Worksheet (2013 – 14) Chemistry - XI

Date:			Name:	
<u>Q.1</u>	Multiple Choice Questions:			
i)	Which orbital is double dumb	bbell in shape (c) D	(f) P	
ii)	In which case boiling point of (a) Intramolecular H-bonding (b) Intermolecular H-bonding (c) Dipole moment (d) Vander wall forces)	ed?	
iii)	Kinetic energy of molecule is (a) Gases (b) Solids		(d) Solutions	
iv)	Which among the following system? (a) Temperature (b) Volume	is an extens (c) Refractive (d) Viscosity		
v)	How many atoms are present (a) 3 X 6.02 X 10 ²³ (b) 5 X 6.02 X 10 ²³	t in a mole of H (c) 6 X 6.02 X (d) 7 6.02 X 1	10 ²³	
vi)	Friction act between liquid layers known as: (a) Surface Tension (c) Viscosity (b) Dipole Moment (d) Fluidity			
vii)	The ratio of the radii of the 1, (a)1:0.5:0.33 (b)1:2:3	2 & 3 Bohr orb (c) 1 : 4 : 9 (d) 1 : 8 : 27	oits is	

viii)	The hybridization of atomic orbital of N - atom in NO_2^+ , NO_3^- and NH_4^+ are (a) Sp^2 , sp^3 , sp^2 (b) Sp , sp^2 , sp^3 (c) Sp^2 , sp , sp^3 (d) Sp^2 , sp^3 , sp					
ix)	According to (a) V α T	Charles law: (b) V α 1/T	(c) P α T	(d) P α 1/T		
x)	Bond order in O ₂ ⁻² is					
	(a) 2.5	(b) 2	(c) 2	(d) 1		
xi)	Elements wit (a) Actinoids (b) Lanthono		er 90 and onwards are called: (c) Transutanics (d) Rare earths			
xii)	The number of nodes in 4d orbital is					
	(a) 0	(b) 1	(c) 2	(d) 3		
xiii)	On increasing (a) Increased (b) No effect		urface tension (c) decreased (d) depends on nature of liquid			
xiv)) In the modern periodic table elements are arranged in					
	(a) Increasing (b) Increasing	•	(c) increasing atomic number (d) alphabetically			
xv)	Gas law's applicable successfully in					
	(a) Real gas(b) Ideal gas		(c) both ideal and real gas (d) None of the above			
<u>Q.2</u> i) ii)	Short Answer type questions What is ionization energy? What is adiabatic process?					

- iii) What is Modern periodic law?
- iv) What is electro negativity?
- v) Define the term electro affinity?
- vi) What is an extensive and intensive property?
- vii) What is De Broglie equation?
- viii) Explain the structure of NH3 with the help of VSEPR Theory.
- ix) What is Paul's Exclusion law?
- x) How can we define term Mole?
- xi) What is Dipole Moment?
- xii) What is critical temperature?
- xiii) What is compressibility factor (Z)?
- xiv) What is Gibbs free energy (G)?
- xv) What is Heisenberg's principal?
- Q.3 Long Answer type questions:
- (i) Explain briefly H-bonding. Also explain its types and applications.
- (ii) Explain work done in reversible and irreversible manner?
- (iii) Derive Vander wall equation for real gases?
- (iv) Explain assumptions of kinetic energy theory of gases.
- (v) Explain Hybridization and its types in brief?
- (vi) What is VBT? Explain structure of CH4. CH2 = CH2 and CH \equiv CH with the help of VBT.
- (vii) Explain MOT and its applications in brief?
- (viii) Define different types of Quantum numbers in brief?
- (ix) Explain the features of Bohr Model and its drawback?
- (x) Explain photoelectric effect.