

**Section A**

**(History)**

**Ques 1:** Answer the following questions in one word:

- (i) Name the dynasties that ruled during the sangam age.
- (ii) What do you understand by the word 'sangha'?
- (iii) Who were the greatest rulers of the Pallava dynasty?
- (iv) When did Gupta dynasty come to power in North India?

**Ques 2:** Answer the following questions:

- (a) Who were Indo Greeks?
- (b) What does the term Golden Age suggest?
- (c) Why were Kushans able to make a profit from the trade with Central Asia?
- (d) Why did Pallavas fight the chalukyas ?
- (e) What do know about religion of the Guptas? What did assemblies do under Pallavas?

**Section B**  
**(Geography)**

**Ques 1:** Answer the following questions in one sentence:

- (i) Name the five rivers of Punjab.
- (ii) Mention Latitudinal extent of India.
- (iii) Why does South West monsoon break into two branches?
- (iv) Why do people find it difficult to cross Himalayan ranges?
- (v) Which two areas receive rain in winters?
- (vi) Name two hardwood trees.

**Ques 2:** Answer the following questions:

- (i) What problems would India face if the Himalayas did not exist as they today?
- (ii) Describe the Peninsular Plateau
- (iii) For what purpose Teak wood is used?
- (iv) Why is it important to protect the wildlife in India?

**Section C**  
**( Civics)**

**Ques 1:** Answer these questions:

- (1) Who is a patwari?
- (2) Define Administration.
- (3) Who is a landless peasant?
- (4) What are the problems faced by the unorganized sectors of labour?

**Ques 2:** Answer the following in brief:

- (1) Give difference between the organized and the unorganized sector.
- (2) What is the significance of Bhoodan Movement?
- (3) What is the job of the police after a matter is reported at the police station?
- (4) How can the government help Mahi ' A landless Peasant'?
- (5) What is the importance of Hindu Succession Act, 2005?

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## Section A

## (History)

Ques 1: Give one word.

- (i) A person appointed by a ruler or king to represent the country
- (ii) A famous centre of Buddhist learning was established at
- (iii) A person who gives money and support to artists and writers
- (iv) A chinese pilgrim who visited the court of Harsha was

Ques 2: Complete the following.

- (a) The Allahabad inscription is engraved on an\_\_\_\_\_.
- (b) \_\_\_\_\_ was the most famous Pandyan king.
- (c) The Kushans had a summer capital at \_\_\_\_\_.
- (d) The word Prashasti means \_\_\_\_\_.
- (e) The glorious rule of the Gupta Age is referred to as\_\_\_\_\_.

Ques 3: Write True or False.

- (1) The main dynasties in Deccan and South India were Pallavas and Chalukyas.
- (2) Chandragupta I assumed the title of Vikramaditya.
- (3) The cholas established their main capital at Uraiyur.
- (4) Harshacharita is written by Harshavardhana.

## Section B

## (Geography)

Ques 1: Define the following.

- (i) Delta:\_\_\_\_\_.
- (ii) Mango Showers:\_\_\_\_\_.
- (iii) EvergreenTrees:\_\_\_\_\_.

Ques 2: Name the following.

- (i) In which season most rainfall occurs in India?
- (ii) From where do the rivers Brahmaputra and Ganga originate?
- (iii) Name the highest peak in the world.
- (iv) Which tree gives us latex used for making rubber?
- (v) Name the southern most point of India.

Ques 3: Match the column.

- (a) Chennai India
- (b) Mahogany Western Ghat
- (c) Sahyadris Equable
- (d) Tropic of Cancer Hardwood

**Section C**  
**( Civics)**

Ques 1: Fill in the blanks.

- (1) The \_\_\_\_\_ is the person in charge of the police station.
- (2) \_\_\_\_\_ is the place in the factory area where daily wage workers wait for work.
- (3) The \_\_\_\_\_ peasants are paid daily wages.
- (4) The management of public or business affairs is \_\_\_\_\_.

Ques 2: Define the term.

- (i) Inheritance: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_.
- (ii) Wages: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_.
- (iii) Insurance: \_\_\_\_\_.

Ques 3: Answer the following in one word.

- (1) Which movement was started by Vinoba Bhave?
- (2) When was Hindu Succession act passed?
- (3) What is the duty of a police?
- (4) Who comprise the large farmers?
- (5) What is the movement of labour from village to town called?