

Omission Exercises

Omission Solved Exercises With Answers

Question 1.

Directions: Complete the sentence using the word or set of words for each blank that best fits the meaning of the sentence as a whole.

(i) Esteban _____ to the playground yesterday.

- (a) went
- (b) had
- (c) made
- (d) cried

Answer:

- (a) went

(ii) Rachel _____ in a new computer yesterday.

- (a) taught
- (b) learned
- (c) bought
- (d) learned

Answer:

- (c) bought

(iii) Molly _____ waffles for breakfast yesterday.

- (a) read
- (b) ate
- (c) took
- (d) talked

Answer:

- (b) ate

(iv) Yesterday, Connor _____ a new word.

- (a) bought
- (b) took
- (c) learned
- (d) ate

Answer:

- (c) learned

(v) Last week, Kerry _____ pasta for dinner.

- (a) cooked
- (b) spoke
- (c) learned
- (d) took

Answer:

- (a) cooked

(vi) Casey _____ a dog when he was a little boy.

- (a) ate
- (b) was
- (c) made
- (d) had

Answer:

- (d) had

(vii) I _____ to go to the beach yesterday.

- (a) was
- (b) watched
- (c) wanted
- (d) listened

Answer:

- (c) wanted

(viii) Emily's cat _____ away last month.

- (a) had
- (b) studied
- (c) ran
- (d) talked

Answer:

- (c) ran

(ix) It _____ a lot during last week's storm.

- (a) rained
- (b) talked
- (c) learned
- (d) took

Answer:

- (a) rained

(x) Yesterday, will _____ to his mother on the telephone.

- (a) was
- (b) had

- (c) walked
 - (d) talked
- Answer:
- (d) talked

Question 2.

Choose the correct option.

(i) She knew the medicine would taste terrible, _____ in order to be cured, she had to take it.

- (a) but
- (b) and
- (c) although
- (d) so

Answer:

- (a) but

(ii) _____ the fox is typically able to withstand heavy winters, it _____ falls victim to famine and exhaustion.

- (a) Although, usually
- (b) Even though, normally
- (c) While, sometimes
- (d) If, never

Answer:

- (b) Even though, normally

(iii) After looking at the map, Jesse _____ that we should continue heading east. I _____ him, and started in that direction.

- (a) surmised, agreed
- (b) assumed, concurred
- (c) deduced, disagreed
- (d) concluded, differed

Answer:

- (a) surmised, agreed

(iv) When the value of an asset _____, the owner of that asset

- (a) increases becomes poor
- (b) appreciates, gains popularity
- (c) depreciates, becomes enraged
- (d) decreases incurs a loss

Answer:

- (d) decreases, incurs a loss

(v) The formation of calumniated thunderheads are a fair indication of an incoming storm; _____ sea-captains are typically able to identify them, thereby – identify them, thereby _____ any potential danger.

- (a) experienced, encountering
- (b) inveterate, avoiding
- (c) knowledgeable, involving
- (d) novice, circumventing

Answer:

- (b) inveterate, avoiding

(vi) I did not bring my ruler, so she lent me _____.

Omission Practice Exercises With Answers

Omission Exercises Practice Example 1.

Life in the hostels today is, of course, / different from a. _____
the life in / ancient Ashrams or other seats of higher b. _____
learning. It is not as disciplined today / it used to be in c. _____
olden days. Students are sent to the hostels / devote d. _____
themselves to their studies / single-minded attention. e. _____
They are expected to put their heart/soul into studies. f. _____

Omission Exercises Practice Example 2.

A library is nothing / a collection of books, magazines and a. _____
papers. Books contain the knowledge and / library contains books. b. _____
A library is the temple of knowledge and a boon to / people. c. _____
It is the place where knowledge is preserved. / library is the d. _____
heart and soul of / educational institution. A library forms a e. _____
very important part of / educational institution. f. _____

Omission Exercises Practice Example 3.

A newspaper keeps a man usefully busy. It keeps him / touch a. _____
with all that is / in the world. It is much more than that. b. _____
It is a powerful medium and / mighty force. It is the custodian c. _____
of truth and a sentinel of human rights/liberty. It can be d. _____
used for good as well / for evil. It is a vehicle of thought. That is e. _____
why the freedom/press means freedom to the masses. f. _____

Omission Exercises Practice Example 4.

No one can under-estimate the educational value / travelling. a. _____
Travelling is a better teacher/books. It confirms one's bookish b. _____
and theoretical knowledge. It helps us to learn things in / easier, c. _____
more lasting and more lucid manner. Travelling is essential / the d. _____
healthy growth of the mind. Travelling converts a student / an e. _____
awakened scholar in the open university of / world. f. _____