



Rajasthan

- Capital: Jaipur Date of formation: March 30, 1949
- **Languages:** Rajasthani
- **Size:** 3,42,239 sq km * **Population:** 6,85,48,437
- **Sex Ratio:** 928F/1000M *** Literacy:** 66.11% *** Density:** 200 per sq km
- Rivers: Beas, Luni, Banas, Kali SIndh, Chambal
- * Major crops: Jowar, Pulses, Maize, Gram
- * Minerals: Mica, Limestone, Asbestos, Magnesite
- Highest Peak: Guru Shikhar (1722m)
- * Forests and reserved forest: Sariska Wildlife Sanctuary, Keoladeo National Park, Ranthambore, Darrah Game Sanctuary
- Fairs and festivals: Kaliteej, Ramdevra, Teej, Gangaur festival, Bikaner festival, Marwar festival, Shilpgram Crafts Mela, Urs festival, Pushkar Camel fair, Gogaji Mela, Dussehra
- * Theatre form: Swang
- Major dance and music forms: Gair, Fire dance, Terah Taali, Kachhi Ghodi, Chari, Ghoomar and Kalbeliya dances; Kathputli puppet theatre, Bhopa, Joqi
- * Arts and crafts: Rajasthani miniature paintinas such as Kishanaarh, Blue Pottery, Jodhpur, Jaipur etc. Pichhvai paintings, Hand block printing, Panihari music, Bandhani, Kota Doria, Leheria, Textile, Kajali and Gemstone paintings, Handmade Jewellery
- Museum: Bharatiya Lok Kala Mandal, Udaipur
- Cuisine: Malaai Ghewar, Dal-Baati-Choorma, Ker-Sangari, Kalakand
- * State animal: Chinkara * State bird: Great Indian Bustard
- * State flower: Rohira State tree: Khejri
- * Tourist attractions: Mount Abu, Jaipur Palace, Hawa Mahal, Jaisalmer fort, Ranthambore, Pushkar



Factoids:

- Jaipur's elephant festival has a tug of war between humans and elephants.
- Bikaner has a Karni Mata temple in which rats are worshipped.















