

Total No. of Questions : 24
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Part-III

MATHEMATICS, Paper - II (B)

(English version)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 75

Note : This question paper consists of **three** sections **A, B** and **C**.

SECTION - A

10×2=20

I . Very short answer type questions.

- (i) Answer **all** questions.
- (ii) Each question carries **TWO** marks.

1. Find the equation of the Circle, whose extremities of a diameter are $(-4, 3)$ and $(3, -4)$.
2. Find the centre and radius of the Sphere
 $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - 2x + 4y - 6z - 2 = 0$.
3. Find the value of K, if the lines $2x + 3y + 4 = 0$ and $x + y + k = 0$ are conjugate with respect to $y^2 = 8x$.
4. If the eccentricity of a hyperbola is $\frac{5}{4}$, then find the eccentricity of its conjugate hyperbola.

5. Find the n^{th} derivative of $f(x) = \log (4x^2 - 9)$.

6. Evaluate :

$$\int \frac{\sin (\tan ^{-1} x)}{1+x^2} d x \text { , for } x \in \mathbb{R} .$$

7. Evaluate :

$$\int e^x (\sec x + \sec x \tan x) dx$$

$$\text{on } I \subset \mathbb{R} \setminus \left\{ (2n+1) \frac{\pi}{2} : n \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$$

8. Evaluate :

$$\int_0^4 |2-x| dx.$$

9. Find the area bounded between the curves $y = x^2$, $y = 2x$.

10. Find the order and degree of the differential equation

$$\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} = \left[1 + \left(\frac{dy}{dx} \right)^2 \right]^{5/3} .$$

SECTION-B

5×4=20

II. *Short answer type questions.*

- (i) Attempt **ANY FIVE** questions.
- (ii) Each question carries **FOUR** marks.

11. If a point P is moving such that lengths of tangents drawn from P to the circles $x^2 + y^2 - 4x - 6y - 12 = 0$ and $x^2 + y^2 + 6x + 18y + 26 = 0$ are in the ratio 2 : 3; then find the equation of the locus of P.

12. The normal at a point ' t_1 ' on $y^2 = 4ax$ meets the parabola again at the point ' t_2 ', then prove that $t_1 t_2 + t_1^2 + 2 = 0$.
13. Find the equations of the tangents to the hyperbola $x^2 - 4y^2 = 4$, which are (i) parallel, (ii) perpendicular to the line $x + 2y = 0$.
14. If PSQ is a chord passing through the focus S of a conic and ' l ' is semi-latus rectum, show that $\frac{1}{SP} + \frac{1}{SQ} = \frac{2}{l}$.
15. Evaluate :
- $$\int \frac{1}{5 + 4\cos 2x} dx .$$
16. Solve : $(xy^2 + x)dx + (yx^2 + y)dy = 0$.
17. Solve : $(1 + x^2) \frac{dy}{dx} + y = e^{\tan^{-1} x}$.

SECTION-C

5×7=35

III. Long answer type questions.

- (i) Attempt **ANY FIVE** questions.
- (ii) Each question carries **SEVEN** marks.

18. Find the equation of Circle passing through the points (3, 4), (3, 2), (1, 4).
19. Find the equation of the Circle which passes through the point (0, -3) and intersects the circles given by the equations $x^2 + y^2 - 6x + 3y + 5 = 0$ and $x^2 + y^2 - x - 7y = 0$ orthogonally.

20. A chord PQ of an ellipse $S = 0$ subtends a right angle at the centre of the ellipse. Show that the point of intersection of tangents at P and Q lies on another ellipse $\frac{x^2}{a^4} + \frac{y^2}{b^4} = \frac{1}{a^2} + \frac{1}{b^2}$.

21. If $y = e^{m \sin^{-1} x}$,

then prove that $(1 - x^2)y_{n+2} - (2n + 1)xy_{n+1} - (n^2 + m^2)y_n = 0$.

22. Obtain reduction formula for $I_n = \int \tan^n x \, dx$ for an integer $n \geq 2$, and deduce the value of $\int \tan^6 x \, dx$.

23. Evaluate :

$$\int_0^1 \sqrt{\frac{1-x}{1+x}} \, dx.$$

24. Find the approximate value of π from $\int_0^1 \frac{1}{1+x^2} \, dx$ using Simpson's rule by dividing $[0, 1]$ into 4 equal parts.
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