

CHAPTER 18

DEMOGRAPHIC TRENDS OF TRIBALS

Demographic Trends

18.1 Population Profile: As per Census 2011, the population of Scheduled Tribes in the country is 10.45 crore (includes 3 sub divisions of Senapati District of Manipur), which is 8.6% of the total population of the country. The population of Scheduled Tribes has been on the increase since 1961. The decadal population growth between the Census Year 1991 to 2001 in respect of the tribal population has been higher (24.45%) than that of the entire population (22.66%). Similarly during Census Year 2001 to 2011 it has been 23.66% against the growth rate of 17.69% for the entire population. The State wise overall population, ST population, growth rate etc. are given at **Annex: 18A**.

18.2 Sex Ratio: The sex ratio in respect of Scheduled Tribes is 990 females per thousand males as per Census 2011, as compared to 978 in 2001 (Census 2001). The sex ratio at 990 is higher than the sex ratio for overall population at 943 in 2011. The States that have shown high sex ratio in respect of STs in 2011 include Goa, Kerala, Arunachal Pradesh, Odisha, Chhattisgarh, etc. However, Jammu & Kashmir has shown the lowest ST sex ratio at 924 in 2011. The State-wise sex ratios pertaining to 2001 and 2011, by residence, for STs are at **Annex: 18B**.

18.3 Child Sex Ratio: The Census 2011 data shows that the child sex ratio in 0-6 age group for the general population deteriorated to 914 girls to 1000 boys from 927 girls per 1000 boys in 2001. In respect of STs also, the child sex ratio has declined from 972 in 2001 to 957 in 2011, though, it is higher as compared to child sex ratio for the general population.

18.4 Literacy Rate: According to the Census figures, the literacy rate for the Scheduled Tribes in India increased from 47.1% in 2001 to 59% in 2011. Among ST males, literacy rate increased from 59.2% to 68.5% and among ST females, literacy rate increased from 34.8% to 49.4% during these years. The literacy rate for the total population has increased from 64.8% in 2001 to 73% in 2011. Data shows that literacy rate of STs is lower by 14 percentage points as compared to the overall literacy rate of the general population. The ST female literacy rate is lower by approximately 15 percentage points as compared to the overall female literacy rate in 2011. The details are given in **Table 18.1**.

Year	Scheduled Tribes			All Social Groups		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
1961	13.83	3.16	8.53	40.40	15.35	28.30
1971	17.63	4.85	11.30	45.96	21.97	34.45
1981	24.52	8.04	16.35	56.38	29.76	43.57
1991	40.65	18.19	29.60	64.13	39.29	52.21
2001	59.17	34.76	47.10	75.26	53.67	64.84
2011	68.5	49.4	59.0	80.9	64.6	73.0

Source: Office of the Registrar General of India

Table 18.1: Literacy Rate among STs and all Social Groups

It is also observed that Literacy Rate increased by 11.9 percentage points from 2001 to 2011 for STs and by 8.16 percentage points for total population during the same period. The male-female gap in literacy rate reduced from 24.41 percentage points in 2001 to 19.1 percentage points in 2011 for STs while it declined from 21.59 percentage points in 2001 to 16.3 percentage points in 2011 for total population.

The States, namely, Tamil Nadu, Odisha, Madhya Pradesh, West Bengal and Kerala have shown more than 18 percentage points gap in literacy rate of STs as compared to total population during 2011. However, all States registered a decline in literacy rate gap between 2001 and 2011. State-wise details are given in **Annex: 18C**.

Literacy Rate at all India level for different categories (all ages, age between 10-14, 15-19, 20-24, Adolescent (10-19) and Youth (15-24)) classified for India, gender wise, for total population and SC/ST during 2011 is given below:

All categories (age groups)	Literacy rate								
	Total			Scheduled Caste			Scheduled Tribe		
	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females
All Ages	73.0	80.9	64.6	66.1	75.2	56.5	59.0	68.5	49.4
10-14	91.1	92.2	90.0	90.3	91.5	89.0	86.4	88.3	84.4
15-19	88.8	91.2	86.2	87.1	89.7	84.1	80.2	85.7	74.6
20-24	83.2	88.8	77.3	79.1	86.2	71.6	69.2	79.6	59.0
Adolescent (10-19)	90.0	91.7	88.2	88.8	90.6	86.8	83.6	87.1	79.9
Youth (15-24)	86.1	90.0	81.8	83.3	88.1	78.0	75.0	82.9	67.1

Indicators of Backwardness

18.5 The Planning Commission estimates poverty ratios for the years for which large Sample Surveys on Household Consumer Expenditure have been conducted by the National Sample Survey Office (NSSO) of the Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation. The poverty ratios among the social groups are estimated from the percentage distribution of persons of the respective social groups as obtained from the large sample survey consumer expenditure data of the NSS and the poverty line for all population. As per the Planning Commission estimates, ST people living below the poverty line in 2011-12 were 45.3% in the rural areas and 24.1% in the urban areas as compared to 25.7% persons in rural areas and 13.7% persons in urban areas below poverty line for all population. State-wise details for the years 2009-10 and 2011-12 are given in **Table 18.2** below:

Table 18.2: State-wise percentage of ST population below poverty line during 2009-10 and 2011-12

(Tendulkar Methodology)

S. No.	States	Rural		Urban	
		2009-10	2011-12	2009-10	2011-12
1	Andhra Pradesh	40.2	24.1	21.2	12.1
2	Assam	32.0	33.4	29.2	15.6
3	Bihar	64.4	59.3	16.5	10.3
4	Chhattisgarh	66.8	52.6	28.6	35.2
5	Gujarat	48.6	36.5	32.2	30.1
6	Himachal Pradesh	22.0	9.5	19.6	4.0
7	Jammu & Kashmir	3.1	16.3	15.0	3.0
8	Jharkhand	51.5	51.6	49.5	28.7
9	Karnataka	21.3	30.8	35.6	33.7
10	Kerala	24.4	41.0	5.0	13.6
11	Madhya Pradesh	61.9	55.3	41.6	32.3
12	Maharashtra	51.7	61.6	32.4	23.3
13	Odisha	66.0	63.5	34.1	39.7
14	Rajasthan	35.9	41.4	28.9	21.7
15	Tamil Nadu	11.5	36.8	17.6	2.8
16	Uttar Pradesh	49.8	27.0	20.2	16.3
17	Uttarakhand	20.0	11.9	0	25.7
18	West Bengal	32.9	50.1	20.6	44.5
	All India	47.4	45.3	30.4	24.1

Health Indices of STs versus Others

18.6 As per National Family Health Survey (NFHS) – 3, conducted by Ministry of Health & Family Welfare during 2005-06, the infant mortality rate and under-5 child mortality rate for STs as well as all categories are shown in the **Table 18.3**

Table 18.3: State- wise Child Health Indicators: IMR & U5MR

S. No.	State	Infant Mortality (IMR)		< 5 Mortality (U5MR)	
		All	ST	All	ST
1	Andhra Pradesh	68.4	(94.1)	78.7	(112)
2	Arunachal Pradesh	60.7	67.6	87.7	100.9
3	Assam	66.1	59	85	83.2
5	Chhattisgarh	80.8	90.6	105.5	128.5
7	Gujarat	62.8	(86.0)	77.0	(115.8)
10	J&K	45.5	(34.3)	53.8	*
11	Jharkhand	76.6	93.0	112.4	138.5
12	Karnataka	53.0	(45.8)	66.2	(77.9)
14	Madhya Pradesh	81.9	95.6	108.2	140.7
15	Maharashtra	45.3	51.4	53.4	69.8
16	Manipur	29.7	51.2	41.9	71.4
17	Meghalaya	44.6	49.3	70.5	74
19	Nagaland	38.3	45.8	64.7	65.8
20	Orissa	67.7	78.7	94.7	136.3
22	Rajasthan	72.7	73.2	93.3	113.8
23	Sikkim	33.7	28.9	40.1	35.9
	All India	57	62.1	74.3	95.7

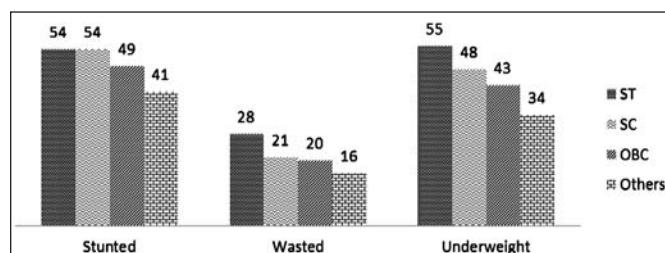
Source: NFHS-3, 2005-06, MoHFW

(-) Based on 250-499 un-weighted cases.

* Rate not shown based on fewer than 250 un-weighted cases surviving to the beginning of the age interval.

Percentage difference in IMR for ST population and general population is very high in Andhra Pradesh (25.7), Gujarat (23.2) and Manipur (21.5), whereas, for the States of Assam, J&K, Karnataka and Sikkim, the IMR for ST population is lower than the general population by 7.1, 11.2, 7.2 and 4.8 percentage points, respectively. Likewise, percentage difference in the U5MR for ST population from general population is very high in Odisha (41.6), Gujarat (38.8), Andhra Pradesh (33.3) and Madhya Pradesh (32.5). For the States of Sikkim and Assam, the U5MR for ST population is lower than the general population by 4.2 and 1.8 percentage points, respectively.

According to NFHS-3, the status of Stunting, Wasting, and Underweight among children under five years by Caste/Tribe is given below:



It is seen that nutritional deficiencies are more prevalent among disadvantaged groups. Young children from scheduled tribes and scheduled castes are more likely to be stunted, wasted, and underweight than children from other categories.

Education

18.7 Gross Enrolment Ratio (GER) for elementary stage (class I-VIII) of education is defined as percentage of enrolment in elementary stage to the estimated child population in the age group of 6 to below 14 years. GER for children in this stage has increased from 102.4% in 2004-05 to 119.7% in 2010-11 for STs and from 93.5% in 2004-05 to 103.9% in 2010-11 for all categories. However, a marginal decline of GER is noticed in the year 2011-12 in case of STs and all categories. Year-wise Gross Enrolment Ratio in respect of all category and Scheduled Tribes at elementary stage (I-VIII) is given in **Table: 18.4**

Table 18.4: Gross Enrolment Ratios (GER) for Elementary stage (I-VIII)

Year	Scheduled Tribe Category			All Category		
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total
2000-01	102.5	73.5	88.0	90.3	72.4	81.6
2001-02	99.8	77.3	88.9	90.7	73.6	82.4
2002-03	86.7	73.9	80.5	85.4	79.3	82.5
2003-04	90.6	81.1	86.1	87.9	81.4	84.8
2004-05	108.5	95.8	102.4	96.9	89.9	93.5
2005-06	111.9	100.6	106.4	98.5	91.0	94.9
2006-07	114.7	104.2	109.6	100.4	93.5	97.1
2007-08	116.3	108.9	112.7	102.4	98.0	100.3
2008-09	119.0	113.4	116.3	102.5	99.6	101.1
2009-10	119.1	115.2	117.2	102.5	100.4	101.5
2010-11	120.5	118.7	119.7	104.5	103.3	103.9
2011-12	103.0	100.6	101.8	97.2	97.6	97.4

Source: Statistics of School Education, Ministry of Human Resources Development, 2011-12

The enrolments in these stages include underage and overage and hence the total percentage may be more than 100 in some cases.

Gender disparity in GER at elementary stage has steadily declined. The gender disparity factor for ST children has declined from 12.7 percentage points in 2004-05 to 2.4 percentage points in 2011-12. For all categories, the decline in gender disparity is 7.0 percentage points in 2004-05 to 1.2 percentage points in 2010-11. However, in 2011-12, for all categories, GER for Girls is higher by 0.4 percentage points as compared to GER of Boys.

18.8: Percentage distribution of disabled in the age - group 0-6.

As per Census 2011, 1.05 % of ST children are disabled in India in the age-group 0-6 out of total ST children in the same age-group, whereas, 1.24% of total population in the age-group 0-6 is disabled. The States that have shown higher percentage of disability in ST children in the age-group 0-6 than total population include Kerala, Uttarakhand, Sikkim, Manipur, Andaman & Nicobar Islands etc. State-wise details are given in **Annex: 18D**.

18.9: Percentage of ST Households and their source of lighting – a comparative picture of ST and All Social Groups

As per Census 2011, the all India picture shows that the main source of lighting for ST households and all households is Electricity followed by use of Kerosene. 67.2% of all households and 51.7% of ST households use Electricity. 31.4% of all households and 45.6% of ST households resort to use of Kerosene. In Lakshadweep, 99.7% households have Electricity as the main source of lighting. It is followed by Daman & Diu (96.6%), Himachal Pradesh (94.5%), Andaman & Nicobar Islands (94%) and Goa (93.8%). In North Eastern States, among the ST households, Electricity is the main source of lighting. Sikkim is the highest (91.5%) followed by Mizoram (84.3%) and Nagaland (81.2%). Bihar and Odisha show a grim picture with only 11.5% ST households (lowest) having Electricity as against 16.4% of all households and

Odisha with 15.6% ST households as against 43% all households. ST households in Bihar and Odisha are highest users of Kerosene. (See detailed table in **Annex: 18E**).

18.10. Percentage of ST Households having latrine and bathing facility within premises – a comparative picture of ST and All Social Groups

According to Census 2011 data, only 22.6% ST households have latrine facility within the premises as compared to 46.9% households at all India level. 0.3% of total households and 0.1% of ST households continue to use the method of night soil removed by human. While 49.8% of total households go for open defecation and 74.7% ST households still go for open defecation. At the State level, Lakshadweep scores highest percent (98.3%) of ST households with latrine facilities within the premises. Some of the other States with ST households which have this facility and are high in the order are Mizoram (91.9%), Andaman & Nicobar Islands (88.2%), Sikkim (85.9%), Manipur (82.3%), Nagaland (74.8%) and Kerala (71.4%). Odisha is seen to be lowest with only 7.1% ST households against 22% of all households having latrine facilities within the premises. In Jammu & Kashmir, 5.2% ST households against 8.9% all households use human beings in removing the night soil. This practice is seen to be followed in many other States, e.g., Meghalaya, Arunachal Pradesh, Uttar Pradesh, West Bengal, Odisha, Manipur and Dadra Nagar Haveli.

The practice of open defecation is prevalent in the country with Rajasthan topping the list with 91.7% ST households followed by Odisha 91.6%, Madhya Pradesh 90.9%, Jharkhand 90.8%, Bihar and Chhattisgarh 85% and Dadra Nagar Haveli about 81%. In most of the States the ST households score above all households opting for open defecation. The lowest in this category is Lakshadweep (1.5%), followed by Mizoram (6.6%), Andaman & Nicobar Islands (11.5%) and the North Eastern States of Sikkim, Manipur, Nagaland with 12.8%, 16.4% and 17.8%, respectively. At all India level, 42% of all

households and 17.3% ST households have bathing facility within the premises. The highest percent of ST households having bathing facility within premises is seen in Lakshadweep which is 96.6% and the lowest is seen in Odisha with 3.4%. (See detailed table in **Annex: 18F**).

18.11. Percentage of ST Households by the condition of Census houses occupied by them -comparative picture of ST and All Social Groups.

As per Census 2011, 40.6% ST households are seen to be having good houses as against 53% of total households. The highest number of ST households having good houses (87%) is seen in Andaman & Nicobar Islands. Among the lowest in this category is Odisha with 19% ST households having good houses followed by West Bengal 28%, Bihar and Rajasthan 31% each and Assam 32%. At the all India level, 53.7% ST households as against 61.3% of all households are having separate kitchen inside the houses. The highest number of ST households in this category is seen in Andaman & Nicobar Islands (97.9%) followed by Nagaland (96.8%), Lakshadweep (96.6%) Sikkim (91.7%), Meghalaya (91.2%) and Goa (90.2%). There are Seven States falling below the all India percentages, the lowest being in Rajasthan (22.1%) followed by Bihar (34.4%), Jharkhand (34.5%), Madhya Pradesh (36.6%), Andhra Pradesh (37.8%), Uttar Pradesh (43.0%) and West Bengal (48.2%) having kitchen inside the houses of the ST households. State-wise details are at **Annex: 18G**.

18.12: Households Cooking inside house and the type of fuel used

Census 2011 data reveals that in the category where households are cooking inside the house, 63.99 percent households of total population use fire-wood/ crop residue/cow dung cake, coal/ lignite, charcoal (smoke emanating fuel) for cooking purposes as compared to 87.5 percent in respect of ST households. The percentage of ST households who are using Kerosene/LPG/PNG/Electricity is only 12%. Highest percentage of ST households

cooking inside the house and using Kerosene etc. (non-smoke emanating fuel) is seen in Mizoram (54.44%) followed by A & N Islands (54.33%). The worst scenario in this category is seen in Odisha (2.37%), Chhattisgarh (3.33%), Madhya Pradesh (4.07%), Jharkhand (4.18%) and Rajasthan (6.06%). State-wise details are given at **Annex: 18H**.

18.13: Households Cooking outside house and the type of fuel used

As per Census 2011, the all India picture in this category shows that while 91.9 percent households of total population use fire-wood/crop residue/ cow dung cake, coal/lignite, charcoal for cooking purposes, the same is higher at 95.62 percent for ST households. Percentage of ST households who use Kerosene/LPG/PNG (non-smoke emanating fuel) for cooking outside house is only 3.3% as compared to 7.2% of total households. State-wise details may be seen at **Annex: 18I**.

18.14 Households by location of main source of drinking water

According to Census 2011 data, it is seen that while almost 47 percent of all households in the country have drinking water facilities within their premises, less than 20% of the ST households enjoy this convenience. More than one third of the ST households have to spend time and energy fetching drinking water from far away sources as against only about 18% of all households at all India level. State-wise details are at **Annex: 18J**.

18.15 Crimes committed against ST population in India

As per data of National Crime Records Bureau (NCRB), Ministry of Home Affairs, the rate of total cognizable crimes committed against STs during 2012 is the highest in Kerala at 25.58% followed by Rajasthan (14.62%), Andaman & Nicobar (14.02%), Andhra Pradesh (11.25%), Bihar (8.90%), Karnataka (8.80%), Madhya Pradesh (7.95%), Odisha (7.17%), Chhattisgarh (4.40%) etc. State-wise details are given at **Annex: 18K**.

ANNEX: 18A

Demographic Statistics: 2011 Census

S. No	India/State	Total Population		Decadal Growth in %	ST Population		Decadal Growth in %	% STs in India/State to total population of India/State	% STs in the State to total ST population in India
		2001	2011		2001	2011			
	India	1,02,86,10,328	1,21,08,54,977	17.7	8,43,26,240	10,45,45,716	24.0	8.6	-
1	Andhra Pradesh	7,62,10,007	8,45,80,777	11.0	50,24,104	59,18,073	17.8	7.0	5.7
2	Arunachal Pradesh	10,97,968	13,83,727	26.0	7,05,158	9,51,821	35.0	68.8	0.9
3	Assam	2,66,55,528	3,12,05,576	17.1	33,08,570	38,84,371	17.4	12.4	3.7
4	Bihar	8,29,98,509	10,40,99,452	25.4	7,58,351	13,36,573	76.2	1.3	1.3
5	Chhattisgarh*	2,08,33,803	2,55,45,198	22.6	66,16,596	78,22,902	18.2	30.6	7.5
6	Goa	13,47,668	14,58,545	8.2	566	1,49,275	26273.7	10.2	0.1
7	Gujarat	5,06,71,017	6,04,39,692	19.3	74,81,160	89,17,174	19.2	14.8	8.5
8	Haryana	2,11,44,564	2,53,51,462	19.9	-	-	-	-	-
9	Himachal Pradesh	60,77,900	68,64,602	12.9	2,44,587	3,92,126	60.3	5.7	0.4
10	J&K	1,01,43,700	1,25,41,302	23.6	11,05,979	14,93,299	35.0	11.9	1.4
11	Jharkhand*	2,69,45,829	3,29,88,134	22.4	70,87,068	86,45,042	22.0	26.2	8.3
12	Karnataka	5,28,50,562	6,10,95,297	15.6	34,63,986	42,48,987	22.7	7.0	4.1
13	Kerala	3,18,41,374	3,34,06,061	4.9	3,64,189	4,84,839	33.1	1.5	0.5
14	Madhya Pradesh	6,03,48,023	7,26,26,809	20.3	1,22,33,474	1,53,16,784	25.2	21.1	14.7
15	Maharashtra	9,68,78,627	11,23,74,333	16.0	85,77,276	1,05,10,213	22.5	9.4	10.1
16	Manipur	21,66,788	28,55,794	31.8	7,41,141	11,67,422	57.5	40.9	1.1
17	Meghalaya	23,18,822	29,66,889	27.9	19,92,862	25,55,861	28.3	86.1	2.4
18	Mizoram	8,88,573	10,97,206	23.5	8,39,310	10,36,115	23.4	94.4	1.0
19	Nagaland	19,90,036	19,78,502	-0.6	17,74,026	17,10,973	-3.6	86.5	1.6
20	Orissa	3,68,04,660	4,19,74,218	14.0	81,45,081	95,90,756	17.7	22.8	9.2
21	Punjab	2,43,58,999	2,77,43,338	13.9	-	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
22	Rajasthan	5,65,07,188	6,85,48,437	21.3	70,97,706	92,38,534	30.2	13.5	8.8
23	Sikkim	5,40,851	6,10,577	12.9	1,11,405	2,06,360	85.2	33.8	0.2
24	Tamil Nadu	6,24,05,679	7,21,47,030	15.6	6,51,321	7,94,697	22.0	1.1	0.8
25	Tripura	31,99,203	36,73,917	14.8	9,93,426	11,66,813	17.5	31.8	1.1
26	Uttarakhand*	84,89,349	1,00,86,292	18.8	2,56,129	2,91,903	14.0	2.9	0.3
27	Uttar Pradesh	16,61,97,921	19,98,12,341	20.2	1,07,963	11,34,273	950.6	0.6	1.1
28	West Bengal	8,01,76,197	9,12,76,115	13.8	44,06,794	52,96,953	20.2	5.8	5.1
29	A & N Islands	3,56,152	3,80,581	6.9	29,469	28,530	-3.2	7.5	0.0
30	Chandigarh	9,00,635	10,55,450	17.2	-	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
31	D & N Haveli	2,20,490	3,43,709	55.9	1,37,225	1,78,564	30.1	52.0	0.2
32	Daman & Diu.	1,58,204	2,43,247	53.8	13,997	15,363	9.8	6.3	0.0
33	Delhi	1,38,50,507	1,67,87,941	21.2	-	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
34	Lakshadweep	60,650	64,473	6.3	57,321	61,120	6.6	94.8	0.1
35	Puducherry	9,74,345	12,47,953	28.1	-	0	0.0	0.0	0.0

* States like Chhattisgarh, Jharkhand and Uttarakhand were created in the year 2000 after re-organization of the states of Madhya Pradesh, Bihar and Uttar Pradesh. MANIPUR (Incl. 3 Sub-divisions of Senapati Distt.)

ANNEX: 18B

State wise Sex Ratio among Scheduled Tribes: 2001 - 2011

S. No	State/UT	Sex Ratio 2001			Sex Ratio 2011		
		Total	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban
	INDIA	978	981	944	990	991	980
01	Jammu & Kashmir	910	916	799	924	927	872
02	Himachal Pradesh	996	1,002	809	999	1,003	923
03	Punjab	NST	NST	NST	NST	NST	NST
04	Chandigarh	NST	NST	NST	NST	NST	NST
05	Uttarakhand	950	956	867	963	966	938
06	Haryana	NST	NST	NST	NST	NST	NST
07	NCT of Delhi	NST	NST	NST	NST	NST	NST
08	Rajasthan	944	950	851	948	951	893
09	Uttar Pradesh	934	945	850	952	959	884
10	Bihar	929	934	839	958	960	934
11	Sikkim	957	950	1,024	960	942	1,042
12	Arunachal Pradesh	1,003	1,000	1,020	1,032	1,022	1,083
13	Nagaland	943	942	946	976	964	1,014
14	Manipur	980	977	1,040	1,002	995	1,051
15	Mizoram	984	959	1,012	1,007	967	1,047
16	Tripura	970	971	921	983	982	1,017
17	Meghalaya	1,000	987	1,072	1,013	996	1,104
18	Assam	972	974	929	985	984	996
19	West Bengal	982	984	950	999	1,000	991
20	Jharkhand	987	989	965	1,003	1,003	1,007
21	Odisha	1,003	1,006	948	1,029	1,031	991
22	Chhattisgarh	1,013	1,017	941	1,020	1,021	999
23	Madhya Pradesh	975	979	912	984	986	956
24	Gujarat	974	978	926	981	984	952
25	Daman & Diu	947	952	928	977	982	972
26	D & N Haveli	1,028	1,032	973	1,010	1,011	1,002
27	Maharashtra	973	979	931	977	984	942
28	Andhra Pradesh	972	974	941	993	996	968
29	Karnataka	972	975	960	990	990	993
30	Goa	893	827	928	1,046	1,026	1,076
31	Lakshadweep	1,003	1,001	1,006	1,003	994	1,006
32	Kerala	1,021	1,020	1,053	1,035	1,031	1,070
33	Tamil Nadu	980	977	997	981	982	980
34	Puducherry	NST	NST	NST	NST	NST	NST
35	A & N Islands	948	954	796	937	931	1,030

Source: Census 2011

ANNEX: 18C**Literacy rate of Total Population and ST Population and Gap in Literacy rate: 2001-2011**

S. No.	State/UT	Literacy Rate-2001		Gap in Literacy Rate	Literacy Rate-2011		Gap in Literacy Rate
		Total	ST		Total	ST	
INDIA		64.8	47.1	17.7	73.0	59.0	14.0
1	Andhra Pradesh	60.5	37	23.4	67.0	49.2	17.8
2	Arunachal Pradesh	54.3	49.6	4.7	65.4	64.6	0.8
3	Assam	63.3	62.5	0.8	72.2	72.1	0.1
4	Bihar	47	28.2	18.8	61.8	51.1	10.7
5	Chhattisgarh	64.7	52.1	12.6	70.3	59.1	11.2
6	Goa	82	55.9	26.1	88.7	79.1	9.6
7	Gujarat	69.1	47.7	21.4	78.0	62.5	15.6
8	Haryana#	67.9	NST	-	75.6	NST	-
9	Himachal Pradesh	76.5	65.5	11	82.8	73.6	9.2
10	Jammu & Kashmir	55.5	37.5	18	67.2	50.6	16.6
11	Jharkhand	53.6	40.7	12.9	66.4	57.1	9.3
12	Karnataka	66.6	48.3	18.3	75.4	62.1	13.3
13	Kerala	90.9	64.4	26.5	94.0	75.8	18.2
14	Madhya Pradesh	63.7	41.2	22.5	69.3	50.6	18.8
15	Maharashtra	76.9	55.2	21.7	82.3	65.7	16.6
16	Manipur	70.5	65.9	4.6	76.9	72.6	1.9
17	Meghalaya	62.6	61.3	1.3	74.4	74.5	-0.1
18	Mizoram	88.8	89.3	0.5	91.3	91.5	-0.2
19	Nagaland	66.6	65.9	0.7	79.6	80.0	-0.5
20	Orissa	63.1	37.4	25.7	72.9	52.2	20.6
21	Punjab#	69.7	NST	-	75.8	NST	-
22	Rajasthan	60.4	44.7	15.7	66.1	52.8	13.3
23	Sikkim	68.8	67.1	1.7	81.4	79.7	1.7
24	Tamil Nadu	73.5	41.5	32	80.1	54.3	25.8
25	Tripura	73.2	56.5	16.7	87.2	79.1	8.2
26	Uttarakhand	71.6	63.2	8.4	78.8	73.9	4.9
27	Uttar Pradesh	56.3	35.1	21.2	67.7	55.7	12.0
28	West Bengal	68.6	43.4	25.2	76.3	57.9	18.3
29	A& N Islands	81.3	66.8	14.5	86.6	75.6	11.0
30	Chandigarh#	81.9	NST	-	86.0	NST	-
31	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	57.6	41.2	16.4	76.2	61.9	14.4
32	Daman & Diu	78.2	63.4	14.8	87.1	78.8	8.3
33	Delhi#	81.7	NST	-	86.2	0.0	-
34	Lakshadweep	86.7	86.1	0.6	91.8	91.7	0.1
35	Puducherry #	81.2	NST	-	85.8	NST	-

Source: Census 2011

NST= No Notified Scheduled Tribes in the States

Includes figure of Paomata, Mao Marm & Purul Sub divisions of Senapati districts of Manipur for 2011.

ANNEX: 18D

Percentage distribution of disabled among STs and total population in the age -group 0-6

State Code	State Name	% of disabled children	
		Total	ST
00	INDIA	1.24	1.05
01	JAMMU & KASHMIR	1.38	1.41
02	HIMACHAL PRADESH	0.93	0.88
03	PUNJAB	1.42	-
04	CHANDIGARH	0.78	-
05	UTTARAKHAND	0.90	1.18
06	HARYANA	1.12	-
07	NCT OF DELHI	0.68	-
08	RAJASTHAN	0.84	0.80
09	UTTAR PRADESH	1.35	1.28
10	BIHAR	1.52	1.40
11	SIKKIM	0.98	1.05
12	ARUNACHAL PRADESH	1.00	1.07
13	NAGALAND	0.66	0.63
14	MANIPUR	1.39	1.47
15	MIZORAM	0.54	0.54
16	TRIPURA	0.96	0.82
17	MEGHALAYA	0.89	0.90
18	ASSAM	0.77	0.69
19	WEST BENGAL	1.25	1.06
20	JHARKHAND	1.36	1.15
21	ODISHA	1.54	1.43
22	CHHATTISGARH	0.96	0.87
23	MADHYA PRADESH	1.09	0.97
24	GUJARAT	1.01	0.84
25	DAMAN & DIU	0.42	0.45
26	DADRA & NAGAR HAVELI	0.63	0.61
27	MAHARASHTRA	1.63	1.27
28	ANDHRA PRADESH	1.39	1.34
29	KARNATAKA	1.30	1.29
30	GOA	1.05	1.05
31	LAKSHADWEEP	1.06	1.05
32	KERALA	0.76	1.04
33	TAMIL NADU	0.84	0.80
34	PUDUCHERRY	0.96	-
35	ANDAMAN & NICOBAR ISLANDS	0.94	1.12

Source: Census 2011

ANNEX: 18E

Percentage of ST Households and their Main Source of lighting

Area Name	Total number of households		Main Source of lighting							
			Electricity		Kerosene		Solar energy		Others	
	ST	ALL	ST	ALL	ST	ALL	ST	ALL	ST	ALL
India	23,329,105	246,692,667	51.7	67.2	45.6	31.4	1.1	0.4	1.6	0.9
Jammu & Kashmir	262,419	2,015,088	59.7	85.1	23.7	9.7	3.8	1.0	12.9	4.1
Himachal Pradesh	92,017	1,476,581	94.5	96.8	4.1	2.8	0.9	0.1	0.4	0.3
Uttarakhand	63,322	1,997,068	83.7	87.0	13.6	11.1	1.9	1.2	0.8	0.7
Rajasthan	1,836,014	12,581,303	39.7	67.0	57.7	30.9	0.9	0.6	1.7	1.5
Uttar Pradesh	512,649	32,924,266	36.7	36.8	60.8	61.9	1.1	0.5	1.4	0.8
Bihar	423,568	18,940,629	11.5	16.4	86.9	82.4	0.7	0.6	0.9	0.6
Sikkim	46,013	128,131	91.5	92.5	7.4	6.5	0.4	0.2	0.8	0.7
Arunachal Pradesh	172,913	261,614	66.2	65.7	12.3	18.5	4.0	2.9	17.5	13.0
Nagaland	349,022	399,965	81.2	81.6	15.9	15.6	0.3	0.3	2.6	2.5
Manipur	173,757	507,152	57.8	68.3	32.0	25.1	4.9	1.9	5.3	4.6
Mizoram	211,626	221,077	84.3	84.2	13.4	13.5	1.4	1.3	0.9	0.9
Tripura	259,322	842,781	46.9	68.4	48.6	29.1	3.8	1.9	0.7	0.6
Meghalaya	456,683	538,299	59.2	60.9	38.6	37.0	0.8	0.8	1.4	1.3
Assam	887,226	6,367,295	28.0	37.0	69.3	61.8	2.1	0.8	0.6	0.4
West Bengal	1,273,423	20,067,299	31.7	54.5	66.2	43.5	1.1	1.2	1.1	0.8
Jharkhand	1,718,359	6,181,607	29.3	45.8	68.9	53.1	1.4	0.7	0.4	0.4
Odisha	2,240,142	9,661,085	15.6	43.0	82.3	55.3	0.6	0.4	1.5	1.3
Chhattisgarh	1,747,575	5,622,850	56.8	75.3	40.1	23.2	2.2	0.9	1.0	0.6
Madhya Pradesh	3,213,683	14,967,597	54.0	67.1	44.6	32.1	0.6	0.3	0.8	0.5
Gujarat	1,837,844	12,181,718	80.0	90.4	17.6	8.1	0.4	0.1	2.0	1.4
Daman & Diu	3,334	60,381	96.6	99.1	2.5	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.1
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	33,367	73,063	90.8	95.2	8.4	4.4	0.1	0.0	0.7	0.4
Maharashtra	2,445,645	23,830,580	59.8	83.9	36.2	14.5	1.2	0.2	2.8	1.4
Andhra Pradesh	1,560,035	21,024,534	80.0	92.2	18.2	6.9	0.4	0.3	1.3	0.7
Karnataka	936,995	13,179,911	83.6	90.6	15.0	8.6	0.4	0.2	1.0	0.6
Goa	33,662	322,813	93.8	96.9	4.8	2.4	0.3	0.2	1.1	0.5
Lakshadweep	10,028	10,703	99.7	99.7	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1
Kerala	136,006	7,716,370	62.8	94.4	34.5	5.2	2.2	0.2	0.5	0.2
Tamil Nadu	384,713	18,493,003	84.4	93.4	13.6	5.9	0.7	0.1	1.3	0.6
A & N Islands	7,743	93,376	94.0	86.1	3.8	12.9	0.1	0.1	2.1	0.8
Source: Census 2011										

ANNEX: 18F

Percentage of household having latrine and bathing facility within premises

Area Name	Total number of households			Number of households having latrine facility within the premises			Night soil removed by human			Number of households not having latrine facility within the premises			Open defecation			Number of households having bathing facility within the premises			Waste water outlet connected to (Closed drainage)		
	ST	All		ST	All		ST	All		ST	All		ST	All		ST	All		ST	All	
I	2	3		4	5		6	7		8	9		10	11		12	13		14	15	
India	23,329,105	246,692,667		22.6	46.9	0.1	0.3	0.3		77.4	53.1		74.7	49.8		17.3	42.0		6.1	18.1	
Jammu & Kashmir	262,419	2,015,088		26.7	51.2	5.2	8.9			73.3	48.8		71.1	46.1		23.7	52.4		3.5	12.6	
Himachal Pradesh	92,017	1,476,581		62.0	69.1	0.2	0.0			38.0	30.9		36.7	29.7		57.0	67.5		21.5	24.8	
Uttarakhand	63,322	1,997,068		46.1	65.8	0.1	0.2			53.9	34.2		51.5	33.1		42.5	60.5		14.4	19.0	
Rajasthan	1,836,014	12,581,303		7.9	35.0	0.0	0.0			92.1	65.0		91.7	64.3		7.5	36.8		2.7	10.7	
Uttar Pradesh	512,649	32,924,266		35.5	35.6	0.5	1.0			64.5	64.4		62.3	63.0		27.3	29.0		14.7	12.9	
Bihar	423,568	18,940,629		13.7	23.1	0.1	0.1			86.3	76.9		85.0	75.8		7.0	11.3		4.4	6.7	
Sikkim	46,013	128,131		85.9	87.2	0.0	0.0			14.1	12.8		12.8	11.3		61.8	65.1		12.1	14.6	
Arunachal Pradesh	172,913	261,614		58.4	62.0	0.4	0.4			41.6	38.0		38.8	34.8		24.7	29.0		5.2	6.0	
Nagaland	349,022	399,965		74.8	76.5	0.2	0.2			25.2	23.5		17.8	16.5		51.2	52.4		4.2	4.8	
Manipur	173,757	507,152		82.3	89.3	0.9	2.0			17.7	10.7		16.4	8.9		27.3	31.1		3.7	4.1	
Mizoram	211,626	221,077		91.9	91.9	0.1	0.1			8.1	8.1		6.6	6.6		65.4	65.2		12.9	13.1	
Tripura	259,322	842,781		63.7	86.0	0.2	0.1			36.3	14.0		30.3	11.5		6.6	18.9		1.7	3.7	
Meghalaya	456,683	538,299		61.0	62.9	0.4	0.4			39.0	37.1		36.2	34.3		30.7	33.3		4.5	5.7	
Assam	887,226	6,367,295		43.3	64.9	0.2	0.3			56.7	35.1		54.0	33.2		13.8	24.5		2.0	3.6	
West Bengal	1,273,423	20,067,299		24.4	58.8	0.3	0.6			75.6	41.2		73.2	38.6		9.6	27.1		3.0	9.2	
Jharkhand	1,718,359	6,181,607		8.3	22.0	0.0	0.0			91.7	78.0		90.8	77.0		5.2	16.5		1.8	7.2	
Odisha	2,240,142	9,661,085		7.1	22.0	0.1	0.3			92.9	78.0		91.6	76.6		3.4	14.1		1.1	4.3	
Chhattisgarh	1,747,575	5,622,850		14.8	24.6	0.0	0.0			85.2	75.4		84.6	74.0		4.1	14.8		1.9	5.3	
Madhya Pradesh	3,213,683	14,967,597		8.5	28.8	0.0	0.0			91.5	71.2		90.9	70.0		5.4	25.8		1.9	9.8	
Gujarat	1,837,844	12,181,718		24.3	57.3	0.0	0.0			75.7	42.7		73.5	40.4		19.9	56.5		10.8	37.3	
Daman & Diu	3,334	60,381		36.9	78.2	0.0	0.0			63.1	21.8		54.1	10.5		40.0	70.7		22.7	39.0	
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	33,367	73,063		16.9	54.7	0.2	0.2			83.1	45.3		80.8	40.0		14.2	51.7		4.2	27.0	
Maharashtra	2,445,645	23,830,580		30.1	53.1	0.0	0.0			69.9	46.9		59.7	34.0		37.2	64.3		15.7	33.2	
Andhra Pradesh	1,560,035	21,024,534		19.5	49.6	0.0	0.0			80.5	50.4		78.0	48.0		19.4	50.6		8.4	21.6	
Karnataka	936,995	13,179,911		28.7	51.2	0.0	0.1			71.3	48.8		66.9	45.0		56.7	74.8		13.7	26.1	
Goa	33,662	322,813		59.9	79.7	0.0	0.0			40.1	20.3		36.3	16.4		52.2	81.4		17.0	43.7	
Lakshadweep	10,028	10,703		98.3	97.8	0.0	0.0			1.7	2.2		1.5	1.8		96.6	96.0		10.5	11.4	
Kerala	136,006	7,716,370		71.4	95.2	0.0	0.0			28.6	4.8		25.7	3.8		41.5	81.2		9.2	25.2	
Tamil Nadu	384,713	18,493,003		34.7	48.3	0.1	0.1			65.3	51.7		60.3	45.7		34.3	49.9		21.1	25.4	
A & N Islands	7,743	93,376		88.2	70.1	0.0	0.0			11.8	29.9		11.5	27.5		85.1	63.5		9.5	7.4	

Source: Census 2011

ANNEX: 18G

Percentage of Households by the Condition of Census Houses Occupied by Them

State Code	Area Name	ALL				Scheduled Tribe			
		Total houses	Good houses	% having latrine facility within the premises	% having separate kitchen inside	Total houses	Good houses	% having latrine facility within the premises	% having separate kitchen inside
00	India	246,692,667	53.1	46.9	61.3	23,329,105	40.6	22.6	53.7
01	Jammu & Kashmir	2,015,088	54.1	51.2	85.7	262,419	32.8	26.7	73.6
02	Himachal Pradesh	1,476,581	72.4	69.1	88.2	92,017	68.4	62.0	85.4
05	Uttarakhand	1,997,068	66.8	65.8	70.1	63,322	58.2	46.1	74.3
08	Rajasthan	12,581,303	51.0	35.0	50.8	1,836,014	31.3	7.9	22.1
09	Uttar Pradesh	32,924,266	42.8	35.6	40.7	512,649	40.6	35.5	43.0
10	Bihar	18,940,629	36.1	23.1	33.5	423,568	30.6	13.7	34.4
11	Sikkim	128,131	56.5	87.2	90.2	46,013	54.7	85.9	91.7
12	Arunachal Pradesh	261,614	51.8	62.0	89.2	172,913	54.5	58.4	89.4
13	Nagaland	399,965	52.4	76.5	96.0	349,022	52.9	74.8	96.8
14	Manipur	507,152	54.1	89.3	93.3	173,757	39.2	82.3	88.3
15	Mizoram	221,077	62.3	91.9	83.8	211,626	62.4	91.9	83.7
16	Tripura	842,781	54.2	86.0	85.9	259,322	52.7	63.7	75.9
17	Meghalaya	538,299	48.1	62.9	90.7	456,683	47.8	61.0	91.2
18	Assam	6,367,295	32.8	64.9	88.3	887,226	32.4	43.3	89.4
19	West Bengal	20,067,299	40.9	58.8	60.9	1,273,423	27.5	24.4	48.2
20	Jharkhand	6,181,607	43.4	22.0	39.4	1,718,359	36.6	8.3	34.5
21	Odisha	9,661,085	29.5	22.0	62.9	2,240,142	19.1	7.1	59.6
22	Chhattisgarh	5,622,850	46.6	24.6	56.1	1,747,575	43.1	14.8	54.9
23	Madhya Pradesh	14,967,597	52.3	28.8	46.8	3,213,683	38.8	8.5	36.6
24	Gujarat	12,181,718	67.3	57.3	72.3	1,837,844	51.2	24.3	65.0
25	Daman & Diu	60,381	68.1	78.2	65.9	3,334	57.4	36.9	83.0
26	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	73,063	66.7	54.7	84.4	33,367	54.4	16.9	84.8
27	Maharashtra	23,830,580	64.1	53.1	72.7	2,445,645	48.0	30.1	60.4
28	Andhra Pradesh	21,024,534	69.7	49.6	54.2	1,560,035	57.8	19.5	37.8
29	Karnataka	13,179,911	60.1	51.2	89.3	936,995	50.0	28.7	82.8
30	Goa	322,813	76.1	79.7	92.9	33,662	68.6	59.9	90.2
31	Lakshadweep	10,703	78.7	97.8	95.5	10,028	78.9	98.3	96.6
32	Kerala	7,716,370	66.3	95.2	96.7	136,006	38.4	71.4	89.6
33	Tamil Nadu	18,493,003	70.2	48.3	76.5	384,713	59.8	34.7	64.3
34	Puducherry	301,276	75.0	68.4	77.5	-	-	-	-
35	A & N Islands	93,376	66.5	70.1	94.1	7,743	86.5	88.2	97.9

Source: Census 2011

ANNEX: 18H

Households Cooking inside house and the type of fuel used

Area Name	Total number of households	Total number of ST households	Type of Fuel used for Cooking smoke emanating fuel		Type of Fuel used for Cooking non smoke emanating fuel	
			Fire-wood/Crop residue/ Cow dung cake/ Coal, Lignite, Charcoal		Kerosene/LPG/PNG/ Electricity/ No cooking	
			ALL INDIA	ST	ALL INDIA	ST
India	215,412,336	20,472,827	63.99	87.50	35.58	12.00
Jammu & Kashmir	1,781,204	233,272	63.21	87.47	36.63	12.35
Himachal Pradesh	1,294,827	83,703	56.65	62.08	43.33	37.90
Uttarakhand	1,757,046	45,225	48.82	57.82	51.14	42.11
Rajasthan	10,862,876	1,564,459	72.89	93.87	27.06	6.06
Uttar Pradesh	29,938,454	462,693	78.46	76.18	21.43	23.66
Bihar	15,425,093	332,555	88.66	92.81	10.23	6.29
Sikkim	94,071	33,253	42.21	49.57	57.76	50.41
Arunachal Pradesh	249,360	165,776	69.42	76.05	30.53	23.91
Nagaland	366,130	319,607	78.94	83.28	20.97	16.66
Manipur	463,270	152,216	67.58	83.71	31.78	16.15
Mizoram	217,960	208,819	44.94	45.51	55.01	54.44
Tripura	763,705	229,004	80.09	93.25	19.82	6.67
Meghalaya	425,544	358,584	78.81	85.00	21.09	14.91
Assam	4,972,750	714,556	76.08	87.14	23.73	12.82
West Bengal	17,522,869	1,024,489	74.60	88.33	22.88	8.12
Jharkhand	5,807,476	1,610,498	86.42	95.29	12.98	4.18
Odisha	7,836,340	1,970,227	84.66	95.46	13.69	2.37
Chhattisgarh	5,331,269	1,668,789	87.38	96.64	12.54	3.33
Madhya Pradesh	14,338,709	3,088,474	79.42	95.90	20.53	4.07
Gujarat	10,426,250	1,710,189	46.79	84.78	53.16	15.16
Daman & Diu	56,625	2,930	10.18	46.38	89.68	53.58
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	70,851	32,027	40.65	84.60	59.34	15.39
Maharashtra	21,818,504	2,257,600	45.43	75.27	54.45	24.61
Andhra Pradesh	14,972,999	885,160	46.63	76.64	53.24	23.20
Karnataka	12,567,276	863,390	59.52	80.17	40.39	19.73
Goa	311,133	31,449	21.06	54.25	78.89	45.71
Lakshadweep	7,325	6,824	59.88	61.33	40.10	38.66
Kerala	7,421,600	123,436	62.20	88.39	37.76	11.57
Tamil Nadu	15,034,329	287,746	35.02	53.54	64.93	46.42
A & N Islands	81,190	5,877	27.77	45.67	72.19	54.33
Source: Census 2011						

ANNEX: 18I

Households Cooking outside house and the type of fuel used

Area Name	Total number of households	Total number of ST households	Type of Fuel used for Cooking smoke emanating fuel		Type of Fuel used for Cooking non smoke emanating fuel	
			Fire-wood/Crop residue/ Cow dung cake/Coal, Lignite, Charcoal		Kerosene/LPG/PNG/ Electricity/ No cooking	
			ALL INDIA	ST	ALL INDIA	ST
India	30,483,366	2,806,047	91.90	95.62	7.21	3.34
Jammu & Kashmir	229,925	28,920	85.90	94.69	13.73	5.27
Himachal Pradesh	177,451	7,858	75.87	78.77	24.11	21.23
Uttarakhand	234,784	17,955	86.92	89.94	13.04	10.01
Rajasthan	1,690,987	268,233	96.23	98.68	3.68	1.26
Uttar Pradesh	2,914,445	48,407	95.32	94.68	4.47	4.88
Bihar	3,481,309	90,074	96.33	96.93	2.03	1.39
Sikkim	33,318	12,606	86.12	87.63	13.85	12.35
Arunachal Pradesh	11,458	6,759	74.66	69.98	25.19	29.81
Nagaland	32,882	28,776	80.12	81.13	19.81	18.81
Manipur	43,424	21,428	86.80	94.36	12.85	5.60
Mizoram	2,803	2,534	75.17	75.10	24.79	24.86
Tripura	78,437	30,165	95.55	97.13	4.35	2.66
Meghalaya	111,808	97,439	96.83	97.35	3.10	2.61
Assam	1,369,978	170,171	93.43	94.44	5.64	5.45
West Bengal	2,487,577	246,404	92.04	92.85	3.61	2.29
Jharkhand	366,028	106,372	96.32	97.70	2.55	1.25
Odisha	1,797,070	265,930	94.14	94.50	2.31	0.78
Chhattisgarh	280,521	75,676	98.00	99.02	1.90	0.91
Madhya Pradesh	601,616	122,420	95.41	98.73	4.46	1.24
Gujarat	1,709,038	123,491	90.42	94.93	9.52	4.99
Daman & Diu	2,323	380	79.42	81.58	20.28	18.42
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	1,604	1,238	76.31	91.84	23.63	8.08
Maharashtra	1,831,952	176,336	90.59	94.70	9.22	5.04
Andhra Pradesh	5,979,045	670,730	91.17	96.99	8.75	2.94
Karnataka	568,040	71,283	91.46	96.60	8.42	3.29
Goa	9,442	2,036	56.87	79.32	42.95	20.43
Lakshadweep	3,110	3,023	85.18	85.21	14.82	14.79
Kerala	274,269	12,045	84.60	97.42	15.34	2.52
Tamil Nadu	3,379,842	95,562	87.00	91.05	12.95	8.82
A & N Island	10,922	1,796	86.60	89.81	13.21	10.19

Source: Census 2011

ANNEX: 18J

HOUSEHOLDS BY LOCATION OF THE MAIN SOURCE OF DRINKING WATER

Area	Total Number of Households (all)			Total Number of Households (ST) ST		
	Within the premises	Near the premises	Away	Within the premises	Near the premises	Away
India	46.6	35.8	17.6	19.7	46.7	33.6
A & N Islands	60.6	27.0	12.4	61.0	15.7	23.3
Andhra Pradesh	43.2	37.3	19.5	21.0	45.7	33.4
Arunachal Pradesh	41.1	37.4	21.6	36.5	40.4	23.1
Assam	54.8	26.7	18.5	47.3	28.9	23.8
Bihar	50.1	37.9	12.0	40.9	41.4	17.7
Chandigarh	86.1	11.6	2.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
Chhattisgarh	19.0	54.5	26.5	9.1	57.7	33.2
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	52.6	36.4	10.9	28.7	50.2	21.0
Daman & Diu	76.4	22.1	1.5	57.6	36.9	5.5
Goa	79.7	15.5	4.8	58.7	28.9	12.4
Gujarat	64.0	23.5	12.4	28.8	46.4	24.8
Haryana	66.5	21.4	12.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
Himachal Pradesh	55.5	35.0	9.5	48.9	41.2	9.9
Jammu & Kashmir	48.2	28.7	23.1	15.3	39.2	45.5
Jharkhand	23.2	44.9	31.9	8.3	49.4	42.3
Karnataka	44.5	37.3	18.2	27.2	45.6	27.2
Kerala	77.7	14.1	8.2	44.3	30.4	25.4
Lakshadweep	83.7	14.3	2.0	83.9	14.2	1.9
Madhya Pradesh	23.9	45.6	30.5	8.4	50.1	41.5
Maharashtra	59.4	27.5	13.1	33.9	43.3	22.8
Manipur	16.1	46.2	37.8	14.3	51.0	34.6
Meghalaya	24.1	43.2	32.7	18.8	46.2	35.0
Mizoram	31.2	46.7	22.2	30.6	47.0	22.4
Nagaland	29.3	42.4	28.3	26.1	44.1	29.8
NCT of Delhi	78.4	15.4	6.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
Odisha	22.4	42.2	35.4	6.2	49.2	44.6
Puducherry	77.4	21.5	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
Punjab	85.9	10.0	4.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
Rajasthan	35.0	39.0	25.9	11.0	47.5	41.5
Sikkim	52.6	29.7	17.7	48.8	31.7	19.5
Tamil Nadu	34.9	58.1	7.0	21.1	65.9	13.0
Tripura	37.1	30.5	32.4	14.2	32.2	53.6
Uttar Pradesh	51.9	36.0	12.1	43.0	38.8	18.2
Uttarakhand	58.3	26.6	15.2	55.8	31.1	13.1
West Bengal	38.6	34.7	26.6	18.6	44.3	37.1

Source: Census 2011

ANNEX: 18K

Incidence & Rate of Crime Committed Against Scheduled Tribes During 2012

S. No.	State/UT	Incidence	Percentage Contribution To All-India Total	ST Population * (In Lakhs)	Rate Of Total Cognizable Crimes	Rank as per Rate of Total Cognizable Crimes	Rank as per Percentage Share
	STATES:						
1	ANDHRA PRADESH	666	11.25	59.18	11.25	4	20
2	ARUNACHAL PRADESH	10	0.17	9.52	1.05	19	8
3	ASSAM	0	0.00	38.84	0.00	-	-
4	BIHAR	119	2.01	13.37	8.90	5	13
5	CHHATTISGARH	344	5.81	78.23	4.40	9	18
6	GOA	1	0.02	1.49	0.67	22	1
7	GUJARAT	221	3.73	89.17	2.48	15	15
8	HARYANA	0	0.00	0.00	-	-	-
9	HIMACHAL PRADESH	3	0.05	3.92	0.77	21	3
10	JAMMU & KASHMIR	0	0.00	14.93	0.00	-	-
11	JHARKHAND	287	4.85	86.45	3.32	12	16
12	KARNATAKA	374	6.32	42.49	8.80	6	19
13	KERALA	124	2.09	4.85	25.58	1	14
14	MADHYA PRADESH	1218	20.57	153.17	7.95	7	22
15	MAHARASHTRA	308	5.20	105.10	2.93	13	17
16	MANIPUR	2	0.03	9.03	0.22	23	2
17	MEGHALAYA	0	0.00	25.56	0.00	-	-
18	MIZORAM	0	0.00	10.36	0.00	-	-
19	NAGALAND	0	0.00	17.11	0.00	-	-
20	ODISHA	688	11.62	95.91	7.17	8	21
21	PUNJAB	0	0.00	0.00	-	-	-
22	RAJASTHAN	1351	22.81	92.39	14.62	2	23
23	SIKKIM	4	0.07	2.06	1.94	17	5
24	TAMIL NADU	27	0.46	7.95	3.40	11	9
25	TRIPURA	29	0.49	11.67	2.49	14	10
26	UTTAR PRADESH	44	0.74	11.34	3.88	10	11
27	UTTARAKHAND	3	0.05	2.92	1.03	20	4
28	WEST BENGAL	91	1.54	52.97	1.72	18	12
	TOTAL (STATES)	5914	99.86	1039.97	5.69		
	UNION TERRITORIES:						
29	A & N ISLANDS	4	0.07	0.29	14.02	3	6
30	CHANDIGARH	0	0.00	0.00	-	-	-
31	D & N HAVELI	4	0.07	1.79	2.24	16	7
32	DAMAN & DIU	0	0.00	0.15	0.00	-	-
33	DELHI	0	0.00	0.00	-	-	-
34	LAKSHADWEEP	0	0.00	0.61	0.00	-	-
35	PUDUCHERRY	0	0.00	0.00	-	-	-
	TOTAL (UTs)	8	0.14	2.84	2.82		
	TOTAL (ALL-INDIA)	5922	100.00	1042.81	5.68		
* Actual Census-2011 ST Population (Provisional) used due to non availability of 2012 estimates from RGI							
Source: Crime in India 2012, National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs							