JHARKHAND COUNCIL OF EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH AND TRAINING, RANCHI ANNUAL EXAM 2022-2023

CLASS-XII

ENGLISH ELECTIVE

MODEL QUESTION PAPER

MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS

Time-1 ½ Hrs Marks:40

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

Total number of questions is 40.

Each question carries 1 mark.

Four options are given.

Students are expected to select the most appropriate answer.

All the questions are compulsory.

No marks will be deducted for wrong answer.

Read the following poem and answer the questions from 1-5

Fame is a food that dead men eat,

I have no stomach for such meat.

In little light and narrow room,

They eat in the silent tomb.

With no kind voice of comrade near to bid the feaster be of cheer.

But friendship is a noble thing,

Of friendship it is good to sing.

For truly when a man shall end,

He lives in memory of his friend,

Who doth his better part recall,

And of his fault make funeral.

- 1. By the expression 'Fame is a food that dead men eat', we mean
 - a. fame is enjoyed only after death
 - b. fame is enjoyed during life-time
 - c. fame is something like a food
 - d. fame dies with one's death
- 2. Friendship is a noble thing because
 - a. a man cannot live without friends
 - b. real friends are very helpful
 - c. a man always remembers the good qualities of his friend after his death
 - d. it enhances dignity of mankind
- 3. Friendship is better than fame because in friendship
 - a. when a man dies he lives in the memory of his friend
 - b. a man always regards his friend
 - c. enmity never comes
 - d. a man is always happy in the company of his friend
- 4. In the last line of the above poem the poet wants to convey that:
 - a. one should believe in friendship
 - b. the faults of a man are highlighted by his friend after his death
 - c. the faults of a man are forgotten by his friend after his death
 - d. one should not run after fame and friendship
- 5. The word "recall" means
 - a. forget
 - b. come close
 - c. help
 - d. remember

Choose the correct indirect speech for the given speech from Q.6-10.

- 6. He said, "The earth is round".
 - a. He said that the earth was round.
 - b. He said the earth was round.
 - c. He said that the earth is round.
 - d. He said the earth is round.

- 7. She said, "I can play cricket".
 - a. She said that she could play cricket.
 - b. She says that she can play cricket.
 - c. She says that he could play cricket.
 - d. She said that she can play cricket.
- 8. He said to me, "What are you doing"?
 - a. He said to me what are you doing.
 - b. He asked me what I was doing.
 - c. He said to me what I have been doing.
 - d. He asked that what I was doing.
- 9. Manisha said, "I am going out tonight".
 - a. Manisha said that she was going out tonight.
 - b. Manisha said that she was going out that night.
 - c. Manisha said she was going out that night.
 - d. Manisha said that she will be going out that night.
- 10. He says, "I am busy".
 - a. He said that he was busy.
 - b. He said that he is busy.
 - c. He says that he is busy.
 - d. He says that he was busy.

In each sentence given below, there is an error with the verb printed in **bold**. Find out the appropriate verb in each case from Q.11-15.

- 11. I **am feeling** that Sunita is very kind to me.
 - a. feel
 - b. feels
 - c. was feeling
 - d. had felt
- 12. He **just posted** the letter.
 - a. is just posting
 - b. posts

c. had just posted d. has just posted					
13. Here is coming my brother.					
a. comes b. come c. not coming d. can come					
14. She never get up early in the morning.					
a. is getting upb. had get upc. gets upd. will have got up					
15. You are not completing your work so far.					
a. have not completedb. completec. completesd. will not complete					
Choose the correct option from $Q.16-40$.					
16. What is the human form divine?					
a. mercy b. pity c. peace d. love					
17. What was the author of 'The Mark on the Wall', doing when she saw the mark for the first time?					
a. having lunchb. sewingc. having tead. smoking a cigarette					
18. The snake ring on the finger of Frau Frieda had eyes.					

a. ruby	
b. emerald	
c. topaz	
d. sapphire	
19. The narrator in the story 'I Sell My Dreams' boarded the last	_ to Rome that
same night.	
a. bus	
b. ship	
c. train	
d. plane	
20. What did Eveline promise her mother before her mother's death?	
a. to marry her love	
b. to run away from home	
c. to take care of the family	
d. to complete her education	
21. How old was Eveline?	
a. twenty years	
b. nineteen years	
c. eighteen years	
d. seventeen years	
22. Who was Eveline's employer?	
a. Miss Gavan	
b. Miss Hill	
c. Miss Betty	
d. Miss Dunn	
23. What was Raizel's father's profession?	
a. watch maker	
b. farmer	
c. senator	
d. doctor	
24. Why was Dr. Solomon not happy with his own community members?	
a. Because the Jews hated him.	

b. Because he misunderstood them.

	d. None of the above.				
25. V	Vhat happens when 'loves day is short'?				
	a. It decays.b. It grows.c. It remains the same.d. None of the above.				
26. V	What is the nature of the first impression that form the basis of a film?				
	a. To make the audience laugh.b. To make the audience scream with fright.c. To make the audience smile and believe in fairy stories.d. All of the above.				
27. V	Which law restricts our freedom in a civilized society?				
	a. The laws of the landb. The laws of the labourc. The laws of freedomd. All of the above				
28. V	at is <u>not</u> mentioned as "a weak witness of thy name" in the poem 'On Shakespear.*1630'?				
	a. pilled stonesb. hallowed reliquesc. star-ypointing pyramidd. biography				
29. Tao Ying was working as a					
	a. nurse b. gardener c. cook d. teacher				
30. V	Who was blind in the story 'Tomorrow'?				
	a. Captain Hagberdb. Bessie Carvilc. Harry Hagberdd. Josiah Carvil				

c. Because the Jews had forgotten their own culture.

31. In the poem 'Trees', the trees are compared to				
	a. Sun			
	b. tassles			
	c. flags			
	d. cloud			
32.	Where was Kubla Khan's capital situated?			
	a. Beijing			
	b. Xanadu			
	c. Rome			
	d. Mesopotamia			
33.	Who is Chandalika in the play?			
	a. Suman			
	b. Chaya			
	c. Prakriti			
	d. Manjula			
34.	What does Ramanujan ask the readers to listen to in 'Time and Time Again'?			
	a. bells			
	b. horn			
	c. music			
	d. clocktowers			
35.	Which season has been talked about in 'The Wild Swans at Coole'?			
	a. Autumn			
	b. Winter			
	c. Summer			
	d. Spring			
36.	Which shrine did Kamala Das's great-grandmother go every Monday?			
	a. the Durga shrine			
	b. the Siva shrine			
	c. the Murugan shrine			
	d. the Kali shrine			
37.	What is superior to science, philosophy or poetry according to D.H. Lawrence?			

- a. characterb. filmc. novel
- d. thought
- 38. Who translated Bhagavad Gita into English?
 - a. T.S. Eliot
 - b. Christopher Isherwood
 - c. Amartya Sen
 - d. J. Robert Oppenheimer
- 39. Who was Arjuna's charioteer?
 - a. Krishna
 - b. Rama
 - c. Bhima
 - d. Nakula
- 40. According to Isaac Asimov the goal of ancient stories and modern science fiction are same
 - a. the depiction of life as we don't know it
 - b. to fear nature and its laws
 - c. to entertain us
 - d. all of the above

JHARKHAND COUNCIL OF EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH AND TRAINING, RANCHI SUBJECT-ENGLISH ELECTIVE

CLASS-12

ANSWER KEY

1	A	21	В
2	С	22	A
3	A	23	A
4	C	24	C
5	D	25	A
6	C	26	D
7	A	27	A
8	В	28	D
9	В	29	С
10	С	30	D
11	A	31	В
12	C	32	В
13	A	33	C
14	С	34	D
15	A	35	A
16	D	36	В
17	D	37	С
18	В	38	В
19	С	39	A
20	С	40	A

JHARKHAND COUNCIL OF EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH AND TRAINING, RANCHI

ANNUAL EXAM 2022-23

CLASS - XII

ENGLISH ELECTIVE

MODEL QUESTION PAPER

Time: 1^{1/2} hrs Marks: 40

General Instructions:

- i. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ii. All the answers must be correctly numbered as in the question paper.
- iii. All parts of a question must be written together.
- iv. Answers of the questions must be in the context of the instructions given therein.

SECTION - A

Read the following passage and answer **any five** questions from **1-7**.

2x5=10

India is one of the former colonies of the world that has progressed so far as to become the second-fastest growing economy in the world, along with being projected as a future superpower. Socially, however, India's progress has not been as steep and stark. Its society continues to remain in the tight grip of patriarchy and caste- two dominant features that continue to determine how far one can go socially, economically and politically. However, unlike patriarchy that is finally being challenged, caste still remains that dirty laundry in modern India which no one likes to acknowledge publicly.

Through a Video Volunteers survey conducted by its Community Correspondents with 490 people from the SC/ST community in nine states, it was recorded that 64% of the respondents have experienced discrimination of atrocities in some form. The survey confirms that there is no space for us to assume that untouchability and other discriminatory practices ended when the Constitution abolished it as a practice in 1950 through Article 17.In order to actualise the intention of the law, it is necessary for law enforcement and social sensitisation to work concurrently.

The survey was rolled out to relay to a wider audience that caste-hierarchy and discrimination continue to fuel inequality in Indian society. When the SC/ST Act was enacted and amended, it

was done in order to slowly eliminate the roadblocks placed in front of the communities to support them in leading an equal and dignified life as citizens of India.

The survey on caste-based discrimination and atrocities also reveal that only 21% of those who had faced some form of discrimination filed a report with the police. This doesn't come as a shocking revelation because raising one's voice corresponds to vulnerability to social boycott, physical violence, or losing one's source of income. The top-tier position in most organisations are held by 'upper-caste' men, which can place people from 'lower-castes' and women in a disempowered position.

- 1. What shows the progress of India?
- 2. Which two factors determines the social, economic and political growth of a country?
- 3. What does the passage seem to highlight?
- 4. Which article abolished any discrimination based on Caste?
- 5. What fuels inequality in India, according to the passage?
- 6. Why was the SC/ST act amended?
- 7. Why do people who have faced discrimination refuse to raise their voice?

SECTION-B

Answer any two of the following.

5x2=10

- 8. In many parts of the country girls are still discouraged from going to schools. Consequently, a sizeable section of the population is deprived of education. Write a composition on 'Promoting Education of Girls'.
- 9. You are Manish\Manisha, the Sports Secretary of your school. Last week a yoga awareness programme was organized in your school. Write a report on the programme to be published in your school magazine.
- 10. Write an essay on 'My Favourite Game'.

SECTION-C

Answer **any five** of the following questions in about 50 words.

3x5=15

- 11. Why did the author think that Frau Frieda's dreams were a stratagem for surviving?
- 12. What was Dr. Margolin's attitude towards his profession?
- 13. The poem 'Kubla Khan' is a fragment. Why is it a lasting literary masterpiece?
- 14. Why is the act of nature described as "precise" in the poem 'Time and Time Again'?
- 15 What is the inward struggle that Shaw refers to in 'Freedom'?
- 16. What are some of the risks that film-making involves?
- 17. Why does the act of giving water to a wayfarer become so important for Prakriti?

SECTION-D

Note: Answer either Group-A or Group-B

Group-A

Answer **any one** of the following questions.

5x1=5

- 18. How did Margayya try to give his son the best education?
- 19. Discuss the role of Dr. Pal in the life of Margayya and his family?

Group-B

Answer **any one** of the following questions.

5x1=5

- 20. What happened after Raja came out of the circus?
- 21. Describe the comic vision of R.K.Narayan in 'A Tiger for Malgudi'.