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GENERAL STUDIES (TEST CODE : 1249)

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Medium Hindi/Eng.	ENGLISH	Registration Number	275987
Center	ONLINE	Date	07/09/2019

INDEX TABLE

Q. No.	Maximum Marks	Marks Obtained
1(a)	10	
1(b)	10	
2(a)	10	
2(b)	10	
3(a)	10	
3(b)	10	
4(a)	10	
4(b)	10	
5(a)	10	
5(b)	10	
6	10	
7	10	
8	10	
9	20	
10	20	
11	20	
12	20	
13	20	
14	20	

Total Marks Obtained:

Remarks:

Signature of Examiner

INSTRUCTIONS

1. Do furnish the appropriate details in the answer sheet (viz. Name, Registration Number and Test Code).
2. There are **FOURTEEN** questions printed in **ENGLISH**
3. All questions are compulsory.
4. The number of marks carried by a question/part is indicated against it.
5. Answers must be written in the medium authorized in the Admission Certificate, which must be stated clearly on the cover of this Question-Cum-Answer (QCA) Booklet in the space provided. No marks will be given for answers written in medium other than the authorized one.
6. Word limit in questions, if specified, should be adhered to.
7. Any page or portion of the page left blank in the Question-Cum-Answer Booklet must be clearly struck off.

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EVALUATION QUESTIONS

1. Identify the components
2. Identify the components
3. Identify the components
4. Identify the components
5. Identify the components
6. Identify the components

Answer the questions / Identify the components in the text

1.

2.

3.

4.

5.

6.

SECTION - A

Answer the following questions in not more than 150 words each:

1. (a) What do you understand by cultural sensitivity? Identify the ways in which individuals and organisations can benefit from cultural sensitivity in India. (10)

Cultural Sensitivity is related to the behavioural aspects of human. It means the response & behaviour of an individual or organisation with respect to cultural change. Both at individual & organisational level it can help in cultural change related to modern humanistic values.

Individual

- ① Citing cultural practices behaviour of an individual can be changed. Such as SRM
- ② Individual can be made punctual, compassionate, selfless, responsible by knowing about their culture.
- ③ It can bring unity, accommodative behaviour among various culture, Universalism etc.

Organisation

- ① Citing Cultural Sensitivity work Culture at organisational level Can be made harmonious, democratic goal oriented etc.
- ② It helps in unifying the individuals at organisational level.
- ③ help in maintaining social harmony

In contemporary times more emphasis have been given on nudging the behaviour as changing the attitude. Cultural Sensitivity Can help in that direction.

1. (b) In the quest for scientific and technological development, ethical values should not be neglected. Discuss in the current context. (10)

Post Industrial revolution scientific & technological development have been achieving greater & greater height. But in this process there is a concern related to negligence of ethical dimensions. Such as:-

- ① Exploitation of vulnerable sections such as women, children, labour etc. questioning the humanistic value of society.
- ② Concerns related to changing the order of nature such as He Jiankui designer babies, GM crops etc.
- ③ exploitations of natural resources causing the degradation of bio-diversity is showing lack of ethical behaviour towards other species.
- ④ meddling in the election of other countries causing ethical concern of freedom of liberty, democracy etc.

- ⑤ microtargetting by big firms using AI, machine learning and data analytics to control the behaviour of Individual.
- ⑥ use of cyber space to create ~~an~~ fear psychosis is impacting ethics in International relation.
- ⑦ Foreign funding for various reasons such as NUOs etc. is a big concern related to ethics in funding.
- ⑧ Rampant exploitation of resources is a cause of concern for future generation.

As Mahatma Gandhi said there is enough for human need and not for greed. Hence, one should use science & technology in a Judicious manner for the welfare of humanity. and mother earth.

2. (a) In a plural society like India, education should help the individual to celebrate the plurality and visualize the inherent unity of cultures and values. Analyze the statement in the present context with examples. (10)

India is a multi-culture, multi-ethnic, multi-linguistic society and celebrating "unity in diversity" as a major achievements. In this type of multi-cultural society education would help in bringing inherent unity in culture & values :-

① Education at School level is the primary source of socialisation and various agents such as teachers, peer-students, Curriculum of school, celebration of various festivals such as - Diwali, Eid, Christmas, Independence day etc. help in strengthening our culture & values.

② At Higher education level, values such as equality, Fraternity, Secularism etc. helps in binding us all as a pluralistic society.

③ Curriculum at both primary & higher education institutions are based on modern democratic, Secular and Scientific line. Apart from this education related to Constitutional values helps in integrating us.

④ Education also helps us in questioning the wrong practices. Since, Independence time such as Young Bengal movement by Dorozio.

Hence, education along with moral & value based education can help in bringing morality & cultural unity among the ~~part~~ Pluralistic Indian Culture.

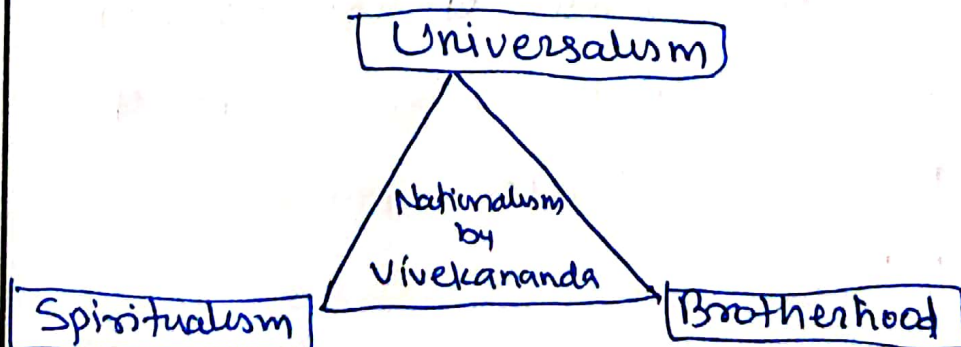
2. (b) Elucidate Swami Vivekananda's ideas on nationalism.

(10)

Swami Vivekananda was known for its spread of Vedantic & Yogic philosophy in the western world. His main focus was on humanism & Selflessness.

He also emphasised on nationalism and said:-

- ① Nationalism is all about brotherhood, Universalism.
- ② He said, each Country has its own way of life, goal etc. and for India it is on spiritual line.
- ③ Unlike Western Secularism which is a Secular Concept, Vivekananda nationalism was related to Hindu Civilisation



Application of vivekananda nationalism

Individual

- It is talking about Striving for Universal brotherhood, this will increase the Sense of tolerance, accomodative behaviours.
- To be proud on our own Culture and Strive for the betterment of all in the world.

Nation

- It advocated for universal brotherhood and accomodating all i.e a kind of Secularism and Basudhev Kutumbakam.

Hence, Vivekananda's nationalism has a broader Sense unlike western nationalism which is a Cause of Conflict and Colonial race in Europe.

3. Given below are quotations of moral thinkers/philosophers. Bring out what they mean to you in the present context:

(a) The best way to find yourself is to lose yourself in the service of others.

Mahatma Gandhi

(10)

Mahatma Gandhi is a renowned philosopher thinker of Contemporary India. He gave more emphasis on the service of humankind similar to Vivekanand, Buddha etc.

Above Statement by Gandhiji has following dimension:-

- ① To find the truth as advocated by Upanishada, Buddha and other thinkers.
- ② For that one need to serve the people or other humankind. Such as: Service done by Gandhiji for the welfare of dalit. many western thinkers such as Elwin was influenced by this

and they tried to serve the tribals for their welfare.

Relevance

- Above Concept is relevant in the modern cases also, as :-

- ① Economic inequalities are rising
- ② Problems related to refugee crisis, disasters, climate change
- ③ Social evils such as child labor, exploitation of children, women is rising.
- ④ Environmental degradation is a cause of concern.

Hence, serving others is in Indian ethos and one should come forward to serve others for the betterment & upliftment of humanity.

3. (b) So long as you do not achieve social liberty, whatever freedom is provided by the law is of no avail to you. B.R. Ambedkar (10)

B. R. Ambedkar ~~was~~ is a great icon for advocating & uplifting the dalits in Indian social structure. Above statement shows the importance of social acceptance of dalit in Hindu fold for their emancipation. This is similar to the concept & approach of ghandhi ji - i.e. evangelical approach to provide social liberty to dalit.

- Since Independence various laws such as Prevention of atrocities Act, etc. has been passed still the cases of atrocities against them is coming.
- most of the cases of mob lynching are against the dalit despite having plethora of laws.

- Prevalence of manual scavenging substantiate above statement.
- Despite having laws against dowry, domestic violence still exploitation of women in society showing patriarchy.
- Glass Ceiling Concept: despite reservation in promotion top bureaucratic positions are held by male & upper caste people.

Social liberty is very much important as political & economic liberty. As said by an expert - Society move in the direction of culture not the law.

4. (a) Explaining the concept of moral attitude, discuss how social media is shaping moral attitudes of people. (10)

Moral attitude is a pre-determined behaviour of an individual be it favourable or unfavourable way in a given circumstances based on his affect and ~~Eng~~ Cognition level.

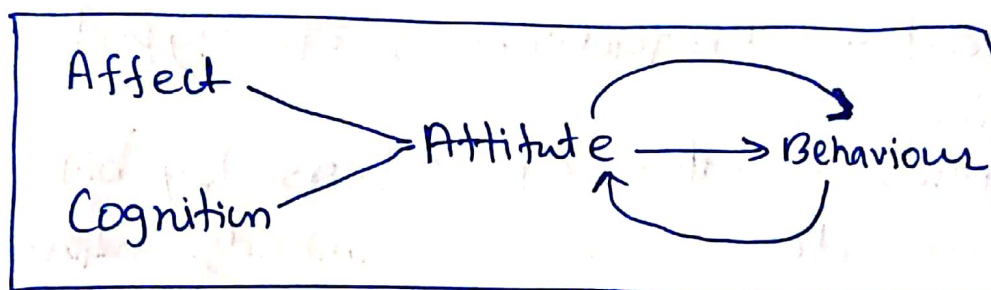


Fig: Attitude of an Individual

For example: Cigarettee use by an individual. In this case affect element is more than Cognitive element.

Recently, Social media is shaping moral attitude of the Society:-

- ① It helps in promoting equality and Fraternity and awakes generation — this leads to attitudinal change towards transgender, gender & caste discrimination.

- ⑪ Faster information dissemination helps in making negative attitudes towards mob lynching & other social evil.
- ⑫ Democratic & political attitude have be shaped.

NEGATIVE CONSEQUENCES

- ① Hate messages and false news creating prejudices & stereotyped view.
- ② Microtargeting of voters by big corporates such as - Cambridge analytica.
- ③ Reinforcing the affect part by promoting alcoholism, etc. eg: Kabir Singh movie & songs etc.
- ④ Attitude of treating women as a commodity is reinforced by social media.

A judicious use of Social media is advisable to create a pluralistic Society free from prejudices and stereotyping.

4. (b) Analyse the importance of both influence and persuasion for effective leadership. (10)

Influence & Persuasion is a kind of behaviour change practice among the individual or group of individual. At all levels of administration this has been used for desired output.

- It helps in achieving desired result. eg: behavioural change by PM in SBM.
- Motivating an individual or group of individual: eg: PM confidence to ISRO in Chandrayan-2 failure.
- Long lasting change: T.N. Sesan Persuaded administrator for free & fair election

Importance
for
effective
leadership

- Help in upbringing new generation of leadership eg: Vikra Sanabhar taking blame of failure of mission.
- Help in fighting against social evil: handhi ji fight against dalit atrocities.

Various Social Influence & Persuasion techniques such as reward & punishment, repeated reinforcement etc. have been used by present national leadership to change the bureaucratic culture of red tapism, status quoism, risk aversion attitude. etc.

-At Citizenry level awareness regarding SBM, Digital India, Tax paying culture etc. helping in increasing India's tax to GDP ratio, Ease of doing business, positive improvement in health indicators etc. This all will help in making "New India" by 2022.

5. (a) Analyze the significance of adopting a code of ethics for creating a healthy work culture in an organization. (10)

Code of ethics is a set of Universal established Standards codified in a statutory document that should be followed by the Civil Servants or Public Servants. After NOLAN Committee various Countries in the world such as UK, Australia, New Zealand etc. adopted Code of ethics.

- Codification of all values at one place with proper situational explanation
- Helps in bringing a culture of Universalism.
- Can be helpful in analyzing the Significance Conduct of Public Servant
- will bring India on global wave length level.
- Reduce the ambiguity in decision making by the Civil servant.
- will helpful in making social Capital between Citizen & government

Other significance with respect to organisation

- ① Democratisation of work culture
- ② Role & responsibility
- ③ Sense of ownership

ARC-2 has also suggested a Civil Services Code covering both Code of ethics & Code of Conduct. In Corporate Sector also, this will help in achieving good Corporate governance culture and bring long lasting attitude of Corporate sector in the Society.

5. (b) Ethos, ethics, equity and efficiency are key criteria on the basis of which the competency of civil servants should be judged. Analyse. (10)

Civil Servants are those servants who work on the principle of "Service motive" and governed by Article 309 of Indian Constitution and other statutory provision.

Following ^{criteria for} are the Competency of Civil Services:

① Ethos: It basically means the ethos of Civil Services. That means the "Service motive" based on "social contract". That is Civil Services should work in a selfless manner. ~~Collective~~

② Ethics: They should work on an universal established standards of ethics such as - Impartiality, Integrity, objectivity, neutrality, Compassionate.

With respect to ethics NOLAN Committee gave 7 principles for their Conduct.

③ Equity: Civil servants should work on the principle of equity. That is no discrimination on the basis of caste, class, sex, ethnicity, political ideologies, religion etc. He should work in a non-partisan way.

④ Efficiency: It is the recent added factor post LPH era. Following the right based approach and problem solving attitude, efficiency became important factor. That is use of limited resources for maximum gain.

Civil services should follow Kantian, Utilitarian, Social Contract & distributive Justice philosophies in their duty towards the people.

6. The mandatory nature of Corporate Social Responsibility goes against the notion of philanthropy. Discuss. (10)

Corporate Social responsibility (CSR) is a social work done by the corporate sectors in the vicinity of their establishments. CSR has been made mandatory to certain companies based on the principle that they are using natural resources of the society by Companies Act 2013.

Experts are saying it goes against notion of philanthropy :-

- ① mandatory clause leads to just performing their duty. For example, maximum fund goes to PMRF, which is defeating its purpose.
- ② Many companies were earlier paying more than 2%, but post enactment they limited their expenditure.
- ③ Concentration of companies in certain areas led to over expenditure in certain area hence no social capital all over.

(4) Indian Industries already performing CSR work before 2013. Such as Tata trust, Premji trust etc.

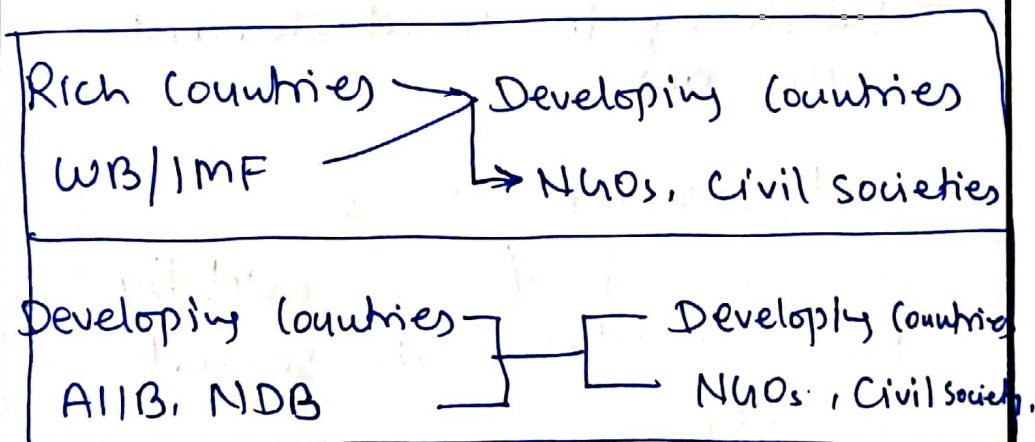
However, certain benefits are also observed:

- ① more than 50000 Crore has been spent post 2013.
- ② Education, health, sports activities are seeing a positive trends.

Recently, Nijeli Srinivas Committee recommended to remove the clause of jail term and making CSR more inclusive so that Social Capital can be built.

7. There have been arguments that rich countries owe an obligation to people living in poor countries. In this context, discuss the issues associated with foreign aid. (10)

Foreign aid are the monetary aid given by various countries to poor & least developed countries for their growth & development. Various mechanism are:-



Obligation

- ① As most of the natural resources or exploited by rich countries during colonialism.
- ② They are advanced and having scientific & technological prowess.
- ③ Based on the humanity principles.
- ④ Better economic capability.

However, in recent times various issues have been arise due to foreign aid.

- Foreign aids have been used to obstruct the growth of developing nations. eg: IB report against Kudankulam nuclear plant
- Formulating religious sentiments
- Interfering in local democratic processes.
- ISSUES**
- Religious Conversions.
 - diversion of foreign aid by NHOs to other anti-social activities.

Foreign aid is important for poor countries to grow but it should be made in a philanthropic manner not in narrow view of Capitalist interest.

8. It is essential that people have access to information if they are to have the capacity to exercise other rights. Discuss the statement with focus on importance of RTI in governance.

(10)

A famous saying that "Information gives knowledge and knowledge give strength to question" is important in the context of individual right to exercise other rights guaranteed by Constitution. Hence, in 2005 RTI act was passed by Indian parliament to give the power to the people to know and ask questions to the authority.

Benefit

- ① RTI helps in strengthening the people and hence participatory democracy ensured.
- ② It brings accountability in the administration.
- ③ Proper record maintenance by the officials helps in improving & fastening decision making.

- ⑩ It helps as a tool of grievance redressal.
- ⑪ many big Corruption Cases such as 2G, Coal block etc. were unearthed due to RTI.

Concerns

- ① Death of many RTI activist.
- ② more than 80% of RTI are related to personal purposes. Hence policy paralysis
- ③ Pendency of Cases
- ④ more & more use of Schedule 8

Recent amendment to RTI is a step to curb the Independence of CIC & SIC. As ARC-2 said, RTI is a key to good governance, hence now there is a need for second RTI revolution to sustain its momentum.

SECTION - B

In the following questions, carefully study the cases presented and then answer the questions that follow (in around 250 words):

9. You have been recently appointed as the head of tourism department of a state in India that has many places of great historical importance. In the past few years, the state has witnessed a decrease in tourist inflow. Upon enquiry, you come to know that this decrease is largely attributed to the influence of touts and harassment of tourists, including unwanted advances and grossly overcharging them for various services. You also did a quick search about your state on leading travel advisory websites and found that it has earned a dubious reputation for being particularly unsafe for women tourists.

Given the situation, answer the following:

(a) Do you think that such a state of affairs can be attributed to insensitivity prevailing in the society? How can the community be made more sensitive towards tourists?

(b) Suggest some measures to make a quick turnaround in terms of reputation, employment generation and rebuild the reputation of the state as a safe haven for tourists. (20)

Subject matter

① Low level of tourism due to tout & harassment of tourists specially women.

② Stakeholders

- ① Tourists specially women
- ② Individual & firm associated by tourism industry
- ③ Society & Nation-State as whole
- ④ I as a head of tourism department.

Values Compromised

- Atithi devo Bhava
- Nation Image
- Business ethics
- Societal values against women.

Philosophies

- Humanism & Universal brotherhood of Indian philosophies.
- Social Justice by Thomas Hobbes as human nature is negative & State must interfere.

(a) These State of affair can attributed to insensitivity prevailing among society

- Showing the greediness, lack of business ethics in society.
- Portraying human nature as negative such as exploitation of women, foul & harassment of people.
- No respect for India Social ethos such as Vasudheva Kutumbakam

Following are the ways to make them more sensitive:

① Behavioural change: By using social influence & persuasion, their attitude can be moulded.

② Emotional Intelligence: First know their grievances, problems, mental structure & then try to bring changes accordingly.

③ Awareness to tourists: By providing a single helpline number and putting posters, telephone booth in certain areas.

④ Community participation: Specially women volunteers, so that women tourist can be made comfortable.

⑤ Fear of law: lastly, aware them regarding the punishments & fine as per IPC & CrPC.

⑥ Following are the steps for quick turnaround:

- Mass Campaign against these anti-social element.
- First bring government facilities in

Some areas such as hospitalities transport etc. Use of local in them can help in employment generation.

- Use of Social media: Small movies made by community ~~about~~ saying sorry about their affair and promise for better facilities.
- Proper presence of Police to check the menace of anti-social elements.
- Various incentives such as holiday package, promotional offers to attract more and more people.
- Attract both domestic & international tourists.
- At last ensure the law & order situation at the earliest so that safety can be ensured first.

Attack on tourist is not common in India. Some places, it is happening and denting our national image. proper study about their behaviour and if further situation not improve use of legal machinery should be taken.

10. A private company has proposed a large-scale hydel power project to tap the potential of a fast-flowing river in a state predominantly occupied by indigenous tribal groups. The state is backward and badly needs funds for socio-economic development. The state government is deliberating on the issue and is yet to take a final decision on the matter.

While the project is expected to generate substantial revenue and employment, it will submerge the surrounding areas eventually displacing the tribals. Another issue of concern is that the tribal community regards this land and the river as sacred and integral to their cultural heritage. Thus, the tribals are not in favour of going ahead with the project and are already protesting against it. Their leader has threatened to initiate a hunger strike if the government goes ahead with the project. This has caught the attention of the mainstream media and social activists.

Based on the information given above, answer the following:

- (a) Identify the stakeholders involved in the case and their respective interests.
- (b) Keeping in mind the issues involved, how can differing interests be reconciled for ensuring sustainable development in the area? (20)

Subject matter

- large scale hydel power project in a tribal area causing their displacement.
- Interest of state government as state is socio-economic backward.

Facts

- Forest Right Act, 2006
- Land Settlement & Rehabilitation Act.
- Constitutional right of tribals.
- DPSP for state government.

Values

- Preservation of Indigeneous Culture.
- ethics In governance.
- Constitutional & traditional rights.

Philosophies Involved

- Utilitarianism
- Deontology philosophy
- Social Contract by Hobbes
- Distributive Justice by Rawls.

① STAKEHOLDERS

① Tribal Communities: They want to preserve their tradition Culture, Sacred land, forest & Livelihood.

② State government: They want Socio-economic development of the States, at the same time they have to protect the rights of tribals as mandated by Constitution.

③ Private Company: They want to tap the fast flowing river for their profit motive, which is an important value of ethics in business.

④ Society at large: As this types of Situation is Prevailing all over India.

⑥ Sustainable development means Judicious use of present resources, so that they will be available for the next generation.

Following can be done in present situation:

⑥.1 If it is a Schedule ⑤ area then gram Sabha has all the right to decide the faith of the project.

⑥.2 If gram Sabha gave its go-ahead approval then proper Environmental Impact Assessment Should be carried out with Considering all the Stakeholders.

⑥.3 After that if Conciliation happen then gave tribals the benefit as mandated by Land Settlement & land rehabilitation Act.

(b) If in total the projects were rejected then one should not build and respect the rights of tribals.

As sustainable development principle talked about intergenerational parity. These types of project may lead to lost of Complete tribal culture, language, livelihood etc. Hence a proper assessment and balanced approach is the need of the hour. For this help of Anthropologists can also be taken.

11. You are posted as Superintendent of Police (SP) in a district, which has a bustling market in the district headquarters with a high footfall. The area has traditionally been occupied by street vendors and hawkers. They form an intrinsic part of the market system in the area and derive their livelihood from it. Recently, you got reports that the policemen posted in the area harass the hawkers and also extort 'hafta' – a weekly bribe - from them despite complying with the laws. It has been brought to your notice that while those who comply with this arrangement are allowed to carry on with their daily operations, those who do not are being evicted from the market area. In the process of eviction, they are even physically assaulted and their saleable items are often confiscated and destroyed. As a result, some street vendors have been staging protests against the local administration in the market and have blocked the normal market passage. They have also threatened to intensify their protest over a period of time. The local police, however, has been in denial of any such wrong doings and argue that they are merely removing illegal encroachments, which were causing traffic jam in the area. In this situation, answer the following:

- (a) Mention the stakeholders and ethical issues involved in the case.
- (b) As the Superintendent of Police, what course of action would you adopt for diffusing the tensions in the area? Also, suggest some policy recommendations, which will help resolve the issues in the long-term. (20)

Subject matter

- Allegation against policemen of taking hafta – "a weekly bribe", from the local street vendors.
- Not complying Individuals alleged that they were thrown out and hence protesting.
- Due to protest traffic jam and a situation of law & order created.

Facts

- Various IPC & CrPC talked about bribery and illegal encroachment.

Values

- class based discrimination by policemen
- Ethics in public administration.
- Negative nature of human i.e greediness, favouritism.

Philosophies

- Deontology - as the means to achieve end is wrong.
- Social contract by Hobbes.
- Kautilya philosophy of administration as len payment may be the reason for bribe.
- Virtue ethics by Aristotle.

① Following are the Stakeholders involved & ethical issues

Stake holders	ethical issues
Vendors	- working for their livelihood - encroachment is against the ethics of governance. - Band is against Constitutional right of life & freedom for others

Policemen	- Allegation of corruption is against ethics in administration - Not following the principle of equality, non-partisanship, objectivity
I as 'SP'	- Protect my policemen as they are our machinery - Ethical issue of removing all vendor from street - removing from road

⑤ Following are the course of action to diffuse the tension:

- ① will try to conciliate with protesting people so that law & order can be ensured and movements of other citizen can be eased.
- ② will try to find a place for all street vendor at a single place and relocate them all.
- ③ will try to investigate the cause of policemen bribery allegations - and if they found indulged - then first try to change their attitude, and if continued then disciplinary action.

④ Long term policy measures

① Permanent place for the vendors in District headquarters market area.

② Recommend to increase the remuneration of police men.

③ Suggest some policies related to the promotion. As they got hardly one or two in their life time.

④ Awareness among vendor to change their behaviour not to pay bribe.

⑤ Policies related to bring "Service motive" in police services in place of "Force motive".

low payment, low number of staff are the concerns of policemen. These needs to be addressed

as they constitute 87% of our
police force (ARC-2).

12. A mid level manager in a food and beverages firm has been assigned the responsibility to deal with tensions arising in a rural area between the firm and the local farmers. These farmers supply the company with bananas, which are used exclusively by the company in its niche products. The banana plantations are growing a variety developed by the firm. The core issue revolves around the perceived violation of company's IPR as many of the farmers in the neighbouring areas have also started growing the same variety of banana. It is suspected that the farmers with whom the company had a contract have shared the breed with others in the region. The legal department of the firm is of the opinion that a legal complaint against the farmers is the only way to protect the IPR of the company. It would also set a precedent for the future. However, many in the firm also believe that such a step would escalate the matter.

In such a scenario, identify the key issues to be addressed. What measures would you suggest to deal with these issues? (20)

Recent Case Study is an example of Suit filed by PepsiCo against Farmers in Gujarat.

Subject matter

- ① Farmers started growing the banana in neighbouring village using the same breed provided by private firm to their contract farmers.
- ② Citing IPR violation Private firm filed a Complaint against the farmers for illegal growing banana.

Facts

Protection of Plant Variety and Farmers Right Act 2002.

Values

- Compromise of Burinen firm profit is related to Corporate values.
- Rights of Farmers as livelihood options.

Following are the key issues involved

- (i) Farmers may be unknown to the IPR violation Act.
- (ii) Private firms using its economic might trying to exploit the farmers.
- (iii) It will further alienate the Corporate sector & farmer community hence will come in the way of Contract Farming promotion.
- (iv) It is showing that farmers are always at receiving end.
- (v) Traditional breeder varieties are now patented by firms. BIO PIRACY

Following are the measure

- ① Same Act which gives farmers to file a IPR violation case (section 64), gave farmers right to protect, save, distribute, ~~for~~ non-branded seeds (section 39)
- ② Section 42 of PPV & FRA said, if farmer don't know about IPR etc. then he can't be compelled for a fine.
- ③ Proper enactment of Model Contract farming as suggested by NITI Aayog.
- ④ Conservation of traditional varieties of seeds at village level. Seed village concept
- ⑤ Digital library by government to prevent Bio-piracy.

Due to profit motive by firms exploitation of farmers is not a new phenomena. There is a need to proper implementation of PPV & FRA and at the same time farmers should be made educated with respect to IPR violations.

13. You have recently been posted as a probationary officer in the District Magistrate's office in a tribal district. During one of the fieldtrips, while interacting with the tribals, you come to know about a private company, established a few years back, which has transformed their lives. The company, using the traditional knowledge of tribals, had launched a series of products and provided numerous livelihood opportunities to the tribals.

Upon further enquiry, you come to know that while the lives of tribals had indeed improved, the distribution of profits however, has been quite disproportionate. The company has seen a huge growth in its operations and its owners have amassed huge wealth. It is also planning to file for IPR, which may further hinder the interests of the tribals.

You feel that tribals have been left short changed and there has not been an equitable sharing of benefits arising out of the use of their resources. When you tried to approach the Gram Sabha and voice your concerns, the tribals requested you not to intervene as they do not have any alternatives. They also argue that governments in the past have failed to protect their interests.

Given the situation, answer the following:

- (a) Identify the different stakeholders and their interests involved in this case.
- (b) Present a case to convince the District Magistrate for the need of government intervention in the situation.

(20)

Subject matter

- A private firm in tribal area helping them in terms of better livelihood opportunity. Firm itself making huge profit.
- At the Same time they trying to make a patent of tribal traditional knowledge.
- Tribals asking not to intervene as this will ~~cause~~ their livelihood and also government has failed to deliver.

Facts

- ① Forest Right Act
- ② PPV & FRA
- ③ IPR Policy

Values

- Profit motive of firms as business values.
- Livelihood of tribals
- ethics in administrations.

Philosophies

- Social contract
- distributive Justice

④ Following are the Stakeholders & their Interest

Stakeholders	Interest
Tribals	• Their livelihood • Their traditional Knowledge
Private firm	• Profit motive & welfare • Trying to File For IPR so that they can Patent the knowledge

Government	• welfare of tribals • protect & preserve the Conservation of Indian traditional knowledges
Gram Sabha	• To protect the rights of tribals
Probationary officers	• Voice for the Cause of tribal • Help them for Sustainable development as later private firm may change their mind

(b) As, Tribal are asking not to intervene at gram Sabha level, if I intervene, it would further alienated them because they are in their mind that government not fulfilled their promise.

My Steps to Convince DM

(b.1) I will make a detailed report of the Cost-benefit analysis and future prospects of firms in that region.

(b.2) Detail of tribal traditional knowledge, so that they can be presented to DMs

(b.3) will try to convince that ~~fear~~ there is a fear in tribal mind regarding government intervention.

(b.4) will try to convince that the same work can also be done through TRIFED under ministry of tribal affairs parallelly.

(b.5) In addition to this we can initiate a process of GI tag.

(b.6) In addition to this process of addition of traditional knowledge can be initiated in "digital library".

(b.7) will try to convince that before private firm file for IPR we should ensure that tribals get their traditional knowledge patented.

Bio-piracy is not new, it is happening all over the globe. If we can give the tribal proper development then at least we should protect their tribal way of life & traditional knowledge.

14. Various studies have found out that cases of depression and mental illness have increased exponentially in the recent past. Also, in the age group of 15-30 years, this problem is further pronounced. Furthermore, the rising trend of suicides in this age group has been attributed to depression.

Given the situation, answer the following questions:

(a) Present an ethical critique of the prevalent societal attitude towards mental illness.

(b) Given the magnitude of the problem among younger generation/young adults, analyse the role of the following:

- i. Parenting
- ii. Social Media
- iii. Video Games

(20)

Subject matter

- Increase in mental illness, specially in 15-30 age group. which further lead to suicide attributed by depression.

Facts

- mental illness Act 2017
- Right to life & livelihood Article 21.

Values

- Individualistic
- Society failed to accomodate such kind of person.

- (a) Ethical Critique of the prevalent societal attitude towards mental illness:-
- Society don't considered it as a disease. Hence, further alienation. This lead to degradation of humanistic values
 - Social Stigma such as "PAHAL" "Mental" attached to them. This Shows the pathetic attitude of Society
 - Still mental problem associated with people are not coming on voluntary basis. This Shows the Suppression by the Societies to the vulnerables.

(b) Hence, a holistic approach is the need of the hour. And interventions at all level should be taken so as to minimise the Suicide rate such as.

(A) Parenting

- now a days i-pad type of parenting lead to further alienation.
- more career focussed attitude to responsible for low value generation among child.
- feeling of insecurity due to the fear of loss.

(B) Social Media

- Various threat Such as bullying, espionage etc. causing the problem of mental illness among child specially girl child.
- Also, problem of negative role models such as alcoholic etc causing such problem.
- Problem of radicalisation confusing the child about societal values.

③ Video games

- The worst phase of Videogames is it can be restarted. Hence, the attitude to face the loss is not inculcated.
- Also, this is reducing the social interaction among child.
- Unrup behaviour, accommodative attitudes are missing in child.
- No or less physical activities.

Hence, we need a holistic approach to fight against such problem; At all level such as parenting, school, Society.