

PRACTICE PAPER

6

Time allowed: 45 minutes

Maximum Marks: 200

General Instructions: Same as Practice Paper-1.

Select the most appropriate option.

1. Meaning of Foreign Policy is:

- (a) With which one country maintains relations with other countries
- (b) To participate in international political and economic activities
- (c) Maintain relations with other countries in your own country's benefit
- (d) All the above

2. Fidel Castro was the President of which country?

- (a) Egypt
- (b) Cuba
- (c) America
- (d) Soviet Russia

3. The main effects of globalisation are:

- (a) Political
- (b) Economic
- (c) Cultural
- (d) All of these

4. Which political party won 16 seats and was at second place in the first General Elections of India?

- (a) Bharatiya Jana Sangh
- (b) Samajwadi Party
- (c) Indian Communist Party
- (d) Hindu Mahasabha

5. In 1989, who was the leader of National Front, when this party formed a coalition government, with the outside support of the BJP and the Left Front?

- (a) Chandra Shekhar
- (b) H.D. Devegowda
- (c) I.K. Gujral
- (d) V.P. Singh

6. What factors have contributed to Pakistan's failure in building a stable democracy?

- (a) Clergy
- (b) Military
- (c) Landowning aristocracy
- (d) All of these

7. On the midnight of 14-15 August, who had addressed a special Session of Constituent Assembly?

- (a) Dr. Rajendra Prasad
- (b) Pt. Jawahar Lal Nehru
- (c) C. Rajgopalachari
- (d) None of these

8. When was the planning commission established?

- (a) 1947
- (b) 1948
- (c) 1950
- (d) 1952

9. Choose the correct pair:

- (a) In a state of Constitutional crisis — 358
- (b) War, external invasion, internal civil war — 352
- (c) Financial crisis — 370
- (d) Jammu & Kashmir — 360

10. Sardar Patel had to face major challenges of integration from _____ states.
 (a) two (b) three (c) four (d) five
11. Analyse the newspapers given below carefully and answer the following question:



This incident was featured in various newspaper:

- (a) Partition of India (b) Communal riots
 (c) Assassination of Mahatma Gandhi (d) None of these
12. Arrange in chronological order:
 (i) Establishment of Human Rights Council
 (ii) Yalta Association
 (iii) Atlantic Charter
 (iv) India took part in United Nations
 (a) (ii), (iv), (i), (iii), (b) (iii), (ii), (iv), (i) (c) (i), (ii), (iii), (iv) (d) (ii), (iii), (iv), (i)
13. Who is related to Co-operative Dairy?
 (a) Charan Singh (b) M.S. Swaminathan (c) K.N. Raj (d) Verghese Kurien
14. When did Khrushchev deploy nuclear missiles in Cuba?
 (a) 1962 (b) 1965 (c) 1967 (d) 1968
15. The Dalai Lama, the religious leader of Tibet, sought asylum in India in _____.
 (a) 1952 (b) 1955 (c) 1959 (d) 1960
16. The number of members of the Security Council was increased from 11 to _____ in 1965.
 (a) 10 (b) 15 (c) 20 (d) 21
17. Why did Russia become the successor of USSR?
 (i) Russia led the formation of CIS.
 (ii) It inherited the Soviet seat in the UN.
 (iii) It was the largest republic.
 (a) (i) and (iii) only (b) (ii) only (c) (i) and (ii) only (d) (i), (ii) and (iii)

18. **Statement 1 : Planning Commission was established in 1952.**

Statement 2 : NITI Aayog was established in 2015.

- (a) Both the Statements are correct
 (b) Both the Statements are incorrect
 (c) Statement 1 is correct but the Statement 2 is incorrect
 (d) Statement 2 is correct but the Statement 1 is incorrect

19. **Match the principal organs and agencies of the UN with their functions:**

Column-1	Column-2
A. Economic and Social Council	(i) Administration and coordination of UN affairs
B. Security Council	(ii) Safety and peaceful use of nuclear technology
C. Secretariat	(iii) Preservation of International Peace and Security
D. International Atomic Energy Agency	(iv) Look into the economic and Social welfare of the member countries

(a) (A)–(iv), (B)–(iii), (C)–(i), (D)–(ii)

(b) (A)–(iii), (B)–(i), (C)–(iv), (D)–(ii)

(c) (A)–(i), (B)–(iii), (C)–(ii), (D)–(iv)

(d) (A)–(iv), (B)–(iii), (C)–(i), (D)–(ii)

20. **What is Security?**

- (a) Freedom from threats
 (b) Freedom from peace
 (c) Freedom from terrorism
 (d) None of these

21. **Countries of 'Socialist bloc' were called**

- (a) First world
 (b) Third world
 (c) Second world
 (d) None of these

22. **What percentage of the indigenous population covers the total Indian population?**

- (a) 8% (b) 10% (c) 15% (d) 20%

23. **To whom Anti-Arrack movement of Andhra Pradesh was related?**

- (a) On cutting of the trees
 (b) Restriction on untouchability
 (c) Restriction on the sale of liquor
 (d) Protection of cows

24. **Which among the following statements does not match Emergency declarative?**

- (a) Declaration of complete revolution
 (b) Railway strike of 1974
 (c) Naxalites protest
 (d) Decision of the Allahabad High Court

25. **In 1984, in which state 'Operation Blue-Star' was operated?**

- (a) Bihar (b) Punjab (c) Haryana (d) Odisha

26. **When was Sikkim included in India?**

- (a) 1974 (b) 1975 (c) 1952 (d) 1992

27. **In 2004, General Elections, which political party form the coalition government at centre?**

- (a) Congress (b) BJP (c) United Front (d) National Front

28. **Dominance includes:**

- (a) Economic power
 (b) Military dominance
 (c) Political power
 (d) All of these

29. **What is the name given to the terrorist attack on the World Trade Centre situated in New York?**

- (a) 9/11 (b) 11/9 (c) 2/11 (d) 5/11

30. **The war between India and Pakistan in 1948, resulted in the division of which Indian state?**

- (a) Kashmir (b) Kachchh (c) Punjab (d) None of these

31. Match the following:

Column-1	Column-2
A. Establishment of European Union	(i) 2020
B. Establishment of ASEAN	(ii) 1978
C. Vision documents of ASEAN	(iii) 1967
D. Open Door Policy	(iv) 1992

(a) (A)–(iv), (B)–(iii), (C)–(i), (D)–(ii)

(b) (A)–(iii), (B)–(i), (C)–(iv), (D)–(ii)

(c) (A)–(ii), (B)–(iii), (C)–(i), (D)–(iv)

(d) (A)–(ii), (B)–(i), (C)–(iv), (D)–(iii)

32. **Statement 1 : The United States benefited from the disintegration of the Soviet Union.**

Statement 2 : Cold war ended and Russia became the only one superpower

(a) Both the Statements are correct

(b) Both the Statements are incorrect

(c) Statement 1 is correct but the Statement 2 is incorrect

(d) Statement 2 is correct but the Statement 1 is incorrect

33. Which of the following statements is incorrect?

(a) In 1962, Khrushchev placed nuclear missiles in Cuba.

(b) Cuban Missile Crisis was the High Point of Cold War.

(c) Atomic bombs were dropped on two US cities in August 1942.

(d) The Western Alliance was called 'NATO', the Eastern Alliance was called the 'Warsaw Pact'.

34. When was First Five Year Plan imposed in India?

(a) 1955

(b) 1953

(c) 1951

(d) 1956

35. In August 1990, Iraq invaded _____.

(a) Iran

(b) Kuwait

(c) Saudi Arabia

(d) Vietnam

36. Which statement about Vladimir Lenin is correct?

(i) Vladimir Lenin was a European intellectual.

(ii) He formed the Bolshevik Communist Party in Russia.

(iii) He became the founding ruler of the Soviet Union in 1917 by armed revolution against Czarism.

(a) (i) and (ii) only

(b) (i) and (iii) only

(c) (i) only

(d) (i), (ii) and (iii)

37. Who had directed 'Shock Therapy Model'?

(i) World Bank

(ii) International Monetary Fund

(iii) World Trade Organisation

(a) (i) and (ii) only

(b) (i) and (iii) only

(c) (i) only

(d) (i), (ii) and (iii)

38. Panchsheel was announced by Prime Minister _____ and Chinese Premier Chou En Lai.

(a) Jawaharlal Nehru

(b) Lal Bahadur Shastri

(c) Indira Gandhi

(d) Rajiv Gandhi

39. The people formed the Soviet Union by merging _____ states together to handle the essence of their culture.

(a) 15

(b) 16

(c) 17

(d) 18

40. What does 'Mass Movement' mean?

(a) The movement in which people revolt for their demands

(b) Movement by the Ministers

(c) Violent protest by some organisations

(d) None of these

41. What was the number of voters in the first General Elections?
 (a) 17 crore (b) 19 crore (c) 20 crore (d) 25 crore
42. In 1984 Lok Sabha Election, who was the leader of Congress Party?
 (a) Indira Gandhi (b) Morarji Desai (c) Rajiv Gandhi (d) Devraj
43. Who favoured 'Committed Bureaucracy'?
 (a) Pt. Nehru (b) Lal Bahadur Shastri (c) Indira Gandhi (d) Dr. Rajendra Prasad
44. Jeans culture is the example of _____.
 (a) Cultural Globalisation (b) Political Globalisation (c) Economic Globalisation (d) All of these
45. The earth's atmosphere, Antarctica, the Ocean floor and Outer space is known as _____.
 (a) Commons (b) Global Commons (c) Local Commons (d) None of these
46. Which country is the member of the ASEAN?
 (a) Indonesia (b) Malaysia (c) Philippines (d) All of these
47. When was Janta Party duly formed?
 (a) May 1975 (b) May 1977 (c) Jan 1977 (d) March 1977
48. Which Constitutional Amendment at the time of Emergency was called 'Small Constitution'?
 (a) 38th Amendment (b) 39th Amendment (c) 40th Amendment (d) 42nd Amendment
49. In which country in 1992, was the UN Earth Summit organised?
 (a) Japan (b) Rio de Janeiro (c) China (d) India
50. During Lal Bahadur Shastri's tenure what were the challenges among the following?
 (a) Drought, scarcity of food grain in many regions
 (b) War between India and Pakistan in 1965
 (c) Both (a) and (b)
 (d) None of these



ANSWERS

PRACTICE PAPER — 6

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|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| 1. (d) | 2. (b) | 3. (d) | 4. (c) | 5. (d) | 6. (d) | 7. (b) |
| 8. (c) | 9. (b) | 10. (b) | 11. (c) | 12. (b) | 13. (d) | 14. (a) |
| 15. (c) | 16. (b) | 17. (b) | 18. (d) | 19. (a) | 20. (a) | 21. (c) |
| 22. (a) | 23. (c) | 24. (c) | 25. (b) | 26. (b) | 27. (a) | 28. (d) |
| 29. (a) | 30. (a) | 31. (a) | 32. (c) | 33. (c) | 34. (c) | 35. (b) |
| 36. (d) | 37. (a) | 38. (a) | 39. (a) | 40. (a) | 41. (a) | 42. (c) |
| 43. (c) | 44. (a) | 45. (b) | 46. (d) | 47. (c) | 48. (d) | 49. (b) |
| 50. (c) | | | | | | |