

CBSE
Class X
Social Science
Sample Paper – 6 (Updated 2020 – 21)

Time: 3 hrs

Max. Marks: 80

General Instructions:

- i. The question paper has **32** questions in all. All questions are compulsory.
 - ii. Question paper comprises five Sections – A, B, C, D and E. There are 32 questions in the question paper. All questions are compulsory.
 - iii. Section A – Question no. 1 to 16 are Objective Type Questions of 1 mark each.
 - iv. Section B – Question no. 17 to 22 are short answer type questions, carrying 3 marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 80 words.
 - v. Section C – Question no. 23 to 26 are source based questions, carrying 4 marks each.
 - vi. Section D – Question no. 27 to 31 are long answer type questions, carrying 5 marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 120 words.
 - vii. Section E – Question no. 32 is map based, carrying 5 marks with two parts, 32.1 from History (2 marks) and 32.2 from Geography (3 marks).
 - viii. There is no overall choice in the question paper. However, an internal choice has been provided in few questions. Only one of the choices in such questions have to be attempted.
 - ix. In addition to this, separate instructions are given with each section and question, wherever necessary.
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SECTION A

1. French colonization of Vietnam was based on which two ideas? (1)
2. Why is copper mainly used in electrical cables and electronic industries? (1)
3. Classify industries on the basis of source of raw materials. (1)
4. What is a new arrival on the transportation map of India? (1)
5. Recognize the situation when both the parties in a barter economy have to agree to sell and buy each other's commodities? What is it called? (1)
6. Amit is using his money to buy assets like house, commercial land and machines. Write what is he actually doing? (1)
7. A country holds election to elect peoples' representatives to form the government but the elections are not fair. Identify the kind of challenge faced by the people in such a country. (1)

8. Which one of the following type of resource is iron ore? (1)
(a) Renewable
(b) Biotic
(c) Flow
(d) Non-renewable
9. In what ways communication services can be classified? (1)
10. If you were a peasant in Uttar Pradesh in 1920, how would you have responded Gandhiji's call for Swaraj? Give reasons for your response. (1)
11. Define Federalism (1)
12. What is power sharing? (1)
13. Recognition of political parties is done by _____. (1)
14. Who is the head of state of parliamentary democracy? (1)
15. What is Allegory? (1)
16. Define balance of power. (1)

SECTION B

17. Explain Napoleon policy of Uniform civil Code. (3)
18. Why is manufacturing important for country. (3)
19. Explain how industries can be classified. (3)
20. What is a new globalization? Elaborate. (3)
21. Differentiate between vertical and horizontal power sharing. (3)
22. Explain causes of Indian Nationalism? (3)

SECTION C

23. A country holds election to elect peoples' representatives to form the government but the elections are not fair. Identify the kind of challenge faced by the people in such a country. (4)
24. What are the condition of rice production in India? Explain. (4)
25. Discuss various stages of the Non Cooperation Movement launched by Mahatma Gandhi four broad measures for it. (4)
26. As concerned citizens, how can you help to conserve energy? Give four ways to do. (4)

SECTION D

27. What is pipeline transportation? Write two merits and demerits of the same. (5)
28. Elucidate some of the recent efforts taken in our country to reform political parties and its leaders. (5)
29. Evidence shows that in practice many democracies did not fulfil the expectation of producing economic development in the country. Validate the statement with the help of relevant example. (5)
30. Draw the comparison between railways and roadways". (5)
31. Distinguish between unitary and Federal features. (5)

SECTION E

MAP BASED QUESTION

32. Locate and label the following places on the given political map of India. (5)
- I. Where Indian National Congress held its session in December 1920.
 - II. Mahatma Gandhi broke the salt law here.
 - III. Locate and label the following features on the outline map of India political:
 - a) Nellore Mica Mines
 - b) Naraura Nuclear Power Plant
- II) Identify the features marked as A and B on the same given map of India political:
- A) Iron ore Mine
 - B) Woollen Textile Industry

