

Punctuation

A punctuation mark is a mark such as a full stop, comma, question mark, etc., used in writing to separate sentences and their elements and to clarify meaning. Capitalisation of letters is also included under the topic of punctuation.

Punctuation marks used in English along with their rules and examples are given below

Punctuation Mark	Use	Example						
	Always start a sentence with a capital letter.	He had high fever.						
Capitalisation of letters	• Use capital letters to start proper nouns like names and titles.	• Her Majesty, Mr President, etc.						
Capitalisation of teletis	• Use capital letters for acronyms. An acronym is a word formed from the first letter of every word in a long proper noun or title.	• CBI, BSF, etc.						
(.) Period	• End a sentence.	The food was delicious.						
(?) Question Mark	End a sentence and denote enquiry.	What time is it?						
(!) Exclamation Mark	• End a sentence and denote excitement or emphasis.	Watch out for that truck!						
(,) Comma	• Indicate a break or pause within a sentence.	Malvika, listen to me.						
	 When listing items in a series. 	 Please buy eggs, milk, butter and bread. 						
	• To separate two or more adjectives describing a noun.	• He is a charming, attentive listener.						
	• Separate one geographical area from another that is located inside it.	• I live in Rewari, Haryana.						
	• Separate an introductory phrase from the rest of the sentence.	• After the show, Ashok and I went out to dinner.						
	• Separate two independent clauses in a sentence.	• The waiter still hasn't taken our order, and the play starts in five minutes.						
	Make a direct address.	• Arvind, could you come here for a moment?						
	• Separate direct quotes from the part of the sentence introducing them.	• Said the teacher, "Silence in the class."						

Punctuation Mark	Use	Example						
(;) Semicolon	To separate closely related independent clauses.	 My father never goes to bed early; he's afraic to miss his favourite TV serial. 						
(:) Colon	• Introduce a list.	• For Diwali, I want the following presents: video game, a mobile phone and a cricket bat						
	• Introduce a new concept or example.	• There's only one person old enough to remember that wedding: grandma.						
	• Introduce a statement that expands upon the clause before the colon.	 And so, my fellow countrymen: ask not wha your country can do for you-ask what you can do for your country. 						
(-) Hyphen	Adding a prefix to some words.	Trans-Atlantic flights are costly.						
	 Creating compound words from several smaller words. 	• Spider-Man is my favourite superhero.						
	• Writing numbers out as words.	• I have lived in this house for thirty-three years.						
(– or –) Dash	Making a brief interruption within a statement.	• Salim asked me–with a straight face, I might add–if he could borrow my bike for the day.						
(") Quotation	• To enclose a direct quotation, whether spoken by a person or taken from a written source.	• "If you pick up a starving dog and make him prosperous, he will not bite you."						
(') Apostrophe	• Together with the letter s to indicate possession.	• I believe that is Allen's pen.						
	• To combine two words to make a contraction.	 I know it's his because of the distinct monogram. 						
(()) Parentheses	• To clarify.	• Please bring home some real butter (as opposed to margarine).						
	Indicate an afterthought or personal commentary.	• Anyone can edit Wikipedia (not that there's anything wrong with that).						



Directions (Q. Nos. 1-10) Given below are some sentences with options. Choose the option which is punctuated correctly.

- 1. (a) The shepherd finding his flock destroyed exclaimed I have been rightly served. Why did I trust my sheep to a wolf.
 - (b) The shepherd, finding his flock destroyed, exclaimed, "I have been rightly served. Why did I trust my sheep to a wolf?"
 - (c) The shepherd, finding his flock destroyed, exclaimed: 'I have been rightly served!" Why did I trust my sheep to a wolf?
 - (d) the shepherd finding his flock destroyed, exclaimed! I have been rightly served. Why did I trust my sheep to a wolf?

- **2.** (a) Brazil which is nearly as large as the whole of europe is covered with a vegetation of incredible profusion.
 - (b) brazil, which is nearly as large, as the whole of Europe, is covered with a vegetation of incredible profusion.
 - (c) Brazil, which is nearly as large as the whole of Europe, is covered with a vegetation of incredible profusion.
 - (d) Brazil which is nearly as large as the whole of Europe: is covered with a vegetation of incredible profusion.

- **3.** (a) Ramesh ran and ran but there was no way he could keep pace with his brother Abhinav.
 - (b) Ramesh ran and ran, but there was no way he could keep pace with his brother, Abbinay
 - (c) ramesh ran and ran, but, there was no way, he could keep pace with his Brother abhinav.
 - (d) Ramesh ran and ran! but there was no way he could keep pace with his brother–Abhinay.
- **4.** (a) As Caesar loved me, I wept for him; as he was fortunate I rejoice at it; as he was valiant, I honour him; but as he was ambitious, I slew him.
 - (b) as caesar loved me I wept for him as he was fortunate I rejoice at it, as he was valiant I honour him but as he was ambitious I slew him.
 - (c) As caesar loved me; I wept for him, as he was fortunate, I rejoice at it, as he was valiant, I honour him, but as he was ambitious, I slew him.
 - (d) as caesar loved me I wept for him; as he was fortunate I rejoice at it, as he was valiant, I honour him; but as he was ambitious, I slew him.
- **5.** (a) At midnight however i was aroused by the tramp of horses hoofs in the yard.
 - (b) at midnight however i was aroused by the tramp of horses' hoofs in the yard.
 - (c) At midnight, however, I was aroused by the tramp of horses' hoofs in the yard.
 - (d) at the midnight–however– I was aroused by the tramp of horse's hoofs in the yard.
- **6.** (a) perhaps, cried he, there may be such monsters as your describe.
 - (b) Perhaps, cried he, there may be such monsters as you describe!
 - (c) "Perhaps", cried he, "there may be such monsters as you describe".
 - (d) Perhaps, cried he, "there may be such monsters as you describe.
- **7.** (a) Take away that Bobby said Anuj pointing to the new clothes lying in the almirah.
 - (b) "Take away that Bobby," said Anuj, pointing to the new clothes lying in the almirah.

- (c) 'take away that' Bobby, said Anuj, pointing to the new clothes, lying in the almirah.
- (d) "Take away that, Bobby, said Anuj, pointing to the new clothes lying in the almirah.
- **8.** (a) we had in this village some twenty years ago an idiot boy whom I well remember who as a child showed a strong dislike for elders.
 - (b) We had in this village, some twenty years ago, an idiot boy, whom I well remember, who as a child showed strong dislike for elders
 - (c) We had in this village some Twenty years ago, an idiot Boy, whom I well remember, who as a child showed strong dislike for elders.
 - (d) We had in this village, some twenty years ago, an idiot boy whom I well remember who as a child showed strong dislike for elders.
- **9.** (a) We weren't going to give him any gift he said he didn't want any.
 - (b) We weren't going to give him any gift he said, he didn't want any.
 - (c) We weren't going to give him any gift he said he didn't want any.
 - (d) We weren't going to give him any gift, he said he didn't want any.
- **10.** (a) Whose parents will be the chaperones at, our, after game party!
 - (b) Who's parents will be the chaperones at our after game party.
 - (c) Whose parents will be the chaperones at our after game party?
 - (d) Who's parent's will be the chaperones at our after game party?

Directions (Q. Nos. 11-15) Read each sentence and mark the option for the correct answer that shows correct punctuation and capitalisation for the underlined words.

- **11.** The boys were taken to Dean's office to explain the cause of their, fight?
 - (a) their, fight
 - (b) their, fight?
 - (c) Their fight
 - (d) their fight.

12. "Will you please dro mail box on your wa the son. (a) school?" Dad (c) school." Dad	p this letter in the y to school dad asked (b) school ?", dad (d) school ? Dad	19. Me It's not may fault if the secret gets on (a) Question mark as well as exclamation mark (b) Exclamation mark and full stop (c) Full stop and question mark (d) Question mark							
13. K.K's plan is to hire get the job done.(a) employees(c) Eployee's14. "Don't even think al traffic cop said.	(b) Employees(d) Correct as it is	20. Do not blame me if you get there at the wrong time(a) Question mark(b) Quotation mark(c) Colon mark(d) Full stop							
(a) Here (b) here, 15. Girish's wife works my brother. (a) Girishs (c) Girishs'	(c) here". (d) here," in the same office as (b) Giri'shs (d) Correct as it is	Directions (Q. Nos. 21-25) Find the error part in the following sentences. 21. Do they not feel happy here. (a) Do they (b) not (c) feel happy (d) here							
Directions (Q. Nos. 16 proper end mark in the questions.		22. My cousin wanted to visit the red fort. (a) My cousin (b) wanted (c) to visit (d) the red fort							
16. We are planning to a slumber party tonigle (a) Full stop (c) Exclamation mark	nt (b) Question mark (d) None of these	23. The Dog is a domestic animal. (a) The Dog (b) is (c) a (d) domestic animal 24. Kapil said to me, you should stay at my							
17. Do you think everyo will be at game tonig(a) Exclamation mark(c) Question mark18. The coach asked the	ght (b) Full stop (d) All of the above	home". (a) Kapil said (b) to me you (c) should stay (d) at my home."							
ready to meet the en (a) Full stop (c) Quotation mark	-	25. He said, "What a beaufiful car it is?" (a) He said (b) "What a (c) beautiful (d) car it is?"							

Answers

1		(b)	2	(c)	3	(a)	4	(a)	5	(c)	6	(c)	7	(b)	8	(d)	9	(d)	10	(c)
1	1	(d)	12	(b)	13	(a)	14	(d)	15	(d)	16	(a)	17	(c)	18	(a)	19	(b)	20	(d)
2		(d)	22	(d)	23	(a)	24	(b)	25	(d)										