**Illustration 6**: Govind and Gopal had started partnership firm on 1-4-2016. Partners are entitled for 5 % interest on capital. 10 % commission is payable to Gopal on profit, after deduction of commission from the profit. Partners sharing profit-loss in the proportion of 3:2. There are several mistakes in the Trading Account and Profit-Loss Account prepared by an unexperienced accountant. You are asked to prepare revised annual accounts from the given trading account, profit-loss account and list of assets and liabilities and other information.

Dr Trading Account and Profit and Loss Account as on 31-3-17

Particular		Amt. (₹)	Particular		Amt. (₹)
To Purchase	2,48,600		By Sales	3,32,400	
+ Goods returned credit	2400		<ul> <li>Goods returned debit</li> </ul>	600	3,31,800
	2,51,000		By Interest	600	
+ Closing stock	50,000	3,01,000	+ Discount received	800	1400
To Wages		11,200	By Net loss		27,200
To Carriage inward	8000				
- To carriage outward	4000	4000			
To Salary		18,000			
To Rent		12,000			
To Postage expense		600			
To Sundry expense		1200			
To Telephone expense		1600			
To Govind's drawing		6000			
To Gopal's drawing		4800			
		3,60,400			3,60,400

The position of assets and liabilities as on 31-3-2017 was as follows:

**Assets :** Stock ₹ 50,000, debtors ₹ 1,00,000, furniture ₹ 20,000, building ₹ 50,000, cash on hand ₹ 6000, bank balance ₹ 24,000

**Liabilities :** Creditors ₹ 40,000, bills payable ₹ 14,000, capital of Govind ₹ 1,00,000, capital of Gopal ₹ 30,000

Adjustments: (1) Write off bad debts of ₹ 2800. (2) Provide 2 % discount reserve on debtors. (3) Maintain bad debts reserve of ₹ 7200. (4) Provide 5 % depreciation on furniture and building.

Ans.: Revised Trading Account of Govind and Gopal's Partnership Firm for the year ending on 31-3-2017

Particular		Amt. (₹)	Particular		Amt. (₹)
To Purchase	2,48,600		By Sales	3,32,400	
- Goods returned	600	2,48,000	<ul> <li>Goods returned</li> </ul>	2400	3,30,000
To Wages		11,200	By Closing stock		50,000
To Carriage inward		8000			
To Profit and loss A/c (Gro	oss profit)	1,12,800			
		3,80,000			3,80,000

# Profit and Loss Account of Govind and Gopal's Partnership Firm for the year ending on 31-3-2017

Dr

Particular	Amt. (₹)	Particular	<b>Amt.</b> (₹)
Administrative expenses :		By Trading A/c (Gross profit)	1,12,800
To Salary	18,000	By Interest received	600
To Rent	12,000	By Discount received	800
To Postage expense	600		
To Sundry expense	1200		
To Telephone expense	1600		
Sales-distribution expenses :			
To Carriage outward	4000		
To Discount reserve - debtors	1800		
Other expense-loss :			
To Bad debts (Adj.) 2800			
+ Bad debts reserve (Adj.) 7200	10,000		
Depreciation :			
To Furniture 1000			
+ To Building 2500	3500		
Profit and Loss App. A/c (Net profit)	61,500		
	1,14,200		1,14,200

# Profit and Loss Appropriation Account of Govind and Gopal's Partnership Firm for the year ending on 31-3-2017 Cr

Dr for the year ending on 31-3-2017				
Partie	cular	Amt. (₹)	Particular	Amt. (₹)
To Interest on partner	rs' capital :		By Profit and loss A/c (Net profit)	61,500
Govind	5000			
Gopal	1500	6500		
To Gopal's commission	on 10 %	5000		
To Partners capital A/c	(Divisible profit)			
Govind	30,000			
Gopal	20,000	50,000		
		61,500		61,500

#### Partners' Capital Accounts

Dr Cr

Date	Particular	Govind(₹)	Gopal (₹)	Date	Particular	Govind(₹)	Gopal (₹)
31-3-17	To Drawings A/c	6000	4800	1-4-16	By Balance b/d	1,00,000	30,000
31-3-17	To Balance c/d	1,29,000	51,700	31-3-17	By Int. on capital A/	5000	1500
				31-3-17	By Commission A/c	_	5000
				31-3-17	By P & L App. A/c	30,000	20,000
		1,35,000	56,500			1,35,000	56,500

Cr

#### Balance Sheet as on 31-3-17 of Partnership Firm of Govind and Gopal

Capital-Liabilities		Amt. (₹)	Assets-Debts		Amt. (₹)
Capital:			Non-Current Assets:		
Govind	1,29,000		Fixed Assets:		
Gopal	51,700	1,80,700	Furniture	20,000	
Non-current liabilities :		_	<ul><li>Depreciation</li></ul>	1000	19,000
Current liabilities :			Building	50,000	
Creditors		40,000	<ul><li>Depreciation</li></ul>	2500	47,500
Bills payable		14,000	Current Assets:		
			Debtors	1,00,000	
			— Bad debts (Adj.)	2800	
				97,200	
			<ul> <li>Bad debts reserve (Adj.)</li> </ul>	7200	
				90,000	
			- Discount reserve (Adj.)	1800	88,200
			Cash on hand		6000
			Bank balance		24,000
			Closing stock		50,000
		2,34,700			2,34,700

**Illustration 7:** From the following Trial Balance dated 31-3-2017 and adjustments prepare final account of partnership firm of Parekh and Mehta.

Trial Balance as on 31-3-2017 of Partnership Firm of Parekh and Mehta

Debit Balances	Amt. (₹)	Credit Balances	Amt. (₹)
Opening stock	30,000	Capital:	
Purchase	4,00,000	Parekh	50,000
Debtors	1,50,000	Mehta	50,000
Cash and Bank	12,000	Creditors	50,000
Rent-taxes	3000	Sales	6,00,000
Insurance premium	9000		
Salary	42,000		
Carriage inward	18,000		
Carriage outward	21,000		
Recoverable claims	5000		
Advertisement suspense A/c	9000		
Furniture and fittings (C.P. ₹ 30,000)	23,000		
Office equipments (C.P. ₹ 15,000)	10,000		
Tender deposit (From 1-10-16)	6000		
Bills receivables	6000		
Bad debts	4000		
Electricity expense	2000		
	7,50,000		7,50,000

Adjustments: (1) Closing stock was ₹ 1,05,000. (2) A purchase bill of ₹ 15,000 is received from creditors, but not recorded. (3) Recoverable claims from insurance co. settled for ₹ 2000. (4) From the advertisement suspense account, written off 50 % as a advertisement expense of current year. (5) Provide depreciation at 5 % on furniture and fittings and office equipments as per straight line method. (6) ₹ 1000 paid in advance for insurance premium. (7) 12 % interest is receivable on tender deposit. (8) A discounted bill of ₹ 2000 was dishonored on 30-3-2017, which was earliar discounted in the bank. (9) Provide 2 % bad debts reserve on debtors.

Ans.: Trading Account of Parenership of Parekh and Mehta for Year Ending on 31-3-2017

Cr

Particular	•	Amt. (₹)	Particular	Amt. (₹)
To Opening stock		30,000	By Sales	6,00,000
To Purchase	4,00,000		By Closing stock	1,05,000
+ Unrecorded	15,000	4,15,000		
To Carriage inward		18,000		
To Profit and loss A/c (Gr	oss profit)	2,42,000		
		7,05,000		7,05,000

Profit and Loss Account of Parenership of Parekh and Mehta for year ending on 31-3-2017

Dr Cr

Particular		Amt. (₹)	Particular	<b>Amt.</b> (₹)
Administrative expense :			By Trading A/c (Gross profit)	2,42,000
To Insurance premium	9000		By Outstanding interest on	
- Prepaid	1000	8000	tender deposit	360
To Salary		42,000		
To Electricity expense		2000		
To Rent and taxes		3000		
Sales-distribution expense	:			
To Carriage outward		21,000		
To Advertisement suspense -	50 %	4500		
Other expense-loss:				
To Loss on recoverable claim	ı	3000		
Depreciation:				
Furniture and fittings	1500			
+ Office equipments	750	2250		
To Bad debts (Trial balance)	4000			
+ To Bad debts reserve (Ad	j.) 3040	7040		
To Capital A/c (Divisible prof	it):			
Parekh	74,785			
Mehta	74,785	1,49,570		
		2,42,360		2,42,360

**Note:** No transactions pertaining to partners capital are given, like interest on capital, interest on drawings and other personal transactions of partners. Thus profit and loss appropriation account is not opened.

Balance Sheet of partnership firm of Parekh and Mehta as on 31-3-17

Capital-Liabilities		<b>Amt.</b> (₹)	Assets-Debts		<b>Amt.</b> (₹)
Parekh	50,000		Fixed Assets :		
+ Divisible profit	74,785	1,24,785	Furniture and fittings	23,000	
Mehta	50,000		<ul><li>Depreciation</li></ul>	1500	21,500
+ Divisible profit	74,785	1,24,785	Office equipments	10,000	
Liabilities :			<ul><li>Depreciation</li></ul>	750	9250
Creditors	50,000		Current Assets :		
+ Unrecorded purchase	15,000	65,000	Debtors	1,50,000	
			+ Dishonored bill	2000	
				1,52,000	
			- Bad debts reserve 2 %	3040	1,48,960
			Tender deposit		6000
			Advertisement suspense A/	c 9000	
			- 50 % written off	4500	4500
			Bills receivables		6000
			Closing stock		1,05,000
			Cash-bank	12,000	
			+ Insurance Co.'s settleme	nt 2000	
				14,000	
			Dishonored bill	2000	12,000
			Prepaid insurance		1000
			Outstanding interest on tend	der deposit	360
		3,14,570			3,14,570

**Note**: (1) Under straight line method of depreciation, depreciation is calculated on the cost price of furniture and fittings and office equipments. (2) On tender deposit 6 months interest at 12 % is calculated.

**Illustration 8 :** Radha and Mira are partners sharing profit-loss in proportion of 3:2. Their Trial Balance as on 31-3-2017 was as shown on page number 65 :

Trial Balance of partnership firm of Radha and Mira as on 31-3-17

Particular	Debit (₹)	Credit (₹)
Capital Account:		
Radha	_	20,000
Mira	_	10,000
Current Account:		
Radha	5000	_
Mira	_	1000
Purchase and sales	15,000	32,000
Receivables and Payables	16,000	9800
Motor car	12,000	_
Goods returned	1000	500
Sundry expense	800	_
Providend fund and contribution to providend fund	200	4000
Bank and cash	2500	19,847
Opening stock	9000	_
Bank interest	142	_
Building	12,950	_
Stationery stock (1-4-16)	200	_
Stationery purchase	1000	_
Bad debts return	_	700
Sale of old newspapers	_	1000
Professional tax	800	_
Patent	4000	_
Trademark	5000	_
Carriage inward	200	_
Discount	125	325
Plant-machines	8325	_
Depreciation on plant-machines	675	_
Depreciation on motor car	2000	_
Freight and octroi	350	_
Discount reserve	_	250
Bad debt reserve	_	1000
Investments of providend fund	4000	_
Interest on providend fund investments	_	240
9 % Kanaiya's loan (1-6-16)	_	7000
Interest on loan	315	_
Insurance premium (Out of which premium of ₹ 400 is for the	310	
year ending on 30-6-2017)	600	_
Salary and wages	3730	_
Furniture	1500	_
Dead stock	150	_
Demurrage	100	_
Total	1,07,662	1,07,662

Adjustments: (1) Value of closing stock is ₹ 15,000, out of which 10 % and 15 % goods have market value less than book value by 12 % and 20 % respectively. (2) Stationery stock as on 31-3-17 ₹ 500. (3) A furniture of ₹ 600, sold to Kishan for ₹ 400 on 1-10-2016, which is recorded in the sales book. (4) Increase in the rate of depreciation to 10 % on plant and machines. (5) Provide 5 % depreciation on furniture. (6) Write off ₹ 600 from debtors as bad debts and provide bad debts reserve 5 %. (7) Provide 2 % discount reserve on debtors. (8) Goods of ₹ 3000 withdrawn by Mira for personal use on 1-1-17, it is recorded in the sales book. (9) Calculate 10 % p.a. interest on capital of partners. (10) ₹ 2000 annual salary will be given to Radha for her active participation in business.

Ans.: Trading Account of partnership firm of Radha and Mira for the year ending on 31-3-2017

Dr

Particular		Amt. (₹)	Particular	<b>Amt.</b> (₹)
To Opening stock		9000	By Sales 32,000	
To Purchase	15,000		- Sales returned 1000	
- Purchase returned	500		31,000	1
	14,500		- Sales of furniture (Kishan) 400	
Goods withdrawn (Mira)	3000	11,500	30,600	
To Demurrage		100	- Wrongly recorded drawings 3000	27,600
To Carriage inward A/c		200	By Closing stock	14,370
To Freight and octroi		350		
To Profit and loss A/c (Gro	ss profit)	20,820		
		41,970		41,970

Profit and Loss Account of partnership firm of Radha and Mira for the year ending on 31-3-2017

Dr

Particular		Amt. (₹)	Particular	Amt. (₹)
Administrative Expense :			By Trading A/c (Gross profit)	20,820
To Insurance premium	600		By Discount received	325
- Prepaid	100	500	By Bad debts returned	700
To Stationery expense:			By Sale of old newspapers	1000
Opening stock	200			
+ Purchase	1000			
	1200			
- Closing stock	500	700		
To Professional tax		800		
To Salary-wages		3730		
To Sundry expense		800		
To Contribution to PF		200		

525
142
103
2900
60
185
200
12,000
22,845

## Profit and Loss Appropriation Account of partnership firm of Radha and Mira

for the year ending on 31-3-2017 Dr

for the year ending on 31-3-2017					
	Amt. (₹)	Particular	Amt. (₹)		
		By Profit and loss A/c (Net profit)	12,000		
2000					
1000	3000				
	2000				
4200					
2800	7000				
	12,000		12,000		
	2000 1000 4200	Amt. (₹)  2000 1000 3000 2000  4200 2800 7000	Amt. (₹)     Particular       2000     By Profit and loss A/c (Net profit)       1000     3000       2000     2000		

Date	Particular	Radha (₹)	Mira (₹)	Date	Particular	Radha (₹)	Mira (₹)
1-4-16	To Balance b/d	5000	_	1-4-16	By Balance b/d	_	1000
31-3-17	To Drawings A/c	_	3000	31-3-17	Int. on capital A/c	2000	1000
31-3-17	To Balance c/d	3200	1800	31-3-17	By Salary A/c	2000	_
				31-3-17	By P&L App. A/c	4200	2800
					(Divisible profit)		
		8200	4800			8200	4800

### Balance Sheet of partnership firm of Radha and Mira as on 31-3-17

Capital-Liabiliti	ies	Amt. (₹)	Assets-Debts	Amt. (₹)
Capital Accounts:			Non-Current Assets :	
Radha	20,000		Fixed Assets: Tangible Assets:	
Mira	10,000	30,000	Furniture 1500	
Current Accounts:		·	- Sale 600	
Radha	3200		900	1
Mira	1800	5000	- Depreciation 45	855
Non-Current Liabilities :			Motor car	12,000
Loan of Kanaiya		7000	Building	12,950
Provident fund	4000		Plant-Machines 8325	
+ Interest	240	4240	+ Depreciation (Trial bal.) 675	
<b>Current Liabilities:</b>			9000	1
Bank overdraft		19,847	— Depreciation 10 % (Adj.)900	8100
Creditors		9800	Intangible Assets :	]
Outstanding interest of loan		210	Patent	4000
			Trademark	5000
			PF investment	4000
			Current Assets :	
			Dead stock	150
			Closing stock of goods	14,370
			Stationery stock	500
			Debtors 16,000	
			- Sale of furniture 400	]
			15,600	
			- Wrongly recorded 3000	]
			draiwngs of Mira	
			12,600	
			- Bad debts (Adj.) <u>600</u>	]
			12,000	
			- Bad debts reserve (Adj.) 600	]
			11,400	]
			- Discount reserve 2 % 228	11,172
			Kishan's A/c (debtors)(furniture's sale)	400
			Prepaid insurance	100
			Cash balance	2500
		76,097		76,097

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Elements of Accounts: Part I: Std. 12

#### **Explanation of adjustments:**

#### (1) Closing stock:

#### (2) Depreciation and sale of furniture:

Balance of furniture

Balance as per trial balance - Sale of furniture 600 900

### Depreciation and loss on sale of furniture:

Opening balance of sale of furniture

- Depreciation: 6 months, 5 %

- Selling price Loss on sale of furniture

(To be shown debit side of profit and loss account)

Balance of furniture ₹ 900  $\times \frac{5}{100}$  = ₹ 45 Depreciation

+ Depreciation on sale of furniture To be shown debit side of P & L A/c

Deduct ₹ 45 from the balance of furniture of balance sheet.

### (3) Calculation of interest on Kanaiya's loan:

 $7000 \times \frac{9}{100} \times \frac{10}{12} =$  ₹ 525 Total interest Interest paid ₹ 210 Outstanding interest

#### (4) Depreciation on plant-machinery:

Balance as per trial balance ₹ 8325 + Depreciation charged 675 ₹ 9000 Value before depreciation - Depreciation 10 % 900 8100 Value after depreciation

Depreciation charged ₹ 675 Outstanding ₹ 225

Total depreciation ₹ 900

Rate of depreciation = 
$$\frac{675}{9000}$$
 × 100 = 7.5 %

New depreciation rate = 10 %  $\therefore 9000 \times 10 \%$ 

10 % New depreciation = 900

Old depreciation Yet to be recovered

(To be shown debit side of profit and loss A/c)

## Furniture sold to Kishan on credit, thus it would appear in balance sheet at assets side.

**Illustration 9:** Mahi and Rahi are partners sharing profit-loss in the proportion of 6:4. From the given trial balance dated 31-3-2017 and adjustments, prepare final accounts of partnership firm.

Trial Balance of partnership firm of Mahi and Rahi as on 31-3-2017

Debit Balances	Amt. (₹)	Credit Balances	Amt. (₹)
Drawings:		Capital Accounts :	
Mahi 30	000	Mahi	20,000
Rahi 2	5000	Rahi	12,500
Opening stock	1750	Sales	2,00,000
Purchase	1,38,750	Purchase return	1250
Travelling expense:		Discount and allowance	1250
Rahi	3000	Dividend on share of SBI	50
Salesman	5250	Bank A/c	3000
Salary : Accountant	2500	Creditors	1250
Collection clerk	1250	Loan borrowed from friend	2500
Shop rent	900		
Debtors	5000		
Carriage (goods)	7500		
Advertisement expense	10,000		
Prepaid rent of shop (1-4-16)	75		
Discount and allowance	4250		
Donation expense	10,000		
Income tax	12,500		
Professional tax	125		
Bank overdraft interest	6000		
Bank commission	250		
Share of SBI	500		
Fixed assets	1250		
Fixed assets maintenance	500		
Cash balance	450		
Goodwill	25,000		
	2,41,800		2,41,800

Adjustments: (1) Provide 12 % interest on capital of partners and 5 % on drawings. (2) 3 % commission on sales is payable to Mahi. (3) Every month ₹ 300 is payable to Rahi for travelling expense done for business. (4) ₹ 50 interest is outstanding on loan of friend. (5) Shop rent is paid for 12 months for the year ending on 30-4-2017. (6) Provide 20 % depreciation on fixed assets. (7) There is doubtful recovery of ₹ 250. (8) Closing stock ₹ 19,025.

Ans.: Trading Account of partnership firm of Mahi and Rahi for year ending on 31-3-2017

Dr Cr

Particular		Amt. (₹)	Particular	Amt. (₹)
To Opening stock		1750	By Sales	2,00,000
To Purchase	1,38,750		By Closing stock	19,025
- Purchase return	1250	1,37,500		
To Carriage (Goods)		7500		
To Profit and loss A/c (Gr	oss profit)	72,275		
		2,19,025		2,19,025

Profit and Loss Account of partnership firm of Mahi and Rahi for year ending on 31-3-2017

Particular	Amt. (₹)	Particular	Amt. (₹)
Administrative Expense :		By Trading A/c (Gross profit)	72,275
To Salary of accountant	2500	By Discount allowance A/c	1250
To Professional tax	125	By Dividend on share of SBI	50
To Shop rent 900			
+ Prepaid of 2017 (1-4-16)75			
975			
- Prepaid of 2018 (1-4-17)75	900		
Sales-Distribution Expense :			
To Salary of collection clerk	1250		
Advertisement expense A/c	10,000		
To Salesman travelling expense	5250		
To Discount - allowance A/c	4250		
To Other Expenses-Loss A/c :			
To Bank overdraft interest A/c	6000		
To Bank commission A/c	250		
To Fixed assets maintenance A/c	500		
To Outstanding int. on loan of friend	50		
To Donation expense A/c	10,000		
To Depreciation on fixed assets A/c	250		
To Bad debts reserve A/c	250		
To Income tax A/c	12,500		
P & L Appropriation A/c (Net profit)	19,500		
	73,575		73,575

Particular		Amt. (₹)	Particular		Amt. (₹)
Interest on capital:			By Profit and loss A/c (Net profit)		19,500
Mahi	2400		Interest on drawin	gs:	
Rahi	1500	3900	Mahi	150	
To Travelling expense A/c			Rahi	100	250
Rahi	3000				
+ Outstanding	600	3600			
To Mahi's commission A/c	3 %	6000			
To Partners' capital A/c(Divis	ible profit)				
Mahi	3750				
Rahi	2500	6250			
		19,750			19,750

#### Dr Partners' Capital Accounts

Cr

Date	Particular	Mahi (₹)	Rahi (₹)	Date	Particular	Mahi (₹)	Rahi (₹)
31-3-17	To Drawings A/c	3000	2000	1-4-16	By Balance b/d	20,000	12,500
31-3-17	To Interest on			31-3-17	By Int. on capital	2400	1500
	drawing A/c	150	100	31-3-17	By Travelling exp.	_	600
31-3-17	To Balance c/d	29,000	15,000	31-3-17	By Commission A/c	6000	_
				31-3-17	By P&L App. A/c		
					(Divisible profit)	3750	2500
		32,150	17,100			32,150	17,100

#### Balance Sheet of partnership firm of Mahi and Rahi as on 31-3-17

Capital-Liabilities	Amt. (₹)	Assets-Debts	Amt. (₹)
Capital Account :		Non-Current Assets :	
Mahi	29,000	Fixed Assets :	
Rahi	15,000	Tangible Assets :	
Non-Current Liabilities :		Fixed assets 1250	
Loan borrowed from friend	2500	- Depreciation 250	1000
Current Liabilities :		Intangible Assets : Goodwill	25,000
Bank A/c	3000	Investments:	
Creditors	1250	Shares of SBI	500
Interest outstanding of friend's loan	50	Current Assets :	
		Closing stock	19,025
		Debtors 5000	
		- Bad debts reserve (Adj.) <u>250</u>	4750
		Cash balance	450
		Prepaid rent	75
	50,800		50,800

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Elements of Accounts: Part I: Std. 12

(2) Income tax is expense of partnership firm. Thus disclosed the at debit side of P & L A/c. **Illustration 10 :** Following are the annual accounts of partnership firm of Labh and Subh.

Profit and Loss Account of partnership firm of Labh and Shubh as on 31-3-17

Dr Cr Amt. (₹) Amt. (₹) Particular Particular 1,96,000 To Cost of goods sold A/c 1,16,000 By Sales A/c 20,000 2000 To Office expenses A/c By Sundry income A/c To Sales expenses A/c 16,000 To Financial expenses A/c 4000 To Sundry expenses A/c 4000 To Partners' capital A/c (Net profit) 22,800 Labh Subh 15,200 38,000 1,98,000 1,98,000

Balance Sheet of partnership firm of Labh and Shubh as on 31-3-17

Capital-Liabilities Am		Amt. (₹)	Assets-Debts	Amt. (₹)
Capital:			Non-Current Assets :	
Labh	40,000		Tangible Assets :	
+ Net profit	22,800		Fixed assets	60,000
	62,800		Investments	12,000
- Drawings	12,000	50,800	Current assets (with debtors)	28,000
Shubh	30,000			
+ Net profit	15,200			
	45,200			
- Drawings	6000	39,200		
Liabilities		8000		
Suspense A/c		2000		
		1,00,000		1,00,000

After preparation of annual accounts the following adjustments are reported: (1) 5 % interest on capital is not calculated. (2) 10 % depreciation on fixed assets is to be provided. (3) Prepaid rent is  $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$  200. (4) Interest on investment is not received  $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$  400. (5) Maintain Bad debts reserve of  $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$  600. (6) Total of sales book is under cast by  $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$  2000. (7) Purchase of  $\stackrel{?}{\underset{?}{?}}$  800 is not recorded in the books. Write adjustment entries and prepare revised final accounts from the above information.

### Adjustments

Date	Particular		LF No.	Debit (₹)	Credit (₹)
(1)	Interest on capital A/c	Dr		3500	
	To Labh's capital A/c				2000
	To Shubh's capital A/c				1500
	(Being 5 % interest on capital is charged to par	tners.)			
(2)	Depreciation A/c	Dr		6000	
	To fixed assets A/c				6000
	(Being depreciation is charged at 10 % on fixed	assets.)			
(3)	Prepaid rent A/c	Dr		200	
	To rent A/c				200
	(Being prepaid rent is adjusted.)				
(4)	Outstanding intrest on investment A/c	Dr		400	
	To interest on investment A/c				400
	(Being interest on investment is not received.)				
(5)	Profit and Loss A/c	Dr		600	
	To Bad debts reserve A/c				600
	(Being provided bad debts reserve.)				
(6)	Suspense A/c	Dr		2000	
	To sales A/c				2000
	(Being total of sales book was under cost.)				
(7)	Purchase A/c	Dr		800	
	To creditors A/c				800
	(Being entry passed for unrecorded purchase.)				

#### Trading Account of partnership firm of Labh and Shubh for year ending of 31-3-17

Particular	Amt. (₹)	Particular		Amt. (₹)
To Cost of goods sold A/c 1,16,000		By Sales	1,96,000	
+ Unrecorded purchase 800	1,16,800	+ From suspense A/c	2000	1,98,000
To Profit and loss A/c (Gross profit)	81,200			
	1,98,000			1,98,000

# Revised Profit and Loss Account of partnership firm of Labh and Shubh for year ending on 31-3-17

Dr Cr

Particular	<b>Amt.</b> (₹)	Particular	Amt. (₹)
To Office expense 20,00	)	By Trading A/c (Gross profit)	81,200
- Prepaid rent 20	19,800	By Sundry income A/c	2000
To Sales expense	16,000	By Interest on investment A/c	400
To Financial expenses A/c	4000		
To Sundry expenses A/c	4000		
To Depreciation on fixed assets	6000		
To Bad dabts reserve	600		
To P & L App. A/c (Net profit)	33,200		
	83,600		83,600

# Revised Profit and Loss Appropriation Account of partnership firm of Labh and Shubh for year ending of 31-3-17

Dr Cr

Parti	cular	Amt. (₹)	Particular	<b>Amt.</b> (₹)
To Interest on partner	rs' capital :		By Profit and loss A/c (Net profit)	33,200
Labh	2000			
Shubh	1500	3500		
To partners' capital A/o	c (Divisible profit):			
Labh	17,820			
Shubh	11,880	29,700		
		33,200		33,200

#### Partners' Capital Accounts

Date	Particular	Labh (₹)	Shubh (₹)	Date	Particular	Labh (₹)	Shubh (₹)
31-3-17	To Drawings A/c	12,000	6000	1-4-16	By Balance b/d	40,000	30,000
31-3-17	To Balance c/d	47,820	37,380	31-3-17	By Interest on		
					capital A/c	2000	1500
				31-3-17	By P&L App. A/c	17,820	11,880
					(Divisible profit)		
		50 920	12 290			50 920	12 290
		59,820	43,380			59,820	43,380

#### Balance Sheet of partnership firm of Labh and Shubh as on 31-3-17

Capital-Liabilities	Amt. (₹)	Assets-Debts	Amt. (₹)
Capital Accounts:		Non-Current Assets:	
Labh	47,820	Fixed assets 60,000	
Shubh	37,380	- Depreciation 10 % 6000	54,000
Liabilities	8000	Investments	12,000
Unrecorded purchase	800	Current Assets :	
		Debtors 28,000	
		- Bad dabts reserve 600	27,400
		Interest outstanding on investments	400
		Prepaid rent	200
	94,000		94,000

Note: (1) Total of sales book is under cast by ₹ 2000. Thus it is added to sales and debited to suspense account. Consequently sales would increase by ₹ 2000 and suspense account will be closed. (2) Old profit shared by partner Labh and Shubh is ₹ 22,800 and ₹ 15,200 respectively. So total profit is ₹ 38,000. Proportion will be determined as follows:

$$\frac{22800}{38000} \times 100 = 60 \% : 3$$

$$\frac{15200}{38000} \times 100 = 40 \% : 2$$

.. Labh and Subh would get in the proportion of 3:2. Divisible profit is calculated as per this proportion.

Revised devisible profit ₹ 29,700 will be shared as follows:

Labh = 
$$29,700 \times \frac{3}{5}$$

Shubh = 
$$29,700 \times \frac{2}{5}$$

= 11,880 are shown in the profit and loss appropriation account.

#### Exercise

- 1. Select appropriate option for each question :
  - (1) In which year partnership act was implemented in India?
    - (a) 1923

(b) 1932

(c) 1947

- (d) 1956
- (2) In which proportion profit-loss will be shared between the partners if no provision is made in the partnership deed ?
  - (a) Capital proportion

(b) Gaining ratio

(c) Sacrificing ratio

- (d) Equal proportion
- (3) Credit balance of trading account represents .........
  - (a) gross profit

(b) net profit

(c) gross loss

(d) net loss

(4)	Good	ds returned debit means		
	(a)	purchase	(b)	purchase return
	(c)	sales	(d)	sales return
(5)	Good	ds returned credit means		
	(a)	purchase return	(b)	sales return
	(c)	purchase	(d)	sales
(6)	Whic	ch balance is represented by bank ov	erdraf	t ?
	(a)	Debit balance	(b)	Credit balance
	(c)	Debit and Credit	(d)	None of the above
(7)	Whe	re will you disclose the credit balan	ce of	profit and loss account which is shown in
	the t	rial balance?		
	(a)	Trading A/c	(b)	Profit and loss A/c
	(c)	Profit and loss appropriation A/c	(d)	Capital/current A/c
(8)	Whic	ch transaction is shown at the debit s	ide of	the profit and loss appropriation account ?
	(a)	Interest on drawings	(b)	Interest on debit balance of current A/c
	(c)	Net profit	(d)	Amount to be transferred to general reserve
(9)	Gene	erally, which balance is maintained by	curre	ent account ?
	(a)	debit	(b)	credit
	(c)	debit or credit	(d)	None of the above
(10)	The	financial position of business is discl	osed 1	by
	(a)	Trial balance	(b)	Trading A/c
	(c)	Balance sheet	(d)	Profit and loss A/c
Desc	ribe tl	ne objectives of the preparation of fin	nal acc	counts of a partnership firm.
Expl	ain in	brief, the method of the preparation	of fina	al accounts of a partnership firm.
State	list o	f tangible and intangible assets.		
When	re wil	l you disclose the following items gi	ven in	n a trial balance during the preparation of a
final	accou	unt of a partnership firm: (1) Bad d	ebts r	eturned (2) Depreciation : factory's building
` ′	_	• • •		s (5) Bills payable (6) Goods withdrawn as
			eturn	debit (9) Loan given to firm by a partner
, ,		st on investments of providend fund.	ourin a	adjustments during the preparation of final
		f a partnership firm:	owing	adjustments during the preparation of final
			credit	sales (3) Commission payable to partner on
` ′		• • •		sonal use. (5) Interest on debit balance of
-		• •	-	n off from leasehold property (7) Receivable
incor	ne (ou	itstanding income) (8) Prepaid expension	ses (9	) Discount reserve on debtors.

3.
 4.

5.

6.

#### 7. Write adjustment entries for the following adjustments:

- (1) Book value of stock is ₹ 40,000, but its market value is 20 % less than the book value.
- (2) Salary outstanding ₹ 1000.
- (3) Mahendra lended loan of ₹ 25,000 to the firm, but 10 % for 6 months is outstanding on it.
- (4) Interest received in advance ₹ 500.
- (5) Provide depreciation at 8 % for 8 months on a building of ₹ 5,00,000.
- (6) Closing stock of stationery at the end of the accounting period is ₹ 250.
- (7) Closing balance at the end of accounting period, of debtors of business is ₹ 50,000, out which written off ₹ 4500 as bad debts. Provide 10 % bad debts reserve on debtors.
- (8) One partner has withdrawn goods of ₹ 5000 for personal use, this transaction is not recorded.
- (9) Goods of ₹ 3000 destroyed by fire. Insurance company has admitted the the claim of 80 %.
- **8.** Brahma and Vishnu are partners of a firm sharing profit-loss in the proportion 3:2. From the trial balance dated 31-3-2017 and adjustments, prepare annual accounts of the firm:

Trial Balance of Partnership Firm of Brahma and Vishnu as on 31-3-2017

Debit Balances	Amt. (₹)	Credit Balances	Amt. (₹)
Drawings : Brahma	5000	Capital Accounts : Brahma	55,000
Vishnu	5000	Vishnu	45,000
Leasehold building		Loan of Brahma (from 1-7-2016)	50,000
(from 1-4-16 for 10 years)	60,000	Discount received	400
Machinery (Office)	50,000	Creditors	25,000
Discount allowed	350	Commission	2500
Debtors	40,000	Bills payable	5000
Carriage outward	1200	Trading A/c	97,250
Furniture-fixtures	5000		
Salary	7500		
Bad debts	1200		
Bills receivable	20,000		
Trading expense	5900		
Cash balance	6000		
Stock (31-3-17)	73,000		
	2,80,150		2,80,150

Adjustments: (1) Provide depreciation 6 % on machinery and 20 % on furniture fixtures. (2) Written off ₹ 500 from debtors as bad debts. (3) Annual salary of ₹ 5000 and ₹ 4000 payable to Brahma and Vishnu respectively. (4) Commission ₹ 500 is receivable. (5) Outstanding salary ₹ 3000.

9. Parthiv and Priya are the partners of a partnership firm. From the Trial balance dated 31-3-2017 and adjustments, prepare final accounts of a partnership firm.

Trial Balance of Partnership Firm of Parthiv and Priya as on 31-3-2017

Debit Balances	Amt. (₹)	Credit Balances	Amt. (₹)
Drawings: Parthiv	4800	Capital Accounts: Parthiv	24,000
Priya	3200	Priya	16,000
*Net cost of purchase	1,06,000	Sales	2,00,000
Stock of goods (31-3-17)	28,000	Payables	30,000
Receivables	48,000	Goods distribute as sample	2000
Wages-salary	10,000	Bank overdraft	14,000
Trading expense	16,000		
Building	50,000		
Furniture-fittings	10,000		
Office equipments	4000		
Packing material stock	4000		
Cash balance	2000		
	2,86,000		2,86,000

<sup>\*</sup>Note: Net cost of purchase means adjusted purchase.

#### Adjustments:

- (1) Provide interest 8 % on capital and 12 % on drawings. Parthiv had withdrawn ₹ 400 at the end of each month and Priya had withdrawn on 1-10-16.
- (2) Credit sales of ₹ 10,000 is not recorded and total of sales book of March is overcast by ₹ 2000.
- (3) Write off additional bad debts of ₹ 2000 and provide 5 % bad debts reserve on debtors.
- (4) Furniture of ₹ 4000 became obsolete, which is not recorded in the books.
- (5) A court has finalised claim of ₹ 4000, for not meeting agreement to provide goods to a customer.
- (6) Outstanding wages of ₹ 2000 is recorded to wages account but outstanding wages account is not recorded in the trial balance.
- 10. Luv and Kush are partners of a partnership firm. They distribute 60 % profit in the ratio of 3:2 and remaining in the proportion of 2:1. From the trial balance of the firm dated 31-3-17 and adjustments prepare profit and loss appropriation account, current accounts of partners and balance sheet of the firm.

Trial Balance of Partnership Firm of Luv and Kush as on 31-3-2017

Particular	Debit balance	Credit balance
	(₹)	(₹)
Luv's capital - drawings	40,000	1,20,000
Kush's capital - drawings	12,000	80,000
Current accounts: Luv	_	8000
Kush	12,000	_
Profit and loss A/c	_	80,000
Stock (31-3-2017)	72,000	_
Prepaid insurance premium	3200	_
Building	1,60,000	_
Debtors and creditors	80,000	28,000
Cash and bank balance	4800	20,000
Bills payable	_	14,000
Mortgage loan	_	1,00,000
Goodwill	40,000	_
Outstanding wages	_	2800
Receivable rent	1600	_
Commission received in advance	_	800
Bad debts reserve	_	8000
Patents	12,000	_
Furniture	24,000	_
	4,61,600	4,61,600

Adjustments: (1) Provide interest on capital at 6 % and on drawings at 10 %. (2) Provide 10 % interest on opening balance of current accounts. (3) Monthly salary of ₹ 1800 is outstanding, payable to Kush. (4) After information of above mentioned adjustments, on remaining profit 10 % commission is payable to Kush.

11. From the Trial Balance and adjustments of partnership firm of Salim and Shabana, prepare final accounts of partnership firm.

Trial Balance of Partnership Firm of Salim and Shabana as on 31-3-2017

Particular	Debit balance (₹)	Credit balance (₹)
Capital Account: Salim	_	1,60,000
Shabana	_	1,20,000
Current Account: Salim	10,000	_
Shabana	_	40,000
Stock of goods (31-3-17)	54,600	_
Cash balance	560	_
Current account with bank	14,000	_
Fixed deposit of SBI	80,000	_
Debtors - creditors	36,800	24,000
Salary	37,000	_