A Roadside Stand

Question 1.

What is the open prayer from near the open window?

- (a) For money to fall from the sky
- (b) for more number of people to stop
- (c) for getting money from the government
- (d) for the sound of coming cars to stop at the road stand to help the owner to earn money from them

▼ Answer

Answer: (d) for the sound of coming cars to stop at the road stand to help the owner to earn money from them

Question 2.

What does I stand for in the poem?

- (a) owner of the stand
- (b) city flower who stopped on the stand
- (c) Poet of the poem-Robert Frost
- (d) None

▼ Answer

Answer: (c) Poet of the poem-Robert Frost

Question 3.

Who are the 'pitiful kin' in the poem?

- (a) social agencies
- (b) government officials
- (c) city people with cars
- (d) The poor rural folk and farmers

▼ Answer

Answer: (d) The poor rural folk and farmers

Question 4.

Who went and waited in the lines?

- (a) The rural folk to hear the government's declaration
- (b) The rural folk to talk to the social agencies
- (c) The rural folk to have a word with the government officials
- (d) The rural folk went to hear the sound of stopping cars

▼ Answer

Answer: (d) The rural folk went to hear the sound of stopping cars

Question 5.

Who made roadside stand and where?

- (a) The sarpanch made in the village
- (b) The government made in the village
- (c) social agencies made in the village
- (d) The poor rural people made in the village

▼ Answer

Answer: (d) The poor rural people made in the village

Ouestion 6.

Who do selfish cars refer to?

- (a) social agencies
- (b) Government officials
- (c) city people
- (d) car owners who do not stop on the stand

▼ Answer

Answer: (d) car owners who do not stop on the stand

Question 7.

Which word in the poem means fading?

- (a) quarts
- (b) relief
- (c) relief
- (d) withering

▼ Answer

Answer: (d) withering

Question 8.

What is the importance of cash flow for city people?

- (a) they love it
- (b) they earn it with their hard work
- (c) they earn by befooling others
- (d) it runs their life so it is their life line

▼ Answer

Answer: (d) it runs their life so it is their life line

Question 9.

What does 'Out of their wit' mean in the poem?

- (a) by helping the poor people
- (b) by showing rosy pictures to the poor people

- (c) by fooling and exploiting the poor people to their own benefit
- (d) all these

▼ Answer

Answer: (c) by fooling and exploiting the poor people to their own benefit

Ouestion 10.

What does polished traffic refer to?

- (a) city people
- (b) smartness of city people
- (c) insensitive attitude of city people and their gentle appearance
- (d) none

▼ Answer

Answer: (c) insensitive attitude of city people and their gentle appearance

Question 11.

What promise was the government making to relocate the villagers?

- (a) to give them all the luxuries
- (b) to show them movies
- (c) their all needs will be looked after
- (d) all these

▼ Answer

Answer: (c) their all needs will be looked after

Question 12.

How do city people harm the poor rural folk?

- (a) by misguiding and depriving them of their sleep
- (b) by attracting them
- (c) by making false promises
- (d) none

▼ Answer

Answer: (a) by misquiding and depriving them of their sleep

Question 13.

Who are beasts of prey in the poem?

- (a) the government officials
- (b) Rural folk
- (c) The city folk
- (d) All these

▼ Answer

Answer: (c) The city folk

Ouestion 14.

Why are the city people called greedy?

- (a) Because of their appearance
- (b) because they did not stop at the stand
- (c) because of their behavior
- (d) because of their selfish interests

▼ Answer

Answer: (d) because of their selfish interests

Ouestion 15.

Which words in the poem show that the poet was feeling hurt over the poor plight of rural folk?

- (a) sometimes I feel I can hardly bear
- (b) The thought of so much childish longing in vain
- (c) I can't help owning the great relief it would be To put these people at one stroke out of their pain
- (d) All these

▼ Answer

Answer: (d) All these

Ouestion 16.

What is the childish longing that the poet refers to?

- (a) to travel the city malls
- (b) to travel the city showrooms
- (c) to interact with city people
- (d) hope of getting some financial help from the polished city traffic

▼ Answer

Answer: (d) hope of getting some financial help from the polished city traffic

Ouestion 17.

What do the flowers of cities in a roadside stand refer to?

- (a) city people
- (b) city cars
- (c) urban crowd
- (d) The pleasures of cities

▼ Answer

Answer: (d) The pleasures of cities

Question 18.

What is a Roadside Stand in the poem?

- (a) a bus stop
- (b) a waiting point
- (c) a shed outside a roadside old house
- (d) none

▼ Answer

Answer: (c) a shed outside a roadside old house

Question 19.

What does Frost present in the poem A Roadside Stand?

- (a) the lives of poor deprived people with understanding and in a sympathetic way
- (b) the lives of people who stand on bus stand
- (c) lives of travellers
- (d) none

▼ Answer

Answer: (a) the lives of poor deprived people with understanding and in a sympathetic way

Ouestion 20.

Who is Robert Frost?

- (a) An American storyteller
- (b) An American essayist
- (c) An American narrator
- (d) An American twentieth century poet

▼ Answer

Answer: (d) An American twentieth century poet