



# Parts and Wholes

#### Our Flag

You must have seen the flag of our country. Do you know how to draw the flag?

Draw a rectangle of length 9 cm and width 6 cm. Divide it into three equal parts and complete the flag.

The top one-third of our flag is saffron (or orange). What is the colour of the middle one-third of the flag? Where will you draw the Ashoka chakra?

How much of the flag will you colour green?

Is the white colour now less than  $\frac{1}{3}$  of the flag? Why?

Now look at this flag. How much of it is black?

The green part of the flag can be written as

Is red less than one-third of the flag? Why?

The flag of Afghanistan





This is the flag of Myanmar, our neighbour.

Is blue more than one-fourth of the flag or less?

Guess how much of the flag is red. Is it more than  $\frac{1}{2}$ ? Is it more than three-fourths?

Because of the blue chakra in the white part of the Indian flag, the white colour is a little less than 1/3. There can be some discussion on this point.



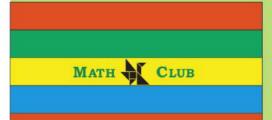


#### Find out

Collect as many flags as you can.

How many flags have three colours? Are all the coloured parts equal in these flags?

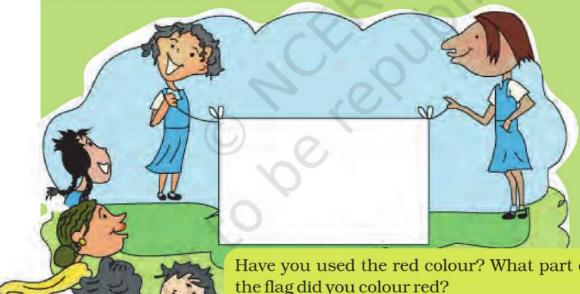
This is the flag of the Math Club in a school in Kerala. What part of the flag is coloured red? What part is green?



See this black logo. Drawit.

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Is there a Math Club in your school? If not, ask your teacher how to set it up. Design a flag for your Math Club. Draw it here.

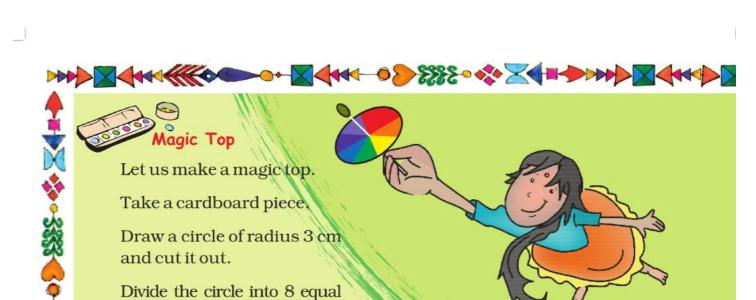


Have you used the red colour? What part of the flag did you colour red?

What were the other colours you chose?

Math Club can be set up in the school in which interesting activities can be taken up like making puzzles, shapes with tangrams, maps of buildings, looking for different geometrical shapes and angles in the environment, calculating area and perimeter of a school ground, etc.





circle. Colour  $\frac{2}{8}$  red,  $\frac{1}{8}$  orange,  $\frac{1}{8}$  yellow etc. as shown here. Push a matchstick through the centre of the circle.



parts. Now each part is  $\frac{1}{8}$  of the

Your magic top is ready. Spin it fast!

What do you see? Can you see all the colours? Write what you see in your notebook.

## Practice time

#### A) Chocolate bar

Manju had a chocolate. She gave onefourth of it to Raji, one-third to Sugatha and one-sixth to Sheela. She ate the remaining part. How many pieces of chocolate did each get? Write here.

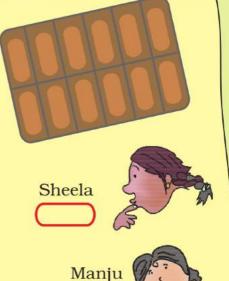












What part of the chocolate did Manju eat?





#### B) Colour the hats

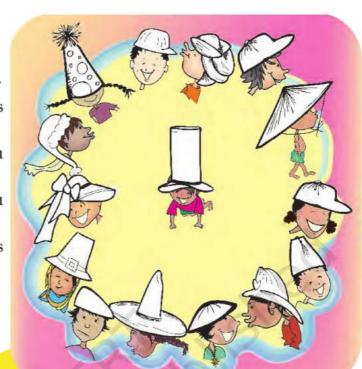
Colour  $\frac{1}{3}$  of the hats red.

Colour three-fifth hats blue.

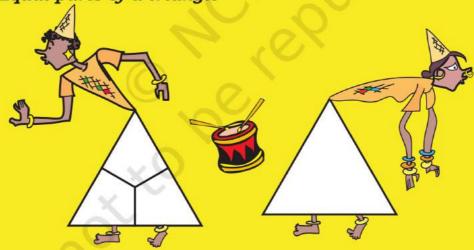
How many hats did you colour red?

How many hats did you colour blue?

What part of the hats are not coloured?



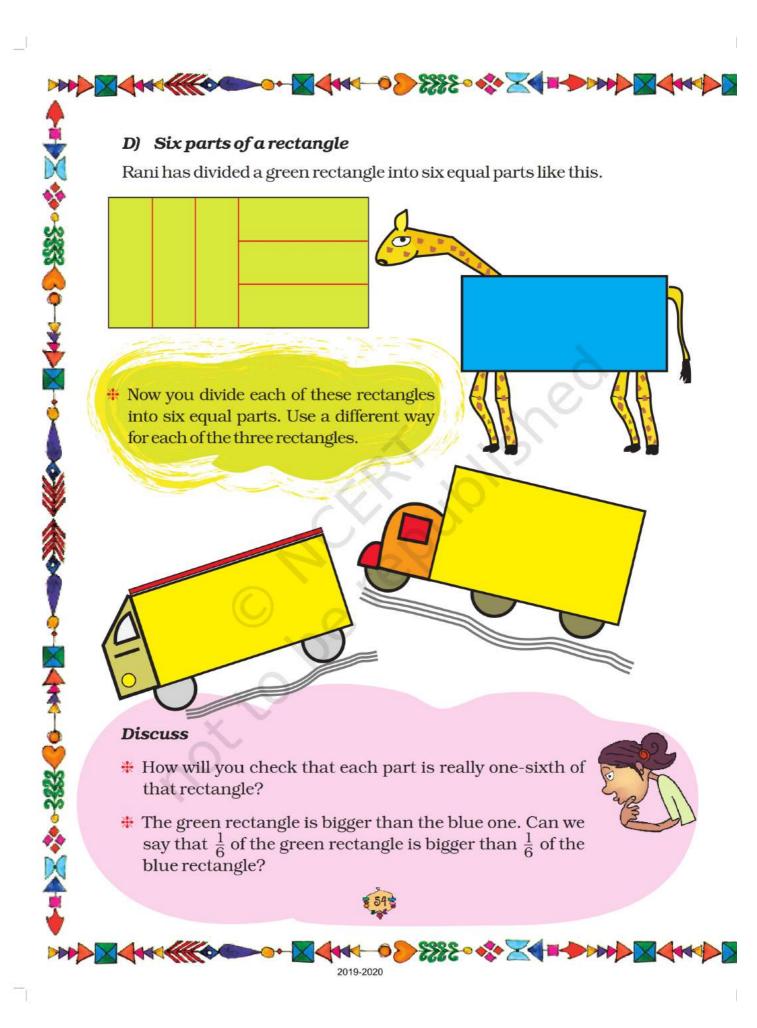
### C) Equal parts of a triangle



The white triangle is divided Now try to make three equal into three equal parts. Fill each parts of this triangle in a one-third part with a different different way. Colour each onecolour. Can you show that these third with a different colour. parts are equal? Think how.









## **Greedy Gatekeepers**

Remember Birbal, the clever minister of King Akbar? (Math Magic Class IV, page 14) Do you know how he became a minister?

Birbal was then a young boy living in a village. He was very clever and could write poetry.

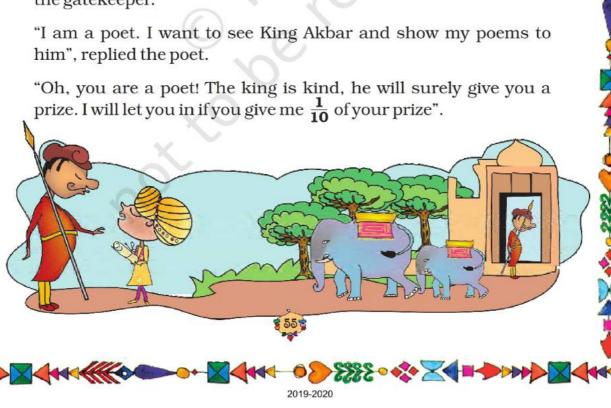
He thought he would try his luck in the King's court. So he took some of his poems and set off for the city.

When he reached the outer gate of the palace, he was stopped by

the gatekeeper. "Hey! Stop there! Where are you going?", shouted the gatekeeper.

I am

a poet





Young Birbal agreed since he had no other way.

When he went in, the gatekeeper calculated "If he gets 100 gold



coins I will get \_\_\_\_\_ gold coins".

The poet came to a second gatekeeper.

This gatekeeper also said, "I will let you in if you give me **two-fifth** of your prize". The poet agreed.

The gatekeeper happily calculated, "The poet will get at least 100 gold coins so I will get \_\_\_\_\_ gold coins!"

The poet reached the last gate. The gatekeeper said, "I will allow you to see the king only if you give me **half** of the prize that you get". The poet had no other way. He agreed and went inside.

The gatekeeper thought, "Today is a great day. If he gets 100 gold coins I will get \_\_\_\_\_ gold coins. But if he gets 1000 coins — wow! I will get \_\_\_\_\_."



The king was very happy with the poems and said, "Your work is very good. You can ask anything as your prize".

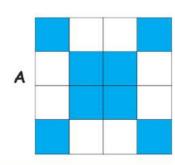
"My Lord, I want 100 slaps". "What! 100 slaps? \_\_\_\_\_". The king was shocked —

\* What happened after that? Complete the story. What part of the prize did the poet get?

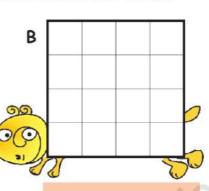




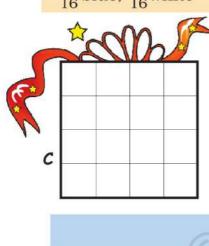
#### Patterns in Parts

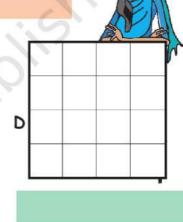


1) Make different patterns by colouring some squares in the grids B, C, D. What part of the grid did you colour? What part of the grid remained white? Write.



 $\frac{8}{16}$  blue,  $\frac{8}{16}$  white





- Look at grid A again. Is the grid coloured
  - a)  $\frac{1}{2}$  blue,  $\frac{1}{2}$  white?
    - b)  $\frac{2}{4}$  blue,  $\frac{2}{4}$  white?
  - c)  $\frac{3}{8}$  blue,  $\frac{5}{8}$  white?
- d)  $\frac{4}{8}$  blue,  $\frac{4}{8}$  white?

Mark (X) on the wrong answer.

- 3) Draw grids of 16 squares and make patterns with
  - a)  $\frac{2}{8}$  red,  $\frac{1}{2}$  yellow,  $\frac{1}{4}$  green
  - b)  $\frac{3}{16}$  blue,  $\frac{5}{16}$  red,  $\frac{1}{2}$  yellow





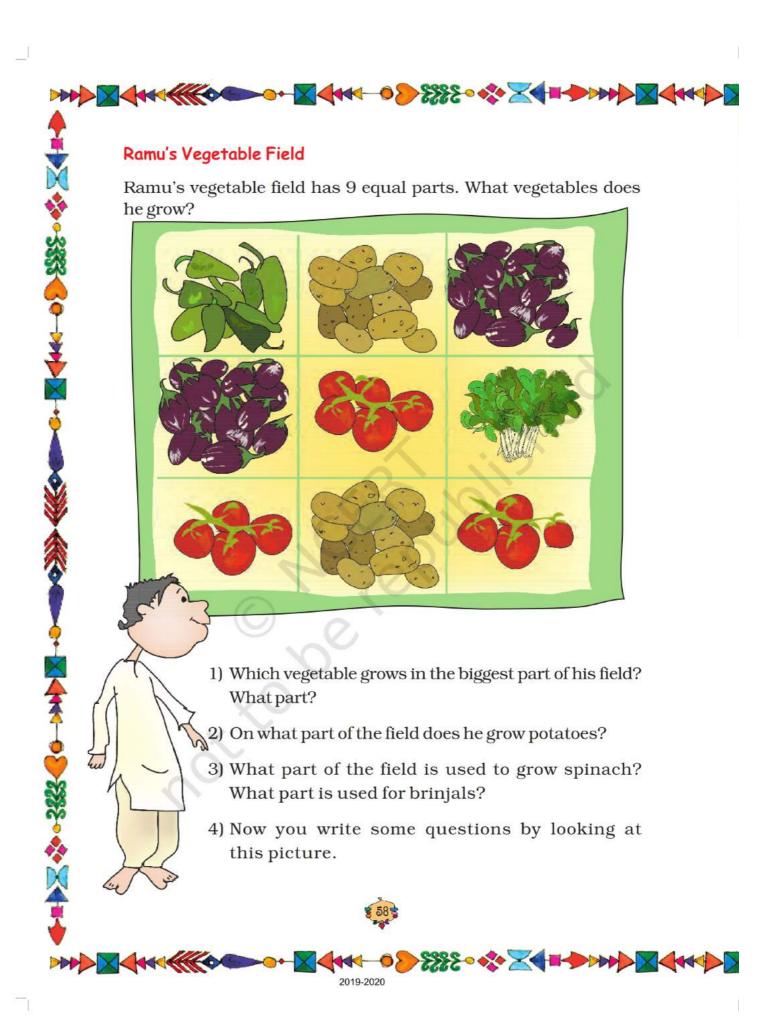






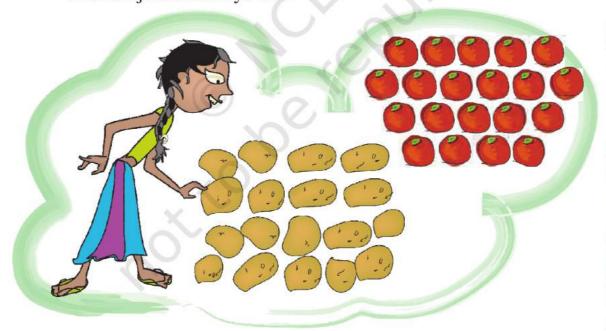






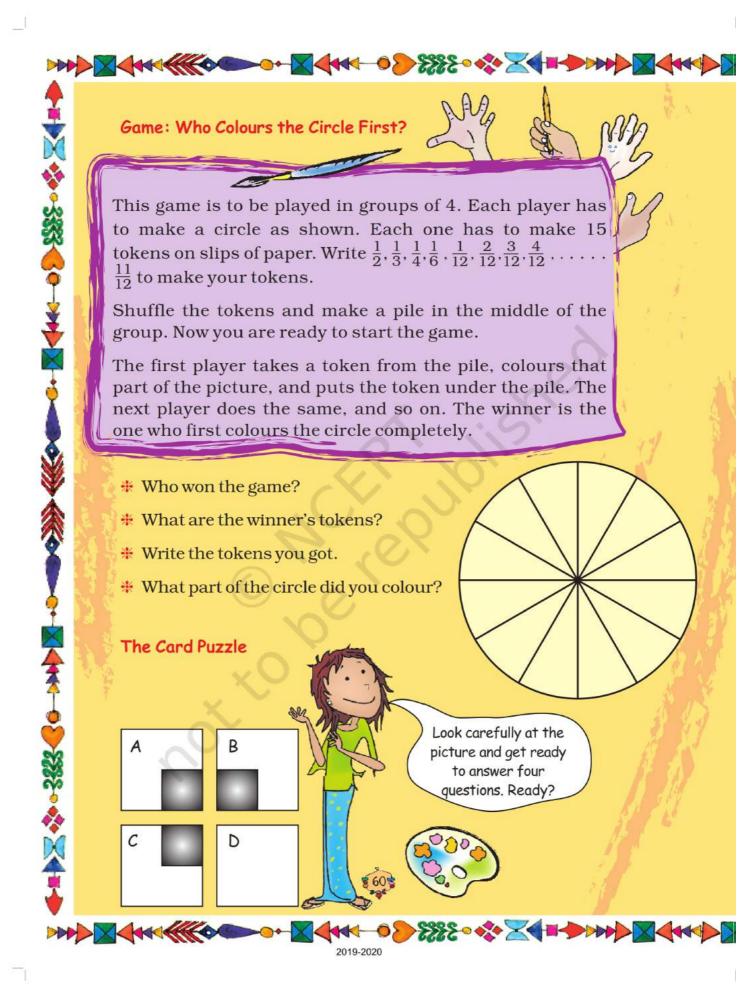


Ramu wanted to give these vegetables to his friends. He gave Aboobacker one-fifth of these tomatoes and  $\frac{1}{3}$  of the potatoes. Srija got  $\frac{2}{5}$  of the tomatoes and  $\frac{3}{6}$  of the potatoes. Nancy got the rest of these vegetables. Circle Aboobacker's share in blue. Circle Srija's share in yellow.



\* How many potatoes and tomatoes did Nancy get?







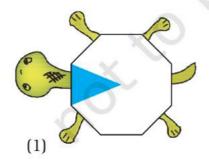
- Divide the white area in square A into two equal parts.
   Got the answer? Was that easy?
   Now do the second question.
- 2) Divide the white area in square B into three equal parts! That too is easy, isn't it? Now see the third question.
- 3) Divide the white area in square C into four equal parts!!
  Is it a bit difficult? Don't worry, take your time.
  Only if you have given up, look for the answer.
  Here comes the last question.
- 4) Divide the white area in square D into seven equal parts!!!!

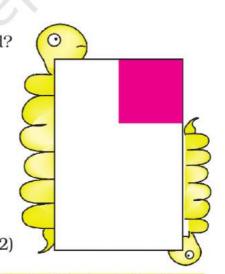
  The world record for this is 7 seconds. But you can take minutes!

Tired of thinking? Look for the answer on page 68. So was that difficult??

#### Guess and Check

A) What part of each shape is coloured? First guess the answer, then check.



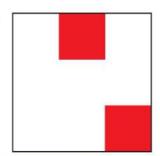


The colouring circle game and many more such activities should be done in class. The follow-up discussions for all these activities will play a major role in developing children's conceptual understanding about fractions.

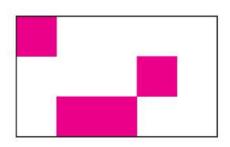




(3)

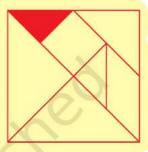


(4)



B) Do you remember this picture? Look at the small triangle. What part of the square is it? How will you find this out?

Divide the big triangles and other shapes into small triangles (like the red one). How many small triangles are there altogether?

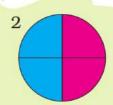


#### Coloured Parts

Complete these



This circle is divided into two equal parts. Out of equal parts one part is coloured blue.

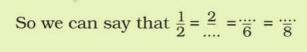


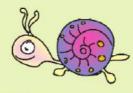
Here the circle is divided into \_\_\_\_ equal parts. Out of \_\_\_\_ equal parts, parts are coloured blue.



Here the circle is .....



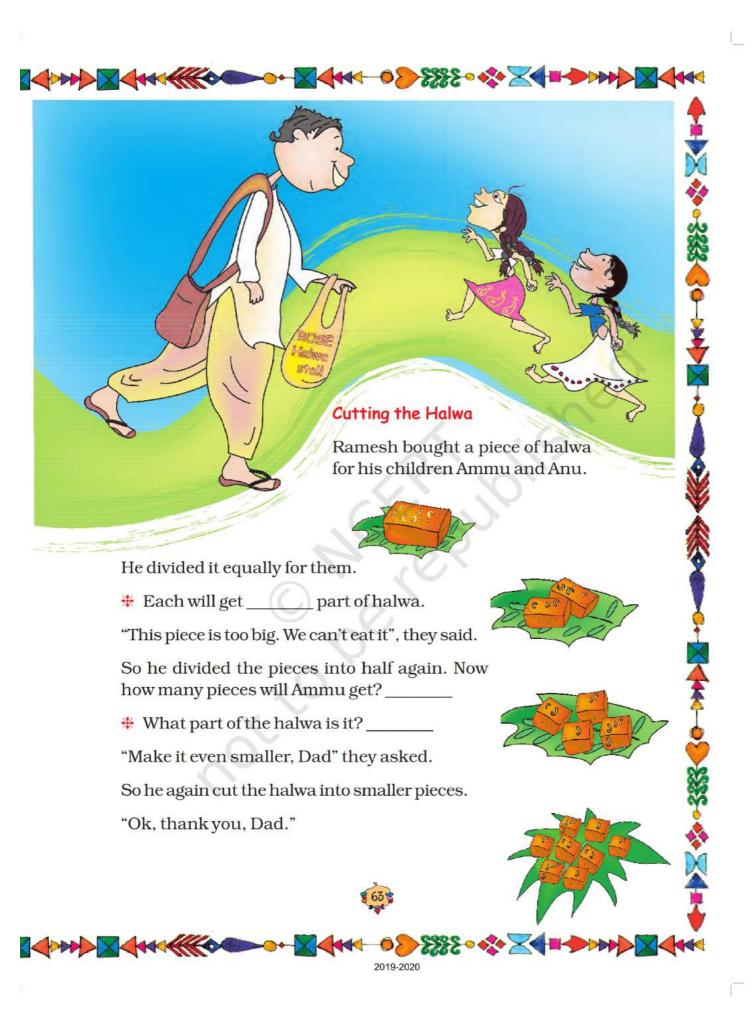


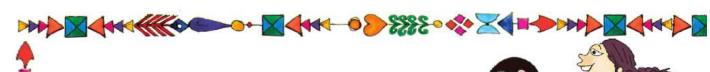


Here the circle is ......

....... 



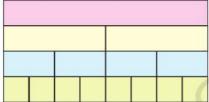




- \* Now how many pieces will each get?
- \* What part of the halwa is each piece now?
- \* If Ramesh had cut the halwa into 6 equal parts how many pieces would each have got? Look at your answers for questions 1 to 4 and write—

## Parts of the Strip

Look at the picture. Write what part of the strip is each green piece. Write the part for a piece of each colour.



How many one-fourths will make a half?

How many  $\frac{1}{8}$  will make  $\frac{1}{4}$ ?

How many  $\frac{1}{8}$  are in  $\frac{1}{2}$ ?

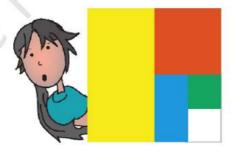
Now ask your friends some questions on the same picture.

#### **Patterns**

Look at this square.

What part is coloured blue?

What part is green?



## Puzzle: Is it Equal?

Ammini says half of half and one-third of three-quarters are equal. Do you agree? How will you show this?

The use of concrete things (such as matchsticks, bottle caps etc.) will help children make sense of equivalent fractions such as  $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{2}{4} = \frac{3}{6} = \frac{4}{8} = \frac{5}{10}$ . Children must make their own fraction strips using papers of different sizes. Encourage them to compare the strips by colouring them into different fractions.



#### From a Part to the Whole

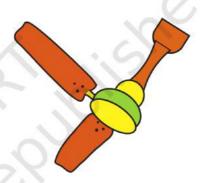
1) This show  $\frac{1}{5}$  petals of a flower. Complete the flower by drawing the other petals.





The picture shows one-third of the blades of a fan. Complete the picture by drawing the other blades.

3) Half of the blades of another fan are shown here. Complete the picture by drawing the other half. How many blades have you drawn?



## Rupees and Paise

How many 50 will make one rupee?

Is 50 paise half of one rupee?

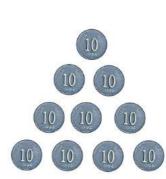
How many swill make one rupee?

25 paise is \_\_\_\_\_ part of one rupee

20 paise is \_\_\_\_\_ part of one rupee

How many 10 paise will make one rupee?

So 10 paise is \_\_\_\_ part of one rupee.







#### An Old Woman's Will

Once there lived an old woman. She lived with her three daughters. She was quite rich and had 19 camels. One day she fell ill. The daughters called the doctor. The doctor tried his best but could not save the woman. After her death, the daughters read what she had written in her will.

My eldest daughter will get  $\frac{1}{2}$  of my camels My second daughter will get  $\frac{1}{4}$  of my camels My third daughter will get  $\frac{1}{5}$  of my camels

The daughters were really puzzled. "How can I get  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the 19 camels?" asked the eldest daughter.

"Half of 19 is nine and a half. But we can't cut the came!" The second daughter said.

"That is right. But what will we do now?" asked the third daughter".

Just then they saw their aunt coming. The daughters told her their problem.

"Show me the will. I have an idea. You take my camel. So you have 20 camels. Now can you divide them as your mother wanted?" the aunt said.

"You want half of the camels, don't you? Take 10 camels" she said to the eldest daughter.

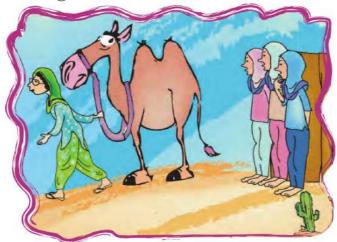
"Take your share", the aunt told the second daughter. She took one-fourth of the camels and got \_\_\_\_\_ camels.

"You can take one-fifth of the camels", the aunt told the third daughter. She got \_\_\_\_ camels. The daughters were very happy and counted their camels 10+\_\_\_ + \_\_\_ = 19.



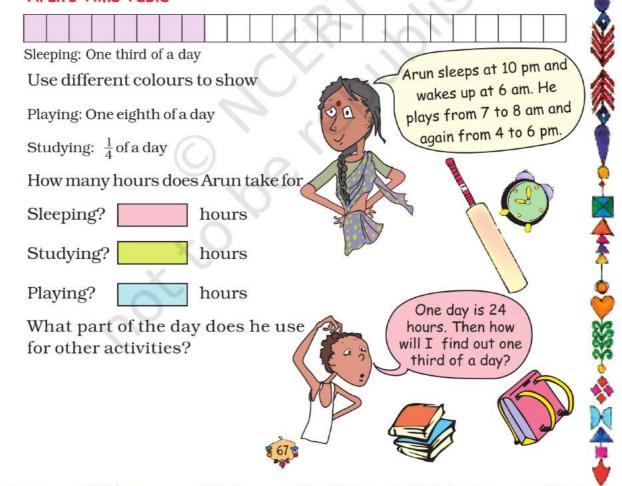


"The one remaining is mine", said the aunt and took her camel away!



\* How did this happen? Discuss.

#### Arun's Time Table



2019-2020



## School Magazine

A school has decided to bring out a magazine every quarter of the year. How many magazines will they have in a year? If they want to print it at the end of each quarter of a year, which are the months for printing? Mark the number for those months.

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	9 10 11 12	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
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## Sleeping Beauty!

Have you heard of Kumbhakarna, the brother of Ravana? He is famous for sleeping for half a year.

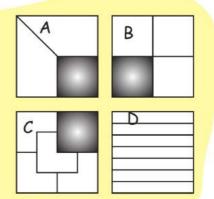
Most people sleep about 8 hours a day. Then what part of a day is it?

So what part of a year do they sleep? A person 60 years old must have slept \_\_\_\_\_years!!!



# Answer: Card Puzzle (page 61)

Did you get stuck on square D? Actually that was the easiest!!



Children should be encouraged to think of what part of a day they spend in different activities. They should be sensitive about those children who have to spend a large part of the day working or helping at home. They should also be encouraged to think about parts of a year.







## Keerti's Shopping List

Look at the yellow price list.

- a) How much does 2 kg of tomato cost?
- b) How much does  $\frac{1}{2}$ kg of tomato cost?
- c) Kiran wants  $2\frac{1}{2}$  kg of tomato. How much will it cost?
- d) How much does  $3\frac{1}{2}$  kg potato cost?
- e) What is the price of  $1\frac{1}{4}$  kg of carrot?
- f) He bought a gourd of weight  $4\frac{3}{4}$ kg and it costs\_\_\_\_
- g) Look at the shopping list in Keerti's hand. How much will she have to pay to buy all of these?
- h) Make a bill of your own for vegetables you want to buy. Find the total money you will have to pay.



**○>>**\$\$\$\$

Tomato
Potato
Onion
Carrot
Gaurd

Item	Price in Rs (per kg)	Amount		
	Total			

Children should be encouraged to bring samples of real price lists and bills to discuss in the classroom.







