Roll No. .....

Total No. of Questions: 27]

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## 11<sup>th</sup>ARJKLK23 9516-C CHEMISTRY

Time: 3 Hours]

[Maximum Marks: 70

(Very Short Answer Type Questions)

1 each

- 1. Define the term 'Isolated System'.
- What is de-electronation? 2.
- Calculate oxidation number of S in H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. 3.
- Write the IUPAC name of the following compound: 4.

But 1, & diene

Why are alkenes more reactive in nature ? 5.

(Short Answer Type Questions-I)

2 each

Calculate mass of one atom of carbon.

6.

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- 7. State what is meant by dual nature of matter ? 8. State Modern 'periodic law'. 9. Define equilibrium state. In which type of reaction is equilibrium attained? Give two points in which hydrogen and halogens resemble. 10. Which elements constitute group-14 of periodic table ? Write their electronic 11. configuration. 12. What are major sources of water pollution ? Or What are the harmful effects of carbon monoxide poisoning? (Short Answer Type Questions-II) 3 each State and explain law of constant composition. 18.
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- 14. State and explain Pauli's exclusion principle.
- 15. Define electron gain enthalpy. How does electron gain enthalpy vary with
  - (i) a group
  - (ii) a period

How would you explain these variations ?

- \_16: State and explain Boyle's law.
- 17. Define Surface Tension. Describe the factors which affect surface tension.
- State Hess's law. Why is Hess's law considered to be a special case of first law of thermodynamics ?
- 19. Define the Lewis concept of acids and bases with examples. Name the types of Lewis acids.
- Name the elements of group-1 (alkali metals). Write their electronic configuration.

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- 21. How is gypsum converted into Plaster of Paris ? Why is Plaster of Paris helpful in setting broken bones ?
- 22. Give reasons for the following:
  - (i) Diamond is very hard and non-conductor whereas graphite is soft and good conductor.
  - (ii) The number of alkanes is very large as compared to silanes.
- 23. A student was asked by his teacher to separate an impure sample of sulphur containing sand as impurity. He tried to purify it with the help of sublimation. But he was not successful particles of sulphur could not be separated completely from sand:
  - (i) Why did not the sublimation process succeed ?

- (ii) Suggest an alternate method to affect the separation.
- (iii) What is the value based information associated with it ?

Or

What are Carbanions? How are they classified? Give their order of stability.

- 24. (a) Why alkynes are less reactive than alkenes towards electrophilic reagents such as H<sup>+</sup> ?
  - (b) How will you get :
    - (i) Ethylidine chloride
    - (ii) Dichloroacetaldehyde from acetylene?

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Or

- (a) What happens when ethyl alcohol is heated at 170°C with excess of conc. H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> ?
- (b) How will you distinguish between ethane and ethene by a chemical test?

## (Long Answer Type Questions)

5 each

25. What is meant by hybridisation of atomic orbitals? Describe the shapes of sp,  $sp^2$  and  $sp^3$  hybrid orbitals.

Or

What is meant by bond order ? Calculate bond order of :

- (i) N<sub>2</sub>
- (ii) O<sub>2</sub>
- (iii) O<sub>2</sub>+
- (iv) O<sub>2</sub>

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- 26. (a) Explain what do you understand by inductive effect.
  - (b) Inductive effect is of permanent nature while electromeric effect is only temporary. Explain.

Or

Name the different chromatographic techniques to purify organic compounds. Describe in detail adsorption chromatography.

 Alkenes show geometrical isomerism, while alkanes do not. Give a suitable explanation.

Or

Discuss the orbital structure of benzene.

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