

## Chapter-3

### Worksheet-2

**Choose the correct option:**

1. Germany's 'genocidal war' was against which of the following people?  
(a) Jews and political opponents  
(b) Gypsies and Polish civilians  
(c) Germans who were considered mentally and physically disabled  
(d) All the above
2. What was the most important result of the Spartacus League uprising in Germany in 1918-19?  
(a) The Weimar Republic crushed the rebellion  
(b) The Spartacists founded the Communist Party of Germany  
(c) The Weimar government accepted the demands of the Spartacus League  
(d) Both (a) and (b)
3. The National Assembly met at Weimar and decided to establish  
(a) a democratic constitution with a federal structure  
(b) a communist form of government  
(c) a powerful monarchy  
(d) a military state
4. Who were called the 'November criminals'?  
(a) The Opponents of Weimar Republic  
(b) The Emperor who abdicated, and his men  
(c) The supporters of Weimar Republic  
(d) None of the above
5. What was 'Dawes Plan'?  
(a) A plan which impose more fine on Germany  
(b) A plan which withdrew all punishment from Germany  
(c) A plan which reworked the terms of reparation to ease financial burdens on the Germans.  
(d) None of these
6. War in 1917 led to the strengthening of Allies and the defeat of Germany because of entry of  
(a) China  
(b) Japan  
(c) the USA  
(d) Spain

7. Which of the following was a feature of Hitler's foreign policy?
- (a) He pulled out of the League of Nations in 1933
  - (b) He decided not to attack any country
  - (c) He thanked the Allied Powers for having put Germany on the right track
  - (d) All the above
8. Which of the following statements is true about the economic crisis in Germany in 1923?
- (a) The value of 'Mark' (German currency) collapsed
  - (b) Prices of goods soared high
  - (c) Weimer Republic brought economic prosperity
  - (d) Both (a) and (b)
9. When and among which countries was the Tripartite Pact signed?
- (a) 1940, Germany, Italy and Japan
  - (b) 1939, Germany, Austria and USSR
  - (c) 1940, England, France and USA
  - (d) 1938, England, Germany and USSR
10. What gave Nazi state its reputation as the most dreaded criminal state?
- (a) Extra-constitutional powers were given to the newly organised forces like Gestapo, the SS and
  - (b) People could be detained in Gestapo torture chambers and sent to concentration camps
  - (c) No legal procedures were there for the arrested people
  - (d) All the above

**Answer the following Questions.**

11. Define genocidal war. Mention any two methods adopted for extermination of Jews.
12. How was Nazi ideology taught to the youth in Germany? Explain.
13. How did the common people react to Nazism?
14. Who wrote the book 'Third Reich of Dreams'? What did the author describe in the book?
15. Describe the events which happened in 1945 when Germany surrendered to Allies.
16. What was the impact of First World War on European and German society?

- 17.** What was the economic crisis of 1923? How did it affect Germany?
- 18.** Highlight the five events of 1933 that led to the destruction of democracy in Germany.
- 19.** What was the foreign policy of Hitler?
- 20.** How was democracy destroyed in Germany?