



VISIONIAS

INSPIRING INNOVATION

ABHYAAS MAINS

निबंध ESSAY

निर्धारित समय: तीन घंटे
Time Allowed: **Three Hours**

टेस्ट कोड/ Test Code : 2488

अधिकतम अंक: 250
Maximum Marks: 250

सामान्य अनुदेश

इस प्रश्न-सह-उत्तर (क्यू.सी.ए.) पुस्तिका में 32+2 पृष्ठ हैं। प्रश्न-पत्र, क्यू.सी.ए. पुस्तिका के अंत में संलग्न है, जो अलग (वियोज्य) किया जा सकता है और उम्मीदवार परीक्षा के उपरांत अपने साथ ले जा सकते हैं।

रफ कार्य के लिए तीन खाली पृष्ठ (पृष्ठ संख्या. 30-32) दिए गए हैं।

पुस्तिका प्राप्त होने पर, कृपया यह जांच कर लें कि इस क्यू.सी.ए. पुस्तिका में कोई कमी न हो, फटा हुआ पृष्ठ न हो अथवा कोई पृष्ठ गायब न हो इत्यादि। यदि ऐसा हो, तो इसके बदले नई क्यू.सी.ए. पुस्तिका प्राप्त कर लें।

General Instructions

This Question-cum-Answer (QCA) Booklet contains 33+2 pages. Question Paper in detachable form is available at the end of the QCA Booklet which can be taken away by the candidate after examination.

Three blank pages (Page Nos. 30-32) have been provided for rough work.

On receipt of the Booklet, please check that this QCA Booklet does not have any shortcomings, torn or missing pages etc. If so, get it replaced with a fresh QCA Booklet.

(उम्मीदवार द्वारा भरा जाएगा/To be filled by the Candidate)

पंजीकरण सं./Registration No. : 1304965

अभ्यर्थी का नाम/Name of Student : Shivam Kumar

माध्यम: हिंदी/अंग्रेजी
Medium: Hindi/English

English

तारीख
Date

24/08/2023

निबंध ESSAY

केंद्र
Centre
Centre code - 11
RVA College,
Bajaj Nagar, Bhubaneswar

निरीक्षक के हस्ताक्षर
Invigilator's Signature

	महत्वपूर्ण अनुदेश	Important Instructions
	उम्मीदवार को नीचे उल्लिखित निर्देश सावधानी से पढ़ लेने चाहिए। किसी भी निर्देश का उल्लंघन करने पर उम्मीदवार को मिलने वाले अंकों में कटौती, उम्मीदवारी रद्द, आयोग के परवर्ती परीक्षाओं के लिए वर्जित करने इत्यादि के रूप में दण्डित किया जा सकता है।	Candidate should read the undermentioned instructions carefully. Violation of any of the following instructions may entail penalty in the form of deduction of marks, cancellation of candidature, debarment from further Examination of the Commission etc.
1	(क) अपना पंजीकरण सं. एवं अन्य विवरण केवल प्रश्न-सह-उत्तर पुस्तिका (क्यू.सी.ए.) में उम्मीदवार के लिए निर्धारित स्थान पर ही लिखें। (ख) इस पुस्तिका में अन्यत्र कहीं भी अपना नाम, पंजीकरण सं., मोबाइल नं., पता अथवा प्रश्न-सह-उत्तर पुस्तिका (क्यू.सी.ए.) संख्या न लिखें जिससे आपकी पहचान का खुलासा हो।	(a) Write your Registration Number and other details only in the space provided in the Question-Cum-Answer (QCA) Booklet for candidates. (b) Do not disclose your identity in any manner such as, by writing your Name, Registration number, Mobile number, Address, Question-Cum-Answer (QCA) Booklet No. etc. elsewhere in the Booklet
2	अपनी क्यू.सी.ए. पुस्तिका में कहीं भी प्रश्नों के वास्तविक उत्तर के अतिरिक्त कुछ न लिखें जैसे कि कोई कविता/दोहा, अभद्र या अपमानजनक अभिव्यक्ति इत्यादि और न ही कोई ऐसा चिन्ह/निशान बनाएं जिसका उत्तर से सम्बन्ध न हो।	Do not write in the QCA Booklet anything other than the actual answer such as couplet, obscene, abusive expression etc., nor put any sign/mark having no relevance to the answer.
3	परीक्षक को प्रत्यक्ष/अप्रत्यक्ष रूप से कोई भी प्रार्थना/धमकी भरी बातें न लिखें।	Do not make any direct/indirect appeal/threat to the examiner.
4	उत्तर अस्पष्ट अथवा गंदी लिखावट में न लिखें। इस प्रकार के उत्तर का मूल्यांकन नहीं भी किया जा सकता है।	Do not write answers in bad/illegible handwriting. Such answers may not be evaluated.
5	उत्तर स्याही में ही लिखें। उत्तर लिखने के लिए पेंसिल का उपयोग न करें, हालांकि आरेख, चित्र इत्यादि बनाने के लिए पेंसिल का उपयोग किया जा सकता है।	Write answers in ink only. Do not use pencil for writing the answers. However, pencil may be used for drawing diagrams, sketches, etc.
6	प्रवेश पत्र में उल्लेख किए गए माध्यम के अलावा अन्य किसी माध्यम में उत्तर न लिखें। अधिकृत और अनधिकृत की मिली जुली भाषा का भी उपयोग न करें।	Do not write answers in medium other than the authorized medium in the Admission Certificate. Do not use mixed language either i.e. authorize and unauthorized media together for writing answers.
7	प्रश्नों के उत्तर ठीक उसके नीचे दिए गए निर्धारित स्थान पर ही लिखें। निर्धारित स्थान के अलावा किसी अन्य स्थान पर लिखे गए उत्तर का मूल्यांकन नहीं किया जाएगा।	Write answer at the specific space (right below the question) only. Answers written elsewhere at unspecified places in the booklet shall not be evaluated.
8	यदि आप अपने किसी उत्तर को रद्द करना चाहते हैं तो उसे पेन से काट दें तथा उस पर "रद्द" लिख दें, अन्यथा उसका मूल्यांकन किया जा सकता है।	If you wish to cancel any work, draw your pen through it and write "Cancelled" across it, otherwise it may be valued.



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निबंध

निर्धारित समय: तीन घंटे

टेस्ट कोड : 2488

अधिकतम अंक: 250

प्रश्न-पत्र संबंधी विशेष अनुदेश

(प्रश्नों के उत्तर देने से पूर्व निम्नलिखित प्रत्येक अनुदेश को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें)

प्रवेश-पत्र में प्राधिकृत माध्यम में निबंध लिखना आवश्यक है तथा इस माध्यम का स्पष्ट उल्लेख प्रश्न-सह-उत्तर (क्यू.सी.ए.) पुस्तिका के मुखपृष्ठ पर निर्दिष्ट स्थान पर करना आवश्यक है। प्राधिकृत माध्यम के अलावा अन्य माध्यम में लिखे गए उत्तरों पर अंक नहीं दिए जाएंगे।

प्रश्नों के उत्तर निर्दिष्ट शब्द-संख्या के अनुसार होने चाहिए।

प्रश्न-सह-उत्तर पुस्तिका में खाली छोड़े गए किसी पृष्ठ व पृष्ठ के भाग को पूर्णतः काट दीजिए।

ESSAY

Time Allowed : Three Hours

Test Code : 2488

Maximum Marks : 250

QUESTION PAPER SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

(Please read each of the following instructions carefully before attempting questions)

The ESSAY must be written in the medium authorized in the Admission Certificate which must be stated clearly on the cover of this Question-cum-Answer (QCA) Booklet in the space provided. No marks will be given for answers written in a medium other than the authorized one.

World limit, as specified, should be adhered to.

Any page or portion of the page left blank in the Question-cum-Answer Booklet must be clearly struck off.

EVALUATION INDICATORS

1. Contextual Competence
2. Content Competence
3. Language Competence
4. Introduction Competence
5. Structure - Presentation Competence
6. Conclusion Competence

Overall Macro Comments / feedback / suggestions on Answer Booklet:

1.

2.

3.

4.

5.

6.

All the Best

खंड A और B प्रत्येक से एक-एक विषय चुनकर दो निबंध लिखिए, जो प्रत्येक लगभग 1000-1200 शब्दों में हों :

Write **two** essays, choosing **one** topic from each of the Sections A and B, in about 1000-1200 words each : 125 x 2 = 250

खण्ड – A / SECTION – A

1. टूटे हुए वयस्क की मरम्मत करने की तुलना में मजबूत बच्चों का निर्माण करना आसान है।
It is easier to build strong children than to repair broken men.
2. कोरा तर्कपूर्ण मन उस चाकू के समान है जिसमें केवल फलक ही फलक है, वह प्रयोग करने वाले हाथों को ही लहलुहान कर देता है।
A mind all logic is like a knife all blade, it makes the hand bleed that uses it.
3. जब कैटरपिलर को लगता है कि दुनिया खत्म हो गई, वह तितली बन जाता है।
Just when the caterpillar thought the world was over, it became a butterfly.
4. इतिहास, मनुष्य की स्मृतियों पर समय द्वारा लिखी गई एक चक्रीय कविता है।
History is a cyclic poem written by time upon the memories of man.

खण्ड – B / SECTION – B

5. बुद्धिमान व्यक्ति तुरंत वही करता है जो मूर्ख अंततः करता है।
The wise man does at once what the fool does finally.
6. दुनिया उन लोगों के लिए एक त्रासदी है जो महसूस करते हैं, लेकिन उन लोगों के लिए एक कॉमेडी है जो विचार करते हैं।
The world is a tragedy to those who feel, but a comedy to those who think.
7. पूर्ण स्पष्टता से बुद्धि को तो लाभ होगा लेकिन इच्छाशक्ति को क्षति पहुंचेगी।
Perfect clarity would profit the intellect but damage the will.
8. अपना चेहरा रोशनी की ओर रखिए और आपको कोई छाया दिखाई नहीं देगी।
Keep your face to the sunshine and you cannot see a shadow.

खण्ड - A / SECTION - A

1. टूटे हुए बयस्क की मरम्मत करने की तुलना में मजबूत बच्चों का निर्माण करना आसान है।
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History is a cyclic poem written by time upon the memories of man.

1. It is easier to build strong children than to repair broken men.

Ramesh and Suresh, two brothers decided to construct their own houses. They were equally passionate about their designs. Ramesh focused on strong foundations and engineering principles where as Suresh was on quick construction. Suresh focused on the overall outlook of house.

One day earthquake happend to come, Ramesh's houses was strong

enough to withstand it while Suresh's building experienced many cracks. Repairing these cracks were more difficult than constructing strong foundation. When Suresh used to repair one ~~fault~~ flaw, and another constraint appeared.

Thus, construction ~~or~~ or building strong children or foundation is easier than to repair a broken man. Before we get in further analysis of the reasons for it. Let us first look in brief about, why do we need strong children or repair broken men.

Building the Strong or Repairing the weak

In our life, we are constantly subjected to forces of agents of change. These forces creates

adversity like situation in many times. strong character or personality provides resilience to face it.

Further, weak and broken man creates unethical scenario

in society. Repairing them is quintessential for holistic and

peaceful development of society.

collective strength of a community depends on collective action. In

broader perspective, for development

of our nation, we require strong men and strong women.

this brings to a question, that what constitute to a

strong and weak situation of

an individual. strong men signifies

the one who upholds the values

in society. In the race to be
a success, strong men will ensure
to be a value as well. Personality

Such as Dr. A.P.J Kalam are
example of strong men. Strong
character and value system of
Sheri J Sabaribai Phule ensured
overall prosperity of society.

To strive for similar contribution
and to ensure to convert ~~a~~ the
community in ethical, holistic
and compassionate one, we continuously
strive to repair the broken ones.
Rehabilitation centres, criminal justice
system are constantly working in
this direction. But ~~set~~ ~~cor~~ correction-
correction of those who are
diverted is not easy task.
Let us analysis this in detail.

EASIER TO NURTURE, DIFFICULT TO FIX

Our life is development phase is like a story of an onion.
With every passing year and with every experience, we make an additional layer over the existing layer. If one wants to change a faulty layer that is deep inside, it is extremely difficult task.

On same ~~by~~ analogy, building strong layers from childhood, one after another, would be easier task. This is why behavioural change is difficult to occur at adulthood. When we want to repair ourself, we need to target the core value system but in a grown person the values systems are resistant to change.

For example, everyday spending little time ~~with~~ with a child to teach him or her about sanitation, cleanliness ~~to~~ is a easier task than changing the negative attitude of a adult person about heisgrye.

From history, we have examples of strong children such as Bhagat Singh, Kuthuzam Bose. Continuous value nurturing ensured they ~~to~~ devoted their life to a much wider cause. In modern time as well, as per ASER report, those whose foundational learning is weak, faces extreme difficulties in adulthood. Inculcation of skills ~~and~~ becomes different difficult if attitude and aptitude not

built at night stage..

Similarly, research says that reformatory justice system success is very limited. This is the reason why we witness situation such as repeated offenders. Changes in such evil attitudes are difficult than ~~in~~ nurturing a child with right values so that society becomes free of such menace.

~~Further~~ Further, if we compare the India and Pakistan political and governance scenario.

Pakistan, presently in adulthood, facing many situation such as terrorism, balance of payment crisis, weak governance, vampant corruption.

Bringing changes on democratic lines seems an extremely difficult task.

where as India focused on constitutional values such as liberty, fundamental rights from the early childhood phase of ^{Post} Independence. comparison makes to the leaders the realization that efforts made then are lesser than efforts required to repair the broken state.

This is because that the preventive approach is always better than the curative approach as we see in healthcare - Developing right and healthy life style from the beginning is easier and seems effortless compared to a situation when a person has to go for chronic disease treatment such as cancer, Diabetes etc.

Similarly, we frequently hear the cases of bankruptcy of organizations,

Corporate misgovernance and failure of institutions to ensure the survival of companies. On the other hand we have examples such as Tata, Group, Reliance Group. From very beginning these corporations focused of building resilience through strong Corporate ethics and Corporate Governance. Absence of these values in other matured organizations makes it extremely difficult for their revival once they face adversity.

Thus, we see that in every domain bringing strong values and Strength from childhood is easier than bringing 360° change ~~in~~ later. This brings to next question that how do we ensure such measures?, let's look into the Process of building strong children.

Buildings with Strong Foundations Nations with Strong human resource

उम्मीदवारों को
इस दृष्टि में
नहीं लिखना
चाहिए
Candidates
must not
write on
this margin

As Mahatma Gandhi,
Nelson Mandela have highlighted,
that ~~edg~~^{the} education and value education
is ~~of~~ the roadway to strong
foundation. Right circulation
of values in curriculum is the
measures that is required. at
individual levels.

At community level, building
compassion, tolerance is critical.

The development of bond among the
people of community should be
based on such values. Society must
become intolerant towards corrupt
practices and must not give
social acceptance to such practices.

Similarly, at national level, focus should be there to strengthen the core areas, core dimension of any developmental initiatives.

Presently, India is going through the demographic dividend phase where majority of past population is below 35 years of age. The focus should be on developing human capital now to ensure that decades later the dividend would not become a liability.

At international level, world again is going through through a change in world order and a new world dynamics is emerging. In such nascent stage, leaders should focus on developing strong foundations through

Principles of Environmental ethics,
Common goods principles, International
ethis so that when such order
matures, we get a prosperous,
inclusive, and just world order.

Childhood is a time of
opportunity and oldge is phase
of regret if this opportunity is
not utilized in right way.

Similar to approach of Ramesh
who focused on building strong
foundation; Suresh and all of
us should focus on building
Strong children. Because as ~~that~~

we know: -

The Child is the man of Our Future

खण्ड - B / SECTION - B

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5. बुद्धिमान व्यक्ति तुरंत वही करता है जो मूर्ख अंततः करता है।
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6. दुनिया उन लोगों के लिए एक त्रासदी है जो महसूस करते हैं, लेकिन उन लोगों के लिए एक कॉमेडी है जो विचार करते हैं।
The world is a tragedy to those who feel, but a comedy to those who think.
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Keep your face to the sunshine and you cannot see a shadow.

8. KEEP YOUR FACE TO SUNSHINE AND
YOU CANNOT SEE A SHADOW

On August 23, 2023, a picture
of two men carrying a small
testing rocket on ~~big~~ bicycle is
widely circulated on social media.
Those were the men who started
India's journey towards space. A
nation struggling with poverty and
resource crunch and still aspiring to
do big was mocked by the nations
across world.
That was that day and on

Now, India has reached from bicycle to the South pole of moon

with chandrayan-3 mission. It

was not a easy journey.

Failure of chandrayan-2 in 2019 was

a demotivating moment. However,

scientists at ISRO, continued to

have focus towards goal and

improved upon weakness and overcome

the challenges in such extremely difficult

mission in a budget ^{with} which is much

lesser than a hollywood movies.

ISRO incidence say that

if you keep your face to the sunshine

you cannot see the shadow..

~~was~~ when our vision in mind

is clear and if we continuously

progress in direction, we get strength

to deal with obstacles.

Sunshine and shadow has intricate relationship and this determine the progress and outcome of a task. First, let us analysis ^{that} how sunshine and shadow of a task are interconnected.

Sunshine and Shadow: In the shadow yet together

Universal Fact is that if one ~~we~~ moves in direction of light, there will be a shadow. When one person tries to achieve a new milestone, there will be many challenges in the path. This challenges and obstacles are the shadow and the aim, aspiration and vision are the Sunshine.

There will be no challenge or shadow if we donot put efforts in that direction or we donot

work towards achieving such ambitions.

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चाहिए
Candidates
must not
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this margin

Problems with the shadow
is that they are ~~as~~ demotivating
and creates deterrence in the way.

~~So~~ They are the & impence that
the circut of progress faces.

Sunshine is the faith or
hope that we have in our mind.
dream of a prosperous future,
Faith in our efforts, realization
of a common good life ~~to~~ & are
facturs that lights our way.

Further, shadow and sunshine
presence creates obstacle in reaching
the target. In achieving a goal
it is important to not to
see the shadow.

This brings to ^{next} ~~a~~ question that how looking at sunshine provides a better approach. How the clarity of vision helps in achieving the goal? Let us analysis this dimension.

Following the sunshine :	Avoids the shadow
--------------------------	-------------------

Our efforts are towards a bigger aim. A Farmer grows the crop ~~to~~ with expectation of return from it. A student appear in a competitive examination with a aim of achieving bigger goals in life. These aims and ambitions provides strength to overcome the challenges.

Indian dreamt of self rule, equal representation and democracy.

But shadow of British colonialism was

a big obstacle in the way.
The aim of independent India
Provided all the strength that is
required to achieve. Today we
are fortunate to live in the
world and nation that was
dreamt and built by such Freedom
fighters.

Similarly, when some extreme
climatic adversity occurs and present
status is devastated, then hopes
and ~~such~~ sunshine of better life
provides all moral courage that
is required. Japan was bombed
with two nukes and a beautiful
city turned into ashes. Government
and people of Japan could rise
up again and became ~~of~~ one of
world's largest economy ~~was~~ amidst

Such challenges because of collective sunshine.

In individual's life, Retired IAF officer DR. G. Popinath decided to start an economical air travel company. He faced with many hurdles. He didnot have any business experience and at the same time faced resistance from the industry. But his determination and vision of affordable air transportation, eventually gave India - Air Deccan. India's First indiginiously developed system.

Similarly, Sindhu Tai Sotkal, mother of thousands in Maharashtra, faced numerous adversity in her personal life, decided to ensure that no ~~not~~ child-sleeps-hungry. She faced many shadows in the path.

But the light of the smile of from
happy faces of filled stomachs made
her keep moving.

when the challenges are
enormous. then ~~the~~ such focus
on ~~the~~ what we want to achieve
Provide the solution. COVID-19

came as a black swan event
that we never imagined. It had
disastrous consequences on social &
economical life but the vision
of happy life. ~~again~~ and the light of
compassion, ~~ex~~ helped the community
to overcome the century's worst challenges.

Similar story goes for India's
Digital transformation. many hurdles
and shadows such as low digital literacy,
poor internet penetration hindered the
ambition. However ~~ignoring~~ such

Focus was on the outcome of such transformation in the governance structure. Such approach of aligning with vision made India leader in Digital Public Infrastructure (DPI).

Nations across the world are adopting India UPI (Unified Payment Interface) system. India could overcome the shadow by looking at sunshine.

This brings to next observation that, ~~it~~ should be we keep looking at sunshine and let shadow not to be seen. Is focus on shadow equally important? Let us dwell into this.

Shadow caused by sunshine: Should not be overlooked.

Today we are facing challenge of climate change because ~~we~~ ignored and overlooked the shadow

Created due to crackless economic
prosperity. Environmental degradation
that ~~was~~ is happening in the
shadow of economic progress must
be addressed equally.

Further, in the race to
achieve economic prosperity ~~not~~,
society has created modern challenges
of inequality. Such social
menaces prosper in shadow of
sunshine and must not be
overlooked. Opportunity cost of
Progress must be addressed equally.

Similarly, if we keep on
looking at the good things in
an individual or situation or ourself
and ~~to~~ overlook the negative aspects then
it takes away the opportunity to

tackle such shootcomings. For examples, China is doing economically good; but overlooking shadow of irrational population control measures such as one child policy created current demographic crisis.

In conclusion, when we want to achieve our goals and faces challenges in the path of achieving the same. We should look at the goals and in this way we will get the strength and determination to face the shadow. In this ~~no~~ we must take corrective steps to ensure resolution of such shadows as well.

Chandrayan-3 team that made the impossible possible has a young engineer who was born in

Poor family, sold ^{goods} on street to
finance the education and was
recognized for his talent and
recruited at ISFO. Such challenges
and shadows were overlooked by
him in the sunshine of ambition of
working with Institution like ISFO.

No obstacle

"No obstacle is big enough that cannot
be jumped."

"No shadow is dark enough that
cannot be lighted."

"No dream is big enough that
cannot be fulfilled."

"No mountain is high enough that
cannot be climbed."

What we need is the sunshine.

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

①

strong ch → ? → why strong children

broken man?

why to repair?

why easy

strong child

↓
youth young

Nascent stage

Foundational
learning

child is the future of earth
tomorrow

Building example
Introduction Ramesh computing

broken man

↳ corruption

↳ emotional intelligence

↳ core strength

Direct → children

Basic
clean
state

easy to work

↓
Adulthood
↓
difficult

① Swami Vivekananda

② Bhagat Singh
Kundli Ramchar

Magnus Carlsen chess player
Prevention & curative

② country India Pakistan
debate of India to
beginning.

③ strong company → value system
upright
from begn
Tata motto
↓
no compromise

why strong
Population
Healthy
why difficult
constant presence
of change agent of change
constant aspire for
growth, survival
experience
layer by layer
good vs bad
Peripheral strength
as core strength

easy
strong children
Broken man difficult

changing - behaviour.
Signature
Adapt to situation eg - sanitation

How to ensure strong

Coaching → youth is of
Adapt
old age regret

④ administration
④ → Victorinox talent
corruption free institution

⑤ demographic divide
Culture now
↳ suggest later

⑤ Environment → strong EDA
↳ corrective steps

⑥ Economic diversification
↳ strong from begn but later
po

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

Introduction Ramesh → contributing did not focus much
Suresh → two brothers — wanted to
build a beauty. For themselves.
Ramesh → different.

Q.

① divine Resilience

② Buddha vs Ashoka

③ Mahabharata

Kaurava vs Pandava examples

On 23rd August 2023 Pic → circulated on social media.

2 men carrying a small rocket on a bicycle.

be dreaming about their ambition & home.

It was them who started India's space journey.

From a rocket on bicycle to
~~landing~~ on ~~the~~ reaching to moon soon
in Chandrayan.
In this Perseus

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

Keep ☺ to Sunshine and you cannot see a shadow

→ Chandrayaan (3)

Introduction

→ 1.5

Relation in Sunshine & Shadow

→ 1. Sunshine

Faith

Success Progress Path

Future

Goal that wants to achieve

hope

obstacle hange hi

Moving towards

desum

Shadow

Shadow

Why not to see a shadow

→ 1 2

and how looking a sunship ensure it

⑦

Is it always

Wrote about good things in introduction

Is it always good to overlook shadow?

→ 1.5 page

climate change

inequality

opportunity cost

way forward conclusion

→ 1 page

ISPO scientist name. examples

⑥ Indian Independence Struggle

① Babu haldan Sindhu tai malala yusufzai

Niraj Chopra olymp

② Covid fight

③ Digital public intro

Japan

Nuclear attacks

Recovery

Relation in Saudi-IRAN

④ Gopinath