

Chapter-7

Worksheet-1

Choose the correct option:

1. The southernmost Himalayas are known as
 - a. Shiwaliks
 - b. Himadri
 - c. Himachal
 - d. Aravalli

2. Sahyadris is also known as
 - a. Aravalli
 - b. Western Ghats
 - c. Himadri
 - d. Himachal

3. The Palk Strait lies between the countries
 - a. Sri Lanka and Maldives
 - b. India and Sri Lanka
 - c. India and Maldives
 - d. None of these

4. The Indian islands in the Arabian Sea are known as:
 - a. Andaman and Nicobar Islands
 - b. Lakshadweep Islands
 - c. Maldives
 - d. None of these

5. The oldest mountain range in India is the _____.
 - a. Aravali hills
 - b. Western ghats
 - c. Himalayas
 - d. Himadri

6. The _____ part of India is surrounded by three big water bodies.
 - a. Northern
 - b. Southern

- c. Eastern
- d. Western

7. India has _____ union territories.
- a. 7
 - b. 6
 - c. 8
 - d. 4
8. Towards the south of the India is _____.
- a. Pacific Ocean
 - b. Arctic Ocean
 - c. Atlantic Ocean
 - d. Indian Ocean
9. Which is the only country in the world, which has an ocean after its name?
- a. Australia
 - b. Antarctica
 - c. India
 - d. America
10. India is the _____ largest country in the world.
- a. Sixth
 - b. Seventh
 - c. Second
 - d. Fifth

Answer the following Questions.

- 11. How will you locate India on the globe?
- 12. What do you understand by Standard Meridian of India?
- 13. What time would it be in India if it was 6:00 AM in London? Give reasons.
- 14. Write a short note on 'The Northern Indian Plains'.
- 15. Describe the physical divisions of India.
- 16. Explain the time difference between GMT and Indian Standard Meridian. Give the reasons for the time difference.
- 17. How do benefit from Himalayas.

- 18.** What is the Standard Meridian of India also known as?
- 19.** Differentiate between Greater Himalayas and Middle Himalayas
- 20.** On an outline map of Indian subcontinent, mark the following:
Western Ghats, Chota Nagpur Plateau, Aravali range, Thar desert.