

Chapter-2

Worksheet-1

Choose the correct option:

1. The northernmost range of the Himalayas is known as:
(a) Himadri
(b) lesser Himalaya
(c) Shiwalik
(d) none of the above.

2. The Kangra and Kullu valley are located in
(a) Uttarakhand
(b) Jammu and Kashmir
(c) Himachal Pradesh
(d) Uttar Pradesh

3. Majuli is a riverine island located in the river:
(a) Ganga
(b) Brahmaputra
(c) Yamuna
(d) Kaveri

4. Dudhwa National Park is located in the _____ state.
(a) Assam
(b) Uttar Pradesh
(c) Madhya Pradesh
(d) Rajasthan

5. The soil containing calcareous deposits is locally known as:
(a) Bhangar
(b) Khadar
(c) Bhabar
(d) Kankar

6. The highest peak in the Eastern Ghats is:
(a) Anai Mudi
(b) Doda Betta
(c) Ooty
(d) Mahendragiri

7. Jaisalmer is in:

- (a) Himachal Pradesh
- (b) Rajasthan
- (c) Gujarat
- (d) Uttar Pradesh

8. Barchans are found in:

- (a) desert regions
- (b) plains
- (c) plateaus
- (d) hilly regions

9. The northern part of the western coast is called the:

- (a) Konkan
- (b) Kannad plain
- (c) Malabar coast
- (d) Coromandel coast

10. Lake Chilika lies in the state of:

- (a) Jharkhand
- (b) Telangana
- (c) Odisha
- (d) Tamil Nadu

Answer the following Questions.

11. Explain the theory of Plate Tectonics.

12. What is the difference between a tributary and a distributary?

13. Name the three major divisions of Himalayas from the north to south.

14. Name the southernmost range of Himalaya. Mention any four features of this range.

15. How is Himadri range different from Himachal range? Mention any three differences.

16. Differentiate between Western Himalayas and Eastern Himalayas.

17. Write about the main features of the Shiwaliks.

18. How did the northern plains come to existence? Write two points briefly. Also mention two features of these plains.

19.Why are Northern Plains agriculturally productive parts of India?

Explain.

20.Which three river systems form the northern plains of India? Mention main features.