



VISION IAS

www.visionias.in

VISION IAS

R
N 29 SEP 2017 NO. 03

RECEIVED

GENERAL STUDIES (TEST CODE : 861)

Name of Candidate	Sameer Saurabh		
Medium Hindi/Eng.	Eng	Registration Number	11437
Center	ORN	Date	29/09/17

INDEX TABLE

Q. No.	Maximum Marks	Marks Obtained
1(a)	10	
1(b)	10	
2(a)	10	
2(b)	10	
3(a)	10	
3(b)	10	
4(a)	10	
4(b)	10	
5(a)	10	
5(b)	10	
6	10	
7	10	
8	10	
9	20	
10	20	
11	20	
12	20	
13	20	
14	20	

Total Marks Obtained:

Remarks:

INSTRUCTIONS

- Do furnish the appropriate details in the answer sheet (viz. Name, Registration Number and Test Code).
उत्तर पुस्तिका में सूचनाएं भरना आवश्यक है (नाम, प्रश्न-पत्र कोड, विद्यार्थी क्रमांक आदि)।
- There are **FOURTEEN** questions printed in **ENGLISH & HINDI** इसमें चौदह प्रश्न हैं तथा अंग्रेजी और हिन्दी में छपे हैं।
- All questions are compulsory.
सभी प्रश्न अनिवार्य हैं।
- The number of marks carried by a question/part is indicated against it.
प्रत्येक प्रश्न/भाग के अंक उसके सामने दिए गए हैं।
- Answers must be written in the medium authorized in the Admission Certificate, which must be stated clearly on the cover of this Question-Cum-Answer (QCA) Booklet in the space provided. No marks will be given for answers written in medium other than the authorized one.
प्रश्नों के उत्तर उसी माध्यम में लिखे जाने चाहिए जिसका उल्लेख आपक प्रवेश पत्र में किया गया है और उस माध्यम का स्पष्ट उल्लेख प्रश्न-मह-उत्तर (क्यूसीए) पुस्तिका के मुख्य पृष्ठ पर अंकित निर्दिष्ट स्थान पर किया जाना चाहिए। उल्लिखित माध्यम के अतिरिक्त अन्य किसी माध्यम में लिए गए उत्तर पर कोई अंक नहीं मिलेगा।
- Word limit in questions, if specified, should be adhered to.
प्रश्नों में शब्द सीमा, जहाँ विनिर्दिष्ट है, का अनुसरण किया जाना चाहिए।
- Any page or portion of the page left blank in the Question Cum-Answer Booklet must be clearly struck off.
उत्तर पुस्तिका में खाली छोड़ा हुआ पृष्ठ या उसका अंश को स्पष्ट रूप से काटा जाना चाहिए।

75, 3rd Floor, Old Rajinder Nagar Market, Near Axis Bank, New Delhi – 110060

103, 1st Floor, B/1-2, Ansal Building, Behind UCO Bank, Dr. Mukherjee Nagar, Delhi – 110009

EVALUATION INDICATORS

1. Alignment Competence
2. Context Competence
3. Content Competence
4. Language Competence
5. Introduction Competence
6. Structure - Presentation Competence
7. Conclusion Competence

Overall Macro Comments / feedback / suggestions on Answer Booklet:

1.

2.

3.

4.

5.

6.

All the Best

Answer the following questions in not more than 150 words each:

1. (a) Examine how role models influence ethical behaviour. What actions can leaders take to integrate ethical conduct in their organisations? 10

परीक्षण कीजिए कि आदर्श व्यक्तित्व (रोल मॉडल), नैतिक व्यवहार को कैसे प्रभावित करते हैं? अपने संगठनों में नैतिक आचरण समाहित करने के लिए नेतृत्व कर्ताओं द्वारा क्या कदम उठाये जा सकते हैं?

Ans. Role models can influence ethical behaviour through persuasion, attractiveness, credibility and honesty. Common people often look upto their role models and try to emulate their teachings and deeds in real life. Role models can be religious, political or social leaders.

Leaders can integrate ethical conduct in their organisation through:-

- 1) Developing an enforceable code of ethics and code of conduct.
- 2) Keeping transparency in the operations of the organisation

3) Rewards for ethical behaviour and
punishment for unethical conduct.

1. (b) According to Aristotle, for persuasion, not only Ethos (credibility of the speaker) and Logos (logical argument) but Pathos (emotional connection to the audience) is equally important. Comment. 10

अरस्तू के अनुसार, अनुनयन के लिए न केवल इथोस (वक्ता की विश्वसनीयता) एवं लोगोस (तार्किक दलील) अपितु पैथोस (श्रोतागणों से भावनात्मक सम्पर्क) भी समान रूप से महत्वपूर्ण है। टिप्पणी कीजिए।

2. (a) With appropriate examples, discuss various ethical challenges associated with the utilization of public funds in India. Suggest strategies to effectively deal with these challenges. 10

उपयुक्त उदाहरणों के साथ, भारत में सार्वजनिक निधियों के उपयोग से संबंधित विभिन्न नैतिक चुनौतियों की चर्चा कीजिए। इन चुनौतियों से प्रभावी तौर पर निपटने के लिए रणनीतियां सुझाइए।

Ans Ethical challenges associated with the utilization of public funds:-

- 1) Given that India is a welfare state, equitable distribution of funds is imperative
- (2) Honesty is not enough and the public funds need to be utilised prudently
- (3) Special funds for weaker section of the society need to be provided.

Strategies to effectively deal with these:-

- 1) Empowering institutions like CAGs to look into 'prudence of public fund utilisation
- 2) Transparency and accountability in disbursement of funds
- 3) A plan based approach to effectively

target weaker sections of the society.

2. (b) With proliferation of social media, people have got the opportunity to express their views anonymously and more freely. (a) What according to you, is its effect on the social and political culture of the country? (b) Discuss the role of social media in changing one's attitude, particularly the youth. 10

सोशल मीडिया के प्रसार के कारण लोगों को अज्ञात रूप से एवं अधिक स्वतंत्रता के साथ अपने विचारों को प्रकट करने का अवसर मिल गया है। (a) आपके अनुसार राष्ट्र की सामाजिक और राजनीतिक संस्कृति पर इसका क्या प्रभाव पड़ा है? (b) एक व्यक्ति की अभिवृत्ति, विशेष रूप से युवाओं की, को परिवर्तित करने में सोशल मीडिया की भूमिका की चर्चा कीजिए।

Ans. Social media is the most important platform for freedom of expression currently. It has increase political and social dialogue in the country. Vulnerable sections such as women have found a new voice on social media. Many traditional barriers are being broken. People are becoming more aware of their rights and duties. It has become easier for the government to disseminate information. However it has also included negativity in the midst of some people. There have been

constant verbal abuse of women. Recent blue whale game has taken many lives.

social media can be an important tool in shaping one's attitude. Youth can be persuaded by various religious, political and social leaders. It may be used to spread awareness about open defecation, dowry system, mental health etc. However social media can also radicalise the youth. ISIS has used the platform to recruit the youth and ~~also~~ induce a suicidal attitude.

3. (a) What are the various components of an organization's work culture? What are key issues that need to be addressed in any organisation to create a more developmental and performance oriented culture? 10

किसी संगठन की कार्य संस्कृति के विभिन्न अवयव क्या हैं? एक अधिक विकासात्मक एवं कार्य निष्पादन उन्मुख संस्कृति का विकास करने के लिए किसी संगठन में किन महत्वपूर्ण मुद्दों को संबोधित करने की आवश्यकता होती है?

3. (b) There is a difference between what a person has a right to do and what the right thing to do is and often there is a conflict between these two. (a) Illustrate with examples the ethical issues that can arise because of such a conflict. (b) How does this conflict play out if someone wants to protest against injustice? 10

किसी व्यक्ति को क्या करने अधिकार है तथा क्या करना सही है के मध्य एक अंतर होता है, और प्रायः इन दोनों के बीच एक विरोधाभास होता है। (a) इस प्रकार के विरोधाभास के कारण उत्पन्न हो सकने वाले नैतिक मुद्दों को उदाहरण सहित स्पष्ट कीजिए। (b) यदि कोई व्यक्ति अन्याय का विरोध करना चाहता है तो यह विरोधाभास किस प्रकार अपनी भूमिका निभाता है?

Ans. Sometimes what is a legally right is not necessarily ethically right. A person may exercise his legal right but if hurts other vulnerable people it is not necessarily the right thing to do. For example - A district collector has the right to refuse food to person who does not have Aadhar card. However it is not the right thing to do as there may be various technical reason behind not having Aadhaar.

This conflict is particularly severe if someone wants to protest

against injustice. this is relevant in case of whistle blowers. There may be some violation and by protesting he may be illegal but this is the right thing to do.

4. (a) It is vain to talk of the interest of the community, without understanding what is the interest of the individual. Discuss the statement in the present context. 10

व्यक्तिगत हित को समझे बिना कि वे क्या हैं, किसी समुदाय के हित की बात करना व्यर्थ है।
वर्तमान संदर्भ में इस कथन पर चर्चा कीजिए।

Ans.

Community is made by individuals. Interest of the community ~~are~~ coincide with the interest of the individual. If the interest of an individual are hurt it would create fractures in the social fabric. This statement is relevant in the issue of triple talac. The religious argument in favour of the practice is that the practice is integral to the muslim way of life. Such practice has been in tradition for thousands of years. However, this approach fails to cater to the interest of the women.

This is a severe violation of rights of muslim women. Any practice can not be integral to a community if it does not take into account the interest of individuals.

4. (b) Vision and intentions are necessary components of political ethics. However, equally important are the process of implementation, tools used and the established system. Elaborate with examples. 10

दूरदर्शिता और इरादें राजनीतिक नैतिकता के आवश्यक घटक हैं। हालांकि, कार्यान्वयन की प्रक्रिया, प्रयुक्त विधियां (उपकरण) और स्थापित व्यवस्था भी समान रूप से महत्वपूर्ण हैं। उदाहरण प्रस्तुत करते हुए विस्तारपूर्वक बताइए।

Ans. In the long run we are all dead but Nations do not die. They survive for centuries. In this context a vision is as important component of political ethics.

However process of implementation and tools used are equally important. Kantian philosophy stresses on the means and not the ends. All good intentions and vision need to be coupled with due process of established system. For example birth control is a prudent policy but forced sterilization would be a wrong process of implementation. All the goals need to be achieved

Withing the procedural limits. Process of impletations also needs to look after every stakeholder. for example - building a dam has good intentions and vision. Government may also use proper procedure but it would be wrong untill all the displaced inhabitants are safely relocated.

5. (a) Swami Vivekanand brought religion to the centre-stage and gave a new meaning to it while stressing the need for harmony among faiths. In this context, discuss the relevance of his teachings in contemporary society. 10

स्वामी विवेकानंद ने धर्म को केंद्रीय मंच पर लाकर खड़ा कर दिया और इसे एक नया अर्थ प्रदान किया और साथ ही विभिन्न धर्मों के बीच सामंजस्य की आवश्यकता पर भी जोर दिया। इस संदर्भ में, समकालीन समाज में उनकी शिक्षाओं की प्रासंगिकता की चर्चा कीजिए।

5. (b) Access to quality basic services plays a critical role in enhancing individual capabilities to participate fully in the growth of the nation. (a) Discuss the statement in the context of vulnerable sections of India. (b) Analyse the challenges with regard to quality service delivery in India. 10
- गुणवत्तापूर्ण आधारभूत सेवाओं तक पहुंच वस्तुतः राष्ट्र के विकास में पूर्ण भागीदारी करने हेतु व्यक्ति की क्षमता को बढ़ाने में एक महत्वपूर्ण भूमिका का निर्वाह करती है। (a) भारत के सुभेद्य वर्गों के संदर्भ में इस कथन की चर्चा कीजिए। (b) भारत में गुणवत्तापूर्ण सेवाएं प्रदान करने के संबंध में आने वाली चुनौतियों का विश्लेषण कीजिए।

Ans. Growth of a nation is determined by its human capital. Human capital in turn depends on basic services such as health, education etc. Amartya Sen in his capability approach focused on the value of delivery of such service to citizens. Access to such basic services are more important for vulnerable sections such as children, transgender etc. as these mostly depend on the government.

Challenges in quality service delivery

i) Lack of funds for government run

hospitals and schools.

- (2) low penetration of financial services
- (3) corruption leads of siphoning off
of funds meant for such services
- (4) lack of coherent planning in delivery
of services.

6. Is Emotional Intelligence influenced by cultural moorings? How would you differentiate the applicability of Emotional Intelligence in Indian society from that of Western society? 10

क्या भावनात्मक बुद्धिमत्ता सांस्कृतिक जड़ों से प्रभावित होती है? भारतीय समाज की भावनात्मक बुद्धिमत्ता की प्रयोजनीयता को आप पश्चिमी समाज की भावनात्मक बुद्धिमत्ता से किस प्रकार पृथक् करेंगे।

Ans Emotional intelligence refers to the ability of a person to manage the emotion of a own as well as other. It is influence by cultural moorings. many cultural literature teaches values such as tolerance, empathy etc which helps manage ~~or~~ emotions. For example some cultures such as Buddhist preach non-violence and control over anger while ancient cultures of Vikings promote violence and war.

Indian society is a mosaic of different cultures and so the concept of emotional intelligence has evolved a lot. Indian society teaches tolerance and

Empathy not only towards humans but also towards plants and animals. This is not the case in western cultures. Similarly the concept of joint families has different application of emotional intelligence than western culture.

7. Evaluate the success of RTI in bringing governance reforms in the country. Examine whether it has served the purpose it was meant for. 10

देश में शासन संबंधी (गवर्नेंस) सुधार लाने में सूचना के अधिकार (RTI) की सफलता का मूल्यांकन कीजिए। परीक्षण कीजिए कि जिन उद्देश्यों के लिए इसे लाया गया था, क्या यह उनको पूरा कर पा रहा है?

Ans. Right to information was promulgated in 2005 to bring transparency and accountability in government's actions. It has largely been successful in enhancing the service delivery of the government. Voluntary disclosure by various ministries have eased the process of business application and other activities. RTI has also helped in improving ease of doing business.

However due to various exemptions RTI has not been able to serve the purpose it was meant for. A lot of the information is not given under the act.

of national security. There have also been a lot of deaths of RII activists further acting as a deterrence. Voluntary disclosure has also been followed to the spirit of the act.

8. The decisive role that money plays in elections creates a vicious cycle of corruption. (a) Elaborate in the context of India. (b) Discuss whether state funding of elections can help in curbing the menace of political corruption in India.

10

चुनावों में पैसे द्वारा निभाई जाने वाली निर्णायक भूमिका भ्रष्टाचार के एक दुष्चक्र का निर्माण करती है। (a) भारत के संदर्भ में इस कथन की विस्तृत व्याख्या कीजिए। (b) चर्चा कीजिए कि चुनावों के लिए राज्य द्वारा वित्तपोषण किए जाने पर क्या भारत में राजनैतिक भ्रष्टाचार के इस अनिष्ट को रोकने में सहायता प्राप्त हो सकती है।

Ans. Elections in India are an expensive exercise. Political parties raise a lot of money from private individual and firms for campaigning and other electoral expenses. Sometimes this money is also used to buy votes and distribute freebies to influence the voter. However, this money donation is paid back in terms of undue favours after the political party comes to power. This leads to money capitalism and creates a vicious cycle of corruption.

State funding of election can help reduce this type of corruption.

This will provide equal grounds to all the candidates. Since political parties will no longer receive private funding they will be less ~~inclined~~ inclined to extend favours.

However state funding of elections can be a heavy burden on the tax payers.

In the following questions, carefully study the cases presented and then answer the questions that follow (in around 250 words):

9. You are the officer in charge of development planning of a state whose capital is the technology hub of the country. However, the capital city is overcrowded and marred by traffic congestion. A group of top MNCs have approached you and showed their interest in expanding their operations in the capital provided that the highway connecting the SEZ to airport is widened. This has been cited as an important business requirement. The expansion of MNC operations is expected to create numerous jobs and would bring in huge revenues to the State. At the same time, the road connectivity in rest of the state, especially the rural areas, is abysmal and is in need of urgent attention. Media has been highlighting the incidents of deaths due to delay in hospitalization and other such issues which can be directly attributed to poor condition of roads. As the officer in charge of the development planning you find that the road widening project will entail huge cost and would severely curtail the rural road development programme currently being undertaken by the state. 20

(a) What challenges do you face as the officer in charge, in this situation?

(b) State your priorities and discuss how you plan to achieve them in the context of given challenges.

आप एक ऐसे राज्य की विकास योजना के प्रभारी अधिकारी हैं, जिसकी राजधानी, देश का प्रौद्योगिकी हब है। हालांकि, राजधानी शहर में जनसंख्या बहुत है और यह ट्रैफिक जाम की समस्या से ग्रस्त है। शीर्ष बहुराष्ट्रीय कंपनियों (MNCs) का एक समूह आपसे मिलता है और राजधानी में अपने कार्य संचालन का तेजी से विस्तार करने में रुचि प्रदर्शित करता है, लेकिन शर्त यह है कि विशेष आर्थिक क्षेत्र (SEZ) को हवाई अड्डे से जोड़ने वाले राजमार्ग को और अधिक चौड़ा किया जाए। इसे एक महत्वपूर्ण व्यापारिक आवश्यकता के रूप में उद्धृत किया गया है। बहुराष्ट्रीय कंपनी के संचालनों का विस्तार होने से अनेक रोजगार उत्पन्न होने एवं राज्य को भारी मात्रा में राजस्व प्राप्त होने की संभावनाएं हैं। इसके साथ ही, राज्य के शेष भागों- विशेष रूप से ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में, सड़क संपर्क निम्नस्तरीय है और इस पर तत्काल ध्यान दिए जाने की आवश्यकता है। मीडिया, अस्पताल में भर्ती होने में देरी के कारण होने वाली मृत्यु की घटनाओं एवं अन्य डमी तरह के मुद्दे जो सीधे सड़कों की दयनीय स्थिति से जुड़े हैं, को उजागर करता रहा है। विकास योजना के प्रभारी अधिकारी होने के नाते आप पता लगाते हैं कि सड़कों को चौड़ा करने की परियोजना में बहुत लागत आएगी और परिणामस्वरूप वर्तमान में राज्य में संचालित किए जा रहे ग्रामीण सड़क विकास कार्यक्रमों में भारी कटौती होगी।

(a) इस परिस्थिति में प्रभारी अधिकारी के रूप में आप किन चुनौतियों का सामना करते हैं?

(b) अपनी प्राथमिकताएँ बताइए एवं चर्चा कीजिए कि प्रस्तुत चुनौतियों के संदर्भ में उन्हें प्राप्त करने के लिए आप किस प्रकार योजना निर्माण करेंगे।

Q) challenges faced by me are

- 1) Conflict between rural development and urban planning
- 2) prioritisation between creation of jobs and prevention of deaths in rural areas.

As a development officer I have to balance both rural and urban development. If I prioritise highway expansion it may lead to more deaths and media coverage. However urban infrastructure can also be not neglected as MNCs are important in job creation.

(b) I am the officer in charge of the development planning of the whole state and not just the capital. My priority would be road connectivity in rest of the state and especially in rural areas.

Providing transport facilities to farmers will help in increasing sales of their products. This will automatically lead to increase in employment. This also goes well for health and education services.

Apart from this I will start proceedings for expanding the highway through PPP model. In the meantime, a dedicated highway lane can be provided for trucks and vehicles of SEZ.

10. You are the SP of a district where a large number of followers of a particular sect reside. The district also hosts a large Ashram where regular gathering of the followers take place. The leader of the sect has been under the scanner of the judiciary for his involvement in illegal activities. Now the court has ordered his immediate arrest and an order pronouncing the same has been sent to you. You have been asked to comply with the orders within two days. A large number of followers, which include women and children, have already thronged the Ashram in anticipation of arrest of the leader. Intelligence units have informed about the presence of not only large stock of food and water but also ammunition, inside the Ashram. Your request urging the followers to vacate the site has failed. 20

(a) What could be the reason for people's defiance?

(b) List the issues involved in the case.

(c) What will be your plan of action?

आप एक ऐसे जिले के एस.पी. हैं जहाँ एक विशिष्ट सम्प्रदाय के अनुयायी बड़ी संख्या में निवास करते हैं। जिले में एक बृहद् आश्रम भी है जहाँ उस सम्प्रदाय के अनुयायी नियमित रूप से एकत्रित होते हैं। अवैध गतिविधियों में संलिप्तता के कारण उस सम्प्रदाय का नेता न्यायिक निगरानी में है। अब न्यायालय ने तत्काल उसकी गिरफ्तारी का आदेश दिया है और ऐसी व्यवस्था करने वाला आदेश आपको भेजा गया है। आपको दो दिनों के अंतर्गत आदेशों का अनुपालन करने के लिए कहा गया है। उक्त नेता की गिरफ्तारी की आशंका में महिलाओं और बच्चों समेत अनुयायियों की एक बड़ी संख्या पहले से ही आश्रम आ पहुँची है। खुफिया इकाइयों ने आश्रम के अंदर न केवल भोजन और पानी के पर्याप्त विशाल भण्डार बल्कि अस्त्र-शस्त्र होने की भी सूचना दी है। आपके द्वारा अनुयायियों से स्थल को खाली करने के लिए किया गया निवेदन विफल रहा है।

(a) लोगों द्वारा अवज्ञा किए जाने का कारण क्या हो सकता है?

(b) इस मामले से जुड़े मुद्दों को सूचीबद्ध कीजिए।

(c) आपकी कार्य-योजना क्या होगी?

Ans(a) People often believe the leaders of their sects to be Godmen. There is a common tendency to take the words of the leaders as the words of God. Such leaders are widely

respected and revered. This sometimes can be the reason behind people's defiance. Apart from this some followers of the sect ~~are~~ constantly brainwash the common people implicating the state in wrong action against the leader.

(6) issues involved in the case

- (1) ~~change~~ chance of clash between police and public which may lead to civilian deaths.
- (2) This is a deliberate violation of the law of the land and may lead to anarchy.
- (3) Religious sentiments of people may get hurt
- (4) Pressure from politicians to keep their vote bank intact.

(c) my plan of action:-

As the SP of the district it is my duty to uphold the law of the land.

However the damage to civilians needs to be limited in such cases. I would impose a curfew in the district ~~and~~ to prevent further gathering of followers. I would then appeal to the followers and persuade them to leave the ashram and let the law take its own course. In case of conflict I would use measures such as tear gas bombs to vacate the ashram. The priority would be to minimise civilian injuries and arrest the leader within the time frame.

11. Ramesh, a very hardworking person, is the sole bread earner in his family. He has worked with an oil company's local affiliate for several years, and has established a strong, trustworthy relationship with Suresh, manager of the local facility. Suresh has recently recommended Ramesh to be recruited as the corporate consulting engineer for the company, which would be a position of greater responsibility along with a stable income. During a casual conversation, Suresh mentions an incident in the 1960s wherein 10,000 gallons of a petrochemical was leaked into the local environment by the company due to negligence, though at the time no damage was found, and no mention of this leak was made to the press. When Ramesh mentions that the state law requires him to report all spills, Suresh reminds him that no harm had been done and reminds him that the company can't have a consulting engineer who does not value loyalty and respect confidentiality.

20

- (a) Identify the ethical issues involved in the given case.
- (b) What are the options available to Ramesh in this situation? Evaluate each of them.
- (c) Had you been at Ramesh's place, what would have been your course of action? Give reasons for the same.

रमेश जो कि एक बहुत-ही मेहनती व्यक्ति है, अपने परिवार में पैसा कमाने वाला एकमात्र व्यक्ति भी है। उसने कई वर्षों से एक तेल कंपनी की स्थानीय सहबद्ध इकाई में कार्य किया है और उस कंपनी के स्थानीय सुविधा के प्रबंधक सुरेश के साथ एक मजबूत एवं विश्वसनीय संबंध स्थापित किया है। हाल ही में सुरेश ने कंपनी के कॉर्पोरेट परामर्शी इंजीनियर के रूप में नियुक्ति हेतु रमेश के नाम की अनुशंसा की है, यह पद स्थिर आय के साथ ही साथ अधिक जिम्मेदारी का पद होगा। एक अनौपचारिक बातचीत के दौरान सुरेश 1960 के दशक में घटित एक घटना का उल्लेख करता है, जिसमें कंपनी की लापरवाही के कारण 10,000 गैलन पेट्रो कैमिकल्स का स्थानीय पर्यावरण में रिसाव हो गया था, लेकिन उस समय उसके कारण कोई क्षति ज्ञात नहीं हुई थी और प्रेस को इस रिसाव की कोई जानकारी नहीं दी गयी थी। जब रमेश उल्लेख करता है कि राज्य के कानून के अनुसार उसे तेल रिसाव (स्पिल्स) की सभी घटनाओं को दर्ज कराना आवश्यक है तो सुरेश उसे याद दिलाता है कि उस घटना कोई हानि नहीं हुई थी और उसे पुनः स्मरण कराता है कि वह ऐसा परामर्शी इंजीनियर नहीं रख सकता जो गोपनीयता का सम्मान नहीं करता हो।

- (a) दिए गए मामले से जुड़े नैतिक मुद्दों की पहचान कीजिए।
- (b) इस परिस्थिति में रमेश के पास कौन-से विकल्प उपलब्ध हैं? उनमें से प्रत्येक का मूल्यांकन कीजिए।
- (c) यदि आप रमेश के स्थान पर होते, तो आपकी कार्यवाही क्या रही होती? उसके लिए कारण दीजिए।

- a) ethical issues involved are:-
- 1) corporate governance ~~requires~~ ^{demands} a responsibility of the officials to declare the spill
 - (2) ecological damage caused by the spill is unquantified
 - (3) violation of state law in ~~hiding~~ hiding the spill
 - (6) various options available to Ramesh are:-
 - 1) To cover up the spill and save his job
 - (2) To convince Suresh to inform the state about the spill

(3) to blow the whistle against the company and inform the state administration.

option 1 would be highly unethical and set a precedent for future coverups

option 3 would ~~be~~ lead to loss of job, as Ramesh is the sole breadwinner it may create financial problems to the family.

option 2 would be the best as it would save his job and also complete his ethical duty.

If I had been in the place of Ramesh I would have convinced Suresh to inform the state administration. Since there were not casualties it

would not be a criminal offence.
However the company should pay
for the damage to the environment.

I would explain to Suresh about
the corporate social responsibility and
our obligation to the environment.
Such action would also ensure
honest decision making in the future.

12. You are the CEO of a social media company that has a wide user base. The social network offered by your company has emerged as a platform for people to interact with each other and share news, opinions etc. However, at the same time, women are being repeatedly harassed and cyber bullied through this network. Whenever any instance of harassment is brought to notice of the company, your staff members immediately deactivate the account of the culprit. However, since new accounts can be created easily, such incidents continue to happen. Also, the system to verify one's account details has been deemed lax by public authorities and human rights groups. But in order to increase the user base, you have to ensure that it is easy for a new user to sign up. Increase in the user base leads to more advertisements on your network, which is a source of huge annual turnover for the company. At the same time, in wake of increasing instances of harassment, you also need to tighten the process of creating new accounts and deactivate or delete the ones being misused. 20

(a) Highlight the options available to you in this scenario and evaluate each of them. What course of action will you take and why?

(b) Is there a need for having reasonable restrictions on social media for it to remain a platform of healthy and fruitful engagement. Analyse from the viewpoint of different stakeholders.

आप एक सोशल मीडिया कंपनी के मुख्य कार्यकारी अधिकारी (CEO) हैं जिसके उपयोगकर्ताओं की संख्या (यूजर बेस) बहुत अधिक हैं। आपकी कंपनी द्वारा प्रस्तुत किया गया सोशल नेटवर्क वस्तुतः लोगों को एक दूसरे के साथ संवाद करने और समाचार एवं राय इत्यादि साझा करने के लिए एक मंच के रूप में उभरा है। लेकिन, साथ ही साथ इस नेटवर्क के माध्यम से महिलाओं को बार-बार परेशान किया जा रहा है और वे साइबर बुलिंग (बदमाशी) की शिकार हो रही हैं। जब कभी परेशान किए जाने की कोई घटना कंपनी के ध्यान में लाई जाती है, आपके कर्मचारी वर्ग के सदस्य तत्काल ही दोषी व्यक्ति के खाते को निष्क्रिय कर देते हैं। लेकिन, नया खाता आसानी से बनाया जा सकता है इसलिए इस प्रकार की घटनाएँ जारी रहती हैं। साथ ही, अपने खाते के विवरणों को मत्यापित करने की प्रणाली सार्वजनिक अधिकारियों एवं मानवाधिकार समूहों द्वारा शिथिल मानी गयी है। किन्तु अपने उपयोगकर्ताओं की संख्या बढ़ाने के लिए आपको यह सुनिश्चित करना है कि नए उपयोगकर्ता के लिए साइन अप करना (सोशल नेटवर्क में जुड़ना) सरल हो। उपयोगकर्ताओं की संख्या में वृद्धि होने पर आपके नेटवर्क पर अधिक विज्ञापन आते हैं, जो कंपनी के लिए भारी मात्रा में वार्षिक प्रतिफल का स्रोत सिद्ध होते हैं। साथ ही, परेशान करने की घटनाओं में वृद्धि को ध्यान में रखते हुए आपको नए खाते बनाने एवं दुरुपयोग करने वाले व्यक्तियों के खातों को निष्क्रिय करने या मिटा देने (डिलीट करने) की प्रक्रिया को सुदृढ़ करने की भी आवश्यकता है।

(a) इस परिदृश्य में आपके समक्ष उपलब्ध विभिन्न विकल्पों पर प्रकाश डालिए और उनमें से प्रत्येक का मूल्यांकन कीजिए। आप कौन-सी कार्यवाही अपनाएंगे और क्यों?

(b) क्या स्वस्थ और उपयोगी-संलग्नता का एक मंच बने रहने के लिए इस हेतु सोशल मीडिया पर युक्तियुक्त प्रतिबंध लगाए जाने की आवश्यकता है? विभिन्न हितधारकों के दृष्टिकोण से विश्लेषण कीजिए।

(a) Options available to me:-

- (1) to tighten the rules of new account opening with verification.
- (2) to deactivate the culprits while keeping the norms for new account easy
- (3) to put some restrictions of new account openings and regulate the content on the site.

option 1 would lead to decrease in the revenue of the company and will be against right to privacy.

option 2 would maintain profits but may alienate people due to continued harassment.

option 3 would be a middle path balancing the interest of all the stakeholders

I would follow option 3. The primary objective as a CEO would be to create a safe online website. Hence any kind of harassment should not be tolerated. I would put a few restrictions such as age to create new accounts. I would also provide users option to block accounts on their own. There would also be options to mute certain vulgar words from the feed itself. This action would not only create a safe online space for users but also maintain profits of the company.

(b) Social media has become an integral part of our life. However

there is a need to regulate this platform for safe engagements.

women are the most victimised group on social media. There are threats of violence, Rape and murder. All this is done using anonymous accounts. Hence a regulation is necessary for their safety.

Social media can also be a menace for the administration. It has often been used to spread rumours and create unrest in the society. Hence local law administration needs to be provided with some teeth in handling such cases.

13. You and your friend are living together in a metropolitan city and preparing for civil service examinations. While you manage to meet your daily targets, you sense that your friend is unable to cope up with the pressure of the exam. Fear of not passing the exam and meeting the expectations of his family is stressing him further. You realise that with time your friend is losing interest in everything and often talks about committing suicide if he is unable to meet his goal. He is also missing out on meals and prefers to stay indoors when asked to venture out. When you sought professional help, the doctor diagnosed your friend with clinical depression. Being aware that your friend needs professional counselling and psychiatric care, you reach out to his parents who reside in a rural area. They rebuff you for suggesting counselling and instead reiterate that nothing is wrong with him. They sternly mention that your bringing up the matter will only make people engage in loose talk. They also ignore you when you politely inform them that it is not wise to ignore one's mental health. Your friend's parents see his state as a sign of failure and decide to call him home where he can continue with his preparation. You are aware of the gravity of the situation if your friend goes back to his house. You also know that there is very little awareness about mental health and that the solution is not to ignore it but to take necessary measures to tackle it. 20

(a) As a concerned friend and an aspiring civil servant who can frame policies for the public in the future and has a moral duty towards them, what are the options available to you in such a situation?

(b) Evaluate each of these options and choose the option you would adopt, giving reasons

आप और आपके मित्र दोनों एक महानगर में एक साथ रह रहे हैं और सिविल सेवा परीक्षाओं की तैयारी कर रहे हैं। जबकि आप अपने दैनिक लक्ष्यों को पूरा करने की प्रक्रिया का उचित प्रबंधन कर लेते हैं किन्तु आपको भान होता है कि आपका मित्र परीक्षा का दबाव सहने में असमर्थ है। परीक्षा में उत्तीर्ण न होने का भय एवं अपने परिवार की अपेक्षाओं को पूरा न कर पाने की चिंताएं उसे और भी अधिक अवसादग्रस्त कर रही हैं। आपको भान होता है कि समय के साथ सभी चीजों में आपके मित्र की रुचि समाप्त होती जा रही है और वह प्रायः अपना लक्ष्य प्राप्त न कर पाने पर आत्महत्या करने की बात करता है। वह कई बार खाना भी नहीं खाता है और बाहर घूमने जाने के लिए कहने पर कमरे अंदर ही रहना पसंद करता है। जब आपने एक पेशेवर डॉक्टर की सलाह ली तो डॉक्टर ने आपके मित्र का नैदानिक परीक्षण कर उसे नैदानिक अवसाद (क्लिनिकल डिप्रेशन) से पीड़ित बताया। इस बात से अवगत होते हुए कि आपके मित्र को पेशेवर परामर्श एवं मनोचिकित्सीय देखभाल की आवश्यकता है, आप ग्रामीण क्षेत्र में रहने वाले उसके माता-पिता से मिलने गए। पेशेवर परामर्श का सुझाव देने पर उन्होंने न केवल आपकी बातों को सिरे से नकार दिया अपितु बार-बार यही दोहराते रहे कि उसे कुछ नहीं हुआ है। उन्होंने कठोरतापूर्वक उल्लेख किया कि आपके द्वारा इस मामले की चर्चा करने से लोगों को मनगढ़ंत बातें बनाने का अवसर ही मिलेगा। जब आप उनसे विनम्रतापूर्वक निवेदन करते हैं कि किसी के मानसिक स्वास्थ्य की

उपेक्षा करना बुद्धिमत्तापूर्ण कार्य नहीं है तब भी वे आपकी उपेक्षा करते हैं। आपके मित्र के माता-पिता उसकी स्थिति को विफलता का संकेत मानते हैं और उसे (आपके दोस्त को) वापस घर बुलाने का निर्णय करते हैं जहां वह अपनी तैयारी जारी रख सकता है। यदि आपका मित्र अपने घर वापस जाता है तो आप उस परिस्थिति में उत्पन्न होने वाली समस्या की गंभीरता से अवगत हैं। आप यह भी जानते हैं कि मानसिक स्वास्थ्य के संबंध में बहुत कम जागरूकता है एवं इसका समाधान इसकी उपेक्षा करना नहीं बल्कि इससे निपटने के लिए आवश्यक उपाय करना है।

(a) मित्र के कल्याण के लिए चिंतित एवं सिविल सेवक बनने की आकांक्षा रखने वाले व्यक्ति के रूप में, जो भविष्य में जनता के लिए नीतियों की रूपरेखा तय कर सकता है और जिसकी उनके प्रति नैतिक जिम्मेदारी होती है; ऐसी स्थिति में आपके पास कौन-से विकल्प उपलब्ध है?

(b) इनमें से प्रत्येक विकल्प का मूल्यांकन कीजिए और कारण बताते हुए वह विकल्प चुनिए जो आप अपनाएँगे।

Ans. Options available to me

- 1) To let the friend leave and continue with my preparation
- 2) To convince my friend to stay and get the treatment and convince the parents to come to ~~the~~ the metro city.
- 3) To convince the friend and family and to continue the

treatment while deciding the further course of action.

(b) option 1 ~~could~~ have disastrous consequences for the friend and his family. Mental illness needs to be treated properly. Clinical depression may even lead to suicide.

option 2 would help the friend in treating mental illness and ~~so~~ his condition would also convince the parents. But ~~so~~ this would be very costly for the family.

option 3 would be the best and I would adopt it. As an aspiring

neurologist it is my duty to create awareness about mental health. As part of my job would be to convince people it would be imperative on my part to convince the patient and friend to get the treatment. However it would be beneficial for all of them if the treatment is done at their home.

14. You are the Managing Director of a multinational company that prides on hiring people from diverse backgrounds. The company also chooses multiple projects under Corporate Social Responsibility that are geared towards social inclusion and empowerment of vulnerable sections of the society. Miss 'X' who works in your office tells you that she has been diagnosed with HIV. It happened due to malpractice by a medical practitioner who re-used a contaminated syringe that led Miss 'X' to contract the disease. The company has strict policies about toleration and you ensure Miss 'X' that she can continue with her job in the company without facing any form of discrimination. A few days after the revelation, Miss 'X' angrily submits her resignation letter. She states that she has faced discrimination at the workplace everyday after the revelation. Her colleagues are hesitant to eat lunch with her, they make sure they do not drink water from the same source and the females in the office comment on her marital status. She is also asked to sit separately during departmental discussions. She intends to sue the company for mental harassment. If she takes the step, the public image of the company will be maligned and its non-discriminatory policies will be questioned. The following are some suggested options for you to deal with the situation as a Managing Director of the company. Evaluate the merits and demerits of each of the options: 20

(a) You accept her resignation and suggest a compensation package so that she refrains from suing the company.

(b) You persuade her not to submit her resignation and transfer her to another department.

(c) You ask her to continue with her job and take strict action against the colleagues who discriminated against her. Also, state (without necessarily restricting to the above options) your course of action, giving proper reasons.

आप एक ऐसी बहुराष्ट्रीय कंपनी के प्रबंध निदेशक हैं जो विविध पृष्ठभूमि के लोगों को काम पर रखने में गर्व करती है। कंपनी कॉर्पोरेट सामाजिक उत्तरदायित्व के अंतर्गत समाज के सुभेद्य वर्गों के सामाजिक समावेशन एवं मशक्तिकरण की दिशा में कार्य करने वाली विविध परियोजनाओं का भी चयन करती है। आपके कार्यालय में कार्य करने वाली सुश्री 'X' आपको बताती है कि वह एच.आई.वी. (HIV) से ग्रस्त हैं। उन्हें HIV का संक्रमण एक चिकित्सा पेशेवर के गलत अभ्यास के कारण हो गया था, जिसने एक संक्रमित सुई का पुनः उपयोग किया जिससे सुश्री 'X' को यह रोग लग गया। सहिष्णुता के संबंध में कंपनी की नीतियां कठोर हैं और आप सुनिश्चित करते हैं कि सुश्री 'X' किसी प्रकार के भेदभाव का सामना किए बिना कंपनी में अपना जॉब करती रह सकती है। HIV से संबंधित जानकारी प्रकट करने के कुछ दिनों के बाद सुश्री X क्रोधपूर्वक अपना त्यागपत्र जमा करती हैं। वह कहती हैं कि HIV से संबंधित जानकारी प्रकट करने के बाद उन्हें कार्यस्थल पर प्रतिदिन भेदभाव का सामना करना पड़ा है। उनके सहकर्मी उनके साथ भोजन करने में संकोच अनुभव करते हैं, वे यह

सुनिश्चित करते हैं कि जिस जलपात्र से वह पानी पीती है उसके वे पानी न पिएँ और कार्यालय की महिलाएँ उसकी वैवाहिक स्थिति पर टीका-टिप्पणी करती रहती हैं। विभागीय चर्चाओं के दौरान उनसे अलग बैठने के लिए भी कहा जाता है। वह मानसिक उत्पीड़न के लिए कंपनी पर मुकदमा करना चाहती हैं। अगर वह यह कदम उठाती हैं, तो कंपनी की सार्वजनिक छवि को क्षति पहुँचेगी और इसकी गैर-भेदभावपूर्ण नीतियों पर प्रश्न उठेंगे। कंपनी के प्रबंध निदेशक के रूप में इस स्थिति से निपटने के लिए आपको सुझाए गए कुछ विकल्प निम्नलिखित हैं। इनमें से प्रत्येक विकल्प के गुणों और अवगुणों का मूल्यांकन कीजिए:

- (a) आप उनका त्यागपत्र स्वीकार कर लेते हैं और उन्हें एक क्षतिपूर्ति पैकेज का सुझाव देते हैं ताकि वह कंपनी पर मुकदमा न करें।
- (b) आप उन्हें अपना त्यागपत्र जमा नहीं करने के लिए मनाते हैं और दूसरे विभाग में उसका स्थानांतरण कर देते हैं।
- (c) आप उन्हें उनका जॉब जारी रखने और उनके विरुद्ध भेदभाव करने वाले सहकर्मियों के विरुद्ध कठोर कार्रवाई करने के लिए कहते हैं। साथ ही (अनिवार्य रूप से केवल उपर्युक्त विकल्पों तक ही सीमित रहे बिना) उचित कारण बताते हुए अपनी कार्यवाही भी बताइए।

(g) This option would save the company from maligation and put employees at ease. This would also save money and resources which would have been wasted during court case. However this would be against the tolerance policies of the company. HIV affected people are one of the most vulnerable sections of the society and this action would be seriously

against the spirit of the company

(b) This option would save company from court case and malignment.

It would also let the affected person keep her job. It would also assuage the other employees.

However this action would not mitigate the ignorance about the HIV disease. There are also chances of same discrimination in other department. This would also be unfair to the victim as she would have to learn new skills

(c) This option would coincide with the diverse and tolerant policies

of the company. It would also help miss X work with dignity. However strict action against colleagues would alienate them further.

I would ask miss X to continue her job and at the same time I would create awareness about HIV among the colleagues. This would help them be sensitive towards miss X. It would also create a harmonious work ~~was~~ culture in the organisation.

