# 8

# **Prepositions**

Preposition—This is made of two words— Pre + position. Here Pre means before and position means placed. Hence Preposition is that word or phrase which is placed before a Noun or a Pronoun. A Preposition or a Prepositional Phrase shows the relationship of that Noun or Pronoun with some other word in the sentence.

## **Forms of Preposition**

A **Preposition** has the following forms—

1. Simple Prepositions—Prepositions of one word are called Simple Prepositions. As—

In, of, to, at, by, for, from, off, on, out, through, till, up, with, down.

**2. Compound** Prepositions—Prepositions formed by adding a Prefix to a Noun, Adjective or Adverb are called Compound Prepositions. Outwardly they look like one-word Prepositions, but in fact they are compound words. As—

About, above, across, along, amidst, among, amongst, around, before, behind, below, beneath, beside, between, beyond, inside, outside, underneath, within, without.

**3. Phrase Prepositions**—Some Phrases also serve as Single Prepositions. As—

serve as single repositions. As		
	According to	in consequence of
	agreeably to	in course of
	along with	in favour of
	away from	in front of
	because of	in lieu of
	by dint of	in order to
	by means of	in place of
	by reason of	in reference to
	by virtue of	in regard to
	by way of	in spite of
	conformably to	instead of
	for the sake of	in the event of

in accordance with on account of in addition to owing to in (on) behalf of with a view to in case of with an eye to in comparison to with reference to in compliance with with regard to

## **4.** Participle Prepositions—Some Present Participles are also used as Prepositions. As—

Concerning, considering, barring, during, notwithstanding, pending, regarding, respecting, touching.

## **Functional Types of Prepositions**

As we have said above, Prepositions show relationships. In different forms they show relationship of Place, Time, Cause, Result, Purpose, Meeting or Parting. On this basis Prepositions can be classified under the following groups—

#### (1) Prepositions of Place

On, at, in, against, above, across, before, behind, over, under, among, below, between, upon, etc.

### (2) Prepositions of Time

After, before, at, on, by, behind, during, in, for, since, through, till, until, with, within, from, etc.

#### (3) Prepositions of Cause / Purpose

For, of, from, through, with, etc.

#### (4) Prepositions of Agency

By, in, with, without, at, through, with, etc.

## (5) **Prepositions of Manner** Like, with, by

(6) Prepositions of Possession

## Of, by, with

(7) Prepositions of Measure / Rate / Value At, by, for, to

- (8) Prepositions of contrast / Concession
  In spite of, notwithstanding, nevertheless
- (9) Prepositions of Separation From, of, off
- (10) Prepositions of Relationship
  With, together with, in company with, along with
- (11) **Prepositions of support / Opposition**For, against
- (12) Prepositions of Exception
  But, except, barring
- (13) Prepositions of Motive/ Inference/ Source/ Origin

From, of

(14) Prepositions of Direction

To, towards, into, up, down, above, on

Note—From the above classification it would appear that no Preposition has a definite or fixed sense of relationship. The same Preposition may express different ideas or relationships. This depends upon their use in different situations.

### **Use of Preposition**

Generally Prepositions are used **before their objects**.

- 1. The book is **on** the table.
- 2. He is **in** his office.
- 3. He is fond of tea.
- 4. She comes **from** Delhi.

In the above sentences **on**, **in**, **of**, **from** are Prepositions and they have all been used before their objects (**table**, **office**, **tea**, **Delhi**). A Preposition may have **two** or **more than two objects**. The Preposition will be used **before** the first of all these objects. As—

- 1. The cattle graze in valleys and pastures.
- 2. She is very fond **of grapes**, **apples** and **oranges**.

But in the following conditions Preposition is used **after the Object**—

- (1) When the object is **Relative Pronoun 'that'**, the Preposition is placed at the **end** of the sentence. As—
  - 1. This is the book **that** you asked **for**.
  - 2. That is the car **that** you travelled **by**.
  - 3. I know the man **that** you were talking **to**.

- (2) Also when the **object is some under-stood** (hidden) **Relative Pronoun**, the Preposition is placed at the end of the sentence. As—
  - That is the house λ I lived in.
     (In this sentence Relative Pronoun 'that' or 'which' is understood at the point marked λ)
  - 2. That is the man (**whom**) I was speaking of
  - 3. There is the book (that) you were looking for.
- (3) When the object is an **Interrogative Pronoun (who/whom/what/which)**, the Preposition is placed at the **end** of the sentence. As—
  - 1. What are you looking at?
  - 2. What are you thinking of?
  - 3. Which of these houses do you live in?
  - 4. Whom are you going with?
- (4) Sometimes for the sake of **emphasis** the **object** is placed at the **beginning** of the sentence. In that case also the **Preposition** is placed at the **end** of the sentence. As—
  - 1. **Him** I depend **on**.
  - This I insist on.
  - 3. **That** you must speak **out**.
- (5) In the **Passive Voice** also the **Preposition** is placed at the **end** of the sentence.
  - 1. He can be relied **upon**.
  - 2. Was the proposal agreed **to**?

## Exercise

#### **Correct the following sentences:**

- 1. This is the point on that I insist.
- 2. This is the post that for I have applied.
- 3. That is the goal after that he is running.
- 4. Of who are you thinking?
- 5. On which chair did you sit?
- 6. That is the thief after the police was running.
- 7. In which house do you live?
- 8. Against whom are you complaining?
- 9. Of that I am really proud.
- 10. Of what do you accuse him?

Hints—(1) that I insist on; (2) that I have applied for; (3) that he is running after; (4) Who

are you thinking of ? (5) did you sit on ? (6) the police was running after; (7) do you live in; (8) Whom are you complaining against? (9) that I am really proud of; (10) do you accuse him of.

#### **Omission of Preposition**

In some situations the Preposition is **not used**. There either it is **not required**, or it is **omitted** 

- (1) No Preposition is required before the object of a **Transitive verb**. As—
  - 1. I shall **meet you** again. ('meet with you' is wrong.)
  - 2. They **caught** the **thief**. (**'caught to the thief'** is wrong.)
  - 3. I read a book. ('read of a book' is wrong.)
  - We have done our work.
     ('have done of our work' is wrong.)
- (2) Before expressions of **Place** and **Time** no Preposition (**for**, **from**, **in**, **on**) is used. As—
  - 1. I came here **last week**. (Not, 'in last week')
  - 2. I am going **abroad**. (Not, 'for abroad')
  - 3. Please wait a minute. (Not, 'wait for a minute')
  - 4. She is waiting **outside**. (Not, 'waiting on outside')
- (3) When some expressions of **Time** (as **morning, evening, day, night, month, year**, etc.) have some qualifying words as **this, that, next, every, last, all** used before them, **no Preposition** is needed before them. As—
  - 1. He went **this morning**.
  - 2. He met me **last evening**.
  - 3. He is coming again **next Sunday**.
- Note—But if these expressions of **Time** have no qualifying words before them, they take necessary Prepositions before them. As—
  - 1. He went **in** the **morning**.
  - 2. He met me in the evening.
  - 3. He is coming again **on Sunday**.
- (4) No Preposition is required before **yester-day, today, tomorrow**. As—

- Please come tomorrow. (not 'on tomorrow')
- 2. He is returning today. (not 'on today')
- He came yesterday also. (not 'on yesterday')
- (5) No Preposition is used before  $\mathbf{Home}$ . As—
  - 1. I am going home. (not 'to home')
  - 2. I go home every Sunday. (not 'to home')
- Note—But if there is a **Possessive Adjective** before **Home**, or if **Home** is used in the sense of **House**, we use appropriate Preposition before it.
- (6) If **two Verbs** are to be used in a sentence, and both the verbs have to take different Prepositions, we must use **appropriate** Preposition for each verb separately. As—
  - 1. I have been **thinking about** and **waiting for** you since the morning.
  - 2. He has been **looking for** and **enquiring after** you for a long time.

#### Exercise

#### Correct the following sentences—

- 1. I met to him yesterday.
- 2. I reached at the station a little late.
- 3. I can never forget to you.
- 4. He ran me.
- 5. Now I shall never speak him.
- 6. I met him in last month.
- 7. It was very cold in this morning.
- 8. I cannot wait for any longer.
- 9. He cannot go for a step further.
- 10. Please return my book on tomorrow.
- 11. He was absent on yesterday.
- 12. I go on a walk the morning.
- 13. I don't read the night.
- 14. Now I must go back to home.
- 15. He is not home.
- Hints—(1) no 'to'; (2) no 'at'. (3) no 'to'; (4) 'to me' / 'after me'; (5) 'speak to him'; (6) no 'in'; (7) no 'in'; (8) no 'for'; (9) no 'for'; (10) no 'on'; (11) no 'on'; (12) in the morning; (13) in the night; (14) no 'to'; (15) not at home.

## **Wrong Use of Prepositions**

There are some **Verbs** which take **no** Preposition after them. They are—

attack, await, accompany, assist, request, investigate, inform, obey, comprise, order, reach, resemble, resist, violate.

It is **wrong** to use any Preposition after the above noted verbs, but this **error** is often committed.

- 1. America attacked on Iraq. (no 'on')
- 2. I await for your instructions. (no 'for')
- 3. I shall accompany with you. (no 'with')
- 4. I shall **assist to** you. (no 'to')
- 5. I request to you. (no 'to')
- 6. We shall **investigate into** the case.

(no 'into')

- 7. I shall **inform to** you. (no 'to')
- 8. I shall **obey to** you. (no **'to'**)
- 9. The group **comprises of** ten boys.

(no 'of')

- 10. I **order to** you. (no **'to'**)
- 11. I **reached at** the station. (no 'at')
- 12. He **resembles to** you. (no **'to'**)
- 13. He will **resist to** you. (no 'to')
- 14. He violated to the rule. (no 'to')

#### **Some Typical Prepositions**

#### In / Into

In is used to show the **position of rest** of a thing within another thing, while **into** shows a thing **in motion**, something moving inside something else.

In = Position of rest

Into = Position of motion

As-

- (a) 1. The table **is in** the room.
  - 2. We shall **sit in** the hall.
  - 3. There **is** a tiger **in** the cage.
- (b) 1. The ball **fell into** the well.
  - 2. The thief **broke into** my room.
  - 3. The tiger **moves into** the cave.

#### In / Within

'In' expresses the time-range up to the last point / moment of the given period, while within expresses the limit before the last moment of the given period. As—

- 1. He will return in (at the close of) a week's time.
- 2. He will return within (in less than / before the close of) a week's time.
- 3. You must finish the work **in** a month. (by the close of a month)
- 4. You must finish the work **within** a month. (before the month closes)

#### In / At

'In' points to a large area of Time or Place, while 'at' refers to a small area or fixed point of Time and Place. Therefore, we use 'in' for countries, states and bigger cities, and 'at' for villages and towns. Similarly, we use 'in' for larger range of time, and at for a fixed point of time. As—

- 1. He lives at Agra.
- 2. He lives in Uttar Pradesh.
- 3. He will come at six O'clock.
- 4. He will come in the morning.
- 5. He lives in Bombay.
- 6. He lives at Hathras.

#### In / At

There is one more difference between 'at' and 'in'. At refers to a stationary position, while in refers to a state of motion. As—

- 1. The train is **in motion**.
- 2. He stands at the top of the hill.
- 3. The work is **in progress**.
- 4. He is at home.

#### On / upon

'On' refers to a state of rest or stationary position, while 'upon' refers to a state of motion. As—

- 1. The book **is on** the table.
- 2. He **jumped upon** the table.

## Exercise

Fill in the blanks in the following sentences with the correct preposition from those given in brackets:

- 1. The frog jumped.....the well. (in / into)
- 2. There is no boy ..... the class. (in / into)
- 3. There is no ink ..... my pen. (in / into)
- 4. He rode straight.....the arena. (in / into)

5. He is sitting.....the drawing room.

(in / into)

- 6. He lives ..... London. (in / at)
- 7. He lives ..... Hathras ..... Aligarh District. (in / at)
- 8. You have a big house ..... Bombay.

(in/at)

9. You have a big house ..... Salempur.

(in / at)

- 10. He comes ..... 4 O'clock. (in / at)
- 11. He comes ..... the evening. (in / at)
- 12. Please close the office carefully ...... 8.30. (at / in)
- 13. Please close the office carefully ..... the afternoon. (in / at)
- 14. The work is well ..... progress. (in / at)
- 15. The plane is already ..... the air. (in / at)
- 16. He is already ..... the top. (in / at)
- 17. Please sit ..... the next chair.

(on / upon)

18. The tiger jumped.....the stag.

(on / upon)

- 19. He is sitting ..... the roof. (on / upon)
- 20. Please put the photo ..... the stand.

(on / upon)

Hints—(1) into; (2) in; (3) in; (4) into; (5) in; (6) in; (7) at Hathras in Aligarh; (8) in; (9) at; (10) at; (11) in; (12) at; (13) in; (14) in; (15) in; (16) at; (17) on; (18) upon; (19) on; (20) on.

#### With / By

**'With'** is used for **Instrument** (lifeless), while **by** is used for **living Person or Agent**. As—

- 1. The letter was written with a ball-pen.
- 2. The letter was written by Ram.
- 3. The branch of the tree was cut with an axe.
- 4. The branch of the tree was cut by the servant.

### **Between / Among**

**'Between'** is used for **two** persons, things or ideas, while **'among'** is used for **more than two**.

- Divide this property between the two brothers.
- 2. Divide this property **among** the **three** brothers.
- 3. There is a passage between the two lanes.
- 4. He passed the night **among** the **aliens**.

#### Till / To

Till is used for time, and to for place. As—

- 1. He worked **till 8 O'clock**.
- 2. He came **to** the **outer gate**.

#### Since / From

'Since' is used before a Noun or a phrase to show a certain **point of time**. It is used in **Perfect tense** only. **From** is also used to show a **point of time** but it is used in **non-perfect tense**. Remember that both **since** and **from** show only a **point of time**, **not a period of time**. We can say **since Friday**, or **since 1995**, or **since today**, but we **cannot say since four days** or **from a week**. As—

- 1. I have been living in Canada since 1990.
- 2. I studied English from the age of six.
- 3. I shall start working **from Friday**.
- 4. He has been working very hard since July.

Note—For Period of time we use for. As—

- I have been living in Canada for five years.
- 2. I worked in this office **for six months**.

#### Beside / Besides

**'Beside'** means by the side of, while **'besides'** means in addition to. As—

- 1. The Fort stands beside the river Yamuna.
- 2. He came and stood **beside me**.
- 3. He has a scooter **besides a car**.
- He has written two short stories besides a novel.

#### **Exercise**

Fill in the blanks in the following sentences with the correct preposition from those given in brackets:

The letter was carelessly typed ..... my secretary. (with / by)

- 2. The pit was dug ..... spades ..... two labourers. (with / by)
- 3. He sharpened the pencil ..... a blade.

(with / by)

- 4. He turned pale ..... fear. (with / by)
- 5. He faced the danger ..... courage.

(with / by)

- 6. The profits will be equally divided ..... the two partners. (between / among)
- 7. The profits will be equally divided ..... all the share holders. (between / among)
- 8. He had to work ..... twelve and two in the night. (between / among)
- 9. He found himself helpless ..... the strangers. (between / among)
- 10. You have to choose ..... these two courses only. (between / among)
- 11. Please wait for me ..... 10 O'clock.

(till / to)

12. He accompanied me.....the station.

(till / to)

- 13. He will remain at home ..... you reach there. (till / to)
- 14. He came with me ..... the main road.

(till / to

- 15. He has been living in this house ..... 1990. (since / from)
- 16. I shall start attending the office ......
  Monday. (since / from)
- 17. He has not seen me ..... July.

(since / from)

18. I started painting ..... my childhood.

(since / from)

19. There is a small cottage ..... my farm.

(beside / besides)

20. I know German ..... English.

(beside / besides)

Hints—(1) by; (2) with spades by two labourers.
(3) with; (4) with; (5) with; (6) between;
(7) among; (8) between; (9) among; (10) between; (11) till; (12) to; (13) till; (14) to; (15) since; (16) from; (17) since; (18) from; (19) beside; (20) besides.

## Among / Amongst

Both these words have almost the same meaning and usage, but **among** is more popularly used. But there is one difference in their usage. **Amongst** must be used in those sentences in which the word coming after it begins with a **Vowel**. As—

He is very popular amongst us.

He is very popular among the students.

#### On / At

Both these can show **time**. But **on** is used for a fixed **day** or **date**, while **at** is used for **hour**. As—

- 1. I shall come on Sunday.
- 2. I shall come on July 15.
- 3. I shall come at 5 p.m.

#### For / During

Both these show **period of time**, but the difference between them is that **for** is used for an **indefinite period**, while **during** is used for a **definite period**. As—

- 1. He has gone for a long time.
- He is on leave for a month.
   (There is no reference to a definite month)
- He will be here during Christmas holidays.
- 4. He will stay with me **during June**.

#### Of / Off

**'Of'** is a Preposition of **joining**, while **off** is a Preposition of **separation**. As—

- 1. A member of the family, page of a book, student of a college, one of many, etc.
  - 2. He is **off** duty today. (Not on duty)
  - 3. He jumped **off** the roof.

## **Preposition + Gerund**

There are certain **Verbs** and **Adjectives** after which **Infinitives** are never used. In place of Infinitives we use **Preposition + Gerund** (verb + ing) after these words. We give below a list of such **Verbs** and **Adjectives** along with the **Prepositions** which are used with them—

Abstain from, aim at, assist in, based on, confident of, debar from, desirous of, desist from, despair of, disqualified from, dissuade from, excel in, excuse for, fortunate in, hinder from, hopeful of, insist on, intend on, meditate on, negligent in, passion for, perceive in, persist in, prevent from, (to take) pride in, prohibit from, proud of, refrain from, repent of, succeed in, successful in, think of.

See these sentences. They are all **correct**—

- He is confident of winning the prize.
   ('confident to win the prize' would be wrong.)
- 2. He **insists on going** there. ('insists to go' is wrong.)
- 3. I cannot **think of displeasing** him. ('think to displease' is wrong.)
- 4. **He is fortunate in having** a friend like you.

('fortunate to have' is wrong.)

Note—Nowadays **Infinitives** have also come to be used after **aim**.

- 1. I aim to win the first prize.
- 2. He **aims to rise** to the top.

#### **Exercise**

- (a) Fill in the blanks in the following sentences with the correct preposition from those given in the brackets:
  - He has the widest knowledge ..... us all. (among / amongst)
  - 2. He comes from ..... us.

(among / amongst)

3. He is the most brilliant boy ..... them.

(among / amongst)

4. The college opens ..... 10 O'clock.

(at / on)

5. He will not be here ..... Sunday.

(at/on)

- 6. Can you come.....Sunday morning ..... 8.30 ? (**on** / **at**)
- 7. He offers prayers ..... dawn. (at / on)
- 8. He will be away ..... about a month.

(for / during)

- 9. I will come again ..... Diwali holidays. (for / during)
- 10. He fell ill ..... examination days.

(for / during)

11. He has left India ..... ever.

(for / during)

- 12. I shall not leave you alone ..... your illness. (for / during)
- 13. He is a teacher ..... our school. (of / off)
- 14. He comes ..... a good family. (of / off)
- 15. Your arguments are ..... the point.

(of / off)

16. He jumped ..... the running train.

(of / off)

Hints—(1) amongst; (2) amongst; (3) among; (4) at; (5) on; (6) on sunday morning at 8.30; (7) at; (8) for; (9) during; (10) during; (11) for; (12) during; (13) of; (14) of; (15) off; (16) off.

#### (b) Correct the following sentences:

- 1. Can you assist me with completing my home work?
- 2. He is hopeful to win the prize.
- 3. He succeeded to reach to the top position.
- 4. He persists to say so.
- 5. I cannot prevent you to go there.
- 6. He excels to paint.
- 7. You have no excuse to stay at home.
- 8. I did my best to dissuade him to drink.
- 9. He is disqualified to appear at the examination.
- 10. He is debarred to apply for the post.
- 11. You probibited him to enter here.
- 12. He is fortunate to get out unhurt.
- 13. You must refrain to drink so much.
- 14. I cannot think to live in these dirty surroundings.
- 15. He is confident to pass in the first attempt.

Hints—(1) in completing; (2) of winning; (3) in reaching; (4) in saying; (5) from going; (6) in painting; (7) for staying; (8) from drinking; (9) from appearing; (10) from applying; (11) from entering; (12) in getting out; (13) from drinking; (14) of living; (15) of passing.

## The Same Words With Different **Prepositions**

There are certain words with which different Prepositions can be used, but their meaning changes with the change of Prepositions. Different Prepositions have come into usage with them. As-

I had the advantage of you.

You gained an advantage over me.

I waited upon him at his office.

I waited for him yesterday.

He **prevailed upon** me to agree.

He **prevailed over** me in the dispute.

No argument prevailed with him.

You **agree** with me.

You agree to my proposal.

I **commence by** observing.

I **commence with** the observation.

You attended upon his leisure.

You attended to his command.

He was **invested with** the crown.

All his money was invested in business.

He is **afflicted with** fever.

He was afflicted at your failure.

I blush for her.

I blush at her misconduct.

What is the cause / reason / occasion / ground of this delay?

Is there any cause / reason / occasion / ground for this delay?

This is the **subject of** inquiry.

This is a **subject for** inquiry.

He is **disqualified from** competing.

He is **disqualified for** the post.

He is **liable for** damages.

He is liable to a fine.

I concur with you.

I concur in your decision.

The statesman deals with politics.

The shopkeeper **deals in** stationery.

He **lent** money **at** high interest.

He lent money on safe security.

We are **responsible to** God.

We are **responsible for** our actions.

I **charge** my failure **to / upon** you.

I charge you with my failure.

His face is **familiar to** me.

I am familiar with his face.

Let us now **proceed to** business.

Let us now **proceed with** the business.

He is the **slave** / **victim of** his passions.

He is a **slave** / **victim to** his passions.

He is **possessed of** property.

He is **possessed with** an idea.

I differ with you on this issue.

I **differ from** you in temperament.

**Compare** a town **with** a city. (similar things)

Compare anger to madness. (dissimilar

things)

Many Hindus were converted to Buddhism.

His sorrow was converted into joy.

I am **tired of** sitting idle.

I am **tired with** double duty.

What is the **use of** discussing?

There is no **use in** discussing.

I have no **use for** this.

He made war upon luxury.

He made war with superstitions.

This behaviour was not **expected from** you.

It is not **expected of** us to solve this problem.

He has done his **duty by** his parents.

He has done his **duty in** this matter.

You will **think of** me when I am not here.

**Think over / on** my proposal carefully.

He is **destined for** business.

He is **destined to** misery.

I am disappointed in you.

He was **disappointed of** success.

He demanded **vengeance upon** you.

He demanded **vengeance for** your deed.

God will **provide for** our needs.

We must **provide against** the rainy day.

Communicate with him on this issue.

Communicate this to him.

I am not **concerned in** the business.

I am much concerned at your losses.

I except you from this responsibility.

I take exception to your language.

He parted from his family.

He parted with his property.

I am **reconciled with** my brother.

I am reconciled to my fate.

This discovery was credited to Newton.

Newton was **credited with** this discovery.

## Different Forms of Words followed by Different Prepositions

I sympathise with you.

I feel much sympathy for you.

I **solicited** him **for** his help.

I am **solicitous of** his help.

He is **descended from** King Arthur.

He is a **descendant of** King Arthur.

I am regardful of his interests.

I have **regard for** his interest.

He is **fond of** colourful dresses.

He has **fondness for** colourful dresses.

Pursuant to my wishes.

In pursuance of my wishes.

According to your directions.

In accordance with your directions.

I am satisfied with your progress.

I feel great  $\boldsymbol{satisfaction}$  in /  $\boldsymbol{at}$  your success.

He is on leave **preparatory to** retirement.

He has made all **preparations for** retirement.

He is **proud of** his position.

He takes **pride in** his position.

I am hopeful of success.

I hope for success.

I am delighted with him.

I take delight in him.

I am ashamed of him.

I feel **shame at** his conduct.

I am going in search of him.

I am going to search for him.

I have a dislike to him.

I have a **liking for** him.

I am sensible of pain.

I am **insensible to** pain.

He is equal to me.

He is **co-equal with** me.

He is qualified to compete.

He is disqualified from competing.

He **encouraged** me **to** go forward.

He discouraged me from going forward.

I have **trust in** you.

I have distrust of you.

This is **contrary to** that.

This is **contrasted with** that.

This is **subsequent to** his application.

This is **consequent upon** his application.

She is **different from** you.

She is **indifferent to** you.

He is **neglectful of** his studies.

He is **negligent in** his studies.

## Revision Exercise I

## Fill in the blanks with appropriate prepositions:

- 1. The river flows ..... the bridge.
- 2. The work was done ..... haste.
- 3. I am fond ..... reading novels.
- 4. He died ..... his country.
- 5. The house was destroyed ..... fire.
- 6. What is that ..... me?
- 7. He has not met me ..... Sunday last.
- 8. I have known him ..... a long time.
- 9. This is a matter ..... little interest to me.
- 10. I am tired ..... sitting idle.
- 11. I shall do it ..... pleasure.
- 12. I sold it ..... ten rupees.
- 13. It is five O'clock ..... my watch.
- 14. Do not cry ..... spilt milk.
- 15. The public are cautioned ..... pick-pockets.
- 16. The tiger was killed ..... the hunter ..... the sword.
- 17. He does not go to office.....10 O'clock.

- 18. He travelled ten miles ..... two hours.
- 19. He started ..... seven ..... the morning.
- 20. He was born ..... a small village ..... Rajasthan.
- Hints—(1) under; (2) in; (3) of; (4) for; (5) by; (6) to; (7) since; (8) for; (9) of; (10) of; (11) with; (12) for; (13) by; (14) over; (15) against; (16) by the hunter with the sword; (17) before; (18) in; (19) at seven in the morning; (20) at a small village in Rajasthan

#### Revision Exercise II

## Fill in the blanks in the following sentences with appropriate prepositions:

- 1. He quarrelled ..... me ..... nothing.
- 2. He readily complied ..... my request.
- 3. He supplies the poor ..... food.
- 4. He is always true ..... me.
- 5. He is involved ..... many difficulties.
- 6. I prefer milk ..... tea.
- 7. I find no exception ..... this rule.
- 8. One has to rely ..... one's own efforts.
- 9. I inquired ..... the servant whether the office was closed.
- 10. He insisted ..... complaining against you.
- 11. You have to conform ..... the rules of the hostel.
- 12. Smoking is injurious ..... health.
- 13. He is innocent ..... of the crime.
- 14. Do not indulge ..... strong drinks.
- 15. I am very grateful ..... you.
- 16. He is dependent ..... his uncle.
- 17. He is deficient ..... calculations.
- 18. He is indifferent even ..... his children.
- 19. He is very proficient ..... grammar.
- 20. Are you not ashamed ..... your conduct?
- 21. He is completely devoid ..... the sense of mercy.
- 22. He has a passion ..... natural beauty.
- 23. I can never prove false ..... you.
- 24. He comes ..... a rich family.
- 25. Your views don't accord ..... mine.

Hints—(1) with me for nothing; (2) with; (3) with; (4) to; (5) in; (6) to; (7) to; (8) on; (9) of; (10) on; (11) to; (12) to; (13) of; (14) in; (15) to; (16) on; (17) in; (18) to; (19) in; (20) of; (21) of; (22) for; (23) to; (24) of; (25) with.

## Revision Exercise III

## Fill in the blanks in the following sentences with appropriate prepositions:

- 1. Our path is beset ..... difficulties.
- 2. Morning walk is beneficial ..... health.
- 3. He is not eligible ..... the post.
- 4. Foreigners are debarred ..... appearing at this test.
- 5. This rule is not applicable ..... the present case.
- 6. Parents should not connive ..... their children's follies.
- 7. Public men should not be sensitive ......
- 8. He is addicted ..... drinking.
- 9. Why are you so angry ..... me?
- 10. His plans are adverse ..... my career.
- 11. They scoffed ..... my suggestion.
- 12. He has been reverted ..... his former post.
- 13. I shall restore the property ..... its rightful owner.
- 14. He will impart the secret of his trade only ..... his son.
- 15. He could not prevail ..... me to revise my plans.
- 16. Do not confide your secrets ..... anyone.
- 17. He is absolutely ignorant ..... the whole affair.
- 18. He is weak ..... Chemistry.
- 19. He was rewarded for rescuing a child ..... danger.
- 20. Reward is the most important incentive ..... hard labour.
- 21. Industry and sincerity are indispensable ...... success.
- 22. He is too miserly to part ..... his money.
- 23. I am sick ..... the whole development.
- 24. The battle resulted ..... the victory for India.
- 25. One should be sure ..... what one plans to do.

Hints—(1) with; (2) to; (3) for; (4) from; (5) to; (6) at; (7) to; (8) to; (9) with; (10) to; (11) at; (12) to; (13) to; (14) to; (15) upon; (16) to; (17) of; (18) in; (19) from; (20) to; (21) to; (22) with; (23) of; (24) in; (25) of.

### Revision Exercise IV

## Fill in the blanks in the following sentences with appropriate prepositions:

- 1. I shall act ..... your advice.
- 2. My grandmother is equally affectionate ..... all.
- 3. He has great ambition ..... fame.
- 4. He is highly ambitious ..... fame.
- 5. He is not capable ..... doing this work.
- 6. I have no confidence ..... you.
- 7. He is fully confident ..... his success.
- 8. He rose equal ..... the occasion.
- 9. I take exception ..... your language.
- 10. Every child is fond ..... sweets.
- 11. He has no liking ..... any sport.
- 12. Don't be neglectful ..... your dress.
- I always find him negligent ..... his studies.
- 14. I am prepared ..... the worst.
- 15. Have trust ..... God and do your best.
- 16. He is wanting ..... common sense
- 17. I shall call ..... you tomorrow.
- 18. I called ..... your office yesterday.
- 19. I always count ..... your advice.
- 20. He deals ..... stationery.
- 21. His appeal for help met ..... little success.
- 22. He is averse ..... my advice.
- 23. He has a knack ..... good painting.
- 24. I refrained him ..... acting in haste.
- 25. He is intent ..... going to hill station.

Hints—(1) according to; (2) to; (3) for; (4) of; (5) of; (6) in; (7) of; (8) to; (9) to; (10) of; (11) for; (12) of; (13) in; (14) for; (15) in; (16) in; (17) on; (18) at; (19) upon; (20) in; (21) with; (22) to; (23) of; (24) from; (25) on.

## Words Followed By Appropriate Prepositions

We give below a list of some **Nouns**, **Adjectives**, **Participles** and **Verbs** which are followed by some appropriate **Prepositions**. The use of wrong prepositions after certain words is a very common error with English writers and speakers. The student is advised to commit the given list to memory and to consult it in case of any doubt or difficulty. The list is adapted from J.C. Nesfield's "**English Grammar**" (Macmillan).

## (a) Nouns Followed By Prepositions

Abhorrence of ingratitude.

Ability for or in some work.

Abstinence from wine.

Abundance of food.

Access to a person or place.

Accession to the throne.

(In) accordance with rule.

Accusation of theft.

Acquaintance *with* a person or a thing. But make the acquaintance *of* a person.

Adherence to a plan or cause.

Admission to a society of persons or class or things.

Admission into or to a place.

Advance (progress) of learning.

Advance (of a person) in knowledge.

(To take) advantage of some one's mistake.

(To gain) an advantage over someone.

(To have) the advantage of anyone.

Affection for a person.

Allegiance to a person.

Alliance with a person or state.

Allusion to something.

Ambition for distinction.

Amends for some fault.

Antidote to some poison.

Antidote against infection.

Anxiety for anyone's safety.

Apology for some fault.

Appetite for food.

Application to books.

Application for employment.

Apprehension of danger.

Approach to (step towards) anything.

Aptitude for mathematics.

Arrival at a place.

Arrival in a country or large town. Arrival in London, Paris, etc.

Aspiration after or for fame. Assent to an opinion.

Assurance of help.

Atonement for sin.

Attachment to a person or thing. Attack on a person or place.

Attendance on a person. Attendance at a place.

Attention to study.

Attraction to or towards a thing.

Authority over a person. Authority on a subject.

Authority for saying or doing.

Aversion to or from a person or thing.

Bar to success.

Bargain with a person.

Bargain for a thing.

Battle with anyone. Beneficence to the poor.

Benevolence *towards* the poor.

Bias towards a thing.

Blindness to one's own faults.

Candidate for election. Capacity for mathematics.

Care for his safety.

Care of his books.

Cause for anxiety.

Cause of trouble.

Caution against error. Certainty about a matter.

Certificate of good conduct.

Cessation from work.

Charge of murder (Noun)

Charge with murder. (Verb)

Claim on or against someone.

Cloak for vice.

Comment on something said.

Commerce with a country.

Compact with a person.

Comparison to or with a person or thing.

Compassion for a person.

Compensation for a loss.

Competition with a person.

Competition for a thing.

Complaint *against* a person.

Complaint about a thing.

Compliance with a request.

Complicity in a crime.

Concession to a demand.

Concurrence with a person.

Concurrence *in* a proposal.

Condemnation to death.

Condolence *with* a person.

Confidence in a person.

Conformity with anyone's views.

Conformity to rule.

Connection with a person or thing.

Consciousness of guilt.

Consideration for a person.

Consideration of a thing.

Contact with something.

(A) contemporary of some person.

Contempt for a person or thing.

(A) contrast to a person or thing.

(In) contrast with a person or thing.

Contribution to a fund.

Contribution towards some project.

Control over a person or thing.

Controversy with a person.

Controversy on or about something.

Conversation with a person.

Conviction of guilt.

Co-partner with a person.

Co-partner in something.

Copy from nature.

Correspondence with a person.

Correspondence to a thing.

Craving for anything.

Decision on some case.

Delight in a person or thing.

Deliverance from a danger. Dependence on a person or thing.

Descent from ancestors.

Desire *for* wealth.
Deviation *from* rule.
Digression *from* a subject.
Disagreement *with* a person.
Discouragement *of* a person.
(A) discouragement *to* a person.

Disgrace *to* a person. Disgust *at* meanness.

Dislike of or for a person or thing.

Dissent *from* a proposal.

Distaste *for* mathematics.

Distrust *of* a person or thing.

Dominion *over* sea and land.

Doubt *of* or *about* a thing.

Drawback *to* success.

Duty *to* a person.

Eagerness for distinction.

Economy *of* time. Eminence *in* painting.

Encroachment *on* one's rights. Endeavour *after* happiness.

Endurance of pain.

Engagement *in* a business. Engagement *with* a person. Engagement (to marry) *to*. Enmity *for* or *with* a person.

Entrance into a place.

Envy at (or of) another's success.

Equality *with* a person. Escape *from* punishment. Esteem *for* a person.

Estrangement from a person.

Evasion *of* a rule. Exception *to* a rule.

(Make) an exception of some person or thing.

Excuse for a fault.

Experience *of* a thing.

Experience in doing something.

Exposure *to* danger. Failure *of* a plan.

Failure of a person in something.

Faith in a person or thing.

Familiarity with a person or thing.

Fine *for* an offence. Fitness *for* some position. Fondness *for* anything.

Freedom *from* care. Freedom *of* action.

(Has) a genius *for* mathematics. (Is) a genius *in* mathematics. Glance *at* a person or thing. Glance *over* a wide surface.

Gratitude *for* a thing. Gratitude *to* a person. Greediness *for* a thing. Grief *at* an event. Grief *for* a person.

Guarantee for or of a man's honesty.

Guess at the truth.

Harmony *with* anything. Hatred *of* or *for* a person.

Hatred of a thing.
Heir to some property.
Heir of some person.
Hindrance to anything.
Hint at some reward.
Hope of better luck. (Noun)
Hope for better luck. (Verb)
Hostility to a person or cause.
Identity with a person or thing.

Immersion *in* water.
Impediment *to* progress.
Imputation *of* guilt.

Imputation *against* someone.

Incentive *to* industry.
Inclination *for* or *to* study
Independence *of* help.
Indifference *to* heat or cold.
Indulgence *in* wine.
Indulgence *to* a person.

Indulgence *in* wine.
Indulgence *to* a person.
Inference *from* facts.
Infliction *of* punishment.

Influence *over* or *with* a person. Influence *on* anyone's actions.

Inkling of a secret.

Inquiry *into* circumstances. Insight *into* a man's character.

Instruction *in* music.
Intercourse *with* a person.

Interest in a subject.

Interest (influence) *with* a person. Interference *in* or *with* a man's affairs.

Interview with a person.

Intimacy with a person.

Intrusion *into* a man's house. Invitation *to* a dinner.

Irruption *into* a country.
Irruption *by* invaders.
Jest *at* a man's bad luck.

Joy *in* his good luck.

Judge *of* a matter.

Jurisdiction *over* a province. Jurisdiction *in* a lawsuit. Justification *of* or *for* crime.

Key to a mystery.
Laxity in morals.
Lecture on a subject.
Leisure for amusement.
Leniency to prisoners.
Liability to an illness.
Libel on a person.

Libel *against* his character. Likeness *to* a person or thing.

Liking *for* a person or thing.

Limit *to* a man's zeal. Longing *for* or *after* a thing.

Look *at* a thing. Lust *for* money.

Malice against a person.

Margin for losses.

Martyr *for* a certain cause. Match *for* a person. Menace *to* public health. Motive *for* action. Necessity *for* anything.

Necessity *of* the case. Need *for* assistance.

(In) need *of* assistance.

Neglect of duty.

Neglect in doing a thing.

Nerve for riding.

Nomination *of* a person. Nomination *to* a post.

Obedience to orders, parents, etc.

Objection *to* a proposal.
Obligation *to* a person.
Obstruction *to* traffic.
Offence *against* morality.

(Take) offence *at* something done. Operation *on* a person or thing.

Opportunity *for* action. Opposition *to* a person.

Order for or against doing a thing.

Outlook *from* a window.
Outlook *on* the sea.
Partiality *for* flatterers.
Partnership *in* a thing.
Partnership *with* a person.
Passion *for* gambling

Passion for gambling.

(At) peace with all men.
Penance for some fault.
Penetration into motives.
Penitence for some fault.
Perseverance in well-doing.
Persistence in an attempt.
Piety towards God.

Pity *for* sufferers. Popularity *with* neighbours.

Postscript *to* a letter. Power *over* a person.

Precaution against infection.

Preface *to* a book. Preference *for* one thing.

Preference to or over another thing.

Prejudice *against* a person. Preparation *for* action. Pretension *to* learning. Pretext *for* interference. Pride *in* his wealth. (*Noun*)

Prides himself *on* his wealth. (*Verb*)

Proficiency in mathematics.

Profit *to* the seller. Progress *in* study. Proof *of* guilt. (*Noun*)

Proof against temptation. (Adj.)

Proportion of three to one.

Protest against proceedings, decision, etc.

(In) Pursuance *of* an object. Qualification *for* office. Quarrel *with* another person.

Quarrel between two persons.

Question *on* a point.
Ratio *of* one to five.
Readiness *at* figures.
Readiness *in* answering.
Readiness *for* a journey.
Reason *for* a thing.
Reason *against* a thing.
Recompense *for* labour.

Reference *to* a person or thing. Reflections *on* a man's honesty. Regard *for* a man's feelings.

(In or With) regard *to* that matter. Regret *for* something done.

Relapse into idleness.

Relation *of* one thing *to* another. Relation between two things. Relations *with* a person. Reliance *on* a man's word.

Relish for food.

Remedy *for* or *against* snakebite. Remonstrance *with* a person. Remonstrance *against* his conduct.

Remorse *for* a crime. Repentance *for* sin. Reply *to* a letter. Reputation *for* honesty. Request *for* a thing.

Resemblance to a person or thing.

Resignation *to* fate.
Resistance *to* injustice.
Resolution *into* elements.
Resolution *on* a matter.

Respect *for* a man or his office. (In) respect *of* some quality. (With) respect (*to*) a matter. Responsibility *to* the law. Responsibility *for* action. Result *of* a proceeding.

Reverence *for* age. Revolt *against* authority.

Rival *in* anything. Rival *for* a position. Rivalry *with* a person.

Satire on or upon a person, book, etc.

Satisfaction *for* some fault. Search *for* or *after* wealth. (In) search *of* wealth. Shame *at* or *for* his fault.

Share of a thing.
Share with a person.
Sin against God.
(A) slave to avarice.
(The) slave of avarice.
Slur on his character.
Sneer at good men.

Sorrow for his misfortunes.
Specific for or against fever.
Speculation in bank shares.
Stain on one's character.
Subjection to the laws.
Submission to authority.
Subscription to a fund.
Subsistence on rice.
Succession to an estate.
Supplement to a book.
Surety for a person.

Suspicion *of* his intentions. Sympathy *with* or *for* the poor.

Sympathy with a cause or with a person's views.

Taste (experience) of hard work. Taste (liking) for hard work.

Temperance *in* diet. Temptation *to* evil.

Testimony *to* his character. Testimony *against* his character.

Traitor *to* his country. Trespass *against* the law. Trust *in* his honesty.

(In) unison *with* his character. (We have no) use *for* that. (What is the) use *of* that? (There is no) use *in* that.

(At) variance *with* a person.(A) victim *to* oppression.

(The) victim *of* oppression.

Victory over his passions.

Want *of* money.
Warrant *for* his arrest.

Witness of or to an event.

Wonder *at* his rudeness. yearning *for* his home.

Zeal *for* a cause. Zest *for* enjoyment.

## (b) Adjectives and Participles followed by Prepositions

Abandoned *to* his fate. Abounding *in* or *with* fish.

Absorbed *in* study.

Acceptable to a person.

Accomplished in an art.

Accountable to a person.

Accountable *for* a thing. Accurate *in* his statistics.

Accused *of* a crime.

Accustomed to riding.

Acquainted with a person or thing.

Acquitted of a charge.

Adapted *to* his tastes.

Adapted for an occupation.

Addicted to bad habits.

Adequate *to* his wants.

Affectionate *to* a person.

Afflicted with rheumatism.

Afraid of death.

Agreeable to his wishes.

Alarmed at a rumour.

Alien to his character.

Alienated from a friend.

Alive to the consequences.

Allied to a thing.

Allied *with* a person or country.

Amazed at anything.

Ambitious of distinction.

Angry at a thing.

Angry with a person.

Annoyed at a thing.

Annoyed with a person for saying or doing some-

thing.

Answerable to a person.

Answerable for his conduct.

Anxious for his safety.

Anxious about the result.

Applicable to a case.

Appropriate to an occasion.

Ashamed *of* his dullness.

Associated with a person.

Associated in some business

Assured of the truth.

Astonished at his rudeness.

Averse to hard work.

Aware of his intentions.

Backward in mathematics.

Based *on* sound principles.

Bent on doing something.

Beset with difficulties.

Betrayed *to* the enemy.

Betrayed *into* the enemy's hands.

Blessed with good health.

Blessed in his children.

Blind to his own faults.

Blind in one eye.

Boastful of his wealth.

Born of rich parents.

Born in England.

Bought of a person.

Bound *in* honour.

Bound by a contract.

(Ship) bound for England.

Busy with or at his lessons.

Capable of improvement.

Careful *of* his money.

Careful about his dress.

Cautious of giving advice.

Certain of success.

Characterised by a thing.

Characteristic of a person.

Charged to his account.

Charged (loaded) with a bullet.

Charged with (accused of) a crime.

Clear of blame.

Close to a person or thing.

Clothed *in* purple.

Committed to a course of action.

Common to several persons or things.

Comparable to something else. Competent for certain work.

Composed of a material.

Concerned at or about some mishap.

Concerned for a person's welfare.

Concerned in some business.

Condemned to death.

Conducive to success.

Confident of success.

Congenial to one's tastes.

Congratulated on his success.

Conscious of a fault.

Consistent with the facts.

Conspicuous for honesty.

Contemporary with a person or event.

Contented with a little.

Contrary to rule.

Contrasted with something else.

Conversant with persons or things.

Convicted of a crime.

Convinced of a fact.

Correct in a statement.

Coupled with something else.

Covetous of other men's goods.

Creditable to his judgment.

Cured of a disease.

Customary for a person.

Deaf *to* entreaties.

Defeated in battle.

Defective in point of style.

Deficient in energy.

Delighted with success.

Dependent *on* a person or thing.

Deprived of some good thing.

Deserving of praise.

Designed *for* a purpose. Desirous of success.

Despairing of success.

Destined for the bad.

Destitute of money.

Determined on doing a thing.

Detrimental to health.

Devoid of foundation.

Different from something else.

Diffident of success.

Diligent in business.

Disappointed of a thing not obtained.

Disappointed in a thing obtained.

Disappointed with a person or thing.

Disgusted with a thing.

Disgusted at or with a person.

Dismayed at a result.

Displeased with a person.

Disqualified for a post.

Disqualified from competing.

Distinct from something else.

Distracted with pain.

Distrustful of a man's motives.

Divested of office.

Doubtful or dubious of success.

Due to some cause.

Dull of understanding.

Eager for distinction.

Eager in the pursuit of knowledge.

Earnest in his endeavours.

Easy of access.

Educated in the law.

Educated for the bar.

Effective for a purpose.

Eligible *for* employment.

Eminent for his learning.

Employed in gardening.

Empty of its contents.

Endeared to all men.

Endowed with natural ability.

Engaged to some person.

Engaged in some business.

Engraved *on* the memory.

Enraged at something done.

Entangled in a plot. Entitled to a hearing.

Enveloped in mist.

Envious of another's success.

Equal to the occasion.

Essential to happiness.

Exclusive *of* certain items. Hostile *to* my endeavours. Exempted or exempt *from* a fine. Hungry *after* or *for* wealth.

Exhausted *with* labour. Hurtful *to* health.

Exonerated *from* blame. Identical *with* anything.

Exposed *to* danger. Ignorant *of* English.

Expressive *of* his feelings. Ill *with* fever.

Faithful to a master.

False of heart.

False to his friends.

Imbued with confidence.

Immaterial to the point.

Immersed in water.

Familiar with a language.

Impatient of reproof.

Familiar (well known) *to* a person. Impatient *at* an event. Famous *for* his learning. Impatient *for* results.

Fascinated *with* or *by* a person or thing. Imperative *on* a person.

Fatal *to* his prospects

Impertinent *to* his master

Fatal to his prospects.

Fatigued with travelling.

Favourable to his prospects.

Favourable for action.

Fearful of consequences.

Fertile in resources.

Implicated in a crime.

Inclined to laziness.

Inclusive of extras.

Incumbent on a person.

Indebted to a person.

Fit for a position.

Flushed with victory.

Foiled in an attempt.

Fond of music.

Foreign to the purpose.

Indebted for some kindness.

Indebted in a large sum.

Independent of his parents.

Indifferent to heat or cold.

Indignant at something done.

Founded on fact.

Fraught with danger.

Free from blame.

Fruitless of results.

Full of persons or things.

Gifted with abilities.

Indignant at something dor Indignant with a person.

Infatuated with a person.

Infected with smallpox.

Infected with rats.

Gifted *with* abilities.

Glad *of* his assistance.

Glad *at* a result.

Good *for* nothing.

Infested *with* rats.

Inflicted *on* a person.

Informed *of* a fact.

Inherent *in* his disposition.

Good *at* cricket.

Grateful *for* past kindness.

Greedy *of* or *after* or *for* riches.

Inimical *to* a person.

Innocent *of* a charge.

Insensible *to* shame.

Guilty of theft.

Healed of a disease.

Inspired with hope.

Intent on his studies.

Heedless *of* consequences. Interested *in* a person or thing. Held *in* high esteem. Intimate *with* a person.

Honest *in* his dealings.

Honoured *with* your friendship.

Introduced *to* a person.

Introduced *into* a place.

Hopeful of success.

Invested with full powers

Hopeful *of* success. Invested *with* full powers. Horrified *at* the sight. Invested *in* stocks and shares.

Involved *in* difficulties. Irrelevant *to* the question. Irrespective *of* consequences.

Jealous *of* his reputation.

Lame *in* one leg. Lavish *of* money.

Lavish *in* his expenditure.

Lax *in* his morals. Level *with* the ground.

Liable *to* error.
Liable *for* payment.
Liberal *of* his advice.
Limited *to* a certain area.
Lost *to* all sense of shame.
Loyal *to* the government.

Mad with disappointment.

Made for a teacher.

Made of iron.

Meet *for* a rich man. Mindful *of* his promise. Mistaken *for* a traveller.

Mistaken *in* a belief.

Moved *to* tears.
Moved *with* pity.
Moved *at* the sight.
Moved *by* entreaties.

Natural to a person.

Necessary to happiness.

Neglectful of his interests.

Negligent *of* duty. Negligent *in* his work. Notorious *for* his misdeeds.

Obedient *to* parents.
Obligatory *on* a person.

Obliged to a person.

Obliged for some kindness.

Obstinate *in* his resistance. Occupied *with* some work.

Occupied in reading a book.

Offended with a person.

Offended at something done.

Offensive *to* a person. Open *to* flattery.

Opposed to facts.

Overcome *with* sorrow. Overwhelmed *with* grief.

Painful to one's feelings.

Parallel *to* or *with* anything. Partial *to* the youngest son.

Patient to suffering.

Peculiar to a person or thing.

Polite *in* manners. Polite *to* strangers. Poor *in* spirit.

Popular with schoolfellows.

Popular *for* his pluck.
Possessed *of* wealth.
Possessed *with* a notion.
Precious *to* a person.

Pre-eminent *above* the rest. Pre-eminent *in* cleverness. Preferable *to* something else. Prejudicial *to* his interests. Preliminary *to* an inquiry. Prepared *for* the worst.

(A) preventive *of* fever (*noun*)

Previous *to* some event.
Productive *of* wealth.
Proficient *in* mathematics.
Profitable *to* an investor.
Profuse *with* his money.
Profuse *in* his offers.
Prone *to* idleness.

Proper for or to the occasion.

Proud *of* his position. Pursuant *to* an inquiry.

Qualified *for* teaching music. Quick *of* understanding. Quick *at* mathematics. Radiant *with* smiles. Ready *for* action.

Ready *in* his answers. Reconciled *to* a position. Reconciled *with* an opponent.

Reduced *to* poverty.

Regardless of consequences.

Related *to* a person. Relative *to* a question. Relevant *to* the point. Remiss *in* his duties.

Remote from one's intentions.

Repentant *of* his sin.
Repugnant *to* his wishes.
Repulsive *to* his feelings.
Requisite *to* happiness.
Requisite *for* a purpose.

Resolved into its elements.

Resolved *on* doing a thing. Respectful *to* or *towards* one's superiors.

Responsible *to* a person.
Responsible *for* his actions.

Restricted *in* means, ability, etc. Restricted *to* certain persons.

Revenged *on* a person *for* doing something.

Rich in house property.

Rid of trouble.

Sacred *to* a man's memory. Sanguine *of* success.

Satisfactory *to* a person. Satisfied *with* his income.

Secure from harm.

Secure against an attack.

Sensible of kindness.

Sensitive to blame.

Serviceable *to* a person.

Shocked *at* your behaviour. Shocking *to* everyone.

Shocking to everyor

Short of money.

Silent *about* or *on* a subject. Similar *to* a person or thing. Skilful *in* doing a thing.

Slow of speech.

Slow in making up his mind.

Slow at accounts.

Solicitous for your safety.

Sorry for someone.

Sorry about an occurrence.

Sparing *of* praise. Stained *with* crimes. Startled *at* a sight. Steeped *in* vice.

Strange to a person.

Strange *in* appearance. Subject *to* authority.

Subordinate *to* a person. Subsequent *to* another event.

Sufficient for a purpose.

Suitable to or for the occasion.

Suited *to* the occasion. Suited *for* a post.

Sure of success.

Suspicious *of* his intentions. Sympathetic *with* sufferers.

Tantamount *to* a falsehood.

Temperate *in* his habits.

Thankful for past favours.

Tired of doing nothing.

Tired with his exertions.

Transported with joy.

True to his convictions.

Uneasy *about* consequences.

Useful for a certain purpose.

Vain of his appearance.

Veiled in mystery.

Versed in a subject.

Vested *in* a person.

Vexed with a person for doing something.

Vexed at or about a thing.

Victorious over difficulties.

Void of meaning.

Wanting in common sense.

Wary of telling secrets.

Weak of understanding.

Weak in his head.

Weary of doing nothing.

Welcome to my house.

Worthy of praise.

Zealous for improvement.

Zealous in a cause.

## (c) Verbs Followed By Prepositions

Abide by a promise.

Abound in or with fish.

Absolve of or from a charge.

Abstain from wine.

Accede to a request.

Accord with a thing.

Account *for* a fact. Accrue *to* a person. Accuse *of* some misdeed. Acquiesce *in* a decision. Acquit *of* blame.

Adapt *to* circumstances. Adhere *to* a plan.

Admit *of* an excuse. Admit *to* or *into* secret.

Admonish of or for a fault.

Agree to a proposal.

Agree *with* a person. Aim *at* a mark.

Alight *from* a carriage. Alight *on* the ground. Allot *to* a person.

Allow *of* delay. Allude *to* a fact.

Alternate with something else.

Anchor *off* the shore. Answer *to* a person. Answer *for* conduct. Apologise *to* a person.

Applogise *for* rudeness. Appeal *to* a person.

Appeal *for* redress or help. Appeal *against* a sentence.

Apply *to* a person *for* a thing. Appoint *to* a situation.

Apprise *of* a fact. Approve *of* an action.

Arbitrate between two persons.

Argue with a person for or against a point.

Arrive at a small place.

Arrive in a country or a large city, e.g., Arrive in

London.

Ascribe *to* a cause. Ask *for* a thing.

Ask of or from a person.

Aspire after or to worldly greatness.

Assent to your terms.

Associate *with* a person or thing. Assure a person *of* a fact.

Atone for a fault.

Attain *to* a high place. Attend *to* a speaker. Attend *on* a person. Attribute *to* a cause.

Avail oneself *of* an offer. Avenge oneself *on* a person. Bark *at* a person or thing.

Bask in sunshine.

Bear with someone's faults.

Beat *against* the rocks (the waves).

Beat on one's head.

Become of you (what will)?
Beg pardon of a person.
Beg a person to do a thing.

Beg for something from someone.

Begin *with* the first.
Believe *in* one's honesty.
Belong *to* a person.

Bequeath a thing *to* a person. Bestow a thing *on* a person. Bethink oneself *of* something.

Beware of the dog.

Blame a person *for* something. Blush *at* an embarrassing remark. Blush *for* anyone who is at fault. Boast or brag *of* one's cleverness.

Border on a place.

Borrow *of* or *from* a person.
Break *into* a house (thieves).
Break oneself *of* a habit.
Break *through* restraint.
Break bad news *to* a person.

Break (sever relations) with a person.

Bring a thing to light. Bring to one's notice. Brood over past grievances.

Burst into tears.

Buy a thing from person or shop.

Calculate on success.

Call on a person (visit him at his house or sum-

mon to do something).
Call *to* (shout to) a person.
Call *for* (require) punishment.

Canvass for votes.

Care for (value, love, or attend upon) a person or

thing.

Caution a person against danger.

Cease from quarrelling.

Challenge a person *to* combat. Charge a person *with* a crime. Charge payment *to* a person.

Charge a person for goods supplied.

Charge goods to a person's account.

Cheat a person of his due.

Clamour *for* higher wages. Clash *with* another (of colours).

Clear a person *of* blame. Cling *to* a person or thing.

Close with (accept) an offer.

Combat *with* difficulties.
Come *across* (accidentally meet) anyone.

Come *into* fashion.

Come *by* (obtain) a thing. Come *of* (result from) something.

Come to (amount to) forty.

Commence *with* a thing. Comment *on* a matter.

Communicate something *to* a person. Communicate *with* a person *on* a subject.

Compare similars with similars—as one fruit with

another.

Compare things dissimilar, by way of illustration

as genius to a lightning flash.
Compensate a person for his loss.
Compete with a person for a prize.

Complain of some annoyance to a person.

Complain *against* a person. Comply *with* one's wishes. Conceal facts *from* anyone. Concur *with* a person. Concur *in* an opinion.

Condemn a person to death for murder.

Condole *with* a person. Conduce *to* happiness.

Confer (Trans.) a thing on anyone.

Confer (Intrans.) with a person about something.

Confide (*Trans*.) a secret *to* anyone. Confide (*Intrans*.) *in* a person. Conform *to* (follow) a rule. Conform with one's views.

Confront a person *with* his accusers. Congratulate a person *on* his success. Connive *at* other men's misdeeds.

Consent *to* some proposal. Consign *to* destruction. Consist *of* materials.

Consist in (be comprising in), e.g., 'Virtue con-

sists in being uncomfortable.'

Consult with a person on or about some matter.

Contend *with* or *against* a person. Contend *for* or *about* a thing.

Converge *to* a point.

Converse with a person about a thing.

Convict a person *of* a crime. Convince a person *of* a fact. Cope *with* a person or task. Correspond *with* a person (write). Correspond *to* something (agree).

Count on a person or thing (rely on) e.g., I count

on you to see this done.

Crave for or after happiness.

Crow over a defeated rival.

Cure a man of a disease.

Cut a thing *in* or *into* pieces
Cut a thing *in* half.

Dabble *in* politics.
Dash *against* anything.
Dash *over* anything.
Dawn *on* a person.

Deal well or ill by a person

Deal in (trade in) cloth, tea, spices, etc.

Deal *with* a person (have dealings in trade etc.). Deal *with* a subject (write or speak about it).

Debar *from* doing anything. Debit *with* a sum of money. Decide *on* something. Decide *against* something. Declare *for* something. Declare *against* something. Defend a person *from* harm. Defraud a person *of* his due. Deliberate *on* a matter.

Delight in music.

Deliver from some evil. Enjoin on a person. Demand a thing of a person. Enlarge on a subject. Depend *on* a person or thing. Enlist in the army. Deprive a person of a thing. Enlist a person in some project.

Desist from an attempt. Enter upon a career.

Despair of success. Enter into one's plans. Deter a person from an action. Entitle anyone to an estate. Determine *on* doing something. Entrust anyone with a thing. Detract from one's reputation. Entrust a thing to anyone. Deviate from a certain course. Err on the side of leniency.

Die of a disease. Escape from jail.

Die *from* some cause, as overwork. Exact payment from a person.

Die by violence. Excel in languages.

Differ with a porson on a subject. Exchange one thing for another.

Differ from anything (to be unlike). Exchange with a person.

Digress from the point. Excuse (pardon) for something. Dip into a book. Exempt a person from a rule.

Disable one from doing something. Exonerate a person from blame.

Disagree with a person. Explain to a person.

Disapprove of anything. Exult in a victory over a rival. Dispense with a man's services. Fail in an attempt.

Dispose *of* (sell) property. Fail of a purpose. Dispute with a person about anything. Fall among thieves.

Dissent from an opinion. Fall in love with a person. Dissuade from an action. Fall in with one's views.

Distinguish one thing from another. Fall into error. Fall *on* the enemy (attack). Distinguish between two things. Fall under someone's pleasure.

Divert a person from a purpose. Fall *upon* evil days. Divest one's mind of fear. Fawn on a person. Divide in half, into four parts. Feed (Intrans.) on grass.

Dote *upon* a person or thing. Feed (Trans) a cow with grass, or grass to a cow. Draw for money on a bank.

Feel for a person in his trouble. Draw money from a bank.

Fight for the weak against the strong. Dream of strange things.

Drive at some point. Fight with or against a person.

Drop off a tree. Fill with anything. Drop *out of* the ranks. Fire *on* or *at* the enemy. Dwell on a subject. Fish *for* compliments. Eat into iron. Flirt with a person.

Elicit from a person. Fly at (attack) anyone. Fly into a rage. Emerge from the forest.

Free of or from anything. Encroach *on* one's authority. Furnish a person with a thing. Endorse with a signature. Furnish a thing to a person. Endow a hospital money.

Gain on someone in a race.

Get at (find out) the facts.

Get away from (escape).

Get on with a person (live or work smoothly

with him).

Get out of debt.

Get over (recover from) an illness.

Get to a journey's end. Glance at an object. Glance over a letter. Glory in success.

Grapple with difficulties.

Grasp *at* (try to seize) something. Grieve *at* or *for* or *about* an event.

Grieve *for* a person.

Grow *upon* one = (a habit grows upon one).

Grumble at one's lot.
Guard against a bad habit.
Guess at something.
Hanker after riches.
Happen to a person.
Heal of a disease.

Hear *of* an event. Hesitate *at* nothing.

Hide a thing from a person.

Hinder one from doing something.

Hinge on (depend on) some event.

Hint *at* an intention. Hope *for* something. Hover *over* a nest.

Hunt after or for anything.

Identify one person or thing with another.

Impart a thing *to* a person. Import goods *into* a country. Import things *from* a country. Impose *on* (deceive) a person. Impress an idea *on* a person.

Impress a person *with* an idea. Impute blame *to* a person. Incite a person *to* some action.

Infer one fact *from* another. Inflict punishment *on* a person. Inform a person *of* a thing.

Inform against a person.

Infuse an ingredient into some mixture.

Initiate a man into an office or society.

Inquire into a matter.

Inquire of a person about or concerning some

matter.

Insist on a point.

Inspire a man *with* courage. Instil a thing *into* the mind.

Intercede *with* a superior *for* someone else. Interfere *with* a person *in* some matter. Intermingle one thing *with* another.

Intersect *with* each other.

Introduce a person *to* someone.

Introduce *into* a place or society.

Intrude *on* one's leisure.

Intrude *into* one's house.

Invest money *in* some project.

Invest a person *with* authority.

Invite a person *to* dinner.

Involve a person *in* debt.

Issue *from* some source.

Issue *in* a result.

Jar *against* an object.

Jar *on* one's nerves.

Jeer *at* a person.

Jest at (make fun of) a person.

Join in a game.

Join one thing to another.

Judge *of* something *by* something. Jump *at* (eagerly accept) an offer.

Jump to a conclusion.

Keep back (hold back) a secret.

Keep (abstain) from wine.

Keep off the grass.

Keep *to* (adhere to) a point.

Keep *under* (hold in subjection).

Keep *up* (prevent from sinking) prices.

Knock one's head *against* a wall.

Knock at a door.

Know of (be aware of) a person.
Labour under a misapprehension.
Labour for the public good.
Labour in a good cause.
Labour at some task.

Lament for the dead.

Languish *for* home. Lapse *into* disuse.

Laugh at a person or thing.

Laugh to scorn.

Lay by (save money, etc.) for future needs.

Lay down one's arms (surrender).

Lay facts *before* a person. Lead *to* Calcutta (a road). Lean *against* a wall. Lean *on* a staff.

Lean *to* a certain opinion. Level a city *with* the ground.

Lie in one's power.

Light on a person or object.

Listen to complaints.
Live for riches or fame.
Live by honest labour.
Live on a small income.
Live within one's means.
Long for anything.

Look after (take care of) a person or business.

Look at a person or thing.

Look *into* (closely examine) a matter. Look *for* (search for) something lost. Look *over* (inspect one by one) an account.

Look *through* (glance through) a book. Look *to* (be careful about) your movement.

Look up a reference.

Make *away with* (kill) a person. Make *for* (conduce to) happiness.

Make for (proceed in the direction of) home, the shore. etc.

Make off (run away) with stolen goods.

Make up (supply) deficiency.

Make *up* (compensate), as 'make *up* for lost time'; 'We must make it *up* to (compensate) him some-

Make *up* (invent) a story.

Make some meaning *of* a thing.

Marry one person *to* another.

Marvel *at* some *sight* or report.

Match one thing *with* another.

Meddle with other people's business.

Meditate *on* some subject. Meet *with* a rebuff. Merge into or with anything.

Mourn for the dead.

Murmur *at* or *against* anything. Muse *upon* the beauties of nature.

Object to some proposal.

Occur to one's mind.

Offend against good taste.

Officiate for someone in a post.

Operate on a patient.

Originate *in* a thing or place. Originate *with* a person. Overwhelm *with* kindness. Part *with* a person or thing. Partake *of* some food.

Participate *with* a person *in* his gains. Pass *away* (die, come to an end). Pass *by* someone's house.

Pass *from* one thing *into* another.

Pass *for* a clever man.

Pass on (hand round, transfer), as 'Read this and

pass it on.'

Pass over (make no remark upon) his subsequent

conduct.

Pay (suffer) *for* one's folly. Perish *by* the sword. Perish *with* cold.

Persevere *in* an effort.
Persist *in* doing something.
Pine *for* something lost.
Play *on* or *upon* the guitar.

Play (trick, joke, prank) on a person.

Play (trifle with, treat lightly) with one's health.

Plot against a man.

Plunge into a river, work, etc.

Point *at* a person. Point *to* some result.

Ponder *on* or *over* a subject. Possess oneself *of* an estate.

Pounce on or upon a person or thing.

Pray *to* God *for* guidance. Prefer one thing *to* another.

Prejudice anyone against some person or thing.

Prepare *for* the worst.
Prepare *against* disaster.
Present anyone *with* a book.

Preserve *from* harm. Preside *at* a meeting.

Preside over a meeting.

Prevail on (persuade) a person to do something.

Prevail against or over an adversary.

Prevail with a person (have more influence than

anything else). Prevent *from* going.

Prey upon one's health (or mind).

Pride oneself *on* a thing.

Proceed *with* a business already begun. Proceed *to* a business not yet begun. Proceed *from* one point *to* another. Proceed *against* (prosecute) a person.

Prohibit from doing something.

Protect *from* harm.
Protest *against* injustice.
Provide *for* one's children.
Provide *against* a rainy day.
Provide oneself *with* something.

Provoke one *to* anger. Pry *into* a secret.

Punish anyone *for* a fault. Purge the mind *of* false notions.

Quake with fear.

Qualify oneself for a post.

Quarrel with someone over or about something.

Quote something *from* an author. Reason *with* a person *about* something.

Rebel against authority.

Reckon *on* (confidently expect) something. Reckon *with* (settle accounts with) a person.

Recompense one for some service.

Reconcile to a loss.
Reconciled with an enemy.
Recover from an illness.

Refer to a subject. Reflect credit on a person.

D. Cl. (1.4.)

Reflect (Intrans.) on a man's conduct.

Refrain from tears.

Rejoice *at* the success of another. Rejoice *in* one's own success.

Relieve one of a task. Rely on a person or thing. Remind a person of a thing. Remonstrate with a person against some proceed-

ing.

Render (translate) into English.

Repose (*Intrans.*) *on* a bed. Repose confidence *in* a person. Reprimand a person *for* a fault. Require something *of* someone.

Rest on a couch.

(It) rests with a person to do, etc.

Resolve on a course of action.

Result *from* a cause. Result *in* a consequence. Retaliate *on* an enemy.

Revenge myself *of* someone *for* some injury.

Revolt against government.

Reward a man with something for some services

done.

Ride at anchor.

Rob a person *of* something. Rule *over* a country.

Run after (eagerly follow) new fashions.

Run into debt.

Run over (read rapidly) an account.

Run through one's money.

Save a person or thing *from* harm.

Scoff at religion.

Search for something lost.

Search into (carefully examine) a matter.

See *about* (consider) a matter. See *into* (investigate) a matter.

See *through* (understand) his meaning.

See *to* (attend to) a matter. Seek *after* or *for* happiness.

Send for a doctor.

Sentence a man to imprisonment (or death).

Set *about* (begin working at) a task. Set *down* (put in writting) your terms. Set *forth* (begin journey or expedition).

Set *in*, as 'A reaction set in' Set *out* (begin journey).

Set a person *over* (in charge of) a business.

Set upon (attack) a traveller.

Show a person *over* a house *into* a room.

Shudder at cruelty.

Side *with* a person *in* a dispute. Smile *at* (deride) a person's threats.

Smile *on* (favour) a person. Snatch *at* (try to seize) a thing. Speak *of* a subject (briefly).

Speak on a subject (at great length).

Speculate in shares.

Speculate *on* a possible future. Stand *against* (resist) an enemy. Stand by (support) a friend. Stand *on* one's dignity.

Stand *up for* (defend) something or someone.

Stare at a person.

Stare a person *in* the face.

Start *for* Calcutta. Stick *at* nothing. Stick *to* his point. Stoop *to* meanness.

Strike at (aim a blow at) someone.

Strike *for* higher pay. Strike *on* a rock (of a ship). Strike *up* (begin playing). Struggle *against* difficulties. Subject a person *to* censure.

Submit to authority.

Subscribe to a fund or a doctrine.

Subsist *on* scanty food. Succeed *to* a property. Succeed *in* an undertaking. Succumb *to* difficulties.

Sue for peace.

Supply a thing *to* a person. Supply a person *with* a thing. Surrender *to* the enemy.

Sympathise *with* a person *in* his troubles.

Take after (resemble) his father.

Take a person for a spy.

Take off (of an aeroplane leaving the ground).

Take to (acquire the habit of) gambling.

Talk *of* or *about* an event.

Talk *of* or *about* an ameter

Talk to or with a person.

Tamper with statistics.

Taste of salt.

Tell of or about an event.

Testify to a fact.

Think *of* or *about* anything. Think *over* (consider) a matter. Threaten anyone *with* a lawsuit. Throw a stone *at* anyone.

Tide over losses.

Touch at Gibraltar (ships).

Touch upon (briefly allude to) a subject.

Tower *over* everyone else. Trade *with* a country *in* oranges. Tremble *with* fear *at* a lion. Trespass *against* rules.

Trespass *on* a person's time or land. Trifle *with* anyone's feelings. Triumph *over* obstacles.

Trust in a person.

Trust to someone's honesty.

Trust someone with money. (Trans.)

Turn verse *into* prose.

Turn *to* a friend *for* help.

Turn *upon* (hinge on) evidence.

Upbraid a person *with* ingratitude.

Urge a fact *on* one's attention.

Venture *upon* an undertaking.

Vie *with* another (person).

Vote *for* (in favour of) anything.

Vote against a thing.

Wait at table.

Wait *for* a person or thing. Wait *on* (attend) a person.

Warn a person of danger or consequences.

Warn a person *against* a person or thing or doing.

Wink *at* one's faults. Wish *for* anything. Work *at* mathematics. Work *for* small pay.

Worm oneself into another man's confidence.

Wrestle with an adversary.

Yearn *for* affection. Yield *to* persuasion.