Grade 8 Understanding Quadrilaterals Worksheets

Grade 8 Maths Understanding Quadrilaterals Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs)

- 1. A polygon with minimum number of sides is:
- (a) Pentagon
- (b) Square
- (c) Triangle
- (d) Angle

2. Polygons that have no portions of their diagonals in their exteriors are called:

- (a) Squares
- (b) Triangles
- (c) Convex
- (d) Concave

3. Polygons that have any portions of their diagonals in their exteriors are called:

- (a) Squares
- (b) Triangles
- (c) Convex
- (d) Concave

4. All the sides of a regular polygon are

- (a) parallel
- (b) equal in length
- (c) not parallel
- (d) not equal

5. All the angles of a regular polygon are of

- (a) 90°
- (b) 60°
- (c) equal measure
- (d) equal length

6. Sum of all interior angles of a polygon with (n) sides is given by:

- (a) (n − 2) × 180°
- (b) n 2 × 180°
- (c) $(n + 2) \times 180^{\circ}$
- (d) n + 2 × 180°

7. The angle sum of all interior angles of a convex polygon of sides 7 is:

- (a) 180°
- (b) 540°

- (c) 630°
- (d) 900°

8. Each exterior angle of a regular hexagon is of measure:

- (a) 120°
- (b) 80°
- (c) 100°
- (d) 60°

9. The number of sides in a regular polygon is 15, then measure of each exterior angle is:

- (a) 24°
- (b) 36°
- (c) 20°
- (d) 18°

10. Which of the following polygons is convex polygon?



- (a) 120°
- (b) 80°
- (c) 100°
- (d) 60°



- 13. The value of x in the following figure is:
- (a) 100°
- (b) 90°
- (c) 108°

(d) 120°



14. The value of x in the following figure is:

- (a) 120°
- (b) 180°
- (c) 60°
- (d) 100°

15. A parallelogram each of whose angles measures 90° is

- (a) rectangle
- (b) rhombus
- (c) kite
- (d) trapezium

16. How many sides does a heptagon have?

- (a) 2
- (b) 4
- (c) 7
- (d) 5

17. How many diagonals does a regular Hexagon has?

- (a) 2
- (b) 9
- (c) 3
- (d) 5

18. What is the number of sides in Hexagon?

- (a) 4
- (b) 7
- (c) 6
- (d) 5

19. The perimeter of parallelogram PQRS is:

- (a) 12 cm
- (b) 7 cm
- (c) 38 cm



1. A simple closed curve made up of only is called a polygon.

2. The measure of each interior angle of a regular polygon is 140°, then number of sides that regular polygon has

- 3. The diagonals of a rhombus bisect each other at angles.
- 4. The diagonals of square bisect each other at angles.
- 5. The opposite angles of a parallelogram are

Class 8 Maths Understanding Quadrilaterals True(T) Or False(F)

- 1. All rectangles are squares.
- 2. All rhombuses are parallelograms.
- 3. All squares are not parallelograms.
- 4. All kites are rhombuses.
- 5. All squares are Tapeziums.

Class 8 Maths Understanding Quadrilaterals Very Short Answer Type Questions

1. What is the sum of the interior angles of a polygon having 9 sides?

2. What is the measure of each exterior angle of a regular polygon having 10 sides?

3. The angles of a quadrilateral are respectively 100°, 98°, 92°. Find the fourth angle.

4. In a quadrilateral, the angles A, B, C and D are in the ratio 1 : 2 : 3 : 4. Find the measure of each angle of the quadrilateral.

5. How many sides does a regular polygon have if the measure of an exterior

angle is 24°?6. What is a parallelogram whose all sides are equal is called?

Class 8 Maths Understanding Quadrilaterals Short Answer Type Questions

1. In the adjoining figure find x + y+z.



2. ABCD is a parallelogram. What is the value of x?



3. The ratio of two adjacent sides of a parallelogerm is 3 : 1 and its perimeter is 72 cm. What is the length of the adjacent sides?

4. ABCD is a parallelogram. What is the value of x and y in the figure given below:



Class 8 Maths Understanding Quadrilaterals Long Answer Type Questions

1. ABCD is a trapezium. What is the value of x?



2. ABCD is a rectangle. What is the length of the diagonal AC?



3. The adjacent figure HOPE is a parallelogram. Find the angle measure x, y and z. State the properties you use to find them.

