X–2–A

Roll No. ....

Total No. of Questions : 24]

[Total No. of Printed Pages : 4

11thARJKLK23

9502–A

ECONOMICS

Time : 3 Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 90

Section–A

(Very Short Answer Type Questions)

1 each

1. Variance is the square of ....

2. .... diagram offers a graphic expression of the direction and degree of correlation.

3. Physical capital creates both private and social benefits.   (True/False)

4. The cement shop owner is .... employed.

5. Give full form of GBD.

6. In which year economic reforms were initiated in India ?

Section-B

(Short Answer Type Questions—I)   3 each

7. What is Economics ?

8. What are the main sources of Secondary Data ?

9. What do you mean by Liberalisation of Economy ?

10. State *three* arguments in favour of New Economic Policy (NEP).

11. What do you mean by Absolute Poverty and Relative Poverty ?

12. Explain how reforms were introduced in China after 1978 ?

Section-C

(Short Answer Type Questions—II)   4 each

13 What are the main limitations of Statistics ?

14. Give some merits and limitations of diagrammatic presentation of Statistical Data.

15. What is Mode ? Discuss the merits and demerits of Mode.

16 What was the State of Indian Agriculture at the time of Independence ?

17. State the important parameters of HDI (Human Development Index).

Section–D

(Long Answer Type Questions—I) 6 each

18. Compare the advantages and disadvantages of census and sample methods of Collecting Data.

Or

Explain the 'Inclusive' and 'Exclusive' methods used in classification of data.

19. Calculate Karl Pearson's co-efficient of correlation with the help of the following data :

X	6	8	12	15	18	20	24	18	31
Y	10	12	15	15	18	25	22	26	28

Or

What is meant by Arithmetic Mean ? Explain its merits and demerits.

20. What is Inward Looking Trade Policy ? Give its good impact.

Or

Explain the relative importance of Large-scale and Small-scale Industry in the growth process of the Indian Economy.

21. What are the various policies and programmes towards poverty alleviation of the Government ?

Or

Explain the role of micro-credit in meeting credit requirements of the poor.

22. Give an outline of the strategy of development adopted by India and Pakistan after Independence.

Or

Compare and contrast the development of India, China and Pakistan with respect to some salient human development indicators.

Section-E

(Long Answer Type Questions—II)   8 each

23. Explain the step-deviation method of calculating arithmetic mean, taking an imaginary set of data.

Or

What is an Index Number ? Point out its utility and limitations.

24. Why are casual workers more in rural areas than in the Urban Areas ? How can the problem of rural unemployment be solved ?

Or

How economic development causes environmental degradation ? Explain.