

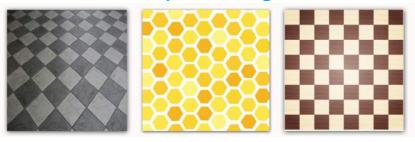


# UNIT-3





# Observe the pictures given below.



## **Patterns**

Patterns are formed when objects, events and numbers are repeated uniformly in a specific way.

## 3.1 Patterns in shapes

Creating patterns of regular and irregular shapes by stamping.

Example: block patterns created using handprints and foot prints are shown below.











- (i) Using dry leaves /fallen leaves.
- (ii) Fingers, hands, toes, feet.
- (iii) Using bangles.



#### Activity 2

Create patterns on your own by impressing the following on a chart paper and decorate your class room.

i. seeds

- ii. buttons
- iii. bottle lids



My own patterns

# Pattern in geometrical shapes

There are two types of patterns. They are

Growing patterns.

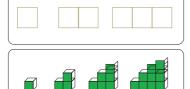


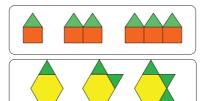
Repeated patterns.

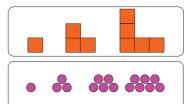
## Growing Patterns

If some patterns and designs increase or grow with straight lines and geometrical forms, they are called growing patterns.

## Example:









Create some growing patterns using circle and square.







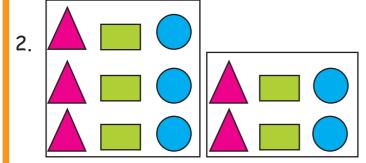
a. Continue the growing patterns.

- 1. ⇒ ⇒⇒⇒⇒⇒ .....
- 3. - -
- 2.
- 4.
- **b**. Continue the growing pattern.





1. | || || || || || \_\_\_\_\_\_





# Repeated Patterns

If some patterns and designs repeat with straight lines and geometrical shapes, they are called repeated patterns.

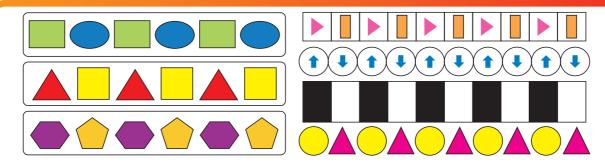
## Example:





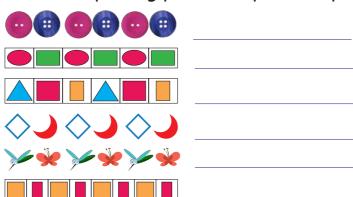






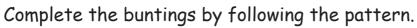


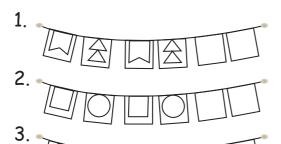
Continue the repeating patterns upto 3 steps in the space provided.

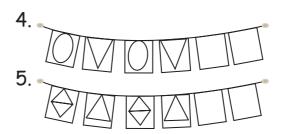












# Do yourself

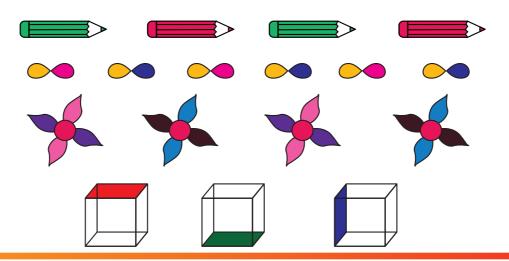
Draw some repeated patterns of your own.



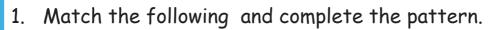
1.

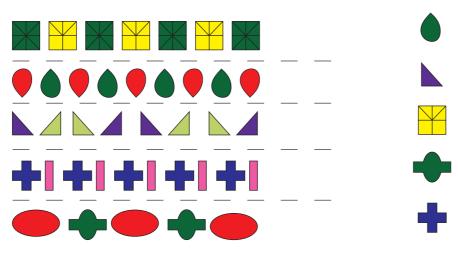




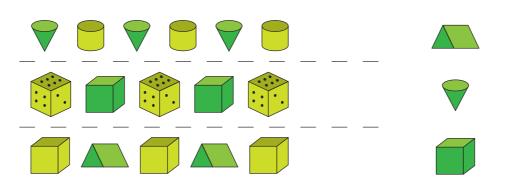


# Activity 4





2. Match the following.





## Creating pattern from straight lines

Example: Observe and extend the line patterns in the given boxes.





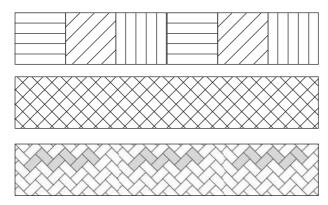








The following images shows some examples of patterns in straight lines.











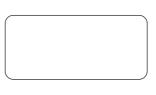
 ${\it Continue the Straight-line patterns.}$ 

+ | + |











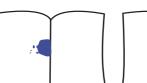
3.2 Symmetry

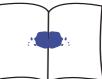
Symmetries in shapes and patterns.



### Do your self

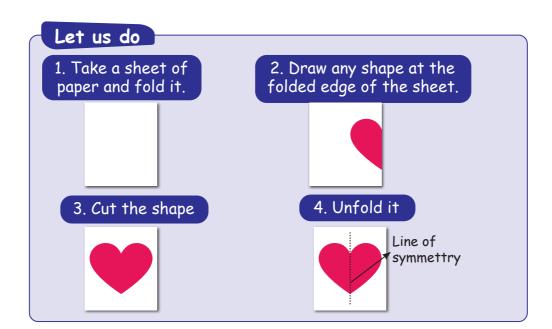
- 1. Take a piece of paper.
- 2. Spill few drops of ink on the paper.
- 3. Now fold the paper and press it.
- 4. You will get a symmetric figure.



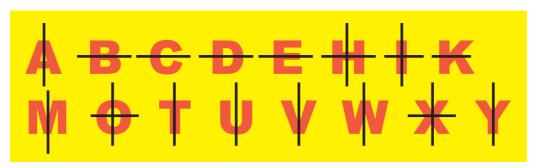


### Definition

Symmetry means that one shape becomes exactly like another when you move it in the some way: turn, flip or slide.



## Example:





Note that one half of the shape is exactly like the other half. The line which divides the figure into two exact halves is called *the line of symmetry*.

The following letters are non symmetric and does not have line of symmetry.

# **FGJLNPQRSZ**





Make the paper cut outs of the shapes shown below with the help of your elders and keep them infront of a mirror and observe the image formed in the mirror. You could see the other half of the image.













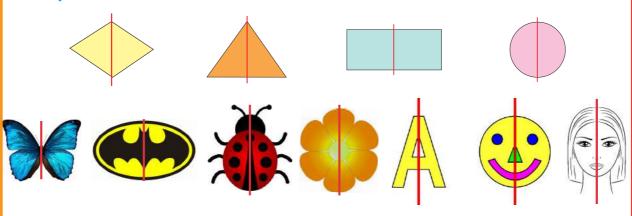
# Symmetrical shapes



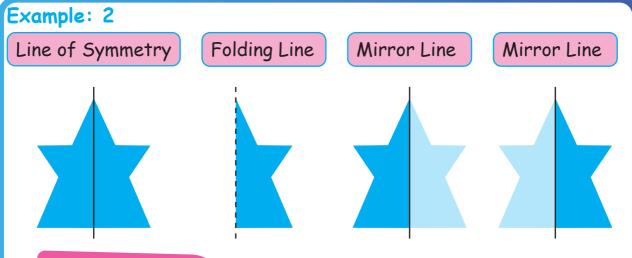
## Definition

If a shape can be folded or divided into half so that the two halves match exactly then such a shape is called a symmetric shapes.

### Example: 1



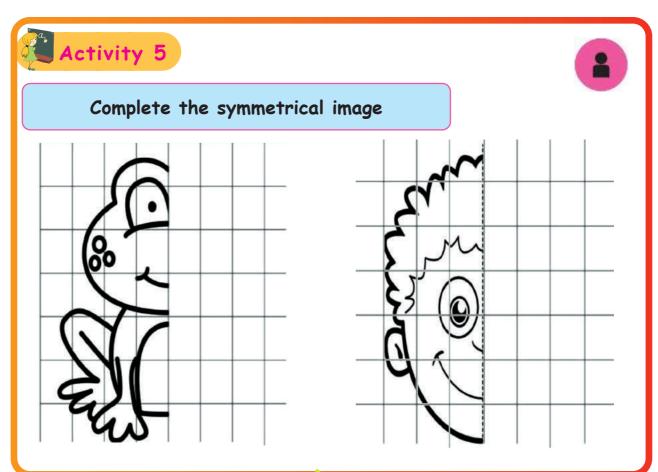




# Project:

Collect some symmetrical images from newspapers and magazines and Paste them to make an album.

Teacher's note: Teacher can guide the children to collect the symmetrical images in day-today life.





























b. Circle the non-symmetrical shapes.

















Draw the other half from the line of symmetry to make it symmetrical.















Line symmetry is also found in some letters of the alphabet. Complete Write the letters with line symmetry.



