

Why Do We Need a Parliament

Question 1.

What is the total strength of the Lok Sabha including the 2 nominated members?

- (a) 545
- (b) 233
- (c) 549
- (d) 588

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (a) 545

Question 2.

The , allowed for some elected representation.

- (a) Pitts India Act 1784
- (b) Regulating Act 1773
- (c) Govt of India Act 1909
- (d) Government of India act 1858.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (c) Govt of India Act 1909

Question 3.

EVM was used throughout the country for the first time in:

- (a) 2000
- (b) 2004
- (c) 2006
- (d) 2008

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (b) 2004

Question 4.

How many nominated members are there in the Rajya Sabha by the President?

- (a) 2
- (b) 6
- (c) 8
- (d) 12

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (d) 12

Question 5.

Situation in which there is no easy solutions to the problems is called:

- (a) Approval
- (b) Coalition
- (c) unresolved
- (d) Crucial

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (c) unresolved

Question 6.

What is the full form of EVM?

- (a) Election Valid Machine
- (b) Electronic Voting Machine
- (c) Election Voting Machine
- (d) None of these

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (b) Electronic Voting Machine

Electronic Voting Machine. EVMs were used throughout the country for the first time in the 2004 general elections. The use of EVMs in 2004 saved around 150,000 trees.

Question 7.

What do you mean by the Houses of people?

- (a) Lok sabha
- (b) Vidhan sabha
- (c) Rajya sabha
- (d) Parliament

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (a) Lok sabha

The Parliament of India has two Houses, the Rajya Sabha and the Lok Sabha. Lok Sabha (House of the People), with a total membership of 545, is presided over by the Speaker.

Question 8.

The parliament of India has how many houses?

- (a) 2
- (b) 6
- (c) 7
- (d) 3

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (a) 2

The Parliament of India is the supreme law-making institution. It has two Houses, the

Rajya Sabha and the Lok Sabha.

Question 9.

When was the EVM used for the first time?

- (a) 2007
- (b) 2004
- (c) 2003
- (d) 1990

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (b) 2004

EVMs were used throughout the country for the first time in the 2004 general elections. The use of EVMs in 2004 saved around 150,000 trees that have been cut to produce about 8,000 tons of paper for printing the ballot papers.

Question 10.

For what period of time the President of India holds office?

- (a) 6 years
- (b) 5 years
- (c) 4 years
- (d) 7 years

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (b) 5 years

Most elected members whether in the Panchayat or the Vidhan Sabha or the Parliament are elected for a fixed period of five years. There are 233 elected members plus 12 members nominated by the President.

Question 11.

The members of the Rajya Sabha are elected by whom?

- (a) Legislative Assemblies
- (b) Parliament member
- (c) Advocate
- (d) None of these

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (a) Legislative Assemblies

The members of the Rajya Sabha are elected by the elected members of the Legislative Assemblies of various states.

Question 12.

How Many members are nominated by president in Rajya sabha?

- (a) 15
- (b) 14

- (c) 12
- (d) None of these

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (c) 12

The members of the Rajya Sabha are elected by the elected members of the Legislative Assemblies of various states. There are 233 elected members plus 12 members nominated by the President.

Question 13.

When did the Indian congress demanded the elected members in the legislature?

- (a) 1880
- (b) 1885
- (c) 1896
- (d) 1945

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (b) 1885

1885, the Indian National Congress demanded that there be elected members in the legislature with a right to discuss the budget and ask questions.

Question 14.

Who is the head of the Executive at the central level?

- (a) President
- (b) Prime Minister
- (c) Chief Minister
- (d) None of these

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (a) President

The President is the head of the Executive at the central level. This is a very important way through which the Parliament controls the executive.

Question 15.

Who implements laws?

- (a) Court
- (b) President
- (c) Executives
- (d) None of these

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (c) Executives

Executives implement laws. The executive is a group of persons who work together to

implement the laws made by the Parliament. This executive is often in mind when we use the term government.

Write true (T) or false (F)

1. The executive is a group of persons who work together to implement the laws made by the judiciary.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: False

2. The total numbers of elected members in the Lok Sabha is 233 plus 12 members.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: False

3. Parliaments performs its function by controlling guiding and informing the Government.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: True

4. Largest among the parties who oppose the majority party/coalition formed is called the Opposition party.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: True

5. The use of EVMs in 2004 saved around 90,000 trees.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: False

Match the following

1.

| Column-I | Column-II |
|----------------|---|
| 1. Lok Sabha | (a) 233 |
| 2. Rajya Sabha | (b) 1909 |
| 3. EVMS | (c) Adult citizens have the right to vote |

| | |
|------------------------------|----------|
| 4. Govt, of India Act | (d) 545 |
| 5. Universal Adult Franchise | (e) 2004 |

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer:

| Column-I | Column-II |
|------------------------------|---|
| 1. Lok Sabha | (d) 545 |
| 2. Rajya Sabha | (a) 233 |
| 3. EVMS | (e) 2004 |
| 4. Govt, of India Act | (b) 1909 |
| 5. Universal Adult Franchise | (c) Adult citizens have the right to vote |

Fill in the blanks

1. There is a that when interests and experiences separate us it is important to ensure that communities that have been historically are given adequate

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: realisation, marginalised, representation

2. The government gets valuable and is kept on its toes by the questions asked by the MPs.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: feedback

3. selects ministers to work with him and to take important decisions.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: The Prime Minister

4. The Lok Sabha is usually elected once every years.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: Five

5. The dreams and aspirations of the freedom struggle were made concrete in the Constitution of independent India that laid down the principle of

▼ Answer

Answer: Universal adult franchise

Picture Based Questions

1.



1. What does the picture shows?
2. Around how much trees were saved after the use of EVM's in 2004?

▼ Answer

Answer:

1. It shows a voter reading instructions on how to use an EVM (i.e. Electronic Voting Machine).
 2. The use of EVM in 2004 saved around 1,50,000 trees.
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2.



1. What does the picture shows?
2. Is it that much necessary to carry polling material in such conditions?

▼ Answer

Answer:

1. It shows the election staff using an elephant to carry polling material and EVM's to polling

stations located in difficult terrain.

2. Yes.

3.



1. What does the picture shows?
2. Which is known as the supreme law making institution?
3. How many houses are there in the Parliament? Name them.

▼ **Answer**

Answer:

1. The picture shows the Parliament of India (Sansad).
 2. The Parliament of India (Sansad) is the supreme law-making institution.
 3. It has 2 houses
(i) The Rajya Sabha (ii) The Lok Sabha.
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Map Skills

- (i) The state where you currently live and from where you know to have elected their Parliamentary representatives.
- (ii) Represent the state where the prime minister's office (PMO) is situated.

▼ **Answer**

Answer: Delhi

