## Some Grammar for Practice

## BASIC CONCEPT-1

#### CHAPTER

1.	What is acid in attack?	'acid test' or 'acid	9.	- from blan	ne, he was released to
	(A) Noun				(B) Exempted
	(B) Adjective			\$100 mm (\$100 mm) (\$100 mm)	d (D) Excused
	(C) Adverb		10.	70017	ne, She is sick.
	Mary Carlotte Control of the Control	hous	10.		
0	(D) None of the a			(A) According	70 10
2.		eech is 'distinctly'?		(B) In my opin	
	(A) Noun			(C) According	
	(B) Adjective			(D) No improv	
	(C) Adverb		11.	The state of the s	o make a quarrel.
	(D) None of the a	bove		(A) wants	(B) needs
3.	Which part	of speech is		(C) takes	
	'approximately'?		1222	(D) No improv	
	(A) Noun	(B) Adjective	12.		e of history does not
	(C) Adverb				ir help and sometimes
	(D) None of the a	bove			o (B)/remember who
4.	Small strokes fel	ll great oaks.	13.		rica. (C)No error.(D)
	(A) fallen	(B) fall	10.		er owns (A)/ fifty acre
	(C) fells		14		d. (C)/ No error.(D) _the programme to be
	(D) No improven	nent	14.	such a huge s	
5.		was unable(B)/ to		(A) except	
(77.6)	그 : 그 그렇게 요하는 이번의 그림 기계 하는 것이 되었다고 하게 되었다면 하네.	on from the police			(D) accept
	(C)/ No error(D)	and the second colors of the second	15		
6.	등일 경우의 하면서는 오랫동안 유명하는 것 같아 있는데 하는데 하네요.	asked the patient,"	15.	they arise.	opportunities as
		nded you to Dr.		(A) cease	(B) size
	Paulson"?	Control Anni Control C		(C) snceze	1000 15 0 100 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
	(A) introduced	(B) referred	16.	7.000	aren't preparedthe
	(C) alluded	7 M	10.	examination	den i preparedthe
	(D) No improven	ent		(A) to listen	(B) to work
7-8.		at the moon, my		(C) to take	(D) to work
	heart - with plo		17.		3
7.		(B) saw	1.1.		nt, in a bid to make eferred investment
3	70.00	(D) gaze			as major schemes
8.	- (존경하기 : 1) 회사 및 경기 및 경	(B) filled			structure at different
-5154		(D) feels		stages.	
	The state of the s	The state of the s			

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	(C) p	ushed	(B) open (D) laund	ched	22.	the	building i		struction of eart of the
18.			abou	t my capa	t-	city.		VOL0 0700-0.	
	biliti		(77)	00400000000000000000000000000000000000			sight	(B) site	
			(B) hallu	cinations				(D) sligh	
		naginatio	ns		23.			that she we	- 22
10	1.25	/onder			U 0 0	170000777110		(B) assu	
19.			s an					(D) ensu	
		minent			24.				oks tend to
00	- CARL TASK TOWN		(D) sensi				te the pub	olic taste.	
20.			ur jacket a	is it is get	t-	433107	istort		
	AND SHAPE OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PART	ery cold.	(D)			7507	iivide		
			(B) get on			0.000	listract		
252			(D) No im				No improv		
21.		nost offere	d me tea bi	at I denie	<u>d</u> 25.				each
	it.								towards
	2.250	efused					n-win mer		
	20005	aid no						e (B) devel	
	-800.970.0000	ejected	-0700010040			(C) r	espect, wor	k (D) accer	ot, develop
	(D) N	o improve	ment						
				A	nswer	_)_			N.
1.	(B)	2. (C)	3. (C)	4. (D	) 5.	(C)	6. (B)	7. (D)	8. (A)
9.	(C)	10. (B)	11. (C)	12. (C	) 13.	(B)	14. (R)	15. (D)	16. (C)
17.	(D)	18. (B)	19. (A)	20. (C	) 21.	(A)	22. (B)	23. (B)	24. (D)
25.	(C)					3617	10.5	3.4	SAME WEST
									الــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
			Expla	nation	of Sor	ne a	nswers	)	
1. (1	3); Her	re 'acid' qu	alifics 'tes	t' (a neur	ı). It wo	rks as	s an adject	ive here.	
4. (1		l – गिराना		41	. 20		2		
	fell	l – गिरना	felled fe	lled					
					*				
5 11	fall		fell fallen				17.72	922	
5. (C	o), Chi	ange unco	I [NOL acce	pted by t	ne socie	ty) in	to 'elicit' (t	o draw out	).
9 10	h Ev	nnerate' m	are 'referre leans 'to fr	ee from b	rue doc	tors a	re recomm	nended'.	
			me' is wro						-4
			idioms are			vinal	forme		
				- work and		Present	LOTHIS.		

- 12.(C); Discover to become aware of something for the first time (योज करन)
  Invent to create or produce something for the first time (अविकार करन)
- 13.(B); Change 'acre' into 'acres'.
  - Eg.-(1) one acre
    - (2) fifty acre
- 14.(B); Expect to hope (उम्मोद करना)
  - Accept (स्वीकार करना)
  - Access reach (पहुँच)
- 15.(A); Cease to stop (খকনা) Seize - to grab (খকরন)
- 18.(B); Hallucination means' to see What docsn't exist'.
- 19.[A]; 'Eminent' means 'known and respected' (सम्पानीय) 'Imminent' means 'bound to happen soon'. 'Itinerant' means 'wanderer' (घुमक्कड़).
- 20.(C); 'Put on' पहनन', wear पहने हुए होना
- 21.(A); Deny means to reject the truth of '.
- 22.(B); Site निर्माण स्थल, Cite उल्लेख करना
- 23.(B); assure वसल्ली देना, Ensure सुनिश्चित करन Insure – बीमा करना, Assume – मान लेना
- 24.(D); Vitiate- भ्रष्ट करना

## BASIC CONCEPT-2

1. Making pies and cakes Mrs.	(C) nor do he smile
Reddy's speciality.	(D) neither he does smile
(A) Are (B) is	11. You must endure what you cannot
(C) Were (D) Has	cure.
2. You must your career with all	(A) No improvement
seriousness.	(B) suffer
(A) complete (B) follow	(C) accept
(C) pursue (D) direct	(D) prevail
3. The deserted garden was with	
weeds.	12. The others shook their heads and
(A) infested (B) full (C) abounds (D) growing	made vague noises of approval.
(C) abounds (D) growing	(A) No improvement
4. We will provide you with loan (A)/	(B) hung
provided you have sufficiently(B)/	(C) turned around
collateral to pay it back.(C) / No error(D)	(D) nodded
5. Krishna's stories me very	<ol><li>River Damodar in West Bengal carry</li></ol>
strangely,	the effluents from the Durgapur
(A) effected (B) affected	Industrial complex for miles.
(A) effected (B) affected (C) changed (D) afflicted	(A) carries the effluence
6. Ships are by giant engines.	(B) carried the effluents
(A) sailed (B) driven	(C) No improvement
(C) pulled (D) dragged	(D) carries the effluents
7. The glass figurine that was being	14.He could not be able to think logically
shown in the store window appealed to	because of his illness.
me.	(A) was not able
(A) No improvement	(B) No improvement
(B) that was on display	(C) cannot be able
(C) that was exhibited	
(D) that was advertised	(D) can be unable
8. By morning the fury of the flood	15. The origin of Saraswati (A) / and their
(A) obbed (B) recoded	disappearance (B)/ have always been
(A) obbed (B) receded (C) retired (D) abated	a matter of debate. (C)/No error (D)
9. The sum and substance(A)/ of this	16.Jim suffered a of fortune.
poem (B)/ is as follows. (C)/ No error	(A) reverse (B) reversal (C) regress (D) revert
(D)	(C) regress (D) revert
18112001	17. Sudha is an extremely (A) / bad
<ol> <li>He does not laugh, nor he smiles.</li> <li>No improvement</li> </ol>	mannered girl (B)/ and avoids
(B) nor does he smile	socializing. (C)/ No error (D)
(b) not does he singe	
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- 18. She is an expert painter (A)/ and can draw any figure (B)/ with just a stroke of her practiced hand, (C)/ No error (D)
- 19.She is a real eager beaver (A)/ and can go up to any limit (B)/ to give the best to their client. (C)/ No error (D)
- 20.Such losses of life (A)/arc irrepaired (B)/and cannot be compensated. (C)/ No error (D)
- 21.He is \_\_\_ drunk and his driving the car can be \_\_\_\_ for all of us.
  - (A) dead, deadly
- (B) dead, dead
- (C) deadly, deadly (D) deadly, dead
- 22.I bought this shirt \_\_\_\_ as things are not \_\_\_\_ in this market.
  - (A) cheap, dear

- (B) cheaply, dearly
- (C) cheaply, dear
- (D) cheap, dearly
- 23.I wasn't (A)/ all together happy(B)/ with my performance. (C)/ No error (D)
- 24.My every day dress is (A)/simple, easy to maintain (B)/ and that gives me an elegant appearance.(C)/ No error (D)
- 25.Apart of this movie (A)/ is full of violence (B)/and gruesome scenes. (C)/ No error (D)

#### Answer

1.	(B)	2. (C) 10. (B) 18. (C)	3. (A)	4. (E	) 5.	(B)	6. (C)	7. (B)	8. (D)
9.	(D)	10. (B)	11. (A)	12. (	13.	(D)	14. (A)	15. (B)	16. (B)
17.	(B)	18. (C)	19. (C)	20. (E	21.	(A)	22. (A)	23. (B)	24. (A)
25.	(A)		2				1.113		

#### Explanation of Some answers

- (B); Here we are talking about just one action 'making'. Hence singular verb will come.
- (C); We pursue certain courses, graduation etc. Pursue' means 'to follow up' or 'to find or employee measures to obtain or accomplish'.
- 3. (A); 'infested with' means 'to be in or over' (a place, an animal etc.) in large number.
- (B); We need an adjective here to qualify noun 'collateral'. Hence use adjective form 'Sufficient'.
- 5. (B); 'affect' means 'to influence' (असर करना)
- 9. (D); Here 'sum and substance' denotes 'gyst' i.e. a singular subject.
- 10.(B); Negative Introductory takes inversion. Hence the part starting with 'nor' will take 'inversion'.
- 11.(A); It is a famous saying.
- 12.(D); 'Not' means to move your head up and down as a way of answering 'yes' or 'approval'.

- 13.(D); 'Effluents' means 'liquid waste'.
- 14.(A); Both 'Could' and 'able to' express ability. Both when used together make the sentence superfluous.
- 15.(B); Change 'their' into 'its'. Saraswati' a singular noun will take singular adjective 'its'.
- 16. (B); 'Reversal of fortune' means 'a change of the fortune for the worse'.
- 17.(B); Change bad' into 'ill'. Here we need an adverb to qualify adjective 'mannered'.
- 18.(C); Here V<sub>3</sub> (Participle) will qualify Noun 'hand'. Change 'Practiced' into practised.
- 19.(C); Change 'their' into 'her'. 'She' a singular pronoun will take 'her' a singular adjective.
- 20.(B); Change 'repaired' into 'irreparable'
- 21.(A); 'Dead drink' means 'extremely drunk'. 'Deadly' means Fatal'.
- 23.(B); Change 'all together' into 'altogether', 'Altogether' means 'completely'
- 24.(A); Here we need an adjective. 'Everyday' i.e. no space between 'every' and 'day' is needed.
- 25.(A); Change 'Apart' into 'A part'.

## VERB-1

1.		ave spoken the truth.		(A) as	150000000000000000000000000000000000000
ES	(A) did	(B) will		(C) till	(D) lest
	(C) shall	(D) may	12.		l was ordered to be
2.	The boat			hanged to dea	
	THE PERSON NAMED AND PARTY OF THE PE	(B) had drowned		(A) hung to de	
	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	(D) drowned		(B) hanged ti	
3.		make a pretty		(C) hung till	The state of the s
		e the masters of the		(D) no improv	
	planet Earth.		13.		_, I shall adhere to my
		(B) should		principles.	
	(C) could	(D) can		(A) can	(B) may
4-5.		learners of English,		(C) might	(D) will
		d out the ways to	14.	As you sow, s	so you reap.
		nd drawback of poor		(A) will	(B) shall
	spellings.			(C) would	(D) can
4.	(A) would	(B) might	15.	I will go out (	A)/ when you (B)/ will
	(C) will			come (C)/No	
5.	(A) simplify	(B) modify	16.	The ancient	Olympic Games was
	(C) overcome	(D) rectify		(A)/ a series o	f athletic competitions
6.	No sooner (A	A)/did he sat for			esentatives (B) / of
		in the door bell	4		states of ancient
	rang.(C)/ No er	rar (D).		Greece. (C)/N	
7.		titute half of the total	17.		A)/are so wet. (B) It
		it is high time we			rained last night (C)/
		iority to female child	18428	No error(D).	
893	education. (C)/		18.		not start (A) / until the
8.		wouldn't accept (B)/			blow the whistle, (C)/
	this project. (C)	# 19 m - Park Brit & H. 19 m - Park Brit & H. 19 m - 1	Tarina I	No error(D).	22 2000
9.	C- CAC- CC C	)/that I ordered (B)/ (C)/No error(D).	19.	If I her a called on her.	ddress, I would have
10.	I wish I a	0 10		(A) will have	(B) had known
	(A) were	(T)			(D) shall have
	(C) was		20.	The state of the s	are (A) a disease that
11.		ur health you			er and a red rash. (C)/
Turne in	should repent l			No error(D).	The state of the s
	and the state of	77-7-1-1-1		SHEET TO A	

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- 'A tale of two cities' (A)/ have been written (B)/ by Charles Dickens. (C)/No error(D).
- 'Gulliver's travels' (A)/ were written
   (B)/ by Swift.(C)/No error(D).
- An imminent surgeon (A)/ is visiting the hospital (B)/ to attend the surgeons' conference.(C)/ No error (D).
- Most countries in the world (A)/ is for (B)/ peace./ No error (D).
- A technical view of new gadgets (A)/ sometimes differ (B) from an economic perspective. (C)/ No error (D).
- The principle import (A) / from Brazil
   (B) / is coffee. (C) / No error (D).
- I \_\_\_\_ rather die than join the gang of terrorists.
  - (A) could
- (B) should

- (C) would (D) can
- If I was you, I would not sign the document.
  - (A) If I have been you
  - (B) If I were you
  - (C) If I had been yo
  - (D) no improvement
- The carpenter did not keep his promise that the work will be finished before the end of the week.
  - (A) can finish (B) could finish
- (C) would finish (D) no improvement 30. She is loving chocolate ice cream.
  - (A) has loving (B) has been loved
    - (C) loves (D) no improvement
- I am having (A)/ no information (B)/ about his sudden demise.(C)/No error (D).

#### Answer

1.	(D)	2. (C) 10. (A) 18. (C) 26. (A)	3. (D)	4. (	C)	5.	(C)	6. (B)	7.	(B)	8.	(A)
9.	(C)	10. (A)	11. (D)	12. (	3)	13.	(B)	14. (B)	15.	(C)	16.	(A)
17.	(C)	18. (C)	19. (B)	20. (	A)	21.	(B)	22. (B)	23.	(A)	24.	(B)
25.	(B)	25. (A)	27. (C)	28. (i	3)	29.	(C)	30. (C)	31.	(A)		

- 1.(D); 'May' is the correct option as it is used to denote 'Possibility'.
- 2.(C); 'Sank' is the correct option as 'sink' is used for non living things.
- 3.(D); 'Can' is used to express ability.
- 4.(C);
- 5.(C);
- 6.(B); 'Sit' will be used. Did takes  $V_1$ ' form of the verb.
- 7.(B); 'Gave' will be used. It is high time' is followed by 'V2' form of the verb.
- 8.(A); 'Were' will be used. If the sentence expresses imaginary position, all subjects are followed by 'were'.

- 9.(C); Is tasting'should be replaced by 'tasted' as the first clause is in Past tense. Moreover 'taste' is not used in 'ing' form.
- 10.(A); 'Were' will be used. Explanation same as 8.
- 11.(D); 'Lest' will be used. As 'Lest ... should' is a correlative.
- 12.(B); 'Hanged till death' is correct legally and makes more sense.
- 13.(B); 'May' will be used. 'Come what may' means 'no matter what happens'.
- 14.(B); 'Shall' will be used. It is a saying.
- 15.(C); Will' is not needed here. (When two actions take place in future, the 2nd action is in future Indefinite Tense whereas the 1st action is in Present Indefinite Tense)
- 16.(A), "Werc' will be used as "The ancient Olympic Games' requires a plural verb.
- 17.(C); 'Should have rained' must be replaced with 'must have rained' because the sentence is of strong possibility.
- 18.(C); 'Will' must be omitted. When two actions take place in future one after the other, the 2nd action is in Future indefinite tense while the 1st action is must be in present Indefinite tense.
- 19.(B); 'Had known' will be used. The formule of past conditional sentence is sub+ had + V<sub>3</sub>, sub+ would have + V<sub>3</sub>
- 20.(A); Is' should replace 'are'. 'Measles' the name of a disease takes singular verb with it.
- 21.(B); 'Has' must replace 'have' 'A tale of two cities' is the name of a book and it must be followed by a singular verb.
- 22.(B); 'Was' must replace 'Were'. 'Gulliver's Travels' is the name of a book, so singular verb must be used.
- 23.(A); Change 'imminent' into 'eminent'. Here we are talking about 'a known and respectable' scientist.
- 24.(B); 'Are' must replace 'is'. Plural verb should be used with 'Countries'.
- 25.(B); 'Differs' must replace 'Differ'. 'A technical view' is a singular subject.
- 26.(A); 'Principal' must replace 'principle', as it means 'chief' or 'main' 'Principle' means 'rule or law'.
- 27.(C) 'Would' will be used.
- 28.(B) If I were you' is the correct option as love is generally not used in 'ing' form.
- 29.(C) 'Would finish' must be used, as principal clause is in past tense.
- 30.(C) 'Loves' is the correct option as 'love' is generally not used in 'ing' form.
- 31.(A) 'Have' must replace 'am having'. When 'have' means 'to possess'. It doesn't take 'ing' form.

## VERB-2

1.	Don't lean against the wall. It would	12.	Mary would not go to the market
	collapse.		unless I go with her.
	(A) must (B) shall		(A) shall go (B) went
7920	(C) might (D) No improvement		(C) would go (D) No improvement
2.	It is said that Oscar wilde was most	13.	If I was he (A) / I wouldn't accept (B) /
	sincere artistically when he depicts		this project./ No error (D)
	insincere characters.	14.	There are so many filths (A)/ all
	(A) were (B) have been (C) is (D) No improvement		around (B)/ the place. / No error (D).
	(C) is (D) No improvement	15.	The building is not safe and must
3.	Will you please me a book ?		be down.
	(A) borrow (B) lend		(A) pull (B) pulling
	(C) owe (D) have to lend		(C) pulled (D) pulls
4.	Smoke from diesel engines (A)/	16.	The doctor the patient from
	become visible (B)/ as the carbon		taking certain medicines.
	content increases. (C)/ No error (D).		(A) proscribed
5.	Krupa and Kavya studied (A) in the		
	Delhi Public School (B)/and so does		(C) prescribed
	Kamya. (C)/No error(D).		(D) banned
6.	We kept all the old paintings in a	17.	
530	place where they would remain safe	(T) (T)	nor do I intend to learn this skill. (C)/
	from harm or danger.		No error(D).
	(A) will remain safe	18.	I wondered (A)/to write well (B) and
	(B) are safe	7.50	score good marks. (C)/ No error(D).
	(C) may remain safe	19.	
	(D) No improvement		clearly(B)/ and effectively as you do.
7.	I am having more than 100 books.		(C)/No error(D).
	(A) had (B) have	20.	The teacher told the students that
	(C) have had (D) No improvement	20.	the Sun a star.
0	We the picture on the wall.		
8.			(A) is (B) was (C) had been (D) were
	(A) hung (B) hanged	21.	He the movie yesterday.
Ο	(C) hang (D) hanging	41.	(A) saw (B) has seen
9.	Prices during the war.		
	(A) raise (B) risen		(C) had seen (D) would have seen
100	(C) rise (D) raising	22.	If I in his shoes, I would die with
10.	I shall go and down.		shame.
	(A) lied (B) lie (C) was (D) be		(A) am (B) was (C) were (D) have been
	(C) was (D) be	00	(C) were (D) have been
11.	(a) (a) (b) (b) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c	23.	
	to me.		road accidents.
	(A) belong (B) are belonging (C) belongs (D) No improvement		(A) do (B) did (C) does (D) had done better
	(C) belongs (D) No improvement		(C) does (D) had done better

ques give Four belo only cont	the w (A) as (C) sl Half c (A) is (C) ar ctions stions, n. Eac words w the one f text of ect ans (I) T sale. (II) I pay fo (A) pe (C) pr (I) A heart (II) T	atchman of sleep sleeping of the mover of the mover of the mover of two senters at both of each swer. The pet shows of the pe	o): In each ences (I) a ce has a black ences. Out the place sentence. op had a ethe eation. (B) earne (D) borrows track of a che ICU.	s fast r. n of these nd (II) ar lank in it are give: of these es in th Find th dog for money to d ved a patient'	28. e e e	(B) II (C) ii (D) II (II) V as ea (A) ii (C) a (II) V appli the (A) h (C) lo (II) I a book (II) V yeste (A) se	ot He will at, I h erday.	to receive rnal. talk about sible to avo (B) editio (D) findir t period, I has to be donan told u	this id conflict. n igs nad a ne. s that the the best of n / ls to make
				A	ıswer		))	12.7	
1.	(C)	2. (C)	3. (B)	4. (B	5.	(C)	6. (D)	7. (B)	8. (A)
9.	(C)	10. (B)	11. (C)	12. (B	10,233	(A)	14. (A)	15. (C)	16. (B)
835		W. CT. (1975)	4.00 1995	20. (A	21.	LAN	00 100	00 000	DA CAL
17	. (B) . (A)	18. (B) 26. (C)	19. (B) 27. (D)	28. (A		1000	22. (C) 30. (A)	23. (B)	24. (A)

- 1.(C) 'Might' is the correct option as it denotes a bit of possibility.
- 2.(C) Is' is the correct option as the verb 'depicts' is in present tense.
- 3.(B) 'lend' is the correct answer. 'Borrow' means to 'get temporarily'. 'Lend' means to 'give temporarily'.
- 4.(B) Becomes' must replace 'become', 'smoke' being an uncountable noun takes a singular verb.
- 5.(C) 'did' must replace 'does' as the action is of past.
- (D) No improvement.
- 7.(B) Have must replace 'am having'. When 'have' means 'to possess' it does not take 'ing' form.
- 8.(A) 'Hung' must replace 'hanged'.
- 9.(C) 'Rise' is the correct option. Raise' means 'to lift'. 'Rise' means 'to increase' or 'to grow up'.
- 10.(B) 'Lie' must be used. 'shall' takes 'V,' form.
- 11.(C) 'Belongs' must be used as 'box' is the main subject here and 'belong' generally does not take 'ing' form.
- 12.(B) 'Went' is the correct option as the action is of past.
- 13.(A) Were' must replace 'was'. 'Were' comes with all subjects in imaginary sentences.
- 14.(A) There is so much filth' must be used as 'filth' is an uncountable noun and hence will take singular form, singular verb and adjective 'much'.
- 15.(C) 'Pulled' is the correct form. Must + be + V3
- 16.(B)
- 17.(B) How'will come before 'to drive'. It Verbs like 'know', 'wonder', 'learn' and 'teach' are followed by infinitive (to+V<sub>1</sub>), a 'wh' family will precede the 'infinitive'.
- 18.(B) See explanation of 17.
- 19.(B) See explanation of 17.
- 20.(A) Is' must be used as it is a universal truth.
- 21.(A) 'Saw' is the correct option as the sentence has a past time given in it.
- 22.(C) 'Were' is the correct option.
- 23.(B) 'Did' must be used. (It is time + sub' takes V2)
- 24.(A) 'Asleep' is the correct option.
- 25.(A) Is' is the correct option as half of a singular noun (movie) will take singular verb.
- 26.(C); Prize means 'a reward' as well as 'something desired'.
- 30.(A); Saw (V.) means to cut with a saw (a tool used to cut wood etc.)

## VERB & TENSE-1

1.	Choose the correct sentence- (A) How dare you touch me?	11.	Raman is having a good ear for music.
	(B) How do you darc touch me?		(A) Raman has a good ear
	(C) How dare you to touch me?		(B) Raman is owning a good ear
	(D) How dared you touch me?		(C) Raman is possessing a good ear
2.	If you heat ice, it		(D) No improvement
	(A) will melt (B) melts	12.	When he will arrive, the band will
	(C) would melt (D) could melt		play the National Anthem.
3.	It's time the children in bed.		(A) After he will arrive
	(A) are (B) will be		(B) If he would arrive
	(C) were (D) could be		(C) When he arrives
4.	Neurotoxin attacks (A)/ the nervous		(D) No improvement
	system (B)/ and damage it. (C)/ No error (D).	13.	He didn't know (A)/ whether he will enjoy (B)/ himself./ No error (D)
5.	All his children (A)are knowing(B)/	14.	Let you and I (A)/ press our minds
	at least one foreign language. (C)/		(B)/ into thinking out./ the best
	No error(D).		solution (D).
6.	He has gone to Kolkata last week .	15,	The soldiers were instructed to
	(A) went to Kolkata last week		restraint and handle the situation
	(B) has left for Kolkata last week		peacefully.
	(C) has proceeded to to Kolkata last		(A) control (B) remain
	week		(C) enforce (D) exercise
	(D) No improvement	16.	A large sum of money (A)/ was kept
7.	I have been ringing the doorbell five		aside (B) / for the education of the
	times but no one has answered.	9000	child by me. (C)/No error(D).
	(A) I had been ringing the doorbell	17.	None of my friends (Λ)/ are applying
12	(B) I am ringing the doorbell		(B) / for this job. (C)/No error(D).
	(C) I have rung the doorbell	18.	Lack of winter rains (A)/have
	(D) No improvement		delayed the sowing of (B) / wheat
8.	I am looking forward to you.		crop in the area. (C)/No error(D).
	(A) receive	19.	If you will come tomorrow (A)/ we can
	(B) receiving		go to the market (B) / and do our own
	(C) have received		shopping together. (C)/No error(D).
G31	(D) be receiving	20.	News travel (A)/ very fast today (B)/
9.	Measles a relatively harmless		due to advancement in technology.
	disease.	1966	(C)/No error(D).
	(A) are (B) have (C) had (D) is	21.	The Chairman made it clear at the
885	(C) had (D) is		meeting (A)/ that he will not step
10.	I am not used to on the left.		down (B)/from his position as
	(A) driving (B) drive		chairman.(C)/No error(D).
	(C) having driven (D) driven		

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- Just as he was driving along the road, (A)/ a bus pulled up and the driver asked him (B)/if he has seen a briefcase on the road.(C)/No error(D).
- The train should arrive (A) / at 7.30 in the morning (B) / but it was almost an hour late. (C) / No error(D).
- Unless he does not leave this house, I will not say anything.
  - (A) left
- (B) leaves
- (C) has left
- (D) No improvement
- The price of cars (A)/ have been reduced (B)/recently.(C)/No error(D)
- 26. The baby usually doesn't cry but\_\_.
  - (A) he is crying a lot today
  - (B) he cries a lot today
  - (C) he is not crying a lot today
  - (D) he has been crying a lot today

- It is ten years since I have begun living here.
  - (A) begun (B) had begun
  - (C) began (D) No improvement
- I have been staying here \_\_\_\_ last week.

(B) for

- (A) since
- (C) from
- (D) None of the above
- Identify the correct tense which has been used in the sentence-

By the end of this year he will have saved a lot of money.

- (A) Future perfect continuous tense
- (B) Simple future tense
- (C) Future continuous tense
- (D) Future perfect tense
- The meeting \_\_\_\_ at 4pm sharp.
  - (A) starting (B) starts
  - (C) start
  - (D) would start

### Answer

1.	(A)	2. (B)	3. (C)	4.	(C)	5.	(B)	6. (A)	7. (C)	8. (B)
9.	(D)	10. (A)	11. (A)	12.	(C)	13.	(B)	14. (A)	15. (D)	16. (C)
17.	(B)	2. (B) 10. (A) 18. (B) 26. (A)	19. (A)	20.	(A)	21.	(B)	22. (C)	23. (A)	24. (B)
25.	(B)	26. (A)	27. (C)	28.	(A)	29.	(D)	30. (B)	1	

- If 'dare' as a modal is used in an interrogative sentence, it is followed by 'V<sub>1</sub>'
  (bare infinitive).
- 2.(B); The sentence is a universal truth.
- Were' will be used . It is time' is followed by V<sub>2</sub> if a 'sub' follows 'It is time'.
- 4.(C); 'Damages' must replace 'damage' 'Neurotoxin' is a singular subject.
- 5.(B); 'Know' will replace 'are knowing'. 'Know' usually comes without 'ing'.
- 6.(A); 'Last week' refers to past time. Hence the sentence should be in past tense.
- 7.(C); Present perfect tense is used in the latter part of the sentence hence the first part too should be in present perfect tense.
- 8. (B); 'Receiving' will be used. 'Looking forward to' is following by a 'Gerund'.
- (D); 'Is' will be used. 'Measles' is the name of a discase and hence takes singular verb with it.
- 10.(A); 'Driving' will be used. 'Used to' is followed by a Ccrund if 'used to' is preceded by a 'verb'.
- 11.(A); If 'Have' shows possession, it is not used in 'V + ing' form.
- 12.(C); 'When he arrives' is the correct option.
- 13.(B); 'Would' must replace 'will' as the sentence is in past.
- 14.(A); 'Me' must replace 'P. 'Let' is followed by the object form of pronoun.
- 15.(D);
- 16.(C); 'by me' must follow 'was kept aside' to give the most appropriate meaning to the sentence.
- 17.(B); 'Is' must replace 'are'. 'None' takes a singular verb.
- 18.(B); 'Has' must replace 'have'. 'Lack' is the subject here which takes a singular verb.
- 19.(A); 'Will' must be omitted. 'Will' is not used in 'If clause'.
- 20.(A); Travels' must replace Travel'. News is a singular subject and takes singular verb.
- 21.(B); 'Would' must replace 'will'. Sentence is in Past tense.
- 22.(C); 'Had' must replace 'has'. All other verbs of the sentence are in Past Tense.
- 23.(A); Change 'should arrive' into 'should have arrived'. The action is of past.
- 24.(B); 'Leaves' is the correct option. 'Unless' is not followed by 'not'.
- 25.(B); Change 'have' into 'has'. 'Price' a singular subject takes singular verb.
- 27.(C); The action of living there already started.
- 28.(A); 'Since' is used for 'point of time'.
- 29.(D);
- 30.(B); The action is planned future action hence simple present tense is the best option.

#### VERB & TENSE-2

- He asked me if I had ever dressed in black.
  - (A) He said to me, "Have you ever dressed in black?"
  - (B) He said to me,"Had you ever dressed in black?"
  - (C) He said to me,"Did you ever dress in black?"
  - (D) Hc said to me, "You have ever dressed in black?"
- He asked me if I had seen the Taj Mahal.
  - (A) He said to me,"Have you seen the Taj Mahal ?"
  - (B) He said to me,"Had you seen the Taj Mahal ?"
  - (C) He said to me, "Did you ever see the Taj Mahal?"
  - (D) He said to me, "You have seen the Taj Mahal?"
- He told me that he had not visited that place the previous night
  - (A) He said to me,"I have not visited this place last night".
  - (B) He said to me, "I had not visited this place last night".
  - (C) He said to me, "I did not visit this place last night".
  - (D) He said to me, "I did not visited this place last night".
- The poor woman (A)/ grinded the spices (B)/ and sold them in the market. (C)/ No error (D).
- She said to me, "Who is the woman in the red dress?"
  - (A) She asked me who the woman in the red dress could be.

- (B) She asked me who is the woman in the red dress.
- (C) She asked me who the woman in the red dress was.
- (D) She asked me who was the woman in red dress.
- A <u>drive</u> has been launched to fight Dengue in Kolkata
  - (A) campaign (B) revolution
- (C) camp
   (D) No improvement
   Maggie took a hot bath because she was working in the garden all afternoon.
  - (A) is (B) has
- (C) had been (D) No improvement
   He who will bid the highest will get
- He who will bid the highest will get the product.
  - (A) who bids the highest
  - (B) who the highest bids
  - (C) who would bid the highest
  - (D) No improvement
- If strict security measures were taken, the tragedy might have been
  - (A) averted (B) removed
  - (C) controlled (D) restrained
- Night came on and the room \_\_\_\_\_ dark.
  - (A) is growing (B) has grown
  - (C) grew (D) will grow
- They could not tell me why did he not eat
  his lunch.
  - (A) why not had he eaten
  - (B) why he did not eat
  - (C) why had he not eaten
  - (D) No improvement

12.		had reach	ed the stat	tion befor	e 20.	1 T / 1 / 2 / 2 / 2 / 2 / 2 / 2 / 2 / 2 / 2	mother (A)	At The Carl Continue to the Continue to the Carl					
	(A) le	rain ft as leaving			21.	We	ne station, have been er (B)/sinc	knowing	(A)/ each				
		ad left					No error(D)		cimurcii.				
	(D) h	ad been lef			22.		easing raci		ate crimes				
13.		n had beer					casted		w(B)/over				
57		for fifteen					tions.(C)/N		Transposes in their				
14.		v got injure had time h			23.		ome seasor s (B)/is						
17.		ould have		1 Transport	1		i.(C)/No er		o strong				
	(C) h		(D)No imp			24. Slow and steady the r							
15.	30.000000000000000000000000000000000000	oldiers wer			_		s winning	TOTAL CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY O					
	restr	aint and h	andle the	situatio		(C) will win (D) win							
		efully.			25.		istled thric						
	THE STATE OF THE S	ontrol	(B) remai				raise my a	Committee of the Commit	wards the				
16.	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	nforce J.S (A)/ do:	(D) exerc		n 26.	sky.(C)/No error(D) The thief escaped (A)/before (B)/1							
10.		Security					ed the doo						
	error		Council	. (0)//	27.		asked me		1201/12/				
17.		lients are v	vaiting out	tside sinc			vhat was th	Total State of Control of the Control					
		ing and w		ue to wa	it	(B) v	vhat is the	time					
		you meet					vhat was ti						
	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	ave waited			20	1	what the ti		Alexandra en como				
	20.00	ave been w			28.		of the stu						
	30 D. 100	ere waiting o improver	710				say 'Yes'   e is called	AND RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF T					
18.		e got your		erday (A)	1		rror(D)t	by the te	action (O))				
		elt happy t					very hot	tomorrow.					
		ery. (C)/No				(A) is		(B) will be					
19.		is working	THE COUNTY OF THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF			771	s being	(D) has b	cen				
		nai (B)/ for		five years	. 30.		a mo						
	(C)/N	lo error(D).				34.704	oticing	(B) looking					
						(C) V	vatching	(D) seem	g				
				A	ıswer								
1.	(A)	2. (A)	3. (C)	4. (B	5.	(C)	6. (A)	7. (C)	8. (A)				
9.	(A)	10. (C)	11. (B)	12. (A	1200		14. (C)	15. (D)	16. (B)				
17.	67.25	18. (A)	19. (A)	20. (B		(A)	22. (B)	23. (C)	24. (B)				
25.	(B)	26. (A)	27. (D)	28. (B	the later of the second	(B)	30. (C)	. (0)					

#### Explanation of Some answers

- 1.(A); Here action is important. Hence 'Present perfect tense' is the best option.
- 2.(A); Explanation same as 1.
- Past time is given. It means the action is of past and hence 'simple past tense' is best suited.
- 4.(B); Change 'grinded' into 'ground'. V, of 'grind' (पीराना) is 'ground'.
- 5.(C); Where the sentence is assertive, the verb follows the subject. Here 'the woman in the red dress' is the subject.
- 6.(A); 'Drive' and 'Campaign' mean the same. To launch a scheme or campaign' is more in use.
- 7.(C); 'All afternoon' denotes a period of time hence perfect continuous is the best option.
- 8.(A); Double future' doesn't come in a sentence. The first action must be in simple present tense.
- 9.(A); Tragedy and accidents are averted (to prevent from happening).
- 10.(C); The action is of past.
- 11.(B); Sentence is not interrogative. Assertive form will follow 'why'.
- 12.(A); When two actions took place in past one after the other, the 1st action is in past perfect tense and the 2nd in simple past tense.
- 14.(C); When two actions is to take place in future, the 1st action is in simple present tense (change 'had' into 'has') and the 2nd action is in 'simple future tense'. ('He will call you' is given in the sentence.)
- 15.(D); You exercise restraint, your rights, (to vote etc.)
- 16.(B); Change 'don't' into 'doesn't'. U.S is a singular noun.
- 18.(A); Change 'have got' into 'got'. The action is of past.
- 19.(A); Change 'is' into 'has been'. 'For the past five years' makes it clear that the action is of perfect continuous tense.
- 20.(B); Change 'Just has arrived' into 'has just arrived'. Just comes after the 'helping verb' but before the main verb.
- 21.(A); Change 'have knowing' into 'have known' as 'know' is generally not used in 'ing' form.
- 22.(B); V1, V2 and V3 of 'cast' are same.
- 23.(C); Change 'is' into 'are' because 'areas' will take plural verb. Also change 'subject' (V1) (to force to undergo into 'subject' (V<sub>3</sub>) as the sentence is in passive voice.)
- 24.(B) 'Slow' and 'steady' denote the same idea and hence will take singular verb.
- 25.(B); Change 'raise' into 'raised'. The sentence is in past.
- 26.(A); See explanation of question 12.
- 27.(D); Scc explanation of question 5.
- 28.(B); Change 'stand' into 'stands' and 'say' into 'says'. The sentence is in Simple Present Tense.
- 29.(B); Tomorrow' will take 'simple future tense'.

#### VERB & TENSE-3

- Until you do not go to the station(A)/ to receive him (B)/ I can hardly feel at ease.(C)/ No error. (D)
- 2. I did not know where they were going (A)/ nor could I understand (B) /why had they left so soon. (C) / No error (D)
- The call of the seas (A) / have always 3. (B)/ found an echo in me. (C)/No error (D)
- It is difficult to explain (A)/why did 4. Rajgopalachari resigned (B)/from the Congress in 1940. (C) / No error. (D)
- The boss reminded them of the old 5. saying(A)/that honesty was the best policy,(B)/ and told them that they had better be honest in their work.(C) / No error.(D)
- 6. 'Guliver's Travels' are (A)/ the most fascinating adventure story (B)/that I have ever read.(C) No error. (D)
- 7. The way he's behaving,(A)/ he'll soon spill the beans, (B) / I'm afraid. (C) / No error. (D)
- We swam up to the drowning man, 8. caught hold of his clothes (A)/ before he could go down (B)/again and pulled him, out safe to the shore.(C)/ No error. (D)
- 9. Meena was so tired (A)/ that she could not hardly (B) /talk to the guests for a few minutes.(C)/ No error.(D)
- 10. If I was knowing (A)/why he was absent,(B)/ 1 would have informed you.(C)/ No Error.(D)

- There is no rain in our village for the 11. last six months.
  - (A) has been (B) was
  - (C) had been (D) No improvement
- 12. Ramachandra Murthy and his family have been in Guyana from 1985.
  - (A) since
- (B) about
- (C) on
- (D) No improvement
- 13. I am living in this town since 1980. (B) shall live
  - (A) was living
  - (C) have been living
  - (D) No improvement
- If I was you I should tell him the 14. truth.
  - (A) am you
- (B) were you
- (C) had been you (D) No improvement
- Anil ought not to tell me your secret, 15. but he did.
  - (A) to be telling (B) tell
  - (C) to have told (D) No improvement
- If I were him I would not accept the 16. offer.
  - (A) If I was him (B) If I were he
  - (C) If I had he
  - (D) No improvement
- What the nation needs is people of 17. character.
  - (A) are the people of character
  - (B) are people of character
  - (C) is a people of character
  - (D) No improvement
- 18. We now come to the important question of where this great swarm of galaxies have come from.

- (A) have come
- (B) has come from
- (C) are coming from
- (D) No improvement
- I never saw you at the party yesterday.
  - (A) have not seen
  - (B) did not see
  - (C) had never seen
  - (D) No improvement
- I did not wait for him because he went out before I arrived.
  - (A) has gone out
  - (B) had gone out
  - (C) had been out
  - (D) No improvement
- Whenever I saw him he has been reading the same novel.
  - (A) had been reading
  - (B) read
  - (C) was reading
  - (D) No improvement

- Since the beginning of the term, we are spending a lot of time on poetry,
  - (A) spent
- (B) will spend
- (C) have spent (D) No improvement
- Never I have seen such breathtaking scenery !
  - (A) Never have I (B) Ever I have
  - (C) I cannot ever
  - (D) No improvement
- Dickens' novels, <u>like many writers</u>, are largely autobiographical.
  - (a) like those of many other writers
  - (B) like so many others
  - (c) like many other novelists
  - (D) No improvement
- It is necessary to \_\_\_\_\_that adequate standards are maintained
  - (A) insure
- (B) influence
- (C) ensure
- (D) control

#### Answer

1. (A) 9. (B)	2. (C) 10. (A)	3. (B) 11. (A)	4. (B) 12. (A)	5. (B) 13. (C) 21. (A)	6. (A) 14. (B)	7. (A) 15. (D)	8. (B) 16. (B)
17. (D) 25. (C)	18. (B)	19. (B)	20. (B)	21. (A)	22. (C)	23. (A)	24. (A)

- 1 (A); Not' must be omitted. 'Until' does not take 'not'.
- 2 (C); 'They had' must replace 'had they' as it is not a question.
- 3 (B); 'Have' must replace 'has'. Verb will agree with 'Call'.
- 4 (B); 'Did' should be omitted, as it is not a question.
- 5 (B); Is' must replace 'was'. Honesty is the best policy' is a maxim.
- 6 (A); 'Are' must be replaced with 'is'. " Gulliver's Travels" is a singular subject.
- 7 (Λ); Behave' normally doesn't take 'ing' form. Change 'is behaving' into behaves'.
- 8 (B); 'Would' will replace 'Could', as here we are not talking about his ability to go down.
- 9 (B); 'Hardly' and 'not' can't be used together.
- 10(A); 'Had known' must replace 'was knowing'. Sub + had + V<sub>3</sub>, sub would have + V<sub>3</sub> is the formula of past conditional sentences.
- 11(A); Since 'for + time' is given, use perfect tense.
- 12(A): 'Since' must replace 'from'. 'Since' is used with 'Point of time' when denoting past.
- 13(C); 'Have been living' should be used as the sentence is in Present Perfect Continuous Tense.
- 14(B); Were you' should be used. In conditional sentence, when an imaginary post is expressed, 'were' follows all the subject.
- 15(C); The sentence is of past.
- 16(B); Here 'him' cannot be used as it is not an object here. For imaginary posts, we use, 'were' with all the subjects.
- 17(D); Here 'verb' according to 'what' must be used.
- 18(B); 'Has come from' should be used. 'Swarm' is a collective noun and it takes singular verb.
- 19(B); 'Did not see' must be used as 'yesterday' i.e a past time is given.
- 20(B); The action of going out took place first and then 'my arriving'. Use past perfect tense.
- 21(A); It is not just once (see word 'whenever'). For a period of time, we use perfect continuous tense'.
- 22(C);
- 23(A); 'Never have I' should be used. Inversion form is required here as negative introductory sentences take inversion.
- 24(A); 'Like those of many other writers' should be used, as we are talking about novels by other writers in comparison to those of Dickens.
- 25(C); Ensure' must be used as it means 'to make sure'. Ensure- To make sure Insure-To protect against risk.

# VERB, TENSE, SUBJECT-VERB AGREEMENT & CONDITIONAL SENTENCES -1

1.	He had not even <u>seen</u> her presence in the same room. (A) rejected (B) registered (C) regretted (D) No improvement	12,	The policemen, who (1) / was deployed heavily (2) / in the area, did nothing to (3)/dissuade the protesters.(4)/ No error (5)
2.	He is on the brink of financial ruin.	13.	Festivals are prime occasions (1) /
	(A) periphery of (B) boundary of (C) side of (D) No improvement		for splurging on presents and owing to improved economic situation (2) / the youths is gung-ho (3) /about breaking all previous records.(4)/ No
3.	Prohibition is better than cure. (A) Prevention (B) Preparedness	14.	error (4) Not only has the commerce
4.	(C) Preventive (D) No improvement Being very late, Manoj (A) / could not return back (B) / from Meerut last night. (C) / No error.(D)		ministry fixed (1)/extraordinarily high minimum prices for onion exports (2)/but also made licences mandatory(3)/for every consign-
5.	Nothing has (A)/ or will be (B)/ more tragic than his demise (C)/ No error. (D)	15	ment.(4)/ No error (5)
б.	The examat 10 a.m. tomorrow. (A) begins (B) is beginning	15.	With a view to avoid another caste conflict (1)/the police department has deployed additional police forces (2)/
7,	(C) would begin (D) begin  If I had known it was your birthday,  Ibaked a cake.  (A) would have (B) will have		in the village, while the administra- tion as well as police officials(3)/is monitoring the situation.(4)/No error (5)
8,	(C) have (D) would not have My sister along with her two children	16.	The pick-pocket was arrested (A)/ and his pockets (B)/searched.(C)/ No error. (D)
	(A) is (B) are	17.	Many robbers were killed (A)/ and one taken (B)/ prisoner.(C)/ Noerror. (D)
9.	(C) has (D) have You have noto order me.	18.	Hinduism (A)/ is in existence (B)/ from time immemorial.(C)/No error. (D)
	(A) authority (B) author (C) permission (D) audacity	19.	Every pen and every pencil (A)/ in
10.	The Manager gave histo the proposal.		the room (B)/ were in order.(C)/No error. (D)
	(A) consent (B) accent (C) ascent (D) soothe	20.	You mistake in thinking (A)/ that I am (B)/ planning against moving to London.No error. (D)
11.	The biggest(1) / health burden that India (2) / is set to face in the com-	21,	
	ing years (3) /is tackle obesity (4)/ No error (5)	=	error. (D)
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All but one was spared. 24. Many of the city's narrow streets have (A) All, but one, was spared. been (B) All, but one, was spared. (A) distinguished (C) All ,but one, were spared. (B) widened (D) No improvement (C) doubled Never I knew that the pleasant ride 23. (D) rehabilitated would turn into a nightmare. 25. Only the Chairman\_\_\_\_\_ to the (A) Never did I knew proposal to build more houses. (B) Never did I know (A) avoided

(B) admitted

(C) prevented(D) objected

Answer 2. (D) 3. (A) 5. (D) (B) (A) (B) (A) 8. (C) 15. () 9. (A) 10. (A) 11. (D) 12. (B) 13. (C) 14. (C) 16. (C) 17. (B) 20. 21. (B) 22. (C) 23. (B) 24. (B) 18. (B) 19. (C) (A) 25. (D)

#### Explanation of Some answers

- 1. (D); You register your own presence. You notice others' presence.
- 2. (D); 'On the brink of' means 'about to happen'.

(C) Never I know

(D) No improvement

- 4. (B); 'Return back' is a superfluous expression Remove 'back'.
- 5. (A); Add 'been' after has. 'Has' takes V, While will takes V,'. Use both forms.
- 6. (A); For future planned action, we use simple present tense for official purpose.
- 7. (A); Conditional Sentence → sub+had+V, Sub + would + have + V.
- 8. (C); If two subjects are joined by 'along with', the verb agrees with the 1st subject.
- 11.(4); Change 'tackle' into 'tackling' or 'how to tackle'.
- 12.(2); Change 'was' into 'were'. 'Policeman' will take plural verb.
- 13.(3); 'Youths' being plural will take plural verb 'are'.
- 14.(3); Change 'made' into 'has made' as the sentence has started with present perfect tense.
- 15.(1); Change 'avoid' into 'avoiding'. 'with a view to' is followed by 'V, +ing'.
- 16.(C); Change 'searched' into 'were searched' as the 1st part of the sentence is in passive voice.
- 17.(B); Change 'taken' into 'was taken' as the 1st part of the sentence is in passive voice.
- 18.(B); Change 'is' into 'has been' as 'from/since + time' is used in perfect tense or perfact continuous tense.
- 19.(C); 'Every' takes singular verb. Hence Change 'were' into 'was'.
- 20.(A); Change 'mistake' into 'have mistaken' or 'have made a mistake'.
- 21.(B); Change 'are' into 'is'. Here 'diligence and perseverance' mean the same hence singular verb will be used.
- 23.(B); Negative introductory sentences take inversion form.

# VERB, TENSE, SUBJECT-VERB AGREEMENT & CONDITIONAL SENTENCES -2

1.	She college	e late that day.		(A) had broken			
	(A) was reaching	(B) reaching		(B) was breaking			
	(C) is reached	(D) reached		(C) broke			
2.	The Sunb	rightly.		(D) No improveme	ent		
	(A) shone	(B) shining	10.	The Supreme Co	urt has		
	(C) shine	(D) is shine		tourism in the	core area of the		
3.	Lokesh was busy when weto see			forest.			
	him.			(A) propagated			
	(A) go	(B) went		(B) encapsulated			
	(C) gone	(D) goes		(C) forced	(D) prohibited		
4.	The date of the function not			The Indian team should fare wel			
	been decided yct.			shouldn't they?			
	(A) have	(B) has		(A) oughtn't they	(B) shouldn't it		
	(C) was	(D) is		(C) should it	(D) No improve-		
5.	Our geography teacher told (A)/ to			ment			
	study the map of India (B)/ for a			The performance of the maestro			
	test.(C)/ No error. (D)  My brother-in-law (A)/ who lives in			the audience enti	ranced.		
6.				(A) attentive	(B) enamoured		
	Mumhai (B)/have come to stay with			(C) attracted			
	us. (C) No error.(D)			(D) No improveme	ent		
7.	Neither Ted nor John are going.  (A) have been going(B)were going  (C) is going			. An increase in crimes again			
				women have been reported in the newspapers recently.			
_	(D) No improvemen			(A) are being repo	orted		
8.	You have played instead of worked  (A) working  (B) having worked  (C) being worked			(B) has been reported			
				(C) has been written			
				(D) No improvement			
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	(D) No improvement			(A) completely	(B) completing		
9.	An instant later pandemonium was broken out.			(C) complete	74.0 N		
					Partie Service School Gran.		

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15.	you lo		others, ar own mis (B) po		t 22.	shou	r somethin ald not (B)/ er. (D)	76	
	(C) bl	aming	(D) w	atching	23.	I for	and (A)/th		
16.	We h	1965.	living in t	his house	e 24.		e gone. (C)/ ry up lest(A		
	(A) w		(B) fo	r	76.33		the train.	William or annual control	
	(C) be		(D) si		25.		arwas (A) /	10000	
17.	Since Amit was an pho-				-	(B)/	that Indi	a ever ha	d. (C)/No
	tographer, he did not charge any					Erro	r. (D)		
	mone	y for takir	ng our pict	ure.	26.	Som	eone knock	(A)/at the	door (B) /
	(A) ar	nateur				when	n I was havin	g bath. (C)/1	No Error. (D)
		ofessiona			27.	Secretary Confe	umped (A)	2000	
3/25	10000	seless		nknown			the drow	ning child	i. (C)/ No
18.	The director along with his assis-					Erro			450.144
	tants /(A) have thoroughly examined						h of us(A)		- Va. 1886
	(B)/ the new proposals. (C)/No				Section 2	gnment. (C		76 34	
19.	vou ore a very laughle names (A) / hut				29.		ody will	_tne fact t	nat sne is
19.	You are a very lovable person (A)/but					hone (A) c		(B) de	sifer
	I (B)/ am not loving you. (C)/ No error. (D)						lignify	(D) de	
20.	The bunch of keys (A) /have been lost				t 30.	10 C	worms like		100
20.	(B)/ by my mother early in the morn-						mulberry to		700,00
	ing. (C)/ No Error. (D)						eeding	(B) fe	d
21.		A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	(A)/our el	ders(B)/ir	1	(C) f		(D) fo	
		None in the second	No Error.			(V.B.) (180-0)		37. SO =	
				1,27,50					
			- 0			$\overline{}$			
				An	swer				
1.	(D)	2. (A)	3. (B)	4. (B)	5.	(A)	6. (C)	7. (C)	8. (A)
9.	(C)	10. (D)	11. (B)	12. (B)	(C)		14. (D)	15. (C)	16. (D)
17.	. 30000	18. (B)	19. (C)	20. (B)			22. (A)	23. (C)	24. (B)
25.	2000	26. (A)	27. (B)	28. (B)	V 7500		30. (A)		No. of Contract of
_	- A-V	The second second		,,,,	4-		1.1		

#### Explanation of Some answers

- 1.(D); Action is of past. Use V,.
- 2.(A); None other option is appropriate.
- 3.(B); Action is of past.
- 4.(B); Sentences that has 'yet' are in present perfect negative tense.
- 5.(A); Add 'object' after 'told'. Verb 'tell' takes an object after it.
- 6.(C); Change 'have' into 'has' as subject 'brother-in-law' is a singular subject.
- 7.(C); When two subject are joined by neither...nor' the verb agrees with the nearest subject. 'John' will take singular verb.
- 8.(A); Prepositions takes 'gerund' after them.
- 10.(D); To protect ecosystem 'tourism' is generally 'prohibited' in forests.
- 11.(B); Here team is a collective noun and hence will take singular pronoun.
- 12.(B); 'Enamored' means 'attracted'.
- 13.(B); Singular verb 'has' will follow 'increase' (singular noun).
- 17.(A); 'Amateur' does something as hobby and not for money.
- 18.(B); When two subjects are joined by 'along with' the verb agrees with the 1st subject. 'Director' will take singular verb 'has'.
- 19.(C); Change I am loving' into Iove'. Love' usually doesn't take 'ing' form.
- 20.(B); 'Bunch' a singular subject will take singular verb 'has'.
- 22.(A); Change 'wear' into 'put on'. wear पहने हुए होना, put on- पहनना
- 23.(C); Change 'have' into 'has'. Money takes singular verb unless we use monies (amount of money)
- 24.(B); Remove 'not'. 'Lest... should' doesn't take 'not'.
- 25.(B); Change 'king' into 'kings'. We talk about 'One of the + Plural Noun'.
- 26.(A); Change 'Knock' into 'knocked'. The action is of past.
- 27.(B); Change 'in' into 'into'. To show motion inside something, we use 'into'.
- 28.(B): Change 'have' into 'has'.
- 29.(D); 'Deny' means 'to refuse to accept on admit'.
- 30.(A); 'Like' is followed by a 'gerund'.

# He, She, Baby, Abode and Groups

S.No.	Animal	Male	Female	Offspring	Home	Groups
1.	Ant	Drone	Queen	Larva, Pupa	Formicary/ Ant nest	Colony, Army, Swarm
2.	Ass	Jack	Jenny	Foal	Barn, Shed	Drove, Pace, Herd
3.	Bee	Drone	Queen	Larva, Pupa	Hive, Apiary	Swarm, Erst, Hive
4.	Bear	Boar she-bear	Sow,	Cub	Den	Sloth, Sleuth
5.	Cattle	Bull	Cow	Calf	Cow shed, byre	Herd, drove
6.	Cat	Tom cat	Queen	Kitten	Cattery	Clowder
7.	Camel	Bull	Cow	Calf	-	Caravan, Train Flock
8.	Chicken	Rooster	Hen	Chicken	Соор	Brood
9.	Dog	Dog	Bitch	Puppy	Kennel Litter (Puppies)	Pack (dogs)
10.	Deer	Buck, Stag	Doe	Fawn	Home Range	Herd
11.	Duck	Drake	Duck	Duckling	Nest, pen	Flock, Brace, Paddling
12.	Frog	-	•	Tadpole, Froglet,	Froggery,	Army, Colony Knot (group of toads)
13.	Fox	Fox	Vixen	Cub	Den	Skulk
14.	Fish			Alevin, fry Fingerling	Aquarium, Pond	School, Shoal
15.	Goose	Gander	Goose	Gosling	-	Gaggle, Skein
16.	Goat	Billy, buck	Nanny, Doc	Kid	Pen	Tribe, Drove, Herd, Flock
17.	Horse	Stallion Gelding	Mare	Colt (male), Filly (female), Foal	Stable	Herd
18.	Hare	Buck, Jack		Doe	Leveret	Barrow