin Island |
| iii) Manchuria | iv) Tokyo Bay |
| v) Formosa Island | vi) Hong Kong |
| vii) Korea | viii) Peking |
| ix) Port Arthur | x) Liaotung Peninsula |

OR

On the outline map of India, mark the following important centres for agriculture and industries :

- | | |
|---------------|--------------------|
| i) Sindri | ii) Visakhapatnam |
| iii) Rourkela | iv) Kochi |
| v) Jamshedpur | vi) Ahmedabad |
| vii) Bokaro | viii) Chittaranjan |
| ix) Salem | x) Bangalore. |
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