



FILL IN THE BLANKS

Directions (1-10) : In these questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four alternatives.

(SSC Section Officer (Audit)
Exam. Year 1997)

1. The flash of the torch.....a cobra.
(1) exposed (2) displayed
(3) disclosed (4) revealed
2. He.....himself a stiff drink before making his statement to the police officer.
(1) threw (2) poured
(3) filled (4) sipped
3. It was his.....that led him to penury.
(1) flamboyance
(2) arrogance
(3) extravagance
(4) ebullience
4. Gita was known to be a.....so nobody entrusted any important work to her.
(1) joker (2) worker
(3) shocker (4) shirker
5. The statue was so.....that people stared at it in horror.
(1) grotesque (2) exquisite
(3) beatific (4) cumbersome
6. He was caught red-handed and could not.....the charges.
(1) refute (2) refuse
(3) rebuke (4) revoke
7. Unhappy about the treatment meted out to her, Shanti.....demanded justice.
(1) sumptuously
(2) voraciously
(3) spasmodically
(4) vociferously
8. The police sprayed tear gas.....on the protesters.
(1) indirectly
(2) intensively
(3) indifferently
(4) indiscriminately
9. We are happy to.....the receipt of your order No 4071 dated 13.3.96.
(1) admit (2) accept
(3) acknowledge (4) respond

10. All jobs are respectable.....of their nature.
(1) irrelevant
(2) immaterial
(3) irresponsible
(4) irrespective

Directions (11-20) : Sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate and suitable word. Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC Section Officer (Audit)
Exam. 09.09.2001)

11. Nadheeka was musing memories of the past.
(1) over (2) about
(3) on (4) from
12. The lame boy tried to climb up the staircase without help.
(1) little (2) any
(3) some (4) many
13. Each school has its own set of rulesall good pupils should follow them.
(1) but (2) or
(3) so (4) and
14. On my return from a long holiday, I had towith a lot of work.
(1) catch on (2) catch up
(3) make up (4) take up
15. Only one of the boysnot done the home-work given yesterday.
(1) have (2) has
(3) can (4) could
16. Hopes of a settlement depends on theof the discussion.
(1) findings
(2) outcome
(3) break through
(4) resolutions
17. We must avail ourselvesevery opportunity that comesour way.
(1) of ; in (2) on ; in
(3) against ; for (4) to ; to
18. It is time wewith determination.
(1) act (2) acted
(3) have acted (4) will act

19. When the thief entered the house, the inmatesin the hall.
(1) were slept
(2) were sleeping
(3) slept
(4) had been sleeping
20. 700 men worked for 10 years to.....the Borobudur temple in Java to its former glory.
(1) restore (2) give
(3) create (4) revive

Directions (21-25) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word (s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC Section Officer (Audit)
Exam. 16.11.2003)

21. The thief explained how he from the jail.
(1) escapes
(2) had escaped
(3) escaped
(4) has escaped
22. He held to the books passionately.
(1) on (2) in
(3) off (4) away
23. They did not know where they from.
(1) had come (2) have come
(3) has come (4) come
24. There is only one member who has not paid his and he has promised to pay before the end of this month.
(1) remittance (2) honorarium
(3) subscription (4) allowance
25. He was an swimmer, but was swept away by a strong
(1) eligible; water
(2) able; stream
(3) old; river
(4) expert; current

Directions (26-35) : In these questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC Section Officer (Audit)
Exam. 14.12.2003)

26. The teacher gives many examples to....the idea contained in the poem.
(1) bring about (2) bring in
(3) bring forth (4) bring out
27. The more electricity you use,
(1) your bill will be higher
(2) will your bill be higher
(3) will be higher your bill
(4) the higher your bill will be
28. The rich parents decided to send their two sons to Eton, the stronghold of the.....of the rich.
(1) parents (2) ancestry
(3) pedigree (4) progeny
29. She stood.....the crowd quite amazed.
(1) in (2) within
(3) among (4) into
30. The magnificent.....temple was constructed by the Chinese.
(1) eight-centuries-old
(2) eight-century's-old
(3) old-eight centuries
(4) eight-century-old
31. There were two small rooms in the beach house,served as a kitchen.
(1) the smaller of which
(2) the smallest of which
(3) the smaller of them
(4) smallest of that
32. Madhu has not been able to recall where.....
(1) does she live.
(2) she lived.
(3) did she live.
(4) lived the girl.
33. You.....mad if you think I'm going to show my answer-sheet.
(1) are supposed to be
(2) must be
(3) will be
(4) ought to be
34. If I hadn't come along at that moment, Rahim.....the one arrested instead of the real thief.
(1) might been
(2) may have been
(3) can have been
(4) could have been
35. Wheat is not native to India and barley.....
(1) isn't either (2) is either
(3) is neither (4) isn't neither

Directions (36-45) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC Tax Assistant (Income Tax & Central Excise) Exam. 05.12.2004)

36. It'll rain soon, ?
(1) won't it (2) bought it
(3) isn't it (4) may it
37. My book is the new one; is the torn one.
(1) your
(2) the book of you
(3) yours
(4) the book your
38. They needn't worry,?
(1) isn't it (2) doesn't it
(3) don't it (4) need they
39. He is indifferent praise and blame.
(1) in (2) to
(3) for (4) about
40. King George V's accession the throne was celebrated with great pomp.
(1) for (2) with
(3) against (4) to
41. We are all very indignant the injustice done to him.
(1) for (2) of
(3) to (4) at
42. If she a bird, she would fly.
(1) is (2) are
(3) were (4) was
43. The greater the demand, the price.
(1) higher (2) high
(3) the higher (4) the high
44. Since Elizabeth Barrett Browning's father never approved of Robert Browning, the couple eloped to Italy where they lived and wrote.
(1) her to marry
(2) her marrying
(3) she marrying
(4) she to marry
45. Canada does not require that U.S. citizens obtain passports to enter the country, and
(1) Mexico does neither
(2) Mexico doesn't either
(3) neither Mexico does
(4) either does Mexico

Directions (46-55) : In the following questions sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word. Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC Section Officer (Audit)
Exam. 05.06.2005)

46. A person who _____ on his own effort has the best chance to win.
(1) makes (2) puts
(3) relies (4) runs
47. When he died, Ramanujan _____ behind 3 notebooks.
(1) was leaving (2) had left
(3) left (4) leaves
48. For all his _____, he is a _____.
(1) wealth, miser
(2) health, player
(3) tricks, cheat
(4) stupidity, fool
49. In a classroom students are to be trained to love _____.
(1) each other (2) all others
(3) one another (4) altogether
50. Mr. Obi put his whole life _____ the work.
(1) on (2) in
(3) into (4) upon
51. All decisions, _____, are likely to be taken by consensus.
(1) anyhow (2) forever
(3) somehow (4) however
52. Kumar _____ boy swam across the sea for safety.
(1) a 17-years-old
(2) a 17-year-old
(3) a 17-year-aged
(4) the 17-year-old
53. She is beautiful _____ brave.
(1) but (2) and
(3) yet (4) so
54. Gandhiji will _____ in history as one of the greatest men, that ever lived.
(1) go by (2) go on
(3) go down (4) go through
55. All the applicants _____ and the results will be announced next week.
(1) rank
(2) are to rank
(3) are to be ranked
(4) are ranking

Directions (56-60) : In the following questions sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC Section Officer (Commercial Audit)
Exam. 25.09.2005)

56. The speaker did not properly space out his speech, but went on _____ one point only.
(1) stressing (2) avoiding
(3) devoting (4) decrying
57. Tourists always enjoyed _____ the setting Sun in the Darjeeling Hills.
(1) to watch (2) watching
(3) in seeing (4) seeing
58. A _____ of Japanese artists stepped off the coach amidst a warm welcome.
(1) troop (2) troupe
(3) band (4) gang
59. Today students should be reconciled _____ the way things are changing.
(1) with (2) to
(3) for (4) at
60. Ramappa _____ as the mayor of the town and he will assume charge this Friday.
(1) elects (2) elected
(3) is elected (4) is electing

Directions (61-70) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC Tax Assistant (Income Tax & Central Excise)
Exam. 11.12.2005)

61. As he proved inefficient the company _____ him.
(1) rejected (2) ejected
(3) evicted (4) expelled
62. Most people are influenced by _____ advertisements and tend to believe the claims made about the product.
(1) colourful (2) aggressive
(3) efficient (4) vigorous
63. The cost of _____ is rising rapidly in this city.
(1) being (2) existing
(3) surviving (4) living

64. The meeting is _____ because the funds have not arrived.
(1) put in (2) put off
(3) put away (4) put out
65. It is _____ if we can organise another exam this month.
(1) doubtful (2) unlikely
(3) impractical (4) unsure
66. She was relieved to hear from the doctor that the tumour was not malignant; it was _____.
(1) exposed (2) benign
(3) discovered (4) sizeable
67. It took the child a long time to recover _____ the shock.
(1) under (2) from
(3) over (4) about
68. You have all come well prepared. I _____ you to pass this exam.
(1) wish (2) except
(3) hope (4) expect
69. Children enjoy _____ the TV programmes.
(1) to see (2) to watch
(3) to look at (4) watching
70. Just as in a family it is the willing cooperation of its members that _____ happiness and contentment, so is it in the larger family of the nation.
(1) brought (2) will bring
(3) brings (4) bought

Directions (71-80) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC Statistical Investigators
Grade-IV Exam. 13.08.2006)

71. The old man could not remember where he _____ his money.
(1) deposits
(2) is depositing
(3) had deposited
(4) will deposit
72. Hamid _____ in Mumbai for three years when his parents came to visit.
(1) has lived
(2) had lived
(3) was living
(4) had been living
73. I have little time, so I can tell you only _____ what he said.
(1) shortly (2) briefly
(3) little of (4) briskly

74. Two years have passed since he _____ here.
(1) has come (2) come
(3) came (4) had come
75. His wife has a twin who resembles her so much that at first he had great trouble telling _____.
(1) one from the other.
(2) one from another.
(3) each other.
(4) who is which.
76. At great length, that night they _____ the feasibility of their plans.
(1) discussed about
(2) discussed
(3) discussed regarding
(4) discussed on
77. Will those of you who have objection to this proposalput up your hands, please ?
(1) discussed
(2) being discussed
(3) having discussed
(4) discussing
78. She had frequent toothaches. So she decided to _____.
(1) remove her teeth
(2) removing her teeth
(3) have her teeth removed
(4) having her teeth removed
79. At one time, Mr. Nigel this supermarket.
(1) was owing (2) used to own
(3) had owned (4) owned
80. He was accept the grudgingly given invitation.
(1) not enough sensible to
(2) sensible enough to
(3) sensible enough not to
(4) sensible enough to not

Directions (81-90) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with appropriate word (s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC Tax Assistant (Income Tax & Central Excise) Exam. 12.11.2006)

81. The little girl was knocked down by a speeding car and she lost her _____ immediately.
(1) conscience
(2) conscientious
(3) conscious
(4) consciousness

82. They have had to put ____ the football match because of snow.
(1) of (2) off
(3) up (4) on
83. She found a few good cards in a shop and she bought ____ cards last night.
(1) those (2) that
(3) them (4) this
84. Ten miles ____ a long way to walk.
(1) are (2) is
(3) are being (4) are not
85. The mechanic ____ the vehicle since this morning.
(1) repaired
(2) repairing
(3) has been repairing
(4) will be repairing
86. I complimented him ____ his success in the examination.
(1) at (2) on
(3) about (4) for
87. Security arrangements have been tightened up in all ____ areas.
(1) sensible (2) sensual
(3) sensitive (4) sensational
88. The dramatist must cater ____ the taste of the audience.
(1) to (2) over
(3) into (4) for
89. Suitable steps are taken to bring ____ the cost of living.
(1) up (2) over
(3) on (4) down
90. If I had worked hard, I ____ very high marks in the examination.
(1) scored
(2) would score
(3) could score
(4) would have scored

Directions (91-95) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with appropriate and suitable word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

- (SSC Section Officer (Com. Audit) Exam. 26.11.2006 (IInd Sitting))
91. I am satisfied his innocence.
(1) at (2) with
(3) for (4) of
92. People like to work for organisation that takes interest in their personal and growth.
(1) social (2) physical
(3) financial (4) professional

93. Ram, along with the members of the family and that of his friend, a movie.
(1) was watching
(2) were watching
(3) have been watching
(4) watch
94. The manager wanted to meet you the theft in the office.
(1) referring to
(2) with regard to
(3) with reference to
(4) in connection with
95. I absolutely refuse to put with that sort of conduct.
(1) up (2) on
(3) off (4) out

Directions (96-105) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate and suitable word. Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC Section Officer (Audit) Exam.10.12.2006)

96. The boy was ____ of cheating in the examination.
(1) condemned (2) accused
(3) charged (4) punished
97. We have two telephone operators, ____ of them do you want ?
(1) who (2) whom
(3) which (4) what
98. I have no ____ motive in offering this advice.
(1) posterior (2) interior
(3) ulterior (4) exterior
99. ____ politicians are always respected.
(1) Conscious (2) Conscientious
(3) Cautious (4) Carefree
100. We will have to atone ____ our misdeeds.
(1) at (2) on
(3) for (4) with
101. I got used ____ on the right when I was in the U.S. for two years.
(1) driving (2) to drive
(3) to driving (4) by driving
102. Had you told me earlier I ____ the meeting.
(1) had attended
(2) have attended
(3) attended
(4) would have attended

103. The climate is not conducive ____ good health.
(1) with (2) from
(3) in (4) to
104. A dog lives in a ____.
(1) burrow (2) coop
(3) stable (4) kennel
105. Many things have happened ____ I met you last.
(1) before (2) when
(3) from (4) since

Directions (106-115) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate and suitable word. Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC Tax Assistant (Income Tax & Central Excise) Exam. 25.11.2007)

106. If ____ permits, we will go out for a walk.
(1) climate (2) whether
(3) weather (4) whither
107. His persuasive tone was able to tackle the boy whom other teachers had found ____.
(1) peripatetic (2) obdurate
(3) tenacious (4) squeamish
108. I always fall ____ old friends in times of need.
(1) over (2) through
(3) back on (4) off
109. The campers ____ their tents at the base of the mountain.
(1) established (2) grounded
(3) installed (4) pitched
110. The party decided to take the shortest ____ to its destination.
(1) root (2) route
(3) distance (4) direction
111. The manager needs to hold ____ his anger.
(1) on (2) with
(3) down (4) back
112. The girl was very pleased ____ herself.
(1) in (2) on
(3) over (4) with
113. Desire ____ self-expression is one of the basic qualities of man.
(1) for (2) on
(3) by (4) over
114. The farmers suffered because the monsoon did not arrive ____ time.
(1) at (2) by
(3) on (4) after

115. The bride settled ____ very well in the new environment.

- (1) on (2) down
(3) up (4) off

Directions (116-125) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate and suitable word. Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternatives out of the four.

(SSC Section Officer (Audit)
Exam. 10.12.2006)

116. Are you really desirous ____ visiting Japan ?

- (1) of (2) in
(3) to (4) about

117. When Indians from the south move north, they find certain aspects of life quite ____ from their own.

- (1) strange (2) separate
(3) different (4) divergent

118. The sky is overcast, we ____ the storm will soon burst.

- (1) expect (2) hope
(3) trust (4) suspect

119. Population increase ____ with depletion of foreign reserves has led to great daily hardships.

- (1) joined (2) mixed
(3) added (4) coupled

120. The National Anthem is ____ at every official function.

- (1) uttered (2) sung
(3) whispered (4) chanted

121. The doctor took out his ____ to examine the patient.

- (1) horoscope (2) microscope
(3) telescope (4) stethoscope

122. The candidate's exposition was ____ for its brevity and clarity.

- (1) complimentary
(2) conspicuous
(3) incomprehensible
(4) remarkable

123. The new India that Nehru led called itself a Sovereign ____ Democratic Republic.

- (1) capitalist (2) revisionist
(3) populist (4) Socialist

124. ____ you work hard, you won't be able to clear even the preliminaries.

- (1) If (2) Until
(3) Unless (4) Lest

125. Last year our company made a ____ of several lakhs of rupees.

- (1) profit (2) gain
(3) rise (4) raise

Directions (126-135) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate and suitable word. Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four alternative.

(SSC Section Officer (Audit)
Exam. 30.11.2008)

126. The food that an average Indian eats has been found to be deficient ____ vitamins and proteins.

- (1) of (2) from
(3) with (4) in

127. The patient is ____ of stomach ache.

- (1) suffering
(2) experiencing
(3) complaining
(4) afflicting

128. A good teacher should ____ responses from the students.

- (1) elicit (2) provoke
(3) command (4) infer

129. Had he taken his degree five years ago he ____ got a promotion by now.

- (1) might (2) would have
(3) will be (4) was

130. There will be a rush for seats when the train ____.

- (1) will arrive (2) arrived
(3) is arriving (4) arrives

131. He drove the car very fast, ____.

- (1) did he ? (2) does he ?
(3) didn't he ? (4) was he ?

132. He ____ wants to succeed in life must be prepared to work hard.

- (1) whoever (2) whom
(3) who (4) whose

133. It is time you ____ home.

- (1) go (2) went
(3) come (4) reach

134. ____ a walk in the morning will improve your health.

- (1) Going to (2) Go to
(3) Go for (4) Going for

135. Government must ____ the rise in prices.

- (1) cheque (2) check
(3) cease (4) seize

Directions (136-145) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with the appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC Tax Assistant (Income Tax & Central Excise) Exam. 14.12.2008)

136. When I was speaking to Rani over the phone suddenly we were ____.

- (1) hung up (2) run out
(3) broken down (4) cut off

137. The farmer had ____ land and many servants.

- (1) very little (2) some
(3) a lot of (4) many

138. The tribes lived ____ customs different from anything the English had ever seen.

- (1) on (2) by
(3) off (4) with

139. The criminal together with his associates ____ arrested.

- (1) are (2) was
(3) were (4) have

140. By the time I reach America, it ____ morning.

- (1) is (2) would be
(3) must be (4) was

141. When he got married he ____ a life insurance policy.

- (1) took up (2) took out
(3) took in (4) took over

142. In the last few days, ____ to help him ?

- (1) anything has been done
(2) is anything done
(3) something is done
(4) has anything been done

143. While picking a rose she ____ her hand on a thorn.

- (1) stung (2) scratched
(3) cut (4) damaged

144. The child did not approve ____ the father's plan.

- (1) to (2) by
(3) of (4) with

145. None of the food was wasted, ____.

- (1) wasn't ? (2) was it ?
(3) weren't ? (4) were it ?

Directions (146-155) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate and suitable word. Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four alternatives.

(SSC Tax Assistant (Income Tax & Central Excise) Exam. 29.03.2009)

146. We warned her ----- the danger.
(1) from (2) about
(3) against (4) of
147. We all laughed ----- the affair.
(1) over (2) about
(3) for (4) on
148. The chairman, as well as the members, ____ to blame for this misfortune.
(1) are (2) were
(3) is (4) has
149. The streets are lighted ----- electricity.
(1) with (2) by
(3) on (4) in
150. Homoeopathic treatment, they say, cuts ----- the need for operation and risk from surgery.
(1) off (2) out
(3) down (4) away
151. My friends fail to see why I should ride the ----- horse just because I have won a prize!
(1) great (2) good
(3) big (4) high
152. By ----- united struggle, we may achieve success.
(1) a (2) an
(3) the
(4) None of the above
153. She feared that she -----.
(1) will fail (2) may fail
(3) might fail (4) would fail
154. He is the most generous man, I ----- him for a long time.
(1) knew (2) have known
(3) know (4) had known
155. The sudden change in his behaviour came as a surprise to me, I began ____
(1) to cut a sorry figure
(2) to smell a rat
(3) to turn a new leaf
(4) to blow hot and cold

Directions (156-160) : Sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC Combined Graduate Level Tier-I Exam. 16.05.2010 (First Sitting))

156. The hotel was not too expensive, -----
(1) was it ? (2) wasn't it ?
(3) is it ? (4) isn't it ?

157. Like humans, zoo animals also must have a dentist _____ their teeth.
(1) to fill (2) filled
(3) filling (4) to be filled
158. It was very kind of you to do the washing-up, but you ____ it.
(1) didn't have to do
(2) hadn't to do
(3) mightn't have done
(4) mustn't have done
159. He went _____ the sea alone.
(1) in (2) to
(3) into (4) on
160. The _____ of our civilization from an agricultural society to today's complex industrial world was accompanied by war.
(1) adjustment
(2) migration
(3) route
(4) metamorphosis

Directions (161-165) : In the following questions sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC Combined Graduate Level Tier-I Exam. 16.05.2010 (IInd Sitting))

161. The court _____ cognizance of the criminal's words.
(1) took (2) made
(3) gave (4) allowed
162. _____ wins this civil war there will be little rejoicing at the victory.
(1) Whichever (2) Whoever
(3) Whatever (4) Wherever
163. As he got older his belief in these principles did not _____.
(1) wither (2) shake
(3) waver (4) dither
164. Everyone in this world is accountable to God _____ his actions.
(1) about (2) for
(3) to (4) over
165. Your father used to be the principal of this college, ____ ?
(1) did he ? (2) does he ?
(3) didn't he ? (4) doesn't he ?

Directions (166-170) : In the following questions sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC SAS Exam. 26.06.2010 (Paper-I))

166. A wise man profits the mistakes of others.
(1) through (2) from
(3) with (4) by
167. My friend has written a account of his journey to the Mars.
(1) factitious (2) factional
(3) fictional (4) factual
168. Speed is essence.
(1) in (2) for
(3) about (4) of
169. I was washing my face as the insect quietly into the bedroom.
(1) crept
(2) creeps
(3) was creeping
(4) has crept
170. During the recent floods two-thirds of our city in ruins.
(1) are (2) were
(3) is (4) was

Directions (171-175) : In the following questions sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC CISF ASI Exam. 29.08.2010 (Paper-I))

171. I have _____ Lakshmi for the past twelve years.
(1) know (2) knew
(3) known (4) knows
172. He did not qualify _____ the job.
(1) for (2) to
(3) against (4) with
173. _____ the last ten years we have been victims of abuse.
(1) From (2) For
(3) Before (4) Since
174. The strike has been called _____.
(1) of (2) at
(3) off (4) up
175. He is always angry _____ his children.
(1) with (2) on
(3) over (4) at

Directions (176-180) : In the following questions sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC (South Zone) Investigators Exam. 12.09.2010)

176. The chairperson brushed _____ my suggestion.
 (1) out (2) over
 (3) aside (4) about

177. She politely asked him _____.
 (1) to leave her hand
 (2) to give up her hand
 (3) to release her hand
 (4) to let her hand go

178. Unhygienic surroundings _____ health problems.
 (1) give rise to
 (2) bring into being
 (3) call for
 (4) set in

179. The engineers _____ this bridge since last year.
 (1) have repaired
 (2) had repaired
 (3) have been repairing
 (4) are repairing

180. There are some people who doubt the _____ of anything they see in a newspaper.
 (1) credulity (2) possibility
 (3) veracity (4) existence

Directions (181 – 185) : In the following questions sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC CPO Sub-Inspector
Exam.12.12.2010 (Paper-I))

181. He travelled all _____ the world when he was eighty years old.
 (1) in (2) over
 (3) with (4) of

182. Dr. Sharma concluded his speech _____ stressing the Buddha's teachings of the importance of charity.
 (1) by (2) with
 (3) at (4) in

183. Shivaji Maharaj fought _____ every kind of aggression.
 (1) against (2) to
 (3) with (4) at

184. Don't depend _____ others; you must stand on your own feet.
 (1) upon (2) on
 (3) to (4) for

185. Our life promises a lot _____ pleasure and we must learn to enjoy it.
 (1) with (2) for
 (3) of (4) at

Directions (186–190) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word. Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC Combined Graduate Level Tier-I
Exam. 19.06.2011 (1st Sitting))

186. The building is not safe and must be _____ down.
 (1) pull (2) pulling
 (3) pulled (4) pulls

187. There is something wonderful _____ him.
 (1) of (2) about
 (3) for (4) inside

188. The song in the play cannot be deleted as it is _____ to the story.
 (1) intervened (2) innate
 (3) exacting (4) integral

189. She remained a _____ all her life.
 (1) spinster (2) bachelor
 (3) unmarried (4) single

190. Do not stay in the grasslands after dark, as some animals become _____ when they see humans.
 (1) provoked (2) alerted
 (3) aggressive (4) threatened

Directions (191–195) : In the following questions sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC Combined Graduate Level Tier-I
Exam. 19.06.2011 (1st Sitting))

191. The company let me _____ time off work.
 (1) take (2) taking
 (3) to take (4) took

192. I assume _____ with me.
 (1) everyone agreeing
 (2) that everyone agrees
 (3) everyone to agree
 (4) that everyone to agree

193. _____ the rain forests is very important, if we do not want the flora and fauna found there to become extinct.
 (1) Reserving (2) Destroying
 (3) Preserving (4) Maintaining

194. If I had helped him, he _____.
 (1) will not be drowned
 (2) would not be drowned
 (3) will not have been drowned
 (4) would not have been drowned

195. When will you hand _____ your assignment ?
 (1) in (2) back
 (3) down (4) into

Directions (196–200) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word (s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC Combined Graduate Level Tier-I
Exam. 26.06.2011 (1st Sitting))

196. The housewife _____ the cakes burning, and ran to switch off the oven.
 (1) smell (2) smells
 (3) smelt (4) smelling

197. _____ an old legend, King Shirham lived in India.
 (1) In the event of
 (2) Due to
 (3) According to
 (4) In reference to

198. _____ you leave now, you will be late.
 (1) Until (2) Till
 (3) Unless (4) Although

199. The _____ were arrested for illegally hunting the bears.
 (1) poachers (2) rangers
 (3) soldiers (4) villagers

200. If you had followed the rules, you _____ disqualified.
 (1) will not be
 (2) would not be
 (3) will not have been
 (4) would not have been

Directions (201 – 205) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate words. Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC Combined Graduate Level Tier-I
Exam. 26.06.2011 (IInd Sitting))

201. _____ your instructions, we have closed your bank account.
 (1) In lieu of
 (2) With regard to
 (3) In accordance with
 (4) On account of

202. _____ she is clever, she often makes mistakes.
 (1) Despite (2) Since
 (3) Although (4) Yet
203. Do you prefer _____ or traditional art forms ?
 (1) archaic
 (2) contemporary
 (3) foreign
 (4) simultaneous
204. The farmers _____ their farms, if they had known that a thunderstorm was approaching.
 (1) will leave
 (2) would leave
 (3) will have left
 (4) would have left
205. The Paralympics is a competition for the _____.
 (1) disadvantaged
 (2) discouraged
 (3) disabled
 (4) despised

Directions (206 – 210) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC CPO (SI, ASI & Intelligence Officer)
 Exam. 28.08.2011 (Paper-I))

206. She made her stepson her _____ to her large fortune.
 (1) hare (2) heir
 (3) hair (4) here
207. The stewardess showed the passenger _____.
 (1) when to start travelling
 (2) where to land the plane
 (3) how to fasten the seat belt
 (4) how to judge the altitude of the plane
208. Many people reported _____ a noise in the night.
 (1) to hear
 (2) having heard
 (3) to have heard
 (4) been hearing
209. I am exhausted; let's _____ a day.
 (1) call it (2) call at
 (3) call off (4) call in
210. The worker used _____ to patch up the hole in the wall.
 (1) sand (2) cement
 (3) soil (4) grass

Directions (211) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

(FCI Assistant Grade-II
 Exam. 22.01.2012 Paper-I)

211. How did these things come _____ ?
 (1) about (2) into
 (3) at (4) down

Directions (212–216) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

(FCI Assistant Grade-III
 Exam. 25.02.2012)

(Paper-I) North Zone (1st Sitting)

212. The news was _____ good to be true.
 (1) very (2) too
 (3) so (4) as
213. How much longer _____ this book ?
 (1) you are needing
 (2) will you be needing
 (3) will you have needed
 (4) have you needed
214. _____ you hear the President's speech ?
 (1) Have (2) Has
 (3) Had (4) Did
215. I _____ to the movie with some friends last night.
 (1) have gone (2) went
 (3) am gone (4) am going
216. She has only _____ friends.
 (1) fewer (2) less
 (3) more (4) a few

Directions (217–221) : In the following sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with the appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC Data Entry Operator
 Exam. 31.08.2008)

217. If I _____ a doctor, I would serve the poor.
 (1) am (2) had been
 (3) were (4) was

218. He is weak _____ he does a lot of work.
 (1) and (2) yet
 (3) because (4) so

219. Mahesh showed an _____ for sports at a very early stage.
 (1) attitude (2) aptitude
 (3) imagination (4) intuition

220. For _____ sake don't tell it to others.
 (1) haven (2) heaven
 (3) heavens (4) heaven's

221. Napoleon's army _____ to the Russian soldiers without any fight.
 (1) evaded (2) decimated
 (3) capitulated (4) cordoned

Directions (222–226) : In the following questions, some of the sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with appropriate words. Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

222. The work was _____ by the rains.
 (1) restricted (2) prevented
 (3) hampered (4) obstructed
223. He knows French and German _____ Russian.
 (1) beside (2) besides
 (3) aside (4) except
224. His reputation has been _____ by his foolish acts.
 (1) increased (2) decreased
 (3) retrieved (4) tainted
225. Meditation is _____ way to calm your nerves.
 (1) a best (2) one of the best
 (3) the best (4) an best
226. The Prime Minister of England called _____ the President of America.
 (1) in (2) out
 (3) on (4) at

Directions (227 – 236) : In the following questions, sentences, are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC Stenographer (Grade'C' & 'D')
 Exam. 26.09.2010)

227. Many a man _____ imprisoned without trial in Fascist countries.
 (1) are (2) were
 (3) is (4) have been

228. The plane will take off when the thunderstorm _____.
 (1) stops (2) stopped
 (3) would stop (4) will stop
229. When the doctor _____, the patient was already _____.
 (1) arrived ; died
 (2) arrived ; dead
 (3) arrive ; dead
 (4) arriving ; dying
230. Age and experience _____ wisdom to man.
 (1) bring
 (2) have brought
 (3) are bringing
 (4) brings
231. He drove from Maharashtra _____ Karnataka without stopping to rest.
 (1) is (2) to
 (3) into (4) towards
232. If you litter, you _____ to pay a fine.
 (1) will have (2) would have
 (3) will had (4) would had
233. Most animals which are nocturnal have a sharper _____ at night, than in the morning.
 (1) vision (2) sight
 (3) view (4) eye
234. If I were _____, I wouldn't accept such treatment,
 (1) him (2) them
 (3) he (4) one
235. I know to _____ you are alluding.
 (1) who (2) which
 (3) where (4) whom
236. Each man and each woman _____ a vote.
 (1) have (2) has
 (3) can (4) must

Directions (237 – 241) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC Higher Secondary Level
 Data Entry Operator & LDC
 Exam. 27.11.2010)

237. You may bring your dog where _____.
 (1) you have to pay
 (2) there is no water
 (3) pets are allowed
 (4) pets can sleep

238. The chef was wondering _____.
 (1) when to brush his teeth
 (2) what to prepare for the important dinner
 (3) how to wash the dishes
 (4) when to take the dog for a walk
239. I have brought some books _____, you to examine.
 (1) to (2) for
 (3) with (4) over
240. The speaker did not properly space out his speech, but went on _____ one point only.
 (1) stressing (2) avoiding
 (3) devoting (4) decrying
241. The usher showed us _____.
 (1) how to take photographs
 (2) where to sit
 (3) when to comb our hair
 (4) how to dance

Directions (242-246) : In the following questions sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC Higher Secondary Level
 Data Entry Operator & LDC
 Exam. 27.11.2010 1st sitting)

242. The explosion that _____ the bus killed twelve people .
 (1) wrecked (2) deflated
 (3) stalled (4) hindered
243. There was some _____ between the member's version and the committee's version.
 (1) discourse (2) discrepancy
 (3) certainty (4) recurrence
244. We have talked a lot ; now let us _____ to work.
 (1) get down (2) set off
 (3) take off (4) sit up
245. The life-guard would not let the children _____ at the deep end of the pool.
 (1) swims (2) swim
 (3) swam (4) to swim
246. The audience watched the clowns _____ their act.
 (1) performs
 (2) perform
 (3) performed
 (4) are performing

Directions (247-251) : In the following questions sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC Higher Secondary Level
 Data Entry Operator & LDC
 Exam. 28.11.2010 IInd sitting)

247. He was accused of bringing money into the country in _____ of foreign exchange rules.
 (1) anticipation
 (2) compensation
 (3) perpetration
 (4) violation
248. One of the players forgot to _____.
 (1) turn up for practice
 (2) run away from school
 (3) buy shoes for the exam
 (4) bring his books for the match
249. Today students should be reconciled _____ the way things are changing.
 (1) with (2) to
 (3) for (4) at
250. The country's economic growth was adversely _____ by political instability.
 (1) reflected (2) effected
 (3) affected (4) expected
251. The agenda for the meeting is _____ the notice.
 (1) forwarded in
 (2) subscribed to
 (3) enclosed with
 (4) delivered as

Directions (252 – 261) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC Stenographer (Grade 'C' & 'D')
 Exam. 09.01.2011)

252. We shall go for a picnic if the weather _____ good.
 (1) is (2) was
 (3) has been (4) had been
253. Mr. and Mrs. Joshi go for a _____ walk just before dinner.
 (1) vibrant (2) brisk
 (3) vivacious (4) slow
254. _____ weight gain or weight loss is not good for your body.
 (1) Explosive (2) Expressive
 (3) Extensive (4) Excessive

255. John must have the ____ to stick to his diet, if he wants to lose weight.
(1) obstinacy (2) determination
(3) decision (4) obligation
256. There was an ____ response for the marathon.
(1) overwhelming
(2) overriding
(3) excessive
(4) extreme
257. Some animals have unique ____ that allow them to survive in extreme weather conditions.
(1) characteristics
(2) problems
(3) feelings
(4) conditions
258. Did the boys turn ____ for football practice?
(1) up (2) on
(3) back (4) in
259. The fireman managed to put ____ the fire.
(1) away (2) down
(3) out (4) off
260. The pupil was asked to write ____ his name on the front page of the exercise book.
(1) back (2) in
(3) down (4) about
261. The teacher found many mistakes in my composition, when she went ____ it.
(1) into (2) about
(3) for (4) through
- Directions (262 – 266) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.
(SSC Multi-Tasking (Non-Technical) Staff Exam. 20.02.2011)
262. We must ____ help to the people hit by the cyclone.
(1) contribute (2) summon
(3) impart (4) render
263. The metals and minerals sector ____ currently highly volatile.
(1) are (2) is
(3) was (4) were
264. We should not mix with those people who have an ____ reputation.
(1) unsavoury (2) unsteady
(3) unsafe (4) unsanctified

265. It was said of Akbar that he rarely ____ more than three hours a day.
(1) sleeps (2) is sleeping
(3) had slept (4) slept
266. As the bare mountains turned green, the people found ____ looking forward to spring.
(1) they (2) them
(3) their (4) themselves
- Directions (267-271) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word. Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.
(SSC Multi-Tasking (Non-Technical) Staff Exam. 27.02.2011)
267. The sparrows took no ____ the bread.
(1) notice of (2) notice about
(3) notice from (4) notice to
268. He shows great ability ____ Mathematics.
(1) at (2) for
(3) about (4) in
269. There ____ any message from my teacher since she moved to London.
(1) isn't (2) wasn't.
(3) hasn't been (4) hadn't been
270. May I give you ____ advice?
(1) an (2) some
(3) little (4) one
271. She has been supporting her family ____ her husband's death.
(1) on (2) at
(3) from (4) since
- Directions (272-276) : In the following questions sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word (s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.
(SSC CISF Constable (GD) Exam. 05.06.2011)
272. The telephone kept ____ ringing, but no one attended.
(1) off (2) on
(3) up (4) up with
273. She is sad, because her father turned ____ her request.
(1) up (2) off
(3) out (4) down

274. You should not confide ____ a stranger.
(1) in (2) to
(3) with (4) by
275. Poets have compared this world ____ a stage.
(1) with (2) to
(3) by (4) on
276. I prevailed ____ him to contest the election.
(1) on (2) off
(3) over (4) of
- Directions (277 – 281) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.
(SSC Stenographer Grade 'C' & 'D' Exam. 16.10.2011)
277. The government must ____ all resources of energy.
(1) collect (2) gather
(3) muster (4) harness
278. A.R. Rahman ____ the music for Commonwealth Games 2010.
(1) sang (2) made
(3) composed (4) produced
279. Appearances are ____.
(1) deceptive (2) deception
(3) deceptively (4) deceive
280. Girls generally ____ in their mother.
(1) confide (2) confident
(3) confidential (4) confidence
281. Children below the age of fourteen should be ____ sent to school.
(1) compel
(2) compulsory
(3) compulsively
(4) compulsorily
- Directions (282-286) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.
(SSC (10+2) Level Data Entry Operator & LDC Exam. 04.12.2011 (1st Sitting (North Zone))
282. The headmaster congratulated Rajan ____ getting the merit scholarship.
(1) for (2) about
(3) with (4) on

283. Smallpox has been eradicated ____ India.

- (1) in (2) from
(3) within (4) out of

284. The police offered a ____ for information about the stolen money.

- (1) reward (2) award
(3) profit (4) prize

285. There is no possibility of ____ coming late.

- (1) they (2) their
(3) them (4) theirs

286. His friend ____ unexpectedly.

- (1) returned to (2) come back
(3) turned up (4) get down

Directions (287-291) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word (s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

(SSC (10+2) Level Data Entry
Operator & LDC Exam. 04.12.2011
(IInd Sitting (North Zone))

287. Have you got any idea as to what has happened to Akila ? I haven't seen her ____.

- (1) lately (2) later on
(3) late (4) later

288. I ____ hard to establish the validity of the theory since morning.

- (1) have been trying
(2) had tried

- (3) tried (4) am trying

289. ____ of defence personnel would be given transfers to their place of choice.

- (1) Friends (2) Wives
(3) Husbands (4) Spouses

290. Sachin was standing ____ me.

- (1) aside (2) next
(3) beside (4) besides

291. My sister and ____ are pleased to accept your invitation.

- (1) I (2) me
(3) myself (4) I myself

Directions (292-296) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC (10+2) Level Data Entry
Operator & LDC Exam. 04.12.2011
(1st Sitting (East Zone))

292. For a child, a blow ____ self-esteem is a terrible thing.

- (1) of (2) with
(3) to (4) on

293. The Greenland ice sheet is ____ at the rate of about 12 cubic miles a year.

- (1) smelting (2) condensing
(3) melting (4) freezing

294. The Principal called ____ an explanation from the clerks.

- (1) on (2) out
(3) for (4) in

295. The ____ crowd gave the victorious team a tumultuous welcome.

- (1) jubilant (2) troublesome
(3) noisy (4) arrogant

296. It is our duty to get ____ the truth.

- (1) to (2) over
(3) into (4) at

Directions (297 - 301) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word (s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

(SSC (10+2) Level Data Entry
Operator & LDC Exam. 04.12.2011
(IInd Sitting (East Zone))

297. A thorough search of the aircraft was carried ____ in the airport.

- (1) out (2) off
(3) on (4) along

298. Discrimination ____ any form should be avoided.

- (1) of (2) by
(3) from (4) in

299. My friend's father died ____ cancer.

- (1) by (2) of
(3) from (4) with

300. I can't make both ends ____ on my small salary.

- (1) meet (2) unite
(3) join (4) touch

301. His manners ____ him.

- (1) speak of (2) speak out
(3) speak up (4) speak for

Directions (302-306) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four and indicate it as your answer.

(SSC (10+2) Level Data Entry
Operator & LDC Exam. 11.12.2011
(1st Sitting (Delhi Zone))

302. The aim of education is to ____ the best in students.

- (1) bring on (2) bring in
(3) bring about (4) bring out

303. I have known him ____ a long time.

- (1) since (2) for
(3) before (4) from

304. I wish I ____ her to clean the room.

- (1) have asking
(2) have asked
(3) asked
(4) had asked

305. He always takes full ____ of the mistakes made by his friends.

- (1) benefit (2) advantage
(3) profit (4) use

306. He drained what was left ____ his drink.

- (1) from (2) in
(3) of (4) off

Directions (307 - 311) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four and indicate it as your answer.

(SSC (10+2) Level Data Entry
Operator & LDC Exam. 11.12.2011
(IInd Sitting (Delhi Zone))

307. Our teacher ____ several points before the exams.

- (1) cleared off (2) cleared away
(3) cleared up (4) cleared out

308. Let me give you ____.

- (1) an advise
(2) any advice
(3) some advice
(4) some advises

309. The cart was driven ____ bullocks.

- (1) with (2) off
(3) to (4) by

310. Simon ____ very polite at the moment, because he wants to make a good impression.
(1) was being (2) has been
(3) is behaving (4) is being.

311. If I don't ____ advantage of this platform, then how dare I be a film maker ?

(1) make (2) take
(3) bring (4) find

Directions (312-316) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

312. The old gentleman ____ to be a very good friend of my grand father.

(1) turned in (2) turned over
(3) turned out (4) turned up

313. It's a ____, that young people are inspired by celebrities.

(1) lie (2) myth
(3) bluff (4) mistake

314. Had I saved money, I ____ a new car.

(1) will purchase
(2) would purchase
(3) would have purchased
(4) purchased

315. He decided to ____ for his matric examination in order to get a higher score.

(1) redo (2) reappear
(3) rewrite (4) remake

316. The police pushed the people back to make ____ for Prime Minister's car to pass.

(1) passage (2) way
(3) place (4) area

Directions (317-321) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC (10+2) Level Data Entry Operator & LDC Exam. 11.12.2011
(IInd Sitting (East Zone))

317. The Chairman is ill and we'll have to ____ the meeting for a few days.

(1) put on (2) put of
(3) put away (4) put off

318. He told me that he ____ the movie.

(1) is finished (2) was finished
(3) had finished (4) not finished

319. I do my work ____ carefully to make mistakes.

(1) so (2) very
(3) too (4) more

320. The cat and the dog have a ____ enemy in the rat.

(1) same (2) common
(3) mutual (4) similar

321. He is very good ____ making stories.

(1) in (2) about
(3) at (4) for

Directions (322-326) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC Constable (GD) & Rifleman (GD) Exam. 22.04.1912 (1st Sitting))

322. That farmer may be old but he is ____.

(1) less energetic
(2) more energetic
(3) most energetic
(4) energetic

323. The monitor takes care ____ the class ____ the absence of the teacher.

(1) in; at (2) of; in
(3) during; in (4) of; for

324. When he saw the fish swimming ____ the river, he was extremely happy.

(1) on (2) besides
(3) in (4) at

325. The railway coaches ____ by the Integral Coach Factory, Chennai.

(1) is manufactured
(2) are manufactured
(3) are manufacture
(4) is being manufactured

326. The truck was ____ when the bus rammed into it.

(1) stationery (2) machinery
(3) machinery (4) stationary

Directions (327-332) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC Constable (GD) & Rifleman (GD) Exam. 22.04.1912 (IInd Sitting))

327. I haven't ____ butter but I have a lot of bread.

(1) a lot of (2) little
(3) much (4) some

328. People from ____ and near came to see the final match of the tournament yesterday.

(1) distance (2) long
(3) above (4) far

329. The student ____ book I still have, can take it from me.

(1) that (2) whose
(3) which (4) his

330. Corruption should be ____ out with the utmost vigour.

(1) talked (2) left
(3) rooted (4) brought

331. Books are a great source ____ happiness.

(1) of (2) for
(3) into (4) with

332. He spoke ____ his travels.

(1) of (2) on
(3) about (4) along

Directions (333-337) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

(SSC Graduate Level Tier-II Exam. 16.09.2012)

333. Man is essentially a ____ animal and tends to associate with others.

(1) sentimental (2) gregarious
(3) selfish (4) perverse

334. Why do we always have to submit ____ his authority ?

(1) under (2) with
(3) for (4) to

335. The master assured her ____ success in the examination.

(1) of (2) in
(3) for (4) with

336. The child was so spoiled by her indulgent parents that she became ____ when she did not receive all of their attention.

(1) sullen (2) elated
(3) discreet (4) suspicious

337. His directions to the driver were ____, and helped him to reach on time.

(1) expletive (2) implicate
(3) explicit (4) implicit

Directions (338–342) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC Graduate Level Tier-II
Exam. 04.08.2011 Paper-II)

338. My windows look _____ the garden.
(1) up on (2) out on
(3) in (4) at
339. I have made a rough _____ of the report.
(1) drapht (2) draught
(3) drought (4) draft
340. The reward was not commensurate _____ the work done by us.
(1) for (2) on
(3) with (4) upon
341. I don't care _____ the expense; I want the party to be a real success.
(1) of (2) with
(3) about (4) at
342. Vinay does not play cricket, and _____ does Yeshwant.
(1) so (2) also
(3) either (4) neither

Directions (343 – 348) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC CPO (SI, ASI & Intelligence Officer
Exam. 28.08.2011 Paper-II)

343. The department head insisted that he _____ absolute authority to regulate office work.
(1) gives
(2) is given
(3) would give
(4) would be given
344. Vinod, two of _____ brothers attend primary school, wishes to be a school teacher after his graduation from the University.
(1) whom (2) them
(3) whose (4) which
345. The deadline was near by, so Mrs. Sweth had her students _____ their essays.
(1) complete (2) to complete
(3) completing (4) completed
346. Our new digital photo-print machine, the manual _____ is lost awaits to be set up properly.
(1) of what (2) where
(3) by whom (4) of which

347. Ramu is in the habit of revising just once, but Suresh never understands a subject _____ he revises it for at least three times.
(1) in case (2) thus
(3) although (4) unless
348. He was sorry _____ late last night.
(1) about coming
(2) to come
(3) to coming
(4) from coming

Directions (349–353) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

(SSC (10+2) Level Data Entry
Operator & LDC Exam. 21.10.2012
(1st Sitting))

349. Our rich culture inspires us to take _____ in our heritage.
(1) prided (2) proudly
(3) pride (4) proud
350. The car broke down and we _____ get a taxi.
(1) were to (2) are to
(3) had to (3) have to
351. He said I _____ use his car whenever I wanted.
(1) could (2) can
(3) will (4) would
352. He will not work _____ he is compelled.
(1) till (2) if
(3) after (4) unless
353. The teacher said disappointedly, "There is _____ in my class who can solve this problem."
(1) anybody (2) somebody
(3) everybody (4) nobody

Directions (354–358) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

(SSC (10+2) Level Data Entry
Operator & LDC Exam. 21.10.2012
(2nd Sitting))

354. While he was working at the construction site, the block of wood suddenly _____ his right shoulder.
(1) was hitted (2) was hit
(3) had hitted (4) hit

355. The _____ in the region has been pleasant recently.
(1) climate (2) weather
(3) whether (4) season

356. _____ following all the instructions closely, he missed out an important guideline.
(1) Instead of (2) Although
(3) In spite of (4) Otherwise
357. He was junior _____ me in college and we have been friends since then.
(1) with (2) than
(3) from (4) to
358. I visit Shimla frequently; however, I have never _____ Kufri.
(1) went to (2) visited to
(3) been too (4) been to

Directions (359–363) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

(SSC (10+2) Level Data Entry
Operator & LDC Exam. 21.10.2012
(2nd Sitting))

359. She is _____ girls I know.
(1) from the best
(2) the most best
(3) the best
(4) one of the best
360. I have never seen _____ animal before.
(1) any larger (2) as large
(3) such a large (4) so large
361. He said to me, "You are _____".
(1) fooling (2) a fool
(3) a foolish (4) fool
362. I _____ your house yesterday.
(1) past by (2) passing by
(3) pasting by (4) passed by
363. In the tragic incident, none of the 145 passengers _____.
(1) could survived
(2) survive
(3) survived
(4) is surviving

Directions (364–368) : In each of the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

(SSC (10+2) Level Data Entry
Operator & LDC Exam. 28.10.2012
(1st Sitting))

364. They live ___ the fifth floor.
 (1) in (2) to
 (3) on (4) at
365. America was ___ by Columbus.
 (1) discovered (2) found
 (3) invented (4) reached
366. Will you please ___ me a book?
 (1) borrow (2) lend
 (3) have to borrow
 (4) have to lend
367. My cousin will arrive _____ Sunday.
 (1) in (2) at
 (3) the (4) on
368. The boys went inside _____ room.
 (1) of the (2) the
 (3) to the (4) of

Directions (369-373) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word (s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

(SSC (10+2) Level Data Entry Operator & LDC Exam. 28.10.2012 (1st Sitting))

369. I asked him for some paper, but he _____.
 (1) had not (2) has not
 (3) had none (4) has none
370. I want _____ me the truth.
 (1) to tell
 (2) you at once tell
 (3) that you tell
 (4) you to tell
371. Does he resemble _____ ?
 (1) to his father
 (2) as his father
 (3) his father
 (4) of his father
372. They attacked _____.
 (1) the enemy
 (2) against the enemy
 (3) on the enemy
 (4) to the enemy
373. My younger brother is good _____ Mathematics
 (1) at (2) into
 (3) on (4) with

Directions (374-378) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

(SSC (10+2) Level Data Entry Operator & LDC Exam. 04.11.2012 (2nd Sitting))

374. He _____ his living by hard work.
 (1) earns (2) wins
 (3) creates (4) ables
375. Bread is usually made _____ wheat.
 (1) of (2) from
 (3) with (4) by
376. Did the child _____ from the chair?
 (1) fell (2) fallen
 (3) falling (4) fall
377. Do you _____ to see my collections?
 (1) cared (2) like
 (3) want (4) got
378. After initial setback, all _____ programmes were successful due to the initiative of the new dynamic team.
 (1) consequent
 (2) subsequently
 (3) consequently
 (4) subsequent

Directions (379-393) : In the following question, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

(SSC Graduate Level Tier-I Exam. 11.11.2012 (1st Sitting))

379. Many women in developing countries experience a cycle of poor health that _____ before they are born.
 (1) originates (2) derives
 (3) begins (4) establishes
380. It is difficult _____ affection on her.
 (1) showering (2) to shower
 (3) shower (4) of showering
381. Our ancestors had immense difficulty _____ procuring books.
 (1) for (2) of
 (3) in (4) on
382. I asked him if I _____ borrow his car for a day.
 (1) will (2) could
 (3) can (4) should
383. Work hard so that you _____
 (1) shall get good marks
 (2) will get good marks
 (3) may get good marks
 (4) should get good marks

Directions (384-388) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

(SSC FCI Assistant Grade-III Exam. 11.11.2012 (2nd Sitting))

384. They have lost _____ of their contacts.
 (1) little (2) much
 (3) many (4) small
385. I praise _____ honesty of this boy.
 (1) a (2) an
 (3) the (4) your
386. Three _____ four make seven.
 (1) with (2) into
 (3) in (4) and
387. The officer _____ the car to speak to the driver.
 (1) stops (2) has stopped
 (3) stopped (4) had stopped
388. I have to recite Tagore's sonnet, I will be the _____ one to do so in my school.
 (1) earliest (2) initial
 (3) solitary (4) only

Directions (389-393) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

(SSC Delhi Police Sub-Inspector (SI) Exam. 19.08.2012)

389. There were _____ participants at the conference than we had expected, so we had trouble seating them.
 (1) much more (2) many more
 (3) so many (4) too many
390. Men _____ are thinkers look for facts.
 (1) who (2) that
 (3) which (4) those
391. Asha and Rima could not get admission in the college _____ they had already managed to get a passing score in the official exam.
 (1) even though (2) now that
 (3) therefore (4) whether
392. The principal congratulated him _____ passing the final exam.
 (1) in (2) of
 (3) on (4) with

393. Thank you very much _____ your suggestions.

- (1) on (2) with
(3) about (4) for

Directions (394-398) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

(SSC (10+2) Level Data Entry Operator & LDC Exam. 04.11.2012, 1st Sitting)

394. Let us quickly _____.

- (1) muddle (2) huddle
(3) hurdle (4) puddle

395. Rajesh's car wasn't _____ Ramesh's, so we were too exhausted by the time we reached home..

- (1) such comfortable
(2) as comfortable as
(3) comfortable enough
(4) so comfortable that

396. I don't suppose that Pramod will be elected _____ how hard he struggles as he is not completely supported by the committee.

- (1) although (2) seeing as
(3) no matter (4) however

397. Regular exercise is conducive _____ health.

- (1) in (2) to
(3) for (4) of

398. Can you please _____ my web site just before I publish it ?
(1) find out (2) go through
(3) set out (4) look up

Directions (399-408) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

(SSC Multi-Tasking Staff Exam. 10.03.2013, 1st Sitting : Patna)

399. The teacher let us _____.

- (1) to go early
(2) to leave early
(3) go early
(4) early to go

400. Jane is annoyed _____.

- (1) on me (2) with me
(3) against me (4) over me

401. I am not angry _____ you, Paul.

- (1) at (2) on
(3) with (4) against

402. _____ Australian and _____ European are there among the tourists.

- (1) An, an (2) The, the
(3) An, a (4) A, an

403. I have been looking for an apartment and I finally found the _____ one.

- (1) good (2) airy
(3) cheap (4) perfect

404. The youth should believe _____ God.

- (1) upon (2) in
(3) on (4) of

405. He was born _____ India.

- (1) off (2) in
(3) of (4) through

406. The convict tried his level best to justify himself but the judge looked _____ him and found him guilty.

- (1) around (2) at
(3) through (4) to

407. His opponents launched a political _____ against him.

- (1) regimen (2) remission
(3) regale (4) tirade

408. What an _____ story! I am not _____ enough yet to believe it.

- (1) incredible/credulous
(2) incredulous/credible
(3) incredible/believable
(4) unbelievable/credible

Directions (409-418) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

(SSC Multi-Tasking Staff Exam. 10.03.2013)

409. My father is very _____ to me, we play football every evening.

- (1) friendly (2) friends
(3) friend-like (4) friendship

410. A technology - starved customer would only be _____ to be presented with a new product.

- (1) thriving (2) declarative
(3) irritable (4) thrilled

411. Neither Shyam _____ Rohit came to the school today.

- (1) but (2) or
(3) nor (4) and

412. He is getting married _____ Maya.

- (1) only (2) by
(3) with (4) to

413. Medical doctors should try to _____ as many patients as possible.

- (1) heel (2) heal
(3) kill (4) hale

414. Can you tell the difference _____ butter and Margarine.

- (1) over (2) with
(3) between (4) among

415. I'm not very good _____ repairing things.

- (1) at (2) for
(3) in (4) about

416. Will all of you _____ up for prayer?

- (1) raise (2) rise
(3) raze (4) race

417. The art of cooking _____ in ancient India.

- (1) is perfected
(2) will perfect
(3) perfected
(4) was perfected

418. A number of refugees _____ been turned back at the border.

- (1) are (2) has
(3) is (4) have

Directions (419-428) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC Multi-Tasking Staff Exam. 17.03.2013, 1st Sitting)

419. The new government took _____ last year.

- (1) after (2) over
(3) upon (4) out

420. Mohan's career has taken some _____ twists and turns.

- (1) interesting (2) interactive
(3) intuitive (4) incentive

421. Sheila gained an advantage _____ me.

- (1) from (2) on
(3) over (4) upon

422. She was remarkably _____ in singing and dancing.

- (1) conducive
(2) fluctuating
(3) cooperative
(4) accomplished

423. It is raining _____. Do not go out.

- (1) fast (2) soundly
(3) strongly (4) heavily

424. When she retired, she handed _____ the charge to the Vice-President.
(1) out (2) across
(3) off (4) over
425. Statistics _____ always my worst subject.
(1) were (2) is
(3) have (4) are
426. The bus _____ fifty passengers fell _____ the river.
(1) for; upon (2) over; on
(3) of; at (4) with; into
427. Take this medicine regularly and you will get rid _____ this disease.
(1) from (2) of
(3) over (4) at
428. She tries to adjust _____ her relations.
(1) at (2) so
(3) with (4) for
- Directions (429-438) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.
- (SSC Multi-Tasking Staff
Exam. 17.03.2013, IInd Sitting)
429. My tennis player is a _____; she will not play mixed doubles in shorts or a tennis skirt; she is overly concerned about being proper or modest.
(1) admonish (2) prude
(3) rude (4) loyal
430. Sometimes it is good to _____ your soul in front of your friends.
(1) bear (2) bare
(3) beer (4) bar
431. If you are worried about the problem, you should do something _____ it.
(1) against (2) with
(3) for (4) about
432. This is entirely _____ you and me.
(1) between (2) from
(3) among (4) amidst
433. The mother parted _____ her married daughter in sorrow.
(1) for (2) off
(3) away (4) from
434. This movie is directed by Steven Spielberg, _____ ?
(1) hasn't he (2) hasn't it
(3) isn't it (4) isn't he

435. _____ can be no excuses this time, students !
(1) They're (2) They
(3) Their (4) There
436. Tables are usually made _____ wood.
(1) from (2) of
(3) with (4) by
437. All of them are surprised _____ her rudeness.
(1) with (2) upon
(3) at (4) on
438. When Wilbur Wright tried to sell his flying machine to the U.S. Government, the officials in charge were _____.
(1) highly misunderstood
(2) grudging sceptical
(3) grudgingly unhappy
(4) highly sceptical
- Directions (439-448) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.
- (SSC Multi-Tasking Staff
Exam. 17.03.2013, Kolkata Region)
439. What would you have done if you _____ the train ?
(1) have missed (2) had missed
(3) missed (4) missing
440. I stayed in Mumbai _____ eight years.
(1) for (2) since
(3) through (4) around
441. If I _____ her address, I would have called on her.
(1) will have (2) had known
(3) can have (4) shall have
442. Balu _____ in several other States when he decided to work in Kolkata.
(1) had worked
(2) worked
(3) had been working
(4) working
443. The degree will be awarded during the annual _____.
(1) conference (2) convention
(3) convulsion (4) convocation
444. She slipped and _____ her ankle.
(1) broken (2) sprained
(3) massaged (4) hurted
445. Mussoorie, the Queen of hills in India, offers many _____.
(1) entertainments
(2) sights
(3) attractions
(4) tourists

446. The boys _____ whom I was playing are all my good friends.
(1) with (2) to
(3) of (4) by
447. Parveen and Neelima could not enroll in the college _____ they had already managed to get a passing score in the official exam.
(1) therefore (2) even though
(3) hence (4) moreover
448. The gypsies do not live _____ at a particular place.
(1) broadly (2) willingly
(3) permanently (4) voluntarily
- Directions (449-458) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.
- (SSC Multi-Tasking Staff
Exam. 24.03.2013, 1st Sitting)
449. Go home immediately _____ your mother is looking for you.
(1) after (2) so that
(3) because (4) but
450. He was slow as usual. Even a snail would have seemed _____.
(1) fastest (2) faster
(3) too fast (4) not fast
451. The father seems relieved as he has married _____ both of his daughters.
(1) of (2) off
(3) to (4) away
452. Mohan, have you ever _____ before? It's my first time in a plane and I am a little nervous.
(1) fled (2) flowed
(3) flown (4) flying
453. They have already completed the job, _____?
(1) isn't it (2) has they
(3) haven't they (4) won't they
454. The whole class sympathised _____ the peon.
(1) at (2) for
(3) with (4) towards
455. Your tie does not go well _____ your shirt.
(1) above (2) with
(3) for (4) over
456. I am grateful _____ him.
(1) with (2) in
(3) for (4) to

457. The subordinate made a ___ remark against his boss that cost him his job.

- (1) derogatory
- B) complimentary
- (3) oblique
- (4) conscientious

458. He ___ before the court that he was innocent of the crime.

- (1) denied (2) denounced
- (3) demanded (4) declared

Directions (459-463) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

(SSC FCI Assistant Grade-III Main Exam. 07.04.2013)

459. We respect our parents and teachers.

- (1) may have to (2) will
- (3) shall (4) ought to

460. Let us sit down the shade of a tree for sometime.

- (1) inside (2) below
- (3) in (4) beneath

461. You are fortunate having an intelligent and obedient son.

- (1) to (2) for
- (3) of (4) in

462. Mother had prepared 20 biscuits, Raj ate all of them. Therefore, mother called him a

- (1) digester (2) goader
- (3) needy (4) glutton

463. We are highly disappointed the exam results.

- (1) about (2) from
- (3) in (4) with

Directions (464-468) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled with an appropriate word (s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer

(SSC Graduate Level Tier-I Exam. 21.04.2013, 1st Sitting)

464. What _____ ? It _____ wonderful.

- (1) is cooking, smell
- (2) is cooking, smelled
- (3) are you cooking, smelt
- (4) are you cooking, smells

465. We had _____ money left, so we went out for a meal. We decided to abandon our trip as we had _____ money left.

- (1) a little, a little
- (2) little, a little
- (3) a few, few
- (4) a little, little

466. Please write to me _____ this address.

- (1) upon (2) at
- (3) to (4) on

467. I hate him for the simple reason that he keeps singing his own praises continually talking about himself. He is an irritating _____. He is a real _____ because for anything he does he always expects something in return, a selfish person indeed.

- (1) poser, misanthrope
- (2) poser, egotist
- (3) egoist misanthrope
- (4) egotist, egoist

468. On Tuesday it's the carnival, _____ everybody gets dressed up in a fancy costume. So we will meet at John's house, _____ is about a couple of kilometres away.

- (1) which, where
- (2) where, when
- (3) when, where
- (4) when, which

Directions (469-473) : In the following questions, each sentence is given with blank to be filled in with an appropriate and suitable word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four alternatives.

(SSC Graduate Level Tier-I Exam. 21.04.2013, IIInd Sitting)

469. Student-parking should be _____; students should not be charged to buy parking stickers.

- (1) fined (2) free
- (3) costly (4) cheap

470. If you have roses growing in your garden, you can make a lovely _____ of flowers at home.

- (1) bouquette (2) bucquete
- (3) bouquet (4) bouquet

471. The _____ of the middle school is a woman of _____.

- (1) principles, principal
- (2) principals, principal
- (3) principal, principles
- (4) principle, principals

472. With the changing times, most of the students have become business-like they are _____ and want to take only those courses which they find rewarding.

- (1) idealistic (2) pragmatic
- (3) enthusiastic (4) partial

473. 1. John's at _____ institute studying French.

2. They're building _____ school at the end of our street.

3. Do they live in _____ United Kingdom or somewhere else ?

- (1) a, the, an (2) the, a, an
- (3) an, a, the (4) the, an, a

Directions (474-478) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC Graduate Level Tier-I Exam. 21.04.2013)

474. _____ the people looked well enough, but when one looked more closely one saw that their faces were filled with despair.

- (1) At first looking
- (2) At first observation
- (3) On first sight
- (4) At first sight

475. He was assured by his friends _____ every type of help, in an emergency.

- (1) by (2) of
- (3) with (4) about

476. The work _____, he left his office.

- (1) having completed
- (2) having been completed
- (3) on being finished
- (4) having been over

477. Our monthly expenditure _____ by five hundred rupees when we decided to buy milk from the milkman.

- (1) shot up (2) got up
- (3) lifted up (4) grew up

478. He was not a man _____ intelligence.

- (1) lacking of (2) devoid of
- (3) absent of (4) empty of

Directions (479-483) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC Graduate Level Tier-I Exam. 21.04.2013)

479. Google is one of the most popular search engines, it is _____ by the Internet users.

- (1) utilized
(2) effected
(3) examined
(4) flabbergasted

480. Raj was tired of Puja's _____ approach, so he asked her to make her final decision by that evening.

- (1) silly-willy (2) dilly-daily
(3) wasting (4) dilly-nally.

481. Ria is _____ at speaking languages. It is difficult to _____ only one puppy for animal shelter.

- (1) adept, adapt (2) adapt, adapt
(3) adept, adopt (4) adapt, adopt

482. School days are considered to be the best years of your life. When my _____ year in school began, I began to think of those past enjoyable days and of my future also.

- (1) penultimate (2) absolute
(3) integral (4) termination

483. Being _____, the judge gave a favourable verdict.

- (1) sagacious (2) pugnacious
(3) malicious (4) tenacious

Directions (484-487) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC Constable (GD)
Exam. 12.05.2013, 1st Sitting)

484. Throughout his career, his performance has fairly been _____.

- (1) consistence
(2) consistent (3) consisting
(4) constituted

485. I convey my thanks _____ the members of the club.

- (1) for (2) of
(3) to (4) about

486. The government _____ on this issue.

- (1) is divided (2) are divided
(3) is being divided
(4) divided

487. The student is yet to _____ his home task.

- (1) completion (2) compete
(3) complete (4) continue

Directions (488 - 491) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled with an

appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC Constable (GD)
Exam. 12.05.2013)

488. Arun has _____ his work.

- (1) completely (2) completing
(3) complete (4) completed

489. Rather than _____ others, why don't you look for your own mistakes ?

- (1) helping (2) pointing
(3) blaming (4) watching

490. We have been living in this house _____ 1965.

- (1) when (2) for
(3) before (4) since

491. Since Amit was an _____ photographer, he did not charge any money for taking our picture.

- (1) amateur (2) professional
(3) useless (4) unknown

Directions (492-496) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC Graduate Level Tier-I
Exam. 19.05.2013)

492. There is a _____ amount of fatty acids and carbohydrates in some of the imported chocolates.

- (1) neglecting (2) negligent
(3) negligible (4) neglected

493. I'm not so successful..... she is.

- (1) then (2) as
(3) like (4) than

494. Many Tamil-speaking Sri Lankans from the island to escape the military and its atrocities.

- (1) flown (2) flee
(3) fled (4) flew

495. the new Safari Storme, Mahindra has more leverage in increasing the sales.

- (1) With (2) At
(3) On (4) In

496. The passenger car sales showed a decline 7% to 5.6%.

- (1) from (2) for
(3) of (4) to

Directions (497-501) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives

are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

(SSC Graduate Level Tier-I
Exam. 19.05.2013)

497. His words were hardly with that screaming and shouting in the market.

- (1) legible (2) eligible
(3) intelligible
(4) None of these

498. He was...angry to speak to me.

- (1) so (2) too
(3) that (4) such

499. I wish I a pen.

- (1) were (2) am
(3) was (4) be

500. Look after your health you should repent later on.

- (1) as (2) because
(3) till (4) lest

501. Every year millions of tourists the Anna Centenary Library in Chennai.

- (1) visiting (2) visit
(3) are visiting (4) visited

Directions (502-506) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC Graduate Level Tier-I
Exam. 19.05.2013)

502. All is not well..... the automobile sector.

- (1) down (2) in
(3) to (4) of

503. Many premier educational institutions come forward to have a with flourishing industries.

- (1) tie-up (2) tie-in
(3) tie-on (4) tie-down

504. He slipped his old ways and started drinking again.

- (1) off (2) by
(3) in (4) into

505. They reached the railway station before the train

- (1) had been left (2) left
(3) was leaving (4) had left

506. The Information and Communication Technology has age and employs very highly paid technocrats.

- (1) come upon (2) come out of
(3) come through (4) come of

Directions (507-511) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

(SSC CAPFs SI & CISF ASI
Exam. 23.06.2013)

507. There are not solitary, free-living creatures ; every form of life is _____ other forms.
(1) dependent on
(2) parallel to
(3) overshadowed by
(4) segregated from
508. I'll take _____ now as I have another appointment some where else.
(1) departure
(2) my leave
(3) permission
(4) leave from work
509. A garden knife is _____ used for right pruning.
(1) generally
(2) compulsorily
(3) systematically
(4) daily
510. Serious threat to our ecology and environment can be _____ with organic cultivation.
(1) hastened (2) impeded
(3) aggravated (4) combated
511. 'My India' by Corbett deals _____ the author's familiarity with and love of India.
(1) in (2) of
(3) at (4) with

Directions (512-516) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC Graduate Level Tier-II
Exam. 29.09.2013)

512. Students of St. Xavier's _____ all the prizes.
(1) bear of (2) bore away
(3) bore on (4) bear on
513. With danger _____ the door, you cannot sit idle.
(1) at (2) in
(3) of (4) near
514. My servant _____ with all my money.
(1) have escaped
(2) was run away
(3) has run off
(4) running away

515. The driver was _____ injured; he died within an hour.
(1) significantly (2) fatally
(3) fatefully (4) vitally

516. Lata Mangeshkar was _____ with a natural talent for music.
(1) given (2) found
(3) endowed (4) entrusted

Directions (517-521) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

(SSC (10+2) Level Data Entry
Operator & LDC Exam. 20.10.2013)

517. The deceased left _____ him two young children.
(1) for (2) with
(3) by (4) behind
518. The statue _____ a global symbol of freedom.
(1) stands to
(2) stands for
(3) stands as
(4) stands against
519. A child is the future of a family _____ nation.
(1) as a
(2) like a
(3) as well as of a
(4) just as
520. The human mind seems to have built-in _____ against original thought.
(1) ideas (2) interests
(3) safeguards (4) prejudices
521. If strict security measures were taken, the tragedy might have been _____.
(1) averted (2) removed
(3) controlled (4) restrained

Directions (522-526) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

(SSC (10+2) Level Data Entry Operator
& LDC Exam. 27.10.2013, IInd Sitting)

522. Slow and steady _____ the race.
(1) is winning (2) wins
(3) will win (4) win
523. Night came on and the room _____ dark.
(1) is growing (2) has grown
(3) grew (4) will grow

524. Only patience and fortitude carried him _____ the crisis.
(1) over (2) about
(3) out (4) through

525. Octopuses are mostly shy and _____ harmless to human beings.
(1) generally (2) mainly
(3) completely (4) rarely

526. Come what _____, I shall adhere to my principles.
(1) can (2) may
(3) might (4) will

Directions (527-531) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC (10+2) Level Data Entry
Operator & LDC Exam.
10.11.2013, Ist Sitting)

527. The Prime Minister insisted _____ fuel prices in the Cabinet meeting.
(1) to raise (2) on raising
(3) in raising (4) at raising
528. The _____ of puppies is fond of milk.
(1) gang (2) litter
(3) group (4) litre
529. He _____ his father.
(1) takes back (2) takes after
(3) takes off (4) takes out
530. Guard _____ spelling mistakes.
(1) against (2) after
(3) above (4) at
531. Make hay while the sun _____.
(1) shines (2) is shining
(3) was shining
(4) has been shining

Directions (532-536) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

(SSC (10+2) Level Data Entry
Operator & LDC Exam.
10.11.2013, IInd Sitting)

532. Internet cafe owners fear that a police crackdown may cause _____ damage to their business.
(1) irreparable (2) eternal
(3) untold (4) reparable

533. We heard that the Richards _____ their house recently.

- (1) will shift (2) are shifting
(3) had shifted (4) have shifted

534. The more he remonstrated _____ the referee the worse the situation became.

- (1) with (2) for
(3) at (4) to

535. Our teacher encouraged _____ setting the poem to music.

- (1) he (2) he's
(3) his (4) him

536. He would not have been successful in the project but _____ my help.

- (1) for (2) off
(3) of (4) with

Directions (537-546) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

(SSC Multi-Tasking (Non-Tech.) Staff Exam. 16.02.2014)

537. Though this blanket is not made of wool, it has a _____ texture.

- (1) wool (2) woollen
(3) woolly (4) woolish

538. None of the guests ate much at the party because the food looked _____.

- (1) unapproachable
(2) unauthorized
(3) unceremonious
(4) unappetizing

539. Trust _____ God and do the right.

- (1) in (2) with
(3) at (4) by

540. The accused was _____ as the counsel could not produce a witness.

- (1) let out (2) let off
(3) let on (4) let aside

541. _____ thousand species of butterflies have been identified.

- (1) As many as (2) As many
(3) As much as (4) Much as

542. He _____ his mistake.

- (1) understood (2) solved
(3) finished (4) realised

543. You will not be allowed to enter _____ you have an entry pass.

- (1) if (2) unless
(3) when (4) but

544. It has been years since I last _____ him.

- (1) had met (2) met
(3) meet (4) have met

545. These murals are typical _____ Tamil Nadu.

- (1) for (2) on
(3) with (4) of

546. The flight will land _____ six this evening.

- (1) in (2) on
(3) at (4) upon

Directions (547-556) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC Multi-Tasking Staff (Patna) Exam. 16.02.2014)

547. Do not laugh _____ other's mistakes.

- (1) at (2) for
(3) against (4) about

548. He could not cope _____ the heavy workload.

- (1) in with (2) up with
(3) up (4) with

549. The garbage has been disposed _____.

- (1) off (2) of
(3) with (4) out

550. She _____ college late that day.

- (1) was reaching (2) reaching
(3) is reached (4) reached

551. The Sun _____ brightly.

- (1) shone (2) shining
(3) shine (4) is shine

552. Lokesh was busy when we _____ to see him.

- (1) go (2) went
(3) gone (4) goes

553. The date of the function _____ not been decided yet.

- (1) have (2) has
(3) was (4) is

554. India was a prosperous country _____ the reign of King Ashoka.

- (1) between (2) from
(3) while (4) during

555. Lemons are sold _____ the dozen in the market.

- (1) in (2) at
(3) for (4) by

556. The Supreme Court has _____ tourism in the core area of the forest.

- (1) propagated
(2) encapsulated
(3) forced
(4) prohibited

Directions (557-566) : In the following questions sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate words). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC Multi-Tasking (Non-Tech.) Staff Exam. 23.02.2014, IInd Sitting)

557. He does not _____ any fixed principle.

- (1) go through (2) go about
(3) go with (4) go upon

558. My finger is still _____ where I caught it in the door yesterday.

- (1) broken (2) wounded
(3) bruised (4) injured.

559. A trader was _____ at the city airport early on Thursday for carrying gold jewellery worth over ₹ 1 crore.

- (1) hindered (2) detained
(3) retained (4) blocked

560. A book's a book _____ there is nothing in it.

- (1) because (2) unless
(3) till (4) although

561. _____ knocking at the gate, he demanded admission.

- (1) Cruelly (2) Kindly
(3) Speedily (4) Loudly

562. I _____ the job if you had paid me enough.

- (1) would have done
(2) had done
(3) will do
(4) would do

563. As soon as he got the telegram, he _____ in a taxi.

- (1) would have left
(2) left
(3) had left
(4) has left

564. We had difficulty _____ finding a parking place.

- (1) at (2) about
(3) in (4) for

565. The peasant rebellion was _____ with a high hand by the Emperor.

- (1) put off (2) put away
(3) put back (4) put down

566. That car is throwing _____ a lot of smoke.

- (1) out (2) up
(3) away (4) in

Directions (567-571) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC CGL Tier-I

Re-Exam-2013, 27.04.2014)

567. Leila said the new restaurant was nothing to write about. She thought it was _____.

- (1) just average
(2) really terrible
(3) splendid (4) excellent

568. My Nigerian friend, Fela is having trouble finding work here in London, but he says if push comes to shove he can always _____.

- (1) go to jail
(2) win the lottery
(3) end of the journey that is life
(4) go back to Nigeria

569. If you say to someone "You're so full of yourself" they'll probably feel _____.

- (1) upset (2) pleased
(3) calm (4) proud

570. The archer missed the _____ by an inch.

- (1) score (2) point
(3) blow (4) aim

571. Bob and Jane decided to tie the knot because _____.

- (1) they loved one another
(2) they needed to save money
(3) they wanted to make a long rope
(4) it had come undone

Directions (572-576) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled with an appropriate word (s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer

(SSC CGL Tier-I

Re-Exam-2013, 27.04.2014)

572. She heard the _____ of the hinges.

- (1) rattling (2) rustling
(3) crashing (4) creaking

573. The sound effects _____ by the recording director.

- (1) are provided
(2) being provide
(3) been provided
(4) provided

574. The _____ of cotton is very heavy.

- (1) bald (2) bail
(3) bale (4) band

575. The principal has given his _____ to the match.

- (1) except (2) ascent
(3) refuse (4) assent

576. The hunter killed two _____ for dinner.

- (1) flour (2) fowl
(3) foul (4) fool

Directions (577-581) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

(SSC CAPFs SI, CISF ASI & Delhi

Police SI Exam. 22.06.2014)

577. China is a big country, in area it is bigger than any other country _____ Russia.

- (1) accept (2) except
(3) expect (4) access

578. The masks worn by the men helped them _____ their identity.

- (1) conceal (2) congeal
(3) masquerade (4) cheat

579. On the _____ occasion of Laxmi Puja the Mathurs bought a new car.

- (1) officious (2) auspicious
(3) fortuitous (4) prosperous

580. Precautions are to be taken with any one who seems _____.

- (1) contagious (2) infectious
(3) diseased (4) defiled

581. The treasure was hidden _____ a big shore.

- (1) on (2) underneath
(3) toward (4) off

Directions (582-586) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

(SSC CAPFs SI, CISF ASI & Delhi

Police SI Exam. 22.06.2014)

582. The traveller told us an _____ story.

- (1) impractical (2) incredible
(3) inaudible (4) ineffable

583. France _____ a large part of its electricity from nuclear power.

- (1) emits (2) makes
(3) generates (4) uses

584. I have been fortunate to find a _____ of people who I can call true friends.

- (1) pocketful (2) handful
(3) bagful (4) mindful

585. The three brothers formed a little _____ within the family.

- (1) clique (2) camp
(3) coterie (4) band

586. A grand temple complex that _____ the bygone era.

- (1) invokes (2) evokes
(3) provokes (4) revokes

Directions (587-591) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC CGL Tier-I Re-Exam. (2013)

20.07.2014, 1st Sitting)

587. James Watt _____ the steam engine.

- (1) invented (2) discovered
(3) founded (4) find

588. After saying that Beverly made too many mistakes, Bob added insult to injury by saying _____.

- (1) they were small mistakes
(2) she worked very slowly
(3) her work was excellent
(4) work at a remarkable pace

589. Losing that job was a blessing in disguise because she _____.

- (1) got a much better job
(2) lost her house
(3) unemployed for years
(4) was able to shop

590. All teachers agree that Paresh is the _____ intelligent boy in his class.

- (1) more (2) most
(3) very (4) only

591. The State is home to several destinations of _____ beauty.

- (1) paralleled (2) unparallelled
(3) inequal (4) equal

Directions (592-596) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

(SSC CGL Tier-I Re-Exam. (2013)

20.07.2014, 1Ind Sitting)

592. I can ____ him without qualifications.

- (1) recommend
(2) commend
(3) praise (4) suggest

593. She let her horse ____ in the field.

- (1) loosen (2) loose
(3) loosely (4) lose

594. It is hoped that a ____ will be reached in the meeting.

- (1) statement
(2) comparison
(3) compromise
(4) compression

595. We are fortunate to have extremely ____ and visionary leaders.

- (1) competitive (2) complex
(3) complaisant (4) competent

596. Some people regard the world as an ____.

- (1) imitation (2) allusion
(3) illusion (4) elision

Directions (597-601) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC GL Tier-I Exam.
19.10.2014, 1st Sitting)

597. When she parted ____ her parents, her eyes were full of tears.

- (1) from (2) away
(3) off (4) with

598. He went ____ to oblige his superior.

- (1) on his way
(2) out of his way
(3) in his way
(4) with his way

599. During a period of protracted illness, the sick can become infirm, ____ both the strength to work and many of the specific skills that were once possessed.

- (1) regaining (2) denying
(3) pursuing (4) losing

600. The members of the religious sect ostracized the ____ who had abandoned their faith.

- (1) coward (2) litigant
(3) recreant (4) suppliant

601. Would you mind ____ the suitcase, Sir ?

- (1) open (2) opening
(3) to open (4) opened

Directions (602-606) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

(SSC GL Tier-I Exam. 19.10.2014)

602. He was ____ about whether to do it or not.

- (1) ambiguous (2) ambivalent
(3) ambidextrous (4) uncertain

603. The minister ____ on the petition before it was taken up for discussion.

- (1) could sign (2) signed
(3) had signed (4) must sign

604. The foolish crows ____ to sing.

- (1) crow (2) jump
(3) tried (4) try

605. Truculent in defending their individual rights of sovereignty under the Articles of Confederation, the newly formed states ____ constantly.

- (1) apologized (2) digressed
(3) conferred (4) squabbled

606. His conduct is bad, and his honesty is not ____ suspicion.

- (1) before (2) beyond
(3) under (4) in

Directions (607-611) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC GL Tier-I Exam. 26.10.2014)

607. Her true feelings manifested themselves in her sarcastic remarks, only then was her ____ revealed.

- (1) sarcasm (2) charm
(3) sweetness (4) bitterness

608. The book provides an overview of European wines that should prove inviting to both the virtual.....and the experienced connoisseur.

- (1) zealot (2) glutton
(3) prodigal (4) novice

609. The sun is shining brightly, please.....the light.

- (1) take off (2) put on
(3) put off (4) put out

610. This practice was broughtto prevent certain abuses.

- (1) down (2) off
(3) about (4) in

611. This package was supposed ____ yesterday.

- (1) to be delivering
(2) to be delivered
(3) to have been delivered
(4) to deliver

Directions (612 - 616) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

(SSC CHSL (10+2) DEO & LDC
Exam. 02.11.2014, Patna Region :
1st Sitting)

612. This man was an accomplice ____ the thief.

- (1) of (2) in
(3) with (4) from

613. The sick units are detached ____ the main group of companies.

- (1) off (2) from
(3) with (4) by

614. Let me congratulate you ____ your success.

- (1) at (2) for
(3) with (4) on

615. She had always hoped that her daughter would become ____ doctor.

- (1) an (2) the
(3) a
(4) None of the above

616. Due to heavy rains, water had ____ in the low lying areas.

- (1) gathered (2) stagnated
(3) assembled (4) ended

Directions (617-621) : In each of the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

(SSC CHSL (10+2) DEO & LDC
Exam. 02.11.2014, IInd Sitting)

617. Many people who ____ practising photography as a hobby turn it eventually into a livelihood.

- (1) resume (2) prefer
(3) imply (4) start

618. She is ____ of lizards.

- (1) fearful (2) frightened
(3) afraid (4) terrified

619. His path was beset ____ difficulties.

- (1) by (2) with
(3) of (4) from

620. The plan is worth considering, think it _____ carefully.
(1) of (2) on
(3) off (4) over
621. The priest was innocent _____ he could not prove it.
(1) and (2) but
(3) for (4) so

Directions (622 – 626) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

(SSC CHSL (10+2) DEO & LDC
Exam. 09.11.2014)

622. A group of agitators _____ the mob to break down the Vice-Chancellor's door.
(1) wished (2) excited
(3) threatened (4) incited
623. Turn the lights _____ before you go to bed.
(1) on (2) off
(3) out (4) down
624. There is no _____ evidence to support your assertion.
(1) facile (2) fictitious
(3) facetious (4) factual
625. Throw a stone _____ the fierce dog
(1) at (2) upon
(3) on (4) above
626. Is not learning superior _____ wealth ?
(1) than (2) from
(3) by (4) to

Directions (627–631) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

(SSC CHSL (10+2) DEO & LDC
Exam. 16.11.2014, Patna Region :
1st Sitting)

627. I think I am _____ young to get married.
(1) much (2) too
(3) more (4) very
628. The pilot was not feeling so well before he _____ in his helicopter.
(1) took away (2) took over
(3) took off (4) took up
629. I need to buy _____.
(1) a bread
(2) a loaf of bread
(3) a loaf bread
(4) breads

630. Medical science has _____ almost everything except death.
(1) surrendered (2) conquered
(3) controlled (4) crushed
631. To try to solve a problem without enquiring into the problem is like taking a course of treatment without _____ the disease.
(1) curing (2) prescribing
(3) diagnosing (4) operating

Directions (632–636) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

(SSC CHSL (10+2) DEO & LDC
Exam. 16.11.2014)

632. Students are not prepared _____ that kind of question.
(1) to (2) with
(3) for (4) on
633. Communism and Socialism have always _____ the sermons of economic equality.
(1) said (2) instructed
(3) preached (4) obeyed
634. Robert _____ Ali of his support.
(1) assure (2) ensured
(3) insured (4) assured
635. The students are told to _____ these words in the dictionary.
(1) look down (2) look up
(3) look into (4) look after
636. Rama took his _____ for the wrong done to him.
(1) avenge (2) vengeance
(3) revenge (4) ravage

Directions (637–641) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC GL Tier-II Exam. 21.09.2014)

637. Only the brave deserve the _____.
(1) fare (2) flare
(3) flair (4) fair
638. You cannot lose what you _____ had.
(1) once (2) always
(3) never (4) have
639. We should go _____ doing more good than harm.
(1) on (2) above
(3) about (4) to

640. When we got home last evening, we found that the guest _____.
(1) have arrived (2) has arriving
(3) is arriving (4) had arrived
641. Neo-colonialism is _____ that persists even after the demise of the formal colonization all over the so called Third-world.
(1) a monster (2) a devil
(3) a satan (4) an imp

Directions (642–646) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC CGL Tier-II Exam. 12.04.2015)

642. The plane was _____ five hours late.
(1) evenly (2) almost
(3) keeping (4) allmost
643. His _____ tastes and habits explain why he is always in debt.
(1) thrifty (2) extravagant
(3) moderate (4) judicious
644. We offer _____ to all who ask.
(1) councillor (2) council
(3) counsellor (4) counsel
645. His and her talents are _____.
(1) complementary
(2) complimentary
(3) complementing
(4) complicating
646. The two families have been engaged in a bitter _____ for the past two decades.
(1) feud (2) argument
(3) quarrel (4) fight

Directions (647–651) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC CAPFs SI, CISF ASI & Delhi
Police SI Exam. 28.09.2014
(TF No. 482 RN 5))

647. We always _____ your team at cricket.
(1) overcome (2) beat
(3) defeat (4) conquer
648. The recent _____ in the size of the army is alarming.
(1) built-up (2) built-in
(3) build-up (4) build-on
649. Please _____ that the lights are switched off at night.
(1) insure (2) assure
(3) ensure (4) censure

650. A well-read man is quick to catch literary _____.

- (1) allusions (2) illusions
(3) delusions (4) diversions

651. A dog is a _____ animal.

- (1) quadruped (2) quartet
(3) quadruple (4) quadrangle

Directions (652-656) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

(SSC CGL Tier-I Exam. 19.10.2014
TF No. 022 MH 3)

652. The student was punished for his _____.

- (1) impudence (2) prudence
(3) modesty (4) clemency

653. My father was too _____ to push the heavy door.

- (1) faint (2) feeble
(3) fragile (4) faltering

654. The flood damaged the books so much that it was impossible to _____ them.

- (1) retrieve (2) retrace
(3) retract (4) retreat

655. His bungalow went through a make _____.

- (1) up (2) out
(3) over (4) for

656. This auspicious beginning _____ well for a successful completion of our project.

- (1) attunes (2) argues
(3) augurs (4) answers

Directions (657-661) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

(SSC CHSL (10+2) DEO & LDC
Exam. 16.11.2014, 1st Sitting
TF No. 333 LO 2)

657. She was aware of what was going _____ her father's mind.

- (1) through (2) on
(3) in (4) by

658. Most parents _____ love and affection on their children.

- (1) pour (2) pore
(3) poor (4) pool

659. Then railway trains _____ the most popular and the cheapest means of transport.

- (1) become (2) became
(3) becomes (4) becoming

660. If left unattended, even a small cut can turn into a _____.

- (1) soar (2) sour
(3) sore (4) ore

661. My neighbour is very _____ for he believes that nothing good will happen to him.

- (1) reasonable
(2) forward-looking
(3) pessimistic
(4) optimistic

Directions (662-666) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

(SSC CHSL (10+2) DEO & LDC
Exam. 16.11.2014, 11nd Sitting
TF No. 545 QP 6)

662. She dwells too much _____ her past.

- (1) from (2) on
(3) in (4) of

663. There were no buses yesterday because of the strike, and so I _____ walk to college.

- (1) should (2) have to
(3) had to (4) will have to

664. A wiseman _____ not pretend _____ know everything.

- (1) did, to (2) may in
(3) does, or (4) does, to

665. _____ the flight times before you book the tickets.

- (1) Check (2) Control
(3) Inform (4) Prove

666. I'm very pleased with my new secretary. Her work is of a high _____.

- (1) condition (2) degree
(3) capacity (4) standard

Directions (667-671) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC CGL Tier-II Exam. 12.04.2015
Kolkata Region, TF No. 315 RI 3)

667. I saw a _____ of cattle grazing in the meadow.

- (1) herd (2) bunch
(3) group (4) litter

668. Our flight was _____ from Jaipur to Agra airport.

- (1) shifted (2) diverted
(3) reverted (4) deflected

669. In these days of inflation we all have to _____ our belts.

- (1) shorten (2) strengthen
(3) tighten (4) lesson

670. He made a powerful _____ in the region, and people felt he would make a good leader in the days to come.

- (1) impression (2) discursive
(3) marked (4) interest

671. The father _____ the throne for his son.

- (1) reverted (2) relished
(3) relinquished
(4) revived

Directions (672-676) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

(SSC CAPFs SI, CISF ASI & Delhi
Police SI Exam, 21.06.2015
(1st Sitting) TF No. 8037731)

672. The _____ of the 'Chief' was _____ upon him.

- (1) name, dismissed
(2) title, imposed
(3) appointment, thrown
(4) title, bestowed

673. There were so many _____ points in his speech that the audience _____ to get the message.

- (1) superficial, listened
(2) interesting, tried
(3) irrelevant, failed
(4) relevant, hastened

674. She was so _____ that she was _____ by all.

- (1) stupid, admired
(2) proud, respected
(3) excellent, warned
(4) talented, praised

675. He was so _____ at his job that he was asked to give a _____ to the visitors.

- (1) accurate, display
(2) agile, demolition
(3) able, disclosure
(4) adept, demonstration

676. The little boy ran _____ fast that he was _____ for breath.

- (1) too, fighting
(2) so, gasping
(3) very, struggling
(4) so, inhaling

Directions (677–681) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

(SSC CAPFs SI, CISF ASI & Delhi Police SI Exam, 21.06.2015 IInd Sitting)

677. It was once _____ that being overweight was healthy _____ now-a-days few people subscribe to this viewpoint.

- (1) believed; but
- (2) rumoured; so
- (3) speculated; and
- (4) joked; because

678. The application is _____ as some details are _____.

- (1) rejected; missing
- (2) refused; lacking
- (3) reverted; few
- (4) returned; unfinished

679. He was not _____ to sell the property unless he got a more _____ price.

- (1) prepared; realistic
- (2) sure; true
- (3) ready; correct
- (4) decide; actual

680. The _____ you have charged for the hotel room is _____.

- (1) charges; mighty
- (2) price; costly
- (3) rent; rich
- (4) tariff; exorbitant

681. The _____ of the English language by a host of new words would _____ the old generation aghast.

- (1) introduction; surprise
- (2) invasion; leave
- (3) entry ; shock
- (4) attack; delight

Directions (682–686) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

(SSC CGL Tier-I Exam, 09.08.2015 (Ist Sitting) TF No. 1443088)

682. He went there _____.

- (1) on foot
- (2) walking on foot
- (3) by foot
- (4) with foot

683. After your long illness I am happy to see you _____.

- (1) up and round
- (2) up and about
- (3) by and by
- (4) up and down

684. You must _____ your career with all seriousness.

- (1) pursue (2) follow
- (3) complete (4) direct

685. Making pies and cakes _____ Mrs. Reddy's speciality.

- (1) has (2) are
- (3) were (4) is

686. The deserted garden was infested _____ weeds.

- (1) with (2) for
- (3) into (4) on

Directions (687–691) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

(SSC CGL Tier-I Exam, 09.08.2015 (IInd Sitting) TF No. 4239378)

687. She pipped her rival _____ the gold medal

- (1) with (2) for
- (3) to (4) near

688. Work should be guided by some _____ desire of altruism and _____.

- (1) genuine ; philanthropy
- (2) false ; honesty
- (3) shallow ; ability
- (4) good ; liberty

689. Ships are _____ by giant engines.

- (1) dragged (2) sailed
- (3) pulled (4) driven

690. Krisda's stories _____ me very strangely.

- (1) effected (2) affected
- (3) changed (4) afflicted

691. By morning, the fury of the floods _____.

- (1) ebbed (2) receded
- (3) retired (4) abated

Directions (692–696) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

(SSC CGL Tier-I Exam, 16.08.2015 (Ist Sitting) TF No. 3196279)

692. The police fired on the mob when they _____

- (1) turned violent
- (2) fizzled out
- (3) became abusive
- (4) turned noisy

693. He has the full facts _____ but is deliberately hiding them.

- (1) up his sleeve
- (2) under his sleeves
- (3) upon his sleeves
- (4) in his sleeves

694. The appearance of the city _____ day by day.

- (1) changed
- (2) is changing
- (3) had changed
- (4) could change

695. When the morning _____ the murder was discovered.

- (1) arrived (2) came
- (3) occurred (4) happened

696. The smell of the Sea called _____ memories of her childhood.

- (1) for (2) back
- (3) up (4) on

Directions (697–701) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

(SSC CGL Tier-I Exam, 16.08.2015 (IInd Sitting) TF No. 2176783)

697. He will impart no information _____ anyone.

- (1) from (2) for
- (3) with (4) to

698. The United Kingdom _____ England, Wales, Scotland and Northern Ireland.

- (1) comprises of (2) comprises
- (3) combines (4) consists

699. Jim suffered a _____ of fortune.

- (1) reversal (2) reverse
- (3) revert (4) regress

700. He was _____ by nature and so avoided all company.

- (1) anti-social (2) timid
- (3) gregarious (4) cordial

701. Jyoti refused to be _____ by her long illness.

- (1) dispersed (2) dispensed
- (3) dispatched (4) dispirited

Directions (702–706) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC CAPFs SI, CISF ASI & Delhi Police SI Exam, 30.08.2015
TF No. 4039770)

702. The new discovery is _____ phenomenal.
(1) novelly (2) indeed
(3) always (4) beautifully
703. Over the months he _____ that he was not a good driver.
(1) was forced to the conclusion
(2) came to the conclusion
(3) was drawn to the conclusion
(4) jumped to the conclusion
704. This is a _____ story.
(1) make off (2) made off
(3) made up (4) make up
705. Cowards die many times _____ their death.
(1) after (2) before
(3) about (4) for
706. We should _____ the rules.
(1) cope with (2) conduce to
(3) side with (4) comply with

Directions (707–711) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

(SSC CGL Tier-I Re-Exam, 30.08.2015)

707. The crop will fail, _____ it rains this week.
(1) unless (2) until
(3) till (4) when
708. "She decided to _____ as the competition was quite stiff."
(1) stand out (2) leave
(3) get out (4) stand down
709. If she were selected, she _____ a good secretary.
(1) would make
(2) will make
(3) can make
(4) would have made
710. He worked _____ of his ability.
(1) at the best
(2) with the best
(3) in the best
(4) to the best

711. The Chief Minister asked her officers to _____ the process of procuring food for the poor from the market.

- (1) speed up (2) expedite
(3) hasten (4) do fast

Directions (712–715) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

(SSC Constable (GD)

Exam, 04.10.2015, 1st Sitting)

712. Your _____ nature will aid you in attaining success in every venture you undertake.
(1) rotund
(2) persevering
(3) lackadaisical
(4) catalytic
713. This is our house and that is _____.
(1) theirs (2) their
(3) them (4) their's
714. The publisher is bringing _____ a revised edition of this book.
(1) round (2) out
(3) about (4) up
715. She had to _____ illness in order to avoid going to the party meeting.
(1) feint (2) feign
(3) faint (4) fain
- Directions (716 – 719) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.
- (SSC Constable (GD)
Exam, 04.10.2015, IInd Sitting)
716. We get milk from the _____.
(1) dairy (2) daily
(3) daisy (4) diary
717. A man from our village has been nominated _____ the ruling party's candidate for the post.
(1) to (2) as
(3) in (4) for
718. He has been staying in Delhi _____ a long time.
(1) for (2) since
(3) from (4) till
719. Jones is a member of our _____.
(1) coup (2) council
(3) counter (4) counsel

Directions (720–724) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC CGL Tier-II Exam, 25.10.2015, TF No. 2148789)

720. The noise of the drum beats _____ and frightened the tiger.
(1) persisted (2) perplexed
(3) prevented (4) pertained
721. If you do well in this exam next year then my efforts _____ successful.
(1) have been
(2) would have been
(3) will be
(4) has been
722. We _____ not hurry, we have got plenty of time.
(1) must (2) would
(3) need (4) should
723. He set up institutions of international _____.
(1) renown (2) repute
(3) reputation (4) famous
724. Masked men _____ a security van on the motorway.
(1) held out (2) held forth
(3) held up (4) held on

Directions (725–728) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

(SSC CHSL (10+2) LDC, DEO & PA/SA Exam, 01.11.2015, IInd Sitting)

725. The cold breath of autumn had _____ the ivy leaves from the vine and the branches remained almost bare.
(1) stricken (2) strike
(3) struck (4) striking
726. You take a decision. The ball is in _____ now.
(1) your court (2) your net
(3) your pocket (4) your garden
727. He is a man of _____ simplicity.
(1) childlike (2) childless
(3) child (4) childish
728. We can _____ right and wrong.
(1) distinguish by
(2) distinguish from
(3) distinguish between
(4) distinguished for

Directions (729–732) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

(SSC CHSL (10+2) LDC, DEO & PA/SA Exam, 15.11.2015
(1st Sitting) TF No. 6636838)

729. All of us are devoted _____ one another.
(1) for (2) of
(3) at (4) to
730. _____ is the way to the zoo?
(1) What (2) Which
(3) Where (4) When
731. He agreed _____ my business proposal.
(1) at (2) for
(3) on (4) to
732. This area suffers from _____.
(1) drought (2) draoghts
(3) draughts (4) drafts

Directions (733–736) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

(SSC CHSL (10+2) LDC, DEO & PA/SA Exam, 15.11.2015
(1Ind Sitting) TF No. 7203752)

733. All orders must _____ the rules.
(1) conforms with
(2) conform to
(3) conforms to
(4) conforming with
734. She failed to _____ to her name.
(1) rise up (2) line up
(3) shine up (4) keep up
735. As the doctor _____ into the room, the nurse handed him the temperature chart of the patient.
(1) is coming (2) came
(3) was coming (4) comes
736. The economic _____ has affected our sales tremendously.
(1) touchdown (2) showdown
(3) slowdown (4) crackdown

Directions (737–740) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

(SSC CHSL (10+2) LDC, DEO & PA/SA Exam, 06.12.2015
(1st Sitting) TF No. 1375232)

737. Ten dollars _____ too much to pay.
(1) are (2) is
(3) could (4) were
738. I have no _____ office work.
(1) experience to
(2) experience in
(3) experience on
(4) experience of

739. Solar panels are used to _____ Satellites.
(1) powerful (2) power
(3) powerless (4) powers
740. His words were _____ for the occasion.
(1) appropriately (2) suit
(3) appropriate (4) suitably

Directions (741–744) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

(SSC CHSL (10+2) LDC, DEO & PA/SA Exam, 06.12.2015
(1Ind Sitting) TF No. 3441135)

741. Have you ever _____ the wolf cry ?
(1) heard (2) hear out
(3) hear (4) heard of
742. Afireen _____ that the weather was very pleasant that day.
(1) remarked (2) announced
(3) argued (4) suggested
743. Mrs. Hall was prepared to excuse the scientist's strange habits and _____ temper.
(1) irate (2) irritation
(3) irritable (4) irritate
744. This house _____ ten rooms.
(1) consists by (2) consisted with
(3) consists of (4) consist of

Directions (745–748) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

(SSC CHSL (10+2) LDC, DEO & PA/SA Exam, 20.12.2015
(1st Sitting) TF No. 9692918)

745. The speeding car _____ a man this morning.
(1) knocked down
(2) pushed out
(3) hit about
(4) hit out
746. Politics is the last _____ of scoundrels.
(1) resort (2) retort
(3) report (4) result

747. Take care _____ your health.
(1) of (2) about
(3) over (4) for
748. The terrorists made a vain attempt to _____ the bridge.
(1) blow over (2) blow up
(3) blow out (4) blow down

Directions (749–753) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

(SSC (10+2) Stenographer Grade 'C' & 'D' Exam, 31.01.2016
TF No. 3513283)

749. One who tries may fail but one who does not try never _____.
(1) succeeds (2) success
(3) prosper (4) gain
750. The lady _____ to be a close relative of ours.
(1) turned out (2) turned in
(3) turned up (4) turned about
751. We all have _____ the widowed girl.
(1) sympathy at
(2) sympathy for
(3) sympathy with
(4) sympathy of
752. They organized an event last month in _____ with another company.
(1) competition (2) collaboration
(3) connection (4) regulation
753. He _____ to help me and called me a fool.
(1) refused (2) denied
(3) offered (4) thought

Directions (754–758) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

(SSC (10+2) Stenographer Grade 'C' & 'D' Exam, 31.01.2016
TF No. 3513283)

754. One who tries may fail but one who does not try never _____.
(1) succeeds (2) success
(3) prosper (4) gain
755. The lady _____ to be a close relative of ours.
(1) turned out (2) turned in
(3) turned up (4) turned about
756. We all have _____ the widowed girl.

- (1) sympathy at
(2) sympathy for
(3) sympathy with
(4) sympathy of
757. They organized an event last month in _____ with another company.
(1) competition
(2) collaboration
(3) connection
(4) regulation
758. He _____ to help me and called me a fool.
(1) refused (2) denied
(3) offered (4) thought

Directions (759 – 763) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

(SSC CAPFS (CPO) SI, CISF ASI & Delhi Police SI Exam. 20.03.2016 1st sitting TF No. 3148585)

759. Some verbs need a _____ to convey the full meaning.
(1) complimentary
(2) complement
(3) component
(4) compliment
760. His profession is teaching but his _____ is photography.
(1) vacation (2) vocation
(3) vocative (4) avocation
761. The demonstration passed off without any _____.
(1) coincidence (2) accident
(3) incident (4) incidence
762. As the driver swerved violently at the turning, the wheel came off, as it was already _____.
(1) lose (2) lost
(3) loose (4) loss
763. He quarrelled with his boss, _____ of the consequences.
(1) confident (2) devoid
(3) heedless (4) weary

Directions (764–768) : Sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC CAPFs (CPO) SI & ASI, Delhi Police SI Exam. 20.03.2016 11nd sitting)

764. The Press is supposed to be a means of _____ between the government and the _____.
(1) communication; people
(2) help; society
(3) confrontation; terrorists
(4) propaganda; private sector

765. I _____ him for the post _____ he was very active.
(1) acknowledged; and
(2) admitted; but
(3) commended; even though
(4) recommended; because
766. The man was absorbed _____ his work.
(1) at (2) into
(3) with (4) in
767. You friends think you are conceited because you seem to _____ them.
(1) emulate (2) penalize
(3) patronize (4) cheat
768. He reads _____ that are _____ to his profession.
(1) weeklies ; appropriate
(2) papers; apparent
(3) periodicals; pertinent
(4) magazines; acceptable

Direction (769) : A sentence is given with blanks to be filled in with appropriate words. Four alternatives are suggested. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC CPO SI & ASI Online Exam. 05.06.2016 1st sitting)

769. Mr. Naimi, the chief secretary, was unceremoniously _____ after party's _____ defeat in general elections.
(1) exiled, predictable
(2) ousted, disastrous
(3) recommended, unexpected
(4) honoured, stuporous

Directions (770–771) : A sentence is given with blanks to be filled in with appropriate words. Four alternatives are suggested. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC CPO SI & ASI Online Exam. 05.06.2016 1st sitting)

770. The king plans to move the kingdom away from _____ domestic energy consumption, a change that will allow the Saudis to _____ oil exports in the years to come.
(1) extravagant; decrease
(2) wasteful; increase
(3) unnecessary; minimize
(4) substantial; moderate
771. I _____ his contribution to my book _____ it was substantial.
(1) admitted; although
(2) confessed to; but

- (3) debunked; and
(4) acknowledged; because
- Direction (772) : A sentence is given with blanks to be filled in with appropriate words. Four alternatives are suggested. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC CPO SI & ASI Online Exam. 05.06.2016 1st sitting)

772. He is _____ rich, yet he _____ about high taxes.
(1) obscenely; whines
(2) very; is careless
(3) newly; is calm
(4) not; worries

Directions (773) : A sentence is given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word. Four alternatives are suggested. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC CPO SI & ASI Online Exam. 05.06.2016 1st sitting)

773. A BBC reporter was _____ for what North Korea deemed a disrespectful portrayal of the country and its leader.
(1) welcomed (2) recognized
(3) celebrated (4) expelled

Directions : (774–779) : The following sentence is given with a blank to be filled in with an appropriate word. Four alternatives are suggested. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC CPO SI & ASI Online Exam. 05.06.2016 11nd sitting)

774. The minister has been _____ to the victims.
(1) selfish (2) liberal
(3) generous (4) rich
775. The members could not arrive at a _____ regarding the issue.
(1) judgement (2) action
(3) policy (4) consensus
776. As the weekend finally rolled around, the people were also too happy to laugh out the _____ away.
(1) memories (2) joys
(3) cares (4) struggles
777. The mission of this institution is to _____ young minds to explore their ability.
(1) catalyse (2) cackle
(3) circulate (4) combat
778. I am _____ on leave from tomorrow.
(1) escaping (2) running
(3) prospecting (4) proceeding
779. Losing a child is most people's worst _____.
(1) escaping (2) running
(3) prospecting (4) proceeding

- (1) nightmare (2) night school
(3) pride (4) pleasantry
Directions : (780-781) : The following sentence is given with a blank to be filled in with an appropriate word. Four alternatives are suggested. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC CPO SI & ASI Online Exam.
06.06.2016 1st sitting)

780. The burglar was _____ when he broke into the house and found himself surrounded by police officers.
(1) flabbergasted
(2) unimpressed
(3) bored
(4) unruffled

781. Appropriate manners are from society's _____ behaviour.
(1) system (2) style
(3) cannons (4) shrewd

- Directions : (782-784) : The following sentence is given with a blank to be filled in with an appropriate word. Four alternatives are suggested. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC CGL Tier-I (CBE)
Exam. 06.06.2016)

782. I appreciate my neighbour's _____ as she explained the reason for selling her house.
(1) candid (2) candour
(3) care (4) capacity

783. I was happy to receive my father's _____ books.
(1) dog face (2) dogleg
(3) dogging (4) dog-eared

784. _____ minds see new angles to everyday things.
(1) Dull (2) Creative
(3) Difficult (4) Realistic

- Directions (785-789) : In the following question, a sentence given with a blank has to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC CGL Tier-I (CBE)
Exam. 06.06.2016 (IInd Sitting))

785. He had wonderful gifts of _____, and spoke to the birds.
(1) uptight (2) folly
(3) insight (4) dullness

786. Rahul was surprised to see a _____ smile on Tarun's face.
(1) ugly (2) symbolic
(3) opaque (4) genuine

787. He completed all projects on time except for two of them, which he found too difficult to _____.
(1) embrace
(2) comprehend
(3) acknowledge
(4) discern

788. The mother looked _____ as her child began to walk much before the month prescribed by the doctors.
(1) astonishingly (2) predictably
(3) irately (4) menacingly

789. She was so _____ in her manner that he was mesmerised by her.
(1) deferential
(2) disputatious
(3) impertinent
(4) insolent

- Directions (790-794) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC (10+2) Stenographer Grade
'C' & 'D' Exam. 31.07.2016)

790. The specialist _____ you want to meet is available only on Thursdays.

- (1) whom (2) whose
(3) who (4) which

791. Do not look _____ on women.
(1) down (2) right
(3) left (4) up

792. I _____ him on this point.
(1) agreeing with
(2) agreed with
(3) admitted to
(4) agree to

793. The stranger _____ in through the window last night.
(1) creep (2) crept
(3) creeping (4) creeps

794. They _____ living here since 2000.
(1) have been (2) are
(3) will be (4) are still

- Directions (795-797) : The sentences given with blanks are to be filled with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. For each question, choose the correct alternative.

(SSC CGL Tier-I (CBE)
Exam. 27.08.2016 (1st sitting))

795. What a _____ holiday!
(1) momentous
(2) memorable

- (3) momentary
(4) immortal

796. Many important projects have reached the final stage of ____.

- (1) accomplishment
(2) initiation
(3) resolution
(4) implementation

797. _____ you live long!

- (1) Might (2) May
(3) Shall (4) Should

- Directions (798-801) : In each of these questions, a sentence is given with a blank to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four alternatives.

(SSC CGL Tier-I (CBE)
Exam. 27.08.2016 (IInd sitting))

798. The waiter hasn't brought the coffee _____. I've been here for an hour.

- (1) still (2) yet
(3) up (4) till

799. I always fall _____ old friends in times of need.

- (1) over (2) through
(3) back on (4) off

800. A person came in with a baby who, she said, _____ a safety pin.

- (1) swallowed
(2) just swallowed
(3) had just swallowed
(4) was just swallowing

801. The farmers suffered because the monsoon did not arrive _____ time.

- (1) at (2) by
(3) on (4) after

- Directions (802-804) : The sentences given with blanks are to be filled with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. For each question, choose the correct alternative.

(SSC CGL Tier-I (CBE)
Exam. 28.08.2016 (IInd sitting))

802. The passengers were afraid but the captain _____ them that there was no danger.

- (1) suggested (2) pleaded
(3) advise (4) assured

803. I insisted _____ his leaving the place.

- (1) on (2) about
(3) in (4) with

804. Please don't _____ me when I'm speaking.

- (1) interrupted (2) interrupts
(3) interrupt
(4) interrupting

Directions (805-807) : The sentences given with blanks are to be filled with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. For each question, choose the correct alternative.

(SSC CGL Tier-I (CBE)

Exam. 29.08.2016 (IInd sitting)

805. The clock has _____ for want of winding.

- (1) run down (2) run short
(3) run past (4) run up

806. Few people know that flowers use textures to _____ different kinds of insects.

- (1) signal (2) feel
(3) attract (4) distract

807. They abandoned their comrades _____ the wolves.

- (1) by (2) between
(3) on (4) among

Directions (808-810) : In the following questions, the sentences given with blanks are to be filled with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. For each question, choose the correct alternative.

(SSC CGL Tier-I (CBE)

Exam. 30.08.2016 (1st sitting)

808. What good fortune! I found the very thing I was _____!

- (1) looking in
(2) looking to
(3) looking besides
(4) looking for

809. The swimmer _____ his clothes and jumped into the river.

- (1) took off (2) took of
(3) took out (4) took down

810. I will _____ to Singapore next month.

- (1) be travelling (2) be travel
(3) travels (4) am travelled

Directions (811-813) : In the following questions, the sentences given with blank are to be filled with appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. For each question, choose the correct alternative.

(SSC CGL Tier-I (CBE)

Exam. 30.08.2016 (IInd sitting)

811. See me tomorrow without _____.

- (1) fails (2) failure
(3) fail (4) failing

812. Radium _____ rays that blind the eyes.

- (1) gives away (2) gives over
(3) gives up (4) gives off

813. You will have to work _____ you are in the office.

- (1) as long as (2) as good as
(3) as far as (4) so far as

Directions (814-816) : In the following questions, the sentences given with blanks are to be filled with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. For each question, choose the correct alternative.

(SSC CGL Tier-I (CBE)

Exam. 31.08.2016 (1st sitting)

814. He is _____ connected.

- (1) respectively (2) respective
(3) respectably (4) respectable

815. After retirement Surti lived _____ Australia.

- (1) in (2) at
(3) over in (4) over at

816. He _____ the low pay.

- (1) moan at
(2) complain about
(3) grumbled at
(4) ran after

Directions (817-819) : In the following questions, the sentences given with blanks are to be filled with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. For each question, choose the correct alternative.

(SSC CGL Tier-I (CBE)

Exam. 31.08.2016 (IInd sitting)

817. After a noisy and tumultuous supper, we _____ for the day.

- (1) retirement (2) retiring
(3) retired (4) retire

818. The villager cried _____ his voice for help.

- (1) on the top of
(2) in the top of
(3) from the top of
(4) at the top of

819. Simon teaches children _____ water colour painting.

- (1) the art on (2) the art in
(3) the art by (4) the art of

Directions (820-822) : In the following questions, the sentences given with blanks are to be filled with appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. For each question, choose the correct alternative.

(SSC CGL Tier-I (CBE)

Exam. 01.09.2016 (1st sitting)

820. Light is _____ than sound.

- (1) faster (2) more faster
(3) sounder (4) lighter

821. The man _____ for the purpose never did what was expected of him.

- (1) supplied (2) favoured
(3) employed (4) cited

822. There was a serious _____ between the two brothers.

- (1) altercation (2) alteration
(3) aberration (4) alliteration

Directions (823-825) : The sentences given with blanks are to be filled with appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. For each question, choose the correct alternative corresponding to it.

(SSC CGL Tier-I (CBE)

Exam. 01.09.2016 (IInd sitting)

823. The ship with its crew _____ gone to the bottom of the sea.

- (1) has (2) have
(3) are (4) none

824. The peon respectfully asked if he _____ go there.

- (1) may (2) might
(3) can (4) will

825. I know _____ certain that he has gone to England.

- (1) with (2) of
(3) by (4) for

Directions (826-828) : In the following questions, the sentences given with blanks are to be filled with appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. For each question, choose the correct alternative.

(SSC CGL Tier-I (CBE)

Exam. 02.09.2016 (1st sitting)

826. Never give your friends _____.

- (1) the cold arm
(2) the cold elbow
(3) the cold shoulder
(4) the cold hand

827. My mother upset the kettle of boiling water and _____ her hand.

- (1) scalded (2) scolded
(3) scorched (4) wounded

828. His writings are _____ mistakes.

- (1) brooded with (2) burst into
(3) replete with (4) boasted of

Directions (829-832) : In the following questions, fill in the blank(s) with suitable word(s) out of the four alternatives.

(SSC CGL Tier-I (CBE)

Exam. 02.09.2016 (IInd sitting)

829. Sid and Harsh are _____ unable to complete the task.

- (1) neither (2) either
(3) each (4) both

830. The examinee could guess _____ the answer correctly.

- (1) at (2) about
(3) through (4) to

831. Be _____ and always look to the comfort of others.

- (1) considerate (2) cautious
(3) considerable (4) consider

832. As usual, a lot of people were _____ in the king's darbar.

- (1) their (2) possess
(3) past (4) present

Directions (833–835) : The sentences given with blanks are to be filled with appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. For each question, choose the correct alternative corresponding to it.

(SSC CGL Tier-I (CBE)

Exam. 02.09.2016 (IInd sitting)

833. Children must be _____ to their parents.

- (1) obedient (2) obeying
(3) obey (4) obeyed

834. Every minister is _____ to the Parliament.

- (1) responsive
(2) response
(3) responsibility
(4) responsible

835. She had a _____ talk with her friend.

- (1) hard to hard
(2) heart to heart
(3) hard to heart
(4) heart to hard

Directions (836–838) : In the following questions, the sentences given with blanks are to be filled with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. For each question, choose the correct alternative.

(SSC CGL Tier-I (CBE)

Exam. 03.09.2016 (1st sitting)

836. The police is _____ on his activities.

- (1) keeping an eye
(2) keeping watchful eyes
(3) keeping both eyes
(4) keeping one eye

837. Are you _____ stamp collecting?

- (1) interested by
(2) interested in
(3) interested at
(4) interested about

838. Your report _____ my statement.

- (1) conforms (2) conforming
(3) confirms (4) comforting

Directions (839–841) : In the following questions, the sentences given with blanks are to be filled with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. For each question, choose the correct alternative.

(SSC CGL Tier-I (CBE)

Exam. 04.09.2016 (1st sitting)

839. Everything _____ carefully checked.

- (1) has been (2) have been
(3) are being (4) is been

840. I've _____ finished painting the house.

- (1) about (2) nearing
(3) towards (4) almost

841. She _____ made him angry.

- (1) have absolutely
(2) has certainly
(3) have certainly
(4) has absolutely

Directions (842–844) : In the following questions, the sentences given with blanks are to be filled with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. For each question, choose the correct alternative.

(SSC CGL Tier-I (CBE)

Exam. 06.09.2016 (1st Sitting)

842. Naresh made a fortune _____ buying and selling used cars.

- (1) at (2) by
(3) in (4) on

843. She has finished writing the article, _____

- (1) has she ? (2) isn't it ?
(3) hasn't she ? (4) is it ?

844. An animal species becomes _____ when its last existing member dies.

- (1) exist (2) existing
(3) extinct (4) extract

Directions (845–847) : The sentences given with blanks are to be filled with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. For each question, choose the correct alternative.

(SSC CGL Tier-I (CBE)

Exam. 07.09.2016 (1st sitting)

845. We can _____ see anything in the dim light.

- (1) badly (2) scarcely
(3) fairly (4) rather

846. Few countries can _____

India in variety, colour and the richness of dance forms.

- (1) compare (2) rival
(3) perform (4) prevail

847. The scheme allows students from different countries to communicate _____.

- (1) each other
(2) with each others
(3) themselves
(4) with one another

Directions (848–850) : In the following questions, the sentences given with blanks are to be filled with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. For each question, choose the correct alternative.

(SSC CHSL (10+2) Tier-I (CBE)

Exam. 08.09.2016 (1st sitting)

848. The starving man _____ able to walk.

- (1) can barely (2) were barely
(3) are barely (4) was barely

849. The new railway counter at Dwarka should _____ all travellers.

- (1) benefit (2) reward
(3) reserve (4) provide

850. My younger brother _____ my grandfather.

- (1) looks on (2) looks after
(3) looks to (4) looks of

Directions (851–853) : The sentences given with blanks are to be filled with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. For each question, choose the correct alternative.

(SSC CGL Tier-I (CBE)

Exam. 09.09.2016 (1st sitting)

851. We acted on a _____ impulse.

- (1) momentary (2) momentous
(3) memorable (4) meritorious

852. Do your best and we'll back you _____.

- (1) on (2) in
(3) out (4) up

853. Sanjay _____ his mother in the morning everyday.

- (1) calls in (2) calls up
(3) calls off (4) calls down

Directions (854–856) : The sentences given with blank are to be filled with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. For each question, choose the correct alternative corresponding to it.

(SSC CHSL (10+2) Tier-I (CBE)

Exam. 10.09.2016 (1st sitting)

854. Since last year his condition has been ____.

- (1) deteriorate.
(2) deteriorating.
(3) severely deteriorated.
(4) deterioratingly.

855. Most children remain _____ school between the ages of seven and ten.

- (1) in (2) under
(3) at (4) inside

856. The quake also _____ mud-slides on the outskirts of the city.

- (1) tempered (2) tampered
(3) erupted (4) triggered

Directions (857-859) : The sentences given with blanks are to be filled with an appropriate word. Four alternatives are suggested for each question. For each question, choose the correct alternative.

(SSC CGL Tier-I (CBE)

Exam. 11.09.2016 (1st sitting)

857. You are _____ common sense.

- (1) lacking of (2) devoid in
(3) devoid of (4) dull on

858. He ran so fast _____.

- (1) that he fell
(2) so he fell
(3) he fell
(4) that he is falling

859. The doctor has been _____ to attend to an urgent case.

- (1) called (2) called in
(3) called by (4) call over

Directions (860-864) : In each of the following questions, a sentence given with blanks is to be filled in with an appropriate word. Four alternatives are suggested for the question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC CGL Tier-II (CBE)

Exam. 30.11.2016)

860. With the amount of conflicts in the world, a Third World War is _____.

- (1) emanate (2) emanant
(3) eminent (4) imminent

861. The traditional way of saying that you feel fine is to say that you are _____.

- (1) alright (2) all correct
(3) all good (4) all right

862. The army has been _____ to be ready to control the floods.

- (1) alerted (2) warned
(3) awakened (4) wanted

863. The relation between the Indian P.M. and the U.S. President is perfectly _____.

- (1) excellent (2) smooth
(3) informed (4) cordial

864. Never _____ met any girl so beautiful.

- (1) have I (2) I have
(3) I had (4) did I

Directions (865-869) : In each of the following questions, a sentence given with blanks is to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for the question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC CGL Tier-II (CBE)

Exam. 01.12.2016)

865. _____ man standing in that corner is a police man in plain clothes.

- (1) Some (2) Any
(3) A (4) The

866. Eight cylinder engines are _____ that use great amount of petrol.

- (1) conveyances
(2) devices
(3) instruments
(4) apparatus

867. He would always be late with submission because he would _____ whatever he was supposed to do.

- (1) prevaricate
(2) procrastinate
(3) interrogate
(4) discriminate

868. He talked on and on _____.

- (1) ad infinitum
(2) voraciously
(3) hesitatingly
(4) ad interim

869. The order is _____ and you must abide by it, as there is not even the slightest chance of its being modified or withdrawn.

- (1) irretrievable
(2) irreparable
(3) irrevocable
(4) irreconcilable

Directions (870-874) : In the following questions, complete each sentence using the most appropriate word from the options given.

(SSC CAPFs SI, ASI Online

Exam. 18.12.2016)

870. The battalion operating from the mountain was able to _____ three enemy divisions.

- (1) tie up (2) tie down
(3) tie on (4) tie with

871. Once he has signed the agreement, he won't be able to _____.

- (1) back up (2) back in
(3) back it (4) back out

872. The passengers were afraid, but the captain _____ them that there was no danger.

- (1) promised (2) advised
(3) assured (4) counselled

873. I haven't seen you _____ a week.

- (1) within (2) since
(3) for (4) from

874. She _____ a brief appearance at the end of the party.

- (1) put on (2) put in
(3) put across (4) put up

Directions (875-877) : The sentences given with blanks are to be filled with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. For each question, choose the correct alternative.

(SSC CGL Tier-I (CBE)

Exam. 28.08.2016 (1st sitting)

875. One of the reasons the impressionists caused such a scandal was _____ their colours were too bright.

- (1) because of which
(2) due to
(3) because
(4) of

876. She must sometimes _____ to run away.

- (1) has wanted
(2) have wanted
(3) having want
(4) has want

877. The bank decided to _____ them the money as they were reliable clients.

- (1) let (2) lend
(3) borrow (4) lease

Directions (878-880) : In the following questions, the sentences given with blanks are to be filled with an appropriate word (s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. For each question, choose the correct alternative.

(SSC CGL Tier-I (CBE)

Exam. 29.08.2016 (1st sitting)

878. The aim of a Peace Council is _____ rather than cure.

- (1) salvation
(2) preservation
(3) maintenance
(4) cultivation

879. He gives everyone _____ the class opportunities for practice.

- (1) at (2) in
(3) of (4) on

880. Harish soon gained _____ in English.

- (1) provincialism
- (2) proficiency
- (3) efficiency
- (4) eminency

Directions (881-883) : In the following questions, the sentences given with blanks are to be filled with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. For each question, choose the correct alternative and choose the option corresponding to it.

(SSC CGL Tier-I (CBE)

Exam. 30.08.2016 (IIIrd sitting)

881. By a single mean act, he _____ out all his good deeds.

- (1) wiped (2) whipped
- (3) worked (4) whisked

882. I was conscious _____ a break in my voice.

- (1) to (2) of
- (3) over (4) for

883. The young woman broke _____ on hearing the news of her husband's death.

- (1) up (2) down
- (3) off (4) in

Directions (884-886) : In the following questions, the sentences given with blanks are to be filled with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. For each question, choose the correct alternative corresponding to it.

(SSC CGL Tier-I (CBE)

Exam. 31.08.2016 (IIIrd sitting)

884. Do not _____ your own personal views upon the reader.

- (1) expose (2) interpose
- (3) express (4) impose

885. This school isn't _____ from the last one.

- (1) more different
- (2) any different
- (3) difference
- (4) any difference

886. I have decided _____ my course of action.

- (1) upon (2) with
- (3) for (4) of

Directions (887-889) : In the following questions, the sentences given with blanks are to be filled with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. For each question, choose the correct alternative corresponding to it.

(SSC CGL Tier-I (CBE)

Exam. 01.09.2016 (IIIrd sitting)

887. She _____ him angrily because he made the floor dirty with his muddy shoes.

- (1) scold (2) scolds
- (3) scolded (4) scolding

888. He walked along the road wondering what _____ happened and where all the people had gone.

- (1) had (2) has
- (3) have (4) it

889. The criminal was _____ lest he should escape.

- (1) fetid (2) fettered
- (3) fettled (4) feted

Directions (890-892) : In the following questions, the sentences given with blanks are to be filled with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. For each question, choose the correct alternative.

(SSC CGL Tier-I (CBE)

Exam. 02.09.2016 (IIIrd sitting)

890. Legislation was passed to punish brokers who _____ their client's funds.

- (1) devastate (2) devour
- (3) defalcate (4) dawdle

891. His father was _____ the same business.

- (1) managing over
- (2) engaged in
- (3) endowed with
- (4) enlisted in

892. It is due to this lethargy that the plan fell _____

- (1) off (2) out
- (3) through (4) away

Directions (893-895) : The sentences given with blanks are to be filled with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. For each question, choose the correct alternative.

(SSC CGL Tier-I (CBE)

Exam. 03.09.2016 (IInd sitting)

893. He has no recommendations; he will _____ get the job.

- (1) however (2) whatsoever
- (3) whereas (4) whatever

894. Leaves _____ in autumn.

- (1) fall down (2) fall of
- (3) fall on (4) fall off

895. Each time he tried to climb the tree, he failed to do _____.

- (1) thus (2) then
- (3) so (4) this

Directions (896-898) : The sentences given with blanks are to be

filled with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. For each question, choose the correct alternative.

(SSC CGL Tier-I (CBE)

Exam. 03.09.2016 (IIIrd sitting)

896. The man was _____ his deafness.

- (1) rewarded for
- (2) cured of
- (3) convicted by
- (4) saved at

897. He is the talk _____

- (1) of the town
- (2) for the town
- (3) about the town
- (4) over the town

898. I _____ very much like to see my old classmates.

- (1) can (2) should
- (3) would (4) might

Directions (899-901) : The sentences given with blanks are to be filled with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. For each question, choose the correct alternative.

(SSC CGL Tier-I (CBE)

Exam. 04.09.2016 (IInd sitting)

899. A partial victory is sometimes all we can hope to _____.

- (1) gain (2) lose
- (3) suffer (4) reward

900. My father has been advised to _____ his smoking.

- (1) cut down (2) cut off
- (3) cut into (4) cut in

901. I had not expected to meet him; it was quite an _____ meeting.

- (1) organised (2) unique
- (3) accidental (4) intentional

Directions (902-904) : The sentences given with blanks are to be filled with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. For each question, choose the correct alternative corresponding to it.

(SSC CGL Tier-I (CBE)

Exam. 04.09.2016 (IIIrd sitting)

902. Pour the juice _____ the glass.

- (1) in (2) into
- (3) onto (4) on

903. I have been _____ this problem since noon.

- (1) working into
- (2) working on
- (3) working for
- (4) with after

904. Sushma has a deep _____ for drunkards.

- (1) hatred (2) hate
(3) hated (4) hating

Directions (905–907) : The sentences given with blanks are to be filled with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. For each question, choose the correct alternative.

(SSC CGL Tier-I (CBE)

Exam. 06.09.2016 (IIInd sitting)

905. One should always set _____ some money for emergency.

- (1) aside (2) on
(3) by (4) out

906. The train is expected to arrive in a few minutes _____ platform six.

- (1) in (2) above
(3) near (4) on

907. I haven't had _____ opportunity to study during the day.

- (1) very (2) many
(3) much (4) more

Directions (908–910) : The sentences given with blanks are to be filled with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. For each question, choose the correct alternative.

(SSC CGL Tier-I (CBE)

Exam. 06.09.2016 (IIIrd sitting)

908. Nothing is impossible _____ him.

- (1) in (2) about
(3) for (4) on

909. My relations _____ him are not friendly.

- (1) between (2) with
(3) to (4) for

910. George _____ to this country a year ago.

- (1) was coming (2) came
(3) is coming (4) comes

Directions (911–913) : The sentences given with blanks are to be filled with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. For each question, choose the correct alternative.

(SSC CGL Tier-I (CBE)

Exam. 07.09.2016 (IIInd sitting)

911. I cannot conceive of _____ accepting the post.

- (1) he (2) his
(3) him (4) he'll

912. The maestro's son has no taste _____ music.

- (1) about (2) with
(3) in (4) to

913. Rita promised to come but she never turned _____.

- (1) in (2) out
(3) down (4) up

Directions (914–916) : The sentences given with blanks are to be filled with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. For each question, choose the correct alternative corresponding to it.

(SSC CGL Tier-I (CBE)

Exam. 07.09.2016 (IIInd sitting)

914. I waited _____ the train arrived.

- (1) as (2) until
(3) since (4) after

915. He loves you _____ than me.

- (1) closer (2) nearer
(3) higher (4) more

916. The squadron leader ordered his men to _____ immediately.

- (1) fall in (2) fall out
(3) fall off (4) fall on

Directions (917–919) : The sentences given with blanks are to be filled with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. For each question, choose the correct alternative.

(SSC CGL Tier-I (CBE)

Exam. 08.09.2016 (IIInd sitting)

917. Due to heavy rains, the match was called _____.

- (1) of (2) off
(3) down (4) out

918. The Management gave us permission to _____ with the new curriculum.

- (1) go fixed (2) go about
(3) go ahead (4) go around

919. Mount Everest has earned the _____ distinction of being the world's highest garbage dump.

- (1) marked (2) disgusting
(3) dubious (4) dismal

Directions (920–922) : The sentences given with blanks are to be filled with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. For each question, choose the correct alternative corresponding to it.

(SSC CGL Tier-I (CBE)

Exam. 08.09.2016 (IIIrd sitting)

920. I like _____ in the sun.

- (1) laying (2) lay
(3) lie (4) lying

921. Please do not _____ an offer made by the Chairman.

- (1) deny (2) refuse
(3) refrain (4) refute

922. The clerk asked for my _____.

- (1) determination
(2) destiny
(3) destination
(4) designation

Directions (923–925) : The sentences given with blanks are to be filled with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. For each question, choose the correct alternative.

(SSC CGL Tier-I (CBE)

Exam. 09.09.2016 (IIInd sitting)

923. The director congratulated Mr. Varma _____ his success.

- (1) on (2) for
(3) at (4) about

924. The boys were _____ to hear that we were going to build a bridge.

- (1) delight (2) delights
(3) delighted (4) delighting

925. The revolting players and the game's administrators held _____ discussions to resolve the payment dispute.

- (1) unnecessary
(2) obligatory
(3) preliminary
(4) silent

Directions (926–928) : The sentences given with blanks are to be filled with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. For each question, choose the correct alternative corresponding to it.

(SSC CGL Tier-I (CBE)

Exam. 09.09.2016 (IIIrd sitting)

926. This is the wrong _____ to this question.

- (1) saying (2) style
(3) reaction (4) answer

927. The resort is _____ the lake.

- (1) from (2) has
(3) besides (4) beside

928. The life of a mosquito is _____, but very active.

- (1) long (2) passive
(3) brief (4) important

Directions (929–931) : The sentences given with blanks are to be filled with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. For each question, choose the correct alternative.

(SSC CGL Tier-I (CBE)

Exam. 10.09.2016 (IIInd sitting)

929. The king was moved with _____ for the beggar.

- (1) pity (2) piety
(3) pithy (4) privy

930. A big dictionary _____ the table near the door.

- (1) are on (2) is over
(3) is on (4) is up

931. Mr. Sen is absent today. He _____ sick.

- (1) has to be
(2) could have been
(3) might be
(4) must have been

Directions (932-934) : The sentences given with blanks are to be filled with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. For each question, choose the correct alternative corresponding to it.

(SSC CGL Tier-I (CBE)

Exam. 10.09.2016 (IInd sitting)

932. I hope you know that, once you have signed the contract, you will not be able to _____.

- (1) back in (2) back out
(3) back up (4) back at

933. Your opening paragraph should _____ the reader's attention.

- (1) attest (2) address
(3) attract (4) affect

934. When I visited him last evening we talked the matter _____.

- (1) through (2) away
(3) off (4) over

Directions (935-937) : The sentences given with blanks are to be filled with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. For each question, choose the correct alternative.

(SSC CGL Tier-I (CBE)

Exam. 11.09.2016 (IInd sitting)

935. The President will finally have a national memorial _____ his honour.

- (1) at (2) upon
(3) in (4) on

936. Cultural _____ is very important in international business.

- (1) sensibility (2) sensitivity
(3) smartness (4) susceptibility

937. We should first collect the funds and then _____ action.

- (1) plunge into (2) plunge onto
(3) plunge at (4) plunge in

Directions (938-940) : The sentences given with blanks are to be filled with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. For each question, choose the correct alternative.

(SSC CGL Tier-I (CBE)

Exam. 11.09.2016 (IInd sitting)

938. It is _____ university of excellence.

- (1) a (2) an
(3) also (4) one

939. They have not had much time for social activities and I have not _____.

- (1) done so (2) either
(3) also (4) gone

940. Food was packed, and they _____, a merry, delighted party.

- (1) went off (2) start off
(3) cut off (4) set off

Directions (941-943) : The sentences given with blanks are to be filled with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. For each question, choose the correct alternative.

(SSC CGL Tier-I (CBE)

Exam. 27.10.2016 (Ist sitting)

941. Hard working people always succeed whatever they do.

- (1) over (2) on
(3) with (4) in

942. I must..... my deficiency in English.

- (1) make out (2) makeup
(3) make after
(4) make beyond

943. He waited with breath for the door to open.

- (1) baited (2) bated
(3) beaten (4) bitten

Directions (944-950) : The sentences given with blanks are to be filled with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. For each question, choose the correct alternative.

(SSC CGL Tier-I (CBE)

Exam. 27.10.2016 (IInd sitting)

944. Virginia Woolf's novels continue to receive rave

- (1) purviews (2) feedback
(3) reviews (4) previews

945. His gambling will ruin him.

- (1) passion in
(2) passion for
(3) passion with
(4) passion of

946. Fortune him very often, such was his ill luck.

- (1) grinned at (2) imposed on
(3) eluded (4) grasped at

947. In the following question, the sentence is given with blank to be filled in with an appropriate

word. Select the correct alternative out of the four.

The department has _____ a complaint against Mr. Bakshi.

- (1) expressed (2) registered
(3) informed (4) noted

(SSC CHSL (10+2) Tier-I (CBE)
Exam. 15.01.2017 (IInd Sitting)

948. In the following question, the sentence is given with blank to be filled in with an appropriate word. Select the correct alternative out of the four.

He has a _____ interest in studying human psychology.

- (1) deep (2) wide
(3) vast (4) heavy

(SSC CHSL (10+2) Tier-I (CBE)
Exam. 15.01.2017 (IInd Sitting)

949. In the following question, the sentence is given with blank to be filled in with an appropriate word. Select the correct alternative out of the four.

I _____ to return by the 3rd of the month.

- (1) strategize (2) program
(3) plan (4) project

(SSC CHSL (10+2) Tier-I (CBE)
Exam. 16.01.2017 (IInd Sitting)

950. In the following question, the sentence is given with blank to be filled in with an appropriate word. Select the correct alternative out of the four.

His success is worthy of ____.

- (1) copying (2) aping
(3) simulation (4) emulation

(SSC CHSL (10+2) Tier-I (CBE)
Exam. 16.01.2017 (IInd Sitting)

Directions (951-955) : In each of the following questions, a sentence is given with blank to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for the question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

(SSC CGL Tier-II (CBE)

Exam. 12.01.2017)

951. The gate _____ by the watchman on duty.

- (1) opened
(2) was opened
(3) were opened
(4) was opening

952. The king was _____ while he was addressing his subjects.

- (1) murdered
(2) executed
(3) assassinated
(4) exterminated

953. Her parents will never give their _____ to such an unsuitable match.
 (1) acquiescence
 (2) consent
 (3) agreement
 (4) willingness
954. The authorities would not _____ to the strikers' demands.
 (1) accept (2) accede
 (3) accession (4) access
955. They are so _____, they could not put up a tent properly, while camping.
 (1) red (2) white
 (3) blue (4) green
- Directions (956-965) : In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word. Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.
- (SSC Multi-Tasking Staff Exam. 30.04.2017 (1st Sitting))
956. The river abounds _____ fish and crocodiles.
 (1) with (2) of
 (3) at (4) on
957. The auditor was asked to _____ the accounts.
 (1) count (2) check
 (3) spot (4) cheque
958. Every student had to abide _____ the rules and regulations of the hostel.
 (1) in (2) by
 (3) against (4) with
959. Coventry is _____ Birmingham.
 (1) nearby (2) next
 (3) beside (4) near
960. The err is _____, to forgive divine.
 (1) human (2) natural
 (3) kindness (4) humane
961. The village is _____ Sheffield (in England). It's only six miles away.
 (1) by (2) near
 (3) before (4) along
962. Karen sat at the table _____ a newspaper.
 (1) writing (2) fidgeting
 (3) looking (4) reading
963. Two _____ were sent to garri-son the town.
 (1) armies (2) regimes
 (3) troops (4) regiments

964. The Ambassador was better _____ than the other delegates.
 (1) thoughtful
 (2) presentable
 (3) bred (4) prepared
965. He aimed the blow _____ my left eye
 (1) in (2) at
 (3) from (4) to

ANSWERS

1. (4)	2. (2)	3. (3)	4. (4)
5. (1)	6. (1)	7. (4)	8. (4)
9. (3)	10. (4)	11. (1)	12. (2)
13. (4)	14. (2)	15. (2)	16. (2)
17. (1)	18. (2)	19. (2)	20. (1)
21. (2)	22. (1)	23. (1)	24. (3)
25. (4)	26. (4)	27. (4)	28. (4)
29. (1)	30. (4)	31. (3)	32. (2)
33. (2)	34. (4)	35. (1)	36. (1)
37. (3)	38. (4)	39. (2)	40. (4)
41. (4)	42. (3)	43. (3)	44. (2)
45. (2)	46. (3)	47. (2)	48. (1)
49. (3)	50. (2)	51. (4)	52. (2)
53. (2)	54. (3)	55. (3)	56. (1)
57. (2)	58. (2)	59. (1)	60. (3)
61. (4)	62. (1)	63. (4)	64. (2)
65. (1)	66. (2)	67. (2)	68. (4)
69. (4)	70. (3)	71. (3)	72. (4)
73. (2)	74. (3)	75. (4)	76. (2)
77. (2)	78. (3)	79. (4)	80. (3)
81. (4)	82. (2)	83. (1)	84. (2)
85. (3)	86. (2)	87. (3)	88. (4)
89. (4)	90. (4)	91. (2)	92. (4)
93. (1)	94. (4)	95. (1)	96. (2)
97. (3)	98. (3)	99. (2)	100. (3)
101. (3)	102. (4)	103. (4)	104. (4)
105. (4)	106. (3)	107. (2)	108. (3)
109. (4)	110. (2)	111. (4)	112. (4)
113. (1)	114. (3)	115. (2)	116. (1)
117. (3)	118. (1)	119. (4)	120. (2)
121. (4)	122. (4)	123. (4)	124. (3)
125. (1)	126. (4)	127. (3)	128. (1)
129. (2)	130. (4)	131. (3)	132. (3)
133. (2)	134. (4)	135. (2)	136. (4)
137. (3)	138. (2)	139. (2)	140. (2)
141. (2)	142. (4)	143. (2)	144. (3)
145. (2)	146. (3)	147. (2)	148. (3)
149. (2)	150. (3)	151. (4)	152. (1)
153. (3)	154. (2)	155. (2)	156. (1)
157. (1)	158. (4)	159. (2)	160. (4)

161. (1)	162. (2)	163. (1)	164. (2)
165. (3)	166. (2)	167. (4)	168. (4)
169. (1)	170. (4)	171. (3)	172. (1)
173. (2)	174. (3)	175. (1)	176. (3)
177. (1)	178. (1)	179. (3)	180. (3)
181. (2)	182. (1)	183. (1)	184. (2)
185. (3)	186. (3)	187. (2)	188. (4)
189. (1)	190. (3)	191. (1)	192. (2)
193. (3)	194. (4)	195. (1)	196. (3)
197. (3)	198. (3)	199. (1)	200. (4)
201. (3)	202. (3)	203. (2)	204. (4)
205. (3)	206. (2)	207. (3)	208. (3)
209. (1)	210. (2)	211. (1)	212. (2)
213. (2)	214. (4)	215. (2)	216. (4)
217. (3)	218. (2)	219. (2)	220. (4)
221. (3)	222. (3)	223. (2)	224. (4)
225. (3)	226. (3)	227. (3)	228. (1)
229. (2)	230. (4)	231. (2)	232. (1)
233. (1)	234. (3)	235. (4)	236. (2)
237. (3)	238. (2)	239. (2)	240. (1)
241. (2)	242. (1)	243. (2)	244. (1)
245. (2)	246. (2)	247. (4)	248. (1)
249. (1)	250. (3)	251. (3)	252. (1)
253. (2)	254. (4)	255. (2)	256. (1)
257. (1)	258. (1)	259. (3)	260. (3)
261. (4)	262. (4)	263. (2)	264. (1)
265. (4)	266. (4)	267. (1)	268. (4)
269. (3)	270. (2)	271. (4)	272. (2)
273. (4)	274. (2)	275. (2)	276. (1)
277. (4)	278. (3)	279. (1)	280. (1)
281. (4)	282. (4)	283. (2)	284. (1)
285. (2)	286. (3)	287. (1)	288. (1)
289. (4)	290. (3)	291. (1)	292. (3)
293. (3)	294. (3)	295. (1)	296. (4)
297. (1)	298. (4)	299. (2)	300. (1)
301. (1)	302. (4)	303. (2)	304. (4)
305. (2)	306. (3)	307. (3)	308. (3)
309. (4)	310. (4)	311. (2)	312. (3)
313. (2)	314. (3)	315. (2)	316. (2)
317. (4)	318. (3)	319. (3)	320. (2)
321. (3)	322. (4)	323. (2)	324. (3)
325. (2)	326. (4)	327. (3)	328. (4)
329. (2)	330. (3)	331. (1)	332. (1)
333. (2)	334. (4)	335. (1)	336. (1)
337. (3)	338. (2)	339. (4)	340. (3)
341. (3)	342. (4)	343. (4)	344. (3)
345. (1)	346. (4)	347. (4)	348. (1)
349. (3)	350. (3)	351. (1)	352. (4)
353. (4)	354. (4)	355. (2)	356. (3)
357. (4)	358. (4)	359. (4)	360. (3)

361. (2)	362. (4)	363. (3)	364. (3)
365. (1)	366. (2)	367. (4)	368. (2)
369. (3)	370. (4)	371. (3)	372. (1)
373. (1)	374. (1)	375. (2)	376. (4)
377. (3)	378. (4)	379. (3)	380. (2)
381. (3)	382. (2)	383. (3)	384. (3)
385. (3)	386. (4)	387. (3)	388. (4)
389. (2)	390. (1)	391. (1)	392. (3)
393. (4)	394. (2)	395. (2)	396. (3)
397. (2)	398. (2)	399. (3)	400. (2)
401. (3)	402. (3)	403. (4)	404. (2)
405. (2)	406. (2)	407. (4)	408. (1)
409. (1)	410. (4)	411. (3)	412. (4)
413. (2)	414. (3)	415. (1)	416. (2)
417. (4)	418. (4)	419. (2)	420. (1)
421. (3)	422. (4)	423. (4)	424. (4)
425. (2)	426. (4)	427. (2)	428. (3)
429. (2)	430. (2)	431. (3)	432. (1)
433. (4)	434. (3)	435. (4)	436. (2)
437. (3)	438. (4)	439. (2)	440. (1)
441. (2)	442. (1)	443. (4)	444. (2)
445. (3)	446. (1)	447. (1)	448. (3)
449. (3)	450. (2)	451. (2)	452. (3)
453. (3)	454. (3)	455. (2)	456. (4)
457. (1)	458. (4)	459. (4)	460. (3)
461. (4)	462. (4)	463. (4)	464. (4)
465. (4)	466. (2)	467. (4)	468. (4)
469. (2)	470. (4)	471. (3)	472. (2)
473. (3)	474. (4)	475. (2)	476. (2)
477. (1)	478. (2)	479. (1)	480. (2)
481. (3)	482. (1)	483. (1)	484. (2)
485. (3)	486. (1)	487. (3)	488. (4)
489. (3)	490. (4)	491. (1)	492. (3)
493. (2)	494. (3)	495. (1)	496. (1)
497. (4)	498. (2)	499. (1)	500. (4)
501. (2)	502. (4)	503. (1)	504. (4)
505. (4)	506. (4)	507. (1)	508. (2)
509. (1)	510. (4)	511. (4)	512. (2)
513. (1)	514. (3)	515. (2)	516. (3)
517. (4)	518. (3)	519. (3)	520. (4)
521. (1)	522. (2)	523. (3)	524. (4)
525. (1)	526. (2)	527. (2)	528. (2)
529. (2)	530. (1)	531. (1)	532. (1)
533. (3)	534. (1)	535. (3)	536. (1)
537. (3)	538. (4)	539. (1)	540. (2)
541. (1)	542. (4)	543. (2)	544. (2)
545. (4)	546. (3)	547. (1)	548. (4)
549. (2)	550. (4)	551. (1)	552. (2)
553. (2)	554. (4)	555. (4)	556. (4)
557. (3)	558. (3)	559. (2)	560. (4)
561. (4)	562. (1)	563. (2)	564. (3)

565. (4)	566. (1)	567. (1)	568. (4)
569. (1)	570. (4)	571. (1)	572. (4)
573. (1)	574. (3)	575. (4)	576. (2)
577. (2)	578. (1)	579. (2)	580. (3)
581. (2)	582. (2)	583. (3)	584. (2)
585. (3)	586. (2)	587. (1)	588. (2)
589. (1)	590. (2)	591. (2)	592. (1)
593. (2)	594. (3)	595. (4)	596. (3)
597. (1)	598. (2)	599. (4)	600. (3)
601. (2)	602. (4)	603. (3)	604. (4)
605. (4)	606. (2)	607. (4)	608. (4)
609. (4)	610. (4)	611. (2)	612. (3)
613. (2)	614. (4)	615. (3)	616. (2)
617. (4)	618. (3)	619. (1)	620. (4)
621. (2)	622. (4)	623. (2)	624. (4)
625. (1)	626. (4)	627. (2)	628. (3)
629. (2)	630. (2)	631. (3)	632. (3)
633. (3)	634. (4)	635. (2)	636. (3)
637. (4)	638. (3)	639. (3)	640. (4)
641. (1)	642. (2)	643. (2)	644. (4)
645. (1)	646. (1)	647. (2)	648. (3)
649. (3)	650. (1)	651. (1)	652. (1)
653. (2)	654. (1)	655. (3)	656. (3)
657. (1)	658. (1)	659. (1)	660. (3)
661. (3)	662. (2)	663. (3)	664. (4)
665. (1)	666. (4)	667. (1)	668. (2)
669. (3)	670. (1)	671. (3)	672. (4)
673. (3)	674. (4)	675. (4)	676. (2)
677. (1)	678. (1)	679. (1)	680. (4)
681. (2)	682. (1)	683. (2)	684. (1)
685. (4)	686. (1)	687. (2)	688. (1)
689. (4)	690. (2)	691. (4)	692. (1)
693. (1)	694. (2)	695. (2)	696. (3)
697. (4)	698. (2)	699. (1)	700. (2)
701. (4)	702. (2)	703. (2)	704. (3)
705. (2)	706. (4)	707. (1)	708. (4)
709. (1)	710. (4)	711. (1)	712. (2)
713. (1)	714. (2)	715. (2)	716. (1)
717. (2)	718. (1)	719. (2)	720. (2)
721. (3)	722. (3)	723. (2)	724. (3)
725. (*)	726. (1)	727. (1)	728. (3)
729. (4)	730. (2)	731. (4)	732. (1)
733. (2)	734. (4)	735. (2)	736. (3)
737. (2)	738. (4)	739. (2)	740. (3)
741. (1)	742. (1)	743. (3)	744. (3)
745. (1)	746. (1)	747. (1)	748. (2)
749. (1)	750. (1)	751. (2)	752. (2)
753. (1)	754. (1)	755. (1)	756. (2)
757. (2)	758. (1)	759. (2)	760. (2)
761. (3)	762. (3)	763. (3)	764. (1)

765. (4)	766. (4)	767. (1)	768. (3)
769. (2)	770. (2)	771. (4)	772. (1)
773. (4)	774. (3)	775. (4)	776. (3)
777. (1)	778. (4)	779. (1)	780. (1)
781. (3)	782. (2)	783. (4)	784. (2)
785. (3)	786. (4)	787. (2)	788. (1)
789. (1)	790. (1)	791. (1)	792. (2)
793. (2)	794. (1)	795. (2)	796. (4)
797. (2)	798. (2)	799. (3)	800. (3)
801. (3)	802. (4)	803. (1)	804. (3)
805. (1)	806. (3)	807. (4)	808. (4)
809. (1)	810. (1)	811. (3)	812. (4)
813. (1)	814. (3)	815. (1)	816. (3)
817. (3)	818. (4)	819. (4)	820. (1)
821. (3)	822. (1)	823. (1)	824. (2)
825. (4)	826. (3)	827. (1)	828. (3)
829. (4)	830. (1)	831. (1)	832. (4)
833. (1)	834. (4)	835. (2)	836. (1)
837. (2)	838. (3)	839. (1)	840. (4)
841. (2)	842. (2)	843. (3)	844. (3)
845. (2)	846. (2)	847. (4)	848. (4)
849. (1)	850. (2)	851. (1)	852. (4)
853. (2)	854. (2)	855. (3)	856. (3)
857. (3)	858. (1)	859. (2)	860. (4)
861. (4)	862. (1)	863. (4)	864. (1)
865. (4)	866. (2)	867. (2)	868. (1)
869. (3)	870. (2)	871. (4)	872. (3)
873. (3)	874. (2)	875. (3)	876. (2)
877. (2)	878. (2)	879. (2)	880. (2)
881. (1)	882. (2)	883. (2)	884. (4)
885. (2)	886. (1)	887. (3)	888. (1)
889. (2)	890. (3)	891. (2)	892. (3)
893. (1)	894. (4)	895. (3)	896. (2)
897. (1)	898. (3)	899. (1)	900. (1)
901. (3)	902. (2)	903. (2)	904. (1)
905. (1)	906. (4)	907. (3)	908. (3)
909. (2)	910. (2)	911. (2)	912. (3)
913. (4)	914. (2)	915. (4)	916. (1)
917. (2)	918. (3)	919. (3)	920. (4)
921. (2)	922. (4)	923. (1)	924. (3)
925. (3)	926. (4)	927. (4)	928. (3)
929. (1)	930. (3)	931. (3)	932. (2)
933. (3)	934. (4)	935. (3)	936. (2)
937. (1)	938. (1)	939. (2)	940. (4)
941. (4)	942. (2)	943. (2)	944. (3)
945. (2)	946. (3)	947. (2)	948. (1)
949. (3)	950. (4)	951. (2)	952. (3)
953. (3)	954. (2)	955. (4)	956. (1)
957. (2)	958. (3)	959. (4)	960. (4)
961. (2)	962. (4)	963. (4)	964. (4)
965. (2)			

EXPLANATIONS

1. (4) revealed (Verb) : caused to be seen ; shown
exposed (Verb) : made visible
Here, revealed is the right usage.
2. (2) poured (Verb) : served a drink
Here, poured is the right usage.
3. (3) extravagance (Noun) : the habit of spending more money than you can afford or than is necessary
penury (Noun) : poverty
flamboyance (Noun) : showiness
arrogance (Noun) : overbearing pride
ebullience (Noun) : the quality of being full of confidence, energy and good humour
Here, extravagance is the right usage.
4. (4) shirker (Noun) : a person who avoids doing something he should do, especially because he is too lazy
Here, shirker is the right usage.
5. (1) grotesque (Adj.) : extremely ugly in a strange way that is often frightening
exquisite (Adj.) : extremely beautiful or carefully made
beatific (Adj.) : showing great joy and peace
cumbersome (Adj.) : large and heavy
Here, grotesque is the right usage.
6. (1) refute (Verb) : to prove that something is wrong
rebuttal (Verb) : to speak in an angry and critical way
revoke (Verb) : to cancel something officially so that it may no longer be valid.
Here, refute is the right usage.
7. (4) vociferously (Adv.) : in a loud and confident manner
meted out (Phr.V) : gave a punishment
voraciously (Adv.) : in a way that involves eating or wanting a large amount of food
spasmodically (Adv.) : not regularly or continuously
Here, vociferously is the right usage.
8. (4) indiscriminately (Adv.) : without thinking about the results of the action, especially when this causes people to be harmed
Here, indiscriminately is the right usage.
9. (3) acknowledge (Verb) : to tell somebody that you have received something that he sent to you
accept (Verb) : to take willingly
Here, acknowledge is the right usage.
10. (4) irrespective of (Prep.) : without considering something or being influenced by it ; regardless of
Here, irrespective is the right usage.
11. (1) muse over (Verb) : to think carefully about something for a time, ignoring what is happening around you
Here, musing is the right usage.
12. (2) any (Det.) : used with Uncountable Plural Nouns in Negative Sentences
Here, any is the right usage.
13. (4) and (Conj.) : used for joining words or a group of words or independent clauses without a contrast
Here, and is the right usage.
14. (2) catch up (Verb) : to reach the same level or standard as somebody who is ahead of you
Here, catch up is the right usage.
15. (2) Only one of the boys (Subject) is Singular. It will agree with a Singular Verb. So, has will be used
Here, has is the right usage.
16. (2) outcome (Noun) : the result or effect of an action or event.
Here, outcome is the right usage.
17. (1) avail (Verb) : to make use
avail goes with Prep. of
avail of : to make use of
Here, of ; in - is the right usage.
18. (2) This structure uses a Past Tense form to talk about the Present or Future. So, acted is the right usage.
19. (2) The action is showing a Past Progressive Tense. So, were sleeping is the right usage.
20. (1) restore (Verb) : to bring back to former position, place or condition
revive (Verb) : to make something start being used or done again
Here, restore is the right usage.
21. (2) The sentence is in Indirect Speech showing Past time. So, Past Perfect Tense will be used.
Here, had escaped is the right usage.
22. (1) hold on to something (Idiom) : to maintain a grip on something
Here, on is the right usage.
23. (1) The sentence is in Indirect Speech showing Past Time. So, Past Perfect Tense will be used
Here, had come is the right usage.
24. (3) remittance (Noun) : payment made for something
honorarium (Noun) : a payment made for somebody's professional services
subscription (Noun) : a fee that you pay regularly to belong to or support an organisation
allowance (Noun) : an amount of money that is given to someone regularly
Here, subscription is the right usage.
25. (4) expert ; current is the right usage
26. (4) bring out (Phr.V.) : to lay stress; to make something clear
bring about (Phr. V.) : to cause to take place
bring in (Phr.V.) : introduce ; include
bring forth (Phr.V.) : to give birth to; to bear (fruit)
Here, bring out is the right usage.
27. (4) The structure of such sentences is as follows :
the + comparative ____ + the + comparative.
Here, the higher your bill will be is the right usage.
28. (4) progeny (Noun) : a person's children ; the young of animals and plants
ancestry (Noun) : family background
pedigree (Noun) : family background

- Here, progeny is the right usage.
29. (1) in (Prep.) is used for indicating a location or place
Here, in is the right usage.
30. (4) The adjective with two words joined by the hyphen is called a Compound Adjective.
When we have a Compound Adjective using numbers + a time period, the word referring to a time period is in Singular form and is joined to the number with a hyphen.
Here, eight-century-old is the right usage.
31. (3) As there is comparison between two, Comp. Deg. will be used.
Here, the smaller of them is the right usage.
32. (2) In Indirect speech, a question becomes an Assertive Sentence.
Here, she lived is the right usage.
33. (2) must be (Aux.V.) : used for showing that you are very surprised at what somebody has just said
supposed to be (Idiom) : expected or intended to do something
Here, must be is the right usage.
34. (4) The sentence is a Conditional Sentence with if-clause at the beginning.
Its formation will be as follows : if-clause (Past Perfect), Main Clause (could + have + Past + Participle)
Here, could have been is the right usage.
35. (1) either (Adverb) : used for indicating a similarity or link with a statement just made ; likewise; also used after negative clauses
Here, isn't either is the right usage.
36. (1) In a positive statement, the question tag is negative. The sentence is in Simple Future Tense
Here, won't it is the right usage.
37. (3) yours (Pronoun) % of or belonging to you.
It is the second person Possessive Pronoun replacing your + Noun.
Here, yours is the right usage.
38. (4) In a negative sentence, the question tag is positive.
Here, need they is the right usage.
39. (2) indifferent (Adjective) : uninterested
It agrees with Prep.-to
Here, to is the right usage.
40. (4) accession (Noun) : the attainment of a dignity or rank
It agrees with Prep.-to
Here, to is the right usage.
41. (4) indignant (Adjective) % feeling or showing anger at something unjust or wrong.
It agrees with at (Prep.)
Here, at is the right usage.
42. (3) The sentence is in Subjunctive Mood beginning with the if-clause.
The Verb will be in Past Tense and Plural
Here, were is the right usage.
43. (3) The structure of the sentence is as follows :
the + comparative.... + the + comparative
Here, the higher is the right usage.
44. (2) When a Noun precedes (comes before) a Gerund, that Noun takes a possessive form.
In this case, possessive form for Elizabeth Barrett is her.
Here, her marrying is the right usage.
45. (2) not ____ either is used after a negative sentence
Here, Mexico doesn't either is the right usage.
46. (3) rely on (Phr. V.): to depend on
Here, relies is the right usage.
47. (2) The sentence is in Indirect speech showing Past time. So, Past Perfect Tense will be used
Here, had left is the right usage.
48. (1) for all (Idioms) % despite; in spite of
Here, wealth, miser is the right usage.
49. (3) one another (Pro.) : used when you are saying that each member of a group does something to or for the other people in the group
one another and each other are Reciprocal Pronouns.
i Bob and Tom were quarrelling with each other.
- i The three winners congratulated one another.
Here, one another is the right usage.
50. (2) put something in something (Idiom) % to spend a lot of time or make a lot of effort doing something.
Here, in is the right usage.
51. (4) however (Adjective) : in whatever way
Here, however is the right usage.
52. (2) Singular form is used with Compound Adjectives using numbers and hyphen.
Here, a 17-year-old is the right usage.
53. (2) and (Conj.) : also ; in addition to.
Here, and is the right usage.
54. (3) go down (Phr. V.) : to fall to the ground ; to become lower ; to be written in something ; to be recorded or remembered in something
go by (Phr. V.) : (of time) to pass; to be guided by something; to form an opinion from something
go on (Phr. V.) : (of time) to pass; continues without changing ; continue speaking, often a short pause
go through (Phr. V.) : to look at or examine something carefully; to experience or suffer something
Here, go down is the right usage.
55. (3) are to be ranked is the right usage.
The sentence is in Passive Voice
56. (1) stress (Verb) : to emphasize a fact, an idea, etc.
Here, stressing is the right usage.
57. (2) watching is the Direct Object of the Verb-enjoy
Here, watching is the right usage.
58. (2) troupe (Noun) : a group of actors, singers, etc. who work together
troop (Noun) : group of soldiers
band (Noun) : a small group of musicians who play popular music together, often with a singer or singers

- gang (Noun) : a group of trouble-makers, criminals, prisoners, etc.
Here, troupe is the right usage.
59. (1) with (Prep.) is used with reconcile
reconcile (Verb) : to make oneself or another no longer opposed
Here, with is the right usage.
60. (3) Here, is elected is the right usage.
61. (4) expelled (Verb) : forced to leave an organisation
rejected (Verb) : refused to accept (an application for a job)
evicted (Verb) : put out (a tenant) from a property by legal process
Here, expelled is the right usage.
62. (1) Here, colourful is the right usage.
63. (4) Here, living is the right usage.
64. (2) put off (Phr. V.) : to delay ; postpone
put in (Phr. V.) : to make a formal offer of ; to introduce (in a conversation)
put away (Phr. V.) : to discard
put out (Phr. V.) : to extinguish
Here, put off is the right usage.
65. (1) doubtful (Adj.) : undecided ; suspicious ; unsure ; uncertain
unlikely (Adj.) : not likely; not likely to occur (happen)
unsure (Adj.) : uncertain of the facts
When if is used in a sentence, we will use doubtful.
Here, doubtful is the right usage.
66. (2) benign (Adj.) : harmless ; not dangerous to life
malignant (Adj.) : dangerous to life ; harmful
Here, benign is the right usage.
67. (2) recover (Verb) : to regain after illness, a setback or a shock, etc.
recover agrees with Prep.-from
Here, from is the right usage.
68. (4) expect (Verb) : to look forward to the probable occurrence
wish (Verb) : to want or desire
hope (Verb) : to wish for a particular event that one considers possible
- Hope can be used in the Passive in the form it is hoped that...
Here, expect is the right usage.
69. (4) watching is the Direct Object of the Verb-enjoy.
Here, watching is the right usage.
70. (3) When Singular Subjects are antecedents of that, the sentence takes a Singular Verb.
willing cooperation is a Singular Subject.
Here, brings is the right usage.
71. (3) The sentence is in Indirect Speech Past time. So, Past Perfect Tense will be used.
Here, had deposited is the right usage.
72. (4) The sentence expresses a longer action in the Past (Hamid, living) before another action (came to visit).
So, Past Perfect Continuous Tense had been living is the right usage.
73. (2) $\frac{\text{shortly (Adv.)}}{\text{briefly (Adv.)}}$: in a few words
Use briefly to say that something lasts or is done for a short time or told in a few words.
shortly is an old-fashioned use.
Here, briefly is the right usage.
74. (3) since is followed by a Verb in the Past Tense
Here, came is the right usage.
75. (4) who is which is used for talking about distinguishing one person or thing from another.
Here, who is which is the right usage.
76. (2) Simple Past Tense will be used
Here, discussed is the right usage.
77. (2) being is the Present Participle of the Verb-to be. So, being discussed is the right usage.
78. (3) The sentence is showing Past time. So, Past Perfect Tense will be used.
Here, have her tooth removed is the right usage.
79. (4) at one time (Idiom) : at a period or moment in the Past. So, Simple Past Tense-owned is the right usage.
80. (3) enough (Adj.) : used after an
- Adj. to say that someone has as much of a quality as is needed.
a to-Infinitive is used after enough
grudgingly (Adv.) : unwillingly; reluctantly
Here, sensible enough not to is the right usage.
81. (4) consciousness (Adj.) : the state of being conscious
conscience (Noun) : a sense of right and wrong that urges one to act morally
conscientious (Adj.) : involving or taking great care
conscious (Adj.) : alert and awake
Here, consciousness is the right usage.
82. (2) put off (Phr. V.) : to delay ; postpone
put up (Phr. V.) : to engage in ; to erect
put on (Phr. V.) : to add ; to clothe oneself with
Here, off is the right usage.
83. (1) those (Pro.) is the right usage.
84. (2) Expressions of distance take a Singular Verb.
Here, is is the right usage.
85. (3) An Adverbial Time - marker takes Present Perfect Continuous Tense
Here, has been repairing is the right usage.
86. (2) compliment agrees with Prep.-on.
Here, on is the right usage.
87. (3) sensitive (Adj.) : readily or excessively affected by external influences
Here, sensitive is the right usage.
88. (4) cater for (Phr.V.) : to provide for or care for something
cater (Verb) : to provide what is required or desired ; to attend to the needs of
cater to (Phr. V.) : to provide for something in bad way
Here, for is the right usage.
89. (4) bring down (Phr. V.) : to cause to fall
bring up (Phr. V.) : mention; to introduce into discussion
bring on (Phr. V.) : to cause to appear
Here, down is the right usage.

90. (4) The situation is unreal and in the Past, Past Perfect-had worked has been used in the Conditional Clause. So, would have + Verb would have scored is the right usage.
91. (2) Satisfy agrees with Prep.-with.
Here, with is the right usage.
92. (4) professional (Adj.) is the right usage.
93. (1) As the Subject (Ram) is Singular, the Verb will also be in Singular
along with (Phr.v.) : together with someone
It modifies the earlier word (Ram) which is Singular
Here, was watching is the right usage.
94. (4) in connection with (Idiom): for reasons connected with somebody or something
with regard to (Idiom) : concerning someone or something
with reference to (Idiom) : used for saying what you are talking or writing about
Here, in connection with is the right usage.
95. (1) put up with (Phr. V.) : to accept somebody or something that is annoying, unpleasant, etc. without complaining ; tolerate
Here, up is the right usage.
96. (2) accused (Verb) : said that somebody has done something wrong
condemned (Verb) : expressed/very strong disapproval of
charged (Verb) : accused of doing something wrong (publicly)
Here, accused is the right usage.
97. (3) which (Pro.) : used in questions for asking somebody to be exact about one or more people or things from a limited number
Here, which is the right usage.
98. (3) ulterior (Adj.) : that somebody keeps hidden and does not admit
posterior (Adj.) : at the back of something
interior (Noun) : the inside part of something
exterior (Noun) : the outside of something
Here, ulterior is the right usage.
99. (2) conscientious (Adj.) : taking care to do things carefully and correctly
Here, conscientious is the right usage.
100. (3) atone (Verb) : to act in a way that shows you are sorry for doing something wrong in the past.
atone takes the Preposition-for
Here, for is the right usage.
101. (3) We use get used to doing to talk about the process of something becoming normal for us. Such expressions are followed by Gerunds
Here, to driving is the right usage.
102. (4) The structure of the sentence is as follows:
Past Perfect (Had — told),
would have + Past Participle (attended)
Here, would have attended is the right usage.
103. (4) conducive (Adj.): tending to cause or bring something about when it is most positive (placed after the word modified), it is followed by to (Prep.).
Here, to is the right usage.
104. (4) kennel (Noun) : shelter for a dog
burrow (Noun) : house of a rabbit or mole
coop (Noun) : house for poultry
stable (Noun) : house of horses
Here, Kennel is the right usage.
105. (4) since (Conj) : continuously from or starting from the time when
Here, since is the right usage.
106. (3) weather (Noun) : the condition of the atmosphere at a particular place and time
climate (Noun) : the regular pattern of weather conditions of a particular place
Here, weather is the right usage.
107. (2) obdurate (Adj.): refusing to change your mind or your actions in any way; stubborn
peripatetic (Adj.): going from place to place (in order to work)
tenacious (Adj) : that does not stop holding something or give up something easily; determined
persuasive (Adj) : able to make somebody believe something or do something
Here, obdurate is the right usage.
108. (3) fall back on (Phr. V.) : to go to somebody for support
fall over (Phr. V.) : to suddenly stop standing; to hang down
fall through (Phr. V.) % not to be completed, or not to happen
fall off (Phr. V.) : to decrease in quantity or quality
Here, back on is the right usage.
109. (4) pitch (Verb) % to erect; set up a encamp
grounded (Verb) : to place on the ground
installed (Verb) : to place in position and prepare for use
Here, pitched is the right usage.
110. (2) Here, route (Noun) is the right usage.
111. (4) hold back (Phr. V.) : to retain one's control
hold on (Phr.V.) : to maintain one's grip
hold with (Phr. V.) : to agree with
hold down (Phr. V.) : to limit
Here, back is the right usage.
112. (4) pleased (Verb) agrees with Prep.-with
Here, with is the right usage.
113. (1) desire (Noun) agrees with Prep.-for
Here, for is the right usage.
114. (3) arrive on time : arrive exactly at the correct time
Here, on is the right usage.
115. (2) settle down (Phr. V.) : to start in order to have a quieter way of life
settle on (Phr. V.) : to choose or make a decision about something after thinking about it
Here, down is the right usage.
116. (1) desirous (Adj.) : having a wish for something; wanting something; desirous agrees with Prep.-of
Here, of is the right usage.

117. (3) different (Adj.) : not the same as somebody
 strange (Adj.): unusual
 separate (Adj.) : different; not connected (used before Nouns)
 divergent (Adj.) : different (of opinions, views, etc.)
 Here, different is the right usage.
118. (1) expect (Verb) : to think or believe that something will happen
 Here, expect is the right usage.
119. (4) couple with (Phr. V.) : to link one thing, situation, etc. to another
 Here, coupled is the right usage.
120. (2) sung is the right usage.
121. (4) stethoscope (Noun) : an instrument used by a doctor for listening to somebody's heart and breathing
 horoscope (Noun) : a forecast of a person's future, based on the relative portion of the stars and planets.
 microscope (Noun) : an optical instrument used for viewing very small objects.
 telescope (Noun) : an optical instrument designed to make distant objects appear nearer.
 Here, stethoscope is the right usage.
122. (4) remarkable (Adj.) : unusual or surprising in a way that causes people to take notice ; astonishing
 exposition (Noun) : a full explanation of a theory, plan, etc.
 brevity (Noun) : the quality of using a few words while speaking or writing
 clarity (Noun) : the quality of being expressed clearly
 conspicuous (Adj.) : easy to see or notice
 incomprehensible (Adj.) : impossible to understand
 Here, remarkable is the right usage.
123. (4) Socialist (Noun) : a country governed by a party that believes that everyone has an equal right to a share of a country's wealth and that the government should own and control the main industries

- capitalist (Noun) : an investor of capital in business, especially one having a major financial interest in an important enterprise
 revisionist (Noun) : a person who wants to change a political system, especially Marxism, because he does not agree with its main ideas or practices
 populist (Noun) : a person who believes in or supports a type of politics that claims to represent the opinions and wishes of ordinary people
 Sovereign (Adj.) : a country free to govern itself
 Democratic (Adj.) : a country controlled by representatives who are elected by the people of a country
 Republic (Noun) : a country that is governed by a President and politicians elected by the people
 Here, socialist is the right usage.
124. (3) Unless is used instead of if not in Conditional Sentences.
 If you do not work hard, you won't be able to clear even the preliminaries
 Here, Unless is the right usage.
125. (1) Here, profit (Noun) is the right usage.
126. (4) deficient (Adj.) : not having enough of something, especially, something that is essential
 It agrees with in (Prep.)
 Here, in is the right usage.
127. (3) complaining → of → He was complaining of a severe headache
 The prepositions that the following words take are:
 suffering → from → He was suffering from fever.
 experiencing → He is experiencing a lean period.
 afflicting → His stomach ache was very afflicting.
 Here, complaining is the right usage.
128. (1) elicit (Verb) : to get information or reaction from somebody
 provoke (Verb) : to cause a particular reaction or have a particular effect

- command (Verb) : order
 infer (Verb) : to reach an opinion or decide that something is true on the basis of information that is available
 Here, elicit is the right usage.
129. (2) The sentence is Conditional, in Past Perfect Tense. In this case the structure will be as follows :
 Past Perfect (had-taken) would + have + Past Participle (got)
 Here, would have is the right usage.
130. (4) In Conditional Sentences, if the Main Clause is in Simple Future Tense, the Conditional Clause will be in Simple Present Tense
 Here, arrives is the right usage.
131. (3) The sentence is Affirmative, in Past Tense. So, Negative Tag will be used. As there is no Auxiliary, did will be used.
 Here, didn't he ? is the right usage.
132. (3) When the Subject initiates the action, Relative Pronoun-who will be used.
 Here, who is the right usage.
133. (2) The structure of the sentence is as follows :
 It is time + Past Subjunctive
 It is time + Past Subjunctive expresses that something should be done and that it is already a bit late.
 Here, went is the right usage.
134. (4) walk is a Noun. So Gerund + for-going for is the right usage.
135. (2) check (Verb) : control
 Here, check is the right usage.
136. (4) cut off (Phr. V.) : to interrupt somebody who is speaking on the telephone by breaking the connection
 hang up (Adj.) : delayed or detained for a time
 Here, cut off is the right usage.
137. (3) Here, a lot of is the right usage.
138. (2) live by (Phr.V.) : to follow a particular belief or set of principles
 live on (Phr. V.) : to continue to live; to eat a particular type of food to live; to have enough money for the basic things you need to live

- live with (Phr. V.) : to accept something unpleasant
Here, by is the right usage.
139. (2) When a Singular Noun is connected with another Noun by using with, the Verb is Singular
Here, was is the right usage.
140. (2) The Conditional Clause is in Simple Present Tense.
Hence, would be is the right usage.
141. (2) took out (Phr. V.) : obtained an official document or service
took up (Phr. V.) : picked up, began to occupy, gathered from a number of sources
took in (Phr. V.) : allowed somebody to stay in your home
took over (Phr. V.) : replaced something
Here, took out is the right usage.
142. (4) The structure of the sentence is as follows :
In the as + Object (anything) + been + Past Participle (done) ?
Here, has anything been done is the right usage.
143. (2) scratch (Verb) : to cut or damage your skin slightly with something sharp
While is used for saying that two longer actions go on at the same time. So, Simple Past Tense will be used.
Here, scratched is the right usage.
144. (3) approve (Verb) takes Prep. of
Here, of is the right usage.
145. (2) None is the Negative word in this sentence. Hence, the Question Tag will be Positive.
Here, was it ? is the right usage.
146. (3) warned (Verb) takes Prep. against
Here, against is the right usage.
147. (2) laugh about (Idiom) : to chuckle or giggle loudly about someone or something
Here, about is the right usage.
148. (3) If the first Subject is Singular, the Verb will be Singular
Here, is is the right usage.
149. (2) In this sentence, the means or method (electricity) is indicated. So, by is the right usage.
150. (3) cut down (Phr. V.) : to reduce the size, amount or number of something
cut off (Phr. V.) : to interrupt somebody and stop him from speaking;
to stop the supply
cut out (Phr. V.) : to stop doing;
to block something; to omit
cut away (Phr. V.) : to remove something from something by cutting
Here, down is the right usage.
151. (4) ride the high horse (Idiom) : behave in a way that shows you are better than other people
Here, high is the right usage.
152. (1) a (Indef. Art.) is the right usage. U gives a consonant sound.
153. (3) The structure of the sentence is as follows :
It is possible + that + Pro. + might
↓ ↓ ↓ ↓
She feared + that + she + might + Verb
↓
fail.
Here, might fail is the right usage.
154. (2) The structure of the sentence is as follows :
He I have known him
↓ ↓ ↓
Subject Aux.V. Main.V.
for a long time. (Present Perfect Tense)
Here, have known is the right usage.
155. (2) to smell a rat (Idiom) : to have suspicion
to cut a sorry figure (Idiom) : to be ashamed
to turn a new leaf (Idiom) : to reform and begin again
to blow hot and cold (Idiom) : to change one's mind
Here, to smell a rat is the right usage.
156. (1) The sentence is Negative. So, the Question Tag will be Positive.
Here, was it ? is the right usage.
157. (1) Here, to fill (Inf. with to) is the right usage.
158. (4) Here, mustn't have done is the right usage.
159. (2) to (Prep.). Is used for indicating the place, person, or thing that someone or something moves toward, or the direction of something
Here, to is the right usage.
160. (4) metamorphosis (Noun) : transformation
Here, metamorphosis is the right usage.
161. (1) cognizance (Noun) : notice.
take cognizance of (Idiom) : to notice or give attention to
Here, of is the right usage.
162. (2) whoever (Pro.) : any person who
Here, whoever is the right usage.
163. (1) wither (Verb) : to become less
waver (Verb) : to become weak or unsteady
dither (Verb) : to hesitate about what to do because you are unable to decide
Here, wither is the right usage.
164. (2) accountable (Adj.) : responsible for your decisions or actions
Here, for is the right usage.
165. (3) didn't is the right Auxiliary to be used with used to.
Here, didn't he ? is the right usage.
166. (2) from (Prep.) is used for expressing that something comes from something else
Here, from is the right usage.
167. (4) factual (Adj.) : based on or containing facts
factitious (Adj.) : not genuine but made to appear to be true
fictional (Adj.) : not real or true; existing only in stories
Here, factual is the right usage.
168. (4) of the essence (Idiom) : necessary and very important
Here, of is the right usage.
169. (1) Simple Past Tense (short action) is used with Past Continuous Tense (long action)
In the following sentence we have two actions :
1. long action → washing my face (Past Continuous Tense)
2. short action → crept (Past Tense)
Here, crept is the right usage.
170. (4) As the Subject (our city) is Singular, Singular Verb-was is the right usage.
171. (3) Present Perfect Tense have known will be used.
Here, known is the right usage.

201. (3) In accordance with (Idiom) : to a rule or the way that somebody says that something should be done
In lieu of (Idiom) : instead of
With regard to (Idiom) : concerning somebody or something
On account of (Idiom) : because of
Here, In accordance with is the right usage.
202. (3) Although (Conj.) : though; used for introducing a statement that makes the main statement in a sentence seem surprising
Here, Although is the right usage.
203. (2) contemporary (Adj.) : belonging to the present time.
archaic (Adj.) : old and no longer used.
foreign (Adj.) : in or from a country that is not your own
Here, contemporary is the right usage.
204. (4) Past Perfect Tense-would have left is the right usage.
205. (3) disabled (Adj.) : unable to use a part of your body completely or easily because of a physical illness, an injury, etc.
disadvantaged (Adj.) : not having the things, such as education, or enough money, that people need in order to succeed in life; deprived
discouraged (Adj.) : feeling less confident
despised (Adj.) : to dislike and have no respect for somebody
Paralympics (Noun) : an International Athletic Competition for people who are disabled
Here, disabled is the right usage.
206. (2) heir (Noun) : a person who has the legal right to receive somebody's property, money or title when that person dies
Here, heir is the right usage.
207. (3) stewardess (Noun) : a female flight attendant
Here, how to fasten the seat belt is the right usage.
208. (3) In such sentences, the Perfect Inf. (to have + Past Participle) will be used.
Here, to have heard is the right usage.

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| <p>253. (2) brisk (Adj.) : quick
Here, brisk is the right usage.</p> <p>254. (4) excessive (Adj.) : greater than what seems reasonable or appropriate
Here, excessive is the right usage.</p> <p>255. (2) determination (Noun) : the quality that makes one to continue trying to do something even when this is difficult
Here, determination is the right usage.</p> <p>256. (1) overwhelming (Adj.) : very great; so powerful that you cannot resist or decide how to react
Here, over whelming is the right usage.</p> <p>257. (1) characteristics (Noun) : a typical feature or quality that something or somebody has
Here, characteristics is the right usage.</p> <p>258. (1) turn up (Phr. V.) : to arrive or show up at an appointed or expected time or place
Here, up is the right usage.</p> <p>259. (3) put out (Phr. V.) : to extinguish; to stop something from burning
put off (Phr. V.) : postpone
Here, out is the right usage.</p> <p>260. (3) write down (Phr. V.) : to write something on paper
Here, down is the right usage.</p> <p>261. (4) go through (Phr. V.) : to look at or examine something carefully; to study or consider something in detail
Here, through is the right usage.</p> <p>262. (4) render (Verb) : to give help to somebody
Here, render is the right usage.</p> <p>263. (2) Singular Verb-is is the right usage.</p> <p>264. (1) unsavoury (Adj.) : unpleasant or offensive; not considered morally acceptable
Here, unsavoury is the right usage.</p> <p>265. (4) Simple Past Tense-slept is the right usage.</p> <p>266. (4) themselves the Reflexive form of they will be used. It emphasizes the Plural Subject (the bare mountains)
Here, themselves is the right usage.</p> <p>267. (1) Here, notice of is the right usage.
take notice of: paying attention to somebody/something</p> | <p>268. (4) ability (Noun) agrees with Prep.-in.
Here, in is the right usage.</p> <p>269. (3) The sentence is in Present Perfect Tense. Hence, hasn't been is the right usage.</p> <p>270. (2) advice (Uncountable Noun) : suggestion
some is used with an Uncountable Noun
Here, some is the right usage.</p> <p>271. (4) Point of time is evident. Hence, since is the right usage.</p> <p>272. (2) keep on (Phr. V.) : to continue
keep off (Phr. V.) : to avoid eating; to avoid mentioning a particular subject
Here, on is the right usage.</p> <p>273. (4) turn down (Phr. V.) : to refuse to consider an offer, a proposal etc.
turn off (Phr. V.) : to stop listening to
Here, down is the right usage.</p> <p>274. (2) confide (Verb) : to tell somebody secrets and personal information that you do not want other people to know
confide in/to (Phr. V.) → both can be used.
Here, to is the right usage.</p> <p>275. (2) compare (Verb) agrees with Prep-to
Here, to is the right usage.</p> <p>276. (1) prevail on somebody to do something : to persuade somebody to do something
Here, on is the right usage.</p> <p>277. (4) harness (Verb) : to control and use the force or strength of something to produce power or to achieve something
Here, harness is the right usage.</p> <p>278. (3) composed (Verb) : wrote music
Here, composed is the right usage.</p> <p>279. (1) deceptive (Adj.) : misleading
Here, deceptive is the right usage.</p> <p>280. (1) Here, confide (Verb) is the right usage.</p> <p>281. (4) Here, compulsorily (Adv.) is the right usage.</p> <p>282. (4) congratulate (Verb) : agrees with Prep.-on
Here, on is the right usage.</p> | <p>283. (2) eradicate (Verb) : to destroy or get rid of something completely
eradicate agrees with Prep.-from
Here, from is the right usage.</p> <p>284. (1) reward (Noun) : an amount of money that is offered to somebody for helping the police
Here, reward is the right usage.</p> <p>285. (2) Possessive Pronoun their will be used with Gerund (coming)
Here, their is the right usage.</p> <p>286. (3) turned up (Phr. V.) : arrived
Here, turned up is the right usage.</p> <p>287. (1) lately (Adv.) : in the recent past; recently
Here, lately is the right usage.</p> <p>288. (1) Present Perfect Continuous Tense (have been trying) is the right usage.</p> <p>289. (4) spouse (Noun) : a husband or wife
Here, spouses is the right usage.</p> <p>290. (3) beside (Prep.) : next to; at the side of
Here, beside is the right usage.</p> <p>291. (1) Nominative Case (I) is the right usage.</p> <p>292. (3) blow (Noun) : a sudden event which has damaging effects on somebody, causing sadness or disappointment.
blow agrees with to (Prep.)
Here, to is the right usage.</p> <p>293. (3) melting (Verb) is the right usage.</p> <p>294. (3) call for (Phr. V.) : ask for
Here, for is the right usage.</p> <p>295. (1) jubilant (Adjective) : expressing joy
Here, jubilant is the right usage.</p> <p>296. (4) get at (Phr. V.) : to learn or find out something
Here, at is the right usage.</p> <p>297. (1) carry out (Phr. V.) : to do and complete a task
Here, out is the right usage.</p> <p>298. (4) Prep.-in
Here, in is the right usage.</p> <p>299. (2) of (Prep.) is used for indicating the reason for something
Here, of is the right usage.</p> <p>300. (1) meet (Verb) is the right usage.
make both ends meet (Idiom) : to earn enough money to be able to buy the things you need</p> |
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| <p>301. (1) speak of (Phr. V.) : to be evident that something exists or is present
speak for (Phr. V.) : to state the views or wishes of a person or a group
Here, speak of is the right usage.</p> <p>302. (4) bring out (Phr. V.) : to make something appear
bring about (Phr. V.) : to make something happen; cause
Here, bring out is the right usage.</p> <p>303. (2) Here, for (Prep.) is the right usage.</p> <p>304. (4) Past Perfect Tense (had asked) is the right usage.</p> <p>305. (2) take advantage of (Idiom) : achieve a selfish goal by exploiting ; profit selfishly by
Here, advantage is the right usage.</p> <p>306. (3) Here, of (Prep.) is the right usage.</p> <p>307. (3) clear up (Phr. V.) : to make something more clear; to explain something
Here, cleared up is the right usage.</p> <p>308. (3) some is used in Positive Sentences
Here, some advice is the right usage.</p> <p>309. (4) Here, by (Prep.) is the right usage.</p> <p>310. (4) The sentence expresses a continuous Action in the Present Time. Hence, is being is the right usage.</p> <p>311. (2) take advantage of (Idiom) : to make use of an opportunity
Here, take is the right usage.</p> <p>312. (3) turn out to be (Idiom) : to be discovered to be
Here, turned out is the right usage.</p> <p>313. (2) myth (Noun) : something that many people believe but that does not exist or is false
lie (Noun, Verb) : to say or write something that you know is not true; a statement made by somebody knowing that it is not true
Here, myth is the right usage.</p> <p>314. (3) The structure of the sentence will be as follows :
Had I saved money, I would have
 ↓ ↓ ↓
Past Perfect Tense would have</p> | <p>purchased a
↓
Past Participle
Here, would have purchased is the right usage.</p> <p>315. (2) reappear (Verb) : to appear again
Here, reappear is the right usage.</p> <p>316. (2) make way (Idiom) : to allow somebody/something to pass
Here, way is the right usage.</p> <p>317. (4) put off (Phr. V.) : postpone; to change something to a later time or date
Here, put off is the right usage.</p> <p>318. (3) Here, had finished (Past Perfect Tense) is the right usage.</p> <p>319. (3) too precedes an Adverb (Carefully)
Here, too is the right usage.</p> <p>320. (2) common (Adj) : shared by or belonging to two or more people or by the people in a group
Here, common is the right usage.</p> <p>321. (3) good at something : able to do something well
Here, at is the right usage.</p> <p>322. (4) Here, energetic (Adj) is the right usage.</p> <p>323. (2) Here, of; in (Prep) is the right usage.</p> <p>324. (3) Here, in (Prep.) is the right usage.</p> <p>325. (2) Here, are manufactured Plural-Passive Voice is the right usage.</p> <p>326. (4) stationery (Noun) : materials (such as paper, pencil, pen, etc.) that are used for writing or typing
stationary (Adj) : not moving; staying in one place or position
Here, stationery is the right usage.</p> <p>327. (3) much (Det; Pro.) : used with Uncountable Nouns, Questions and Negative Sentences.
Here, much is the right usage.</p> <p>328. (4) Here, far is the right usage.</p> <p>329. (2) whose (Det. Pro.) : used for showing which person or thing you are talking about
Here, whose is the right usage.</p> <p>330. (3) root out (Phr. V.) : to find out the thing that is causing a problem and remove or get rid of it.
Here, rooted is the right usage.</p> | <p>331. (1) Here, of (Prep.) is the right usage.</p> <p>332. (1) speak of (Phr. V.) : to speak about someone or something
speak about (Phr. V.) : to mention or discuss someone or something
Here, of is the right usage.</p> <p>333. (2) gregarious (Adj.) : sociable; liking to be with other people
Here, gregarious is the right usage.</p> <p>334. (4) submit (Verb) agrees with to (Prep.)
Here, to is the right usage.</p> <p>335. (1) assure (Verb) agrees with of (Prep.)
Here, of is the right usage.</p> <p>336. (1) sullen (Adj.) : bad – tempered and not speaking
elated (Adj.) : very happy and excited
Here, sullen is the right usage.</p> <p>337. (3) explicit (Adj.) : clear and easy to understand
expletive (Noue) : a word, especially a rude word, that you use when you are angry, or in pain
implicate (Verb) : to show or suggest
implicit (Adj.) : suggested without being directly expressed.
Here, explicit is the right usage.</p> <p>338. (2) Here, out on is the right usage.</p> <p>339. (4) draft (Noun) : a rough written version of something that is not yet in its final form
Here, draft is the right usage.</p> <p>340. (3) commensurate (Adjective): matching something in size, importance, quality, etc.
Here, with is the right usage.</p> <p>341. (3) care about (Phr. V.) : to feel that something is important and worth worrying about
Here, about is the right usage.</p> <p>342. (4) neither (Adv.) : used for showing that a negative statement is also true of somebody/ something else
Here, neither is the right usage.</p> <p>343. (4) Passive Voice will be used.
Hence, would be given is the right usage.</p> <p>344. (3) whose (Det., Pro.) : used for saying which person or thing you mean
Here, whose is the right usage.</p> |
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345. (1) Inf. without to-complete is the right usage.
346. (4) of which (Pronoun) : used for being exact about the thing that you mean
Here, of which is the right usage.
347. (4) unless (Conj.) : except under the circumstances that; used for saying that something can only happen or be true in particular circumstances
Here, unless is the right usage.
348. (1) sorry agrees with about (Prep.) and a Gerund.
Here, about coming is the right usage.
349. (3) pride (Noun) : a feeling of pleasure or satisfaction that you get when you or people who are connected with you have done something well or own something that other people admire
Here, pride is the right usage.
350. (3) Here, had to is the right usage.
351. (1) could (Mod. Aux. V.) : used for expressing an ability in the past
Here, could is the right usage.
352. (4) Here, unless (Conj.) is the right usage.
353. (4) nobody (Pro.) : no one; none
Here, nobody is the right usage.
354. (4) hit (Verb) → Past Form → hit
Here, hit is the right usage.
355. (2) weather (Noun) : the condition of the atmosphere at a particular place and time, such as temperature, and if there is wind, rain, sun, etc.
climate (Noun) : the regular pattern of weather conditions of a particular place
Here, weather is the right usage.
356. (3) In spite of (Idiom) : despite; without being prevented by; not stopped by
Here, In spite of is the right usage.
357. (4) to (Prep.) is used with junior
Here, to is the right usage.
358. (4) Here, been to is the right usage.
359. (4) Here, one of the best is the right usage.
360. (3) Here, such a large is the right usage.
361. (2) Here, a fool is the right usage.
362. (4) pass by (Phr. V.) : proceed past something
Here, passed by is the right usage.
363. (3) Here, survived (Verb) is the right usage.
364. (3) Here on (Prep.) is the right usage.
365. (1) Here, discovered (Verb) is the right usage.
366. (2) lend (Verb) : to give something or allow someone to use something that belongs to you, which he has to return to you later
Here, lend is the right usage.
367. (4) Here, on (Prep.) is the right usage.
368. (2) Here, the (Def. Art.) is the right usage.
369. (3) none (Pro.) : not any
Here, had none (Simple Past Tense) is the right usage.
370. (4) The structure of the sentence is as follows :
I want you to tell me the truth.
↓ ↓ ↓
Verb Object Inf. Structure
Here, you to tell is the right usage.
371. (3) Here, his father is the right usage.
372. (1) Here, the enemy is the right usage.
373. (1) at (Prep.) goes with good (Adj.)
Here, at is the right usage.
374. (1) Here, earns (Verb) is the right usage.
375. (2) Here, from (Prep.) is the right usage.
376. (4) The structure of the sentence is as follows :
Auxiliary Subject Verb
↓ ↓ ↓
Did the child fall
(S. Pr.)
Rest of the sentence
↓
from the chair ?
Here, fall is the right usage.
377. (3) Here, want (Verb) in Simple Present Tense is the right usage.
378. (4) subsequent (Adj.) : happening or coming after something else
consequent (Adjective) : happening as a result of something
Here, subsequent is the right usage.
379. (3) Here, begins is the right usage.
originates (Verb) : to happen or appear for the first time in a particular place or situation
380. (2) Here, to shower (Inf. with to) is the right usage.
381. (3) Here, in (Prep.) is the right usage.
382. (2) to make a polite request could is used
Here, could is the right usage.
383. (3) Here may get good marks is the right usage.
384. (3) many (Adj.) is used with Countable Nouns.
Here, many is the right usage.
385. (3) Here, the (Def. Art.) is the right usage.
386. (4) and (Conj.) : also; in addition to
Here, and is the right usage.
387. (3) Here, stopped (Verb) is the right usage.
388. (4) Here, only (Adv.) is the right usage.
389. (2) Here, many more : an even greater amount
Here, many more is the right usage.
390. (1) Here, who (Rel. Pro.)
Here, who is the right usage.
391. (1) even though (Idiom) : despite the fact or belief that ; no matter whether
Here, even though is the right usage.
392. (3) Here, on (Prep.) is the right usage.
393. (4) Here, for (Prep.) is the right usage.
394. (2) huddle (Verb) : to gather closely together, usually because of cold or fear
muddle (Verb) : to put things in the wrong order or mix them up
Here, huddle is the right usage.
395. (2) Comparison of equality as Adj./Adv. as will be used
Here, as comfortable as is the right usage.
396. (3) no matter how (Idiom) : used for saying that something is always true, whatever the situation is, or that somebody should certainly do something
Here, no matter how is the right usage.
397. (2) conducive (Adj.) : making it easy, possible or likely for something to happen; helpful; favourable
conductive agrees with to (Prep.)
Here, to is the right usage.

398. (2) go through (Phr. V.) : to look at or examine something carefully; to study or consider something in detail
Here, go through is the right usage.
399. (3) let (Verb) : permission
let is followed by an Object (us) and an Inf. without to (go)
Here, go early is the right usage.
400. (2) annoyed (Verb) agrees with, with Prep.-with.
Here, with me is the right usage.
401. (3) angry (Adj.) takes Prep.- with
Here, with is the right usage.
402. (3) An will be used with Australian (Vowel Sound)
A will be used with European (Consonant Sound)
Here, An/a is the right usage.
403. (4) perfect (Adj.) : having everything that is necessary; complete and without weaknesses
- | | | |
|----------|----------------|--------------------|
| Positive | Comparative | Superlative |
| good | better | (the) best |
| airy | airier | (the) airiest |
| cheap | cheap | (the) cheapest |
| perfect | (more) perfect | (the most) perfect |
- Here, perfect is the right usage.
404. (2) Here, in (Prep.) is the right usage.
405. (2) Here, in (Prep.) is the right usage.
406. (2) look at (Idiom) : to examine something closely
Here, at is the right usage.
407. (4) tirade (Noun) : a long angry speech criticizing somebody or something or accusing somebody of something
regimen (Noun) : a set of rules about food and exercise of medical treatment that you follow in order to stay healthy or to improve your health
remission (Noun) : a period during which a serious illness improves for a time and the patient seems to get better
Here, tirade is the right usage.
408. (1) incredible (Adj.) : unbelievable
credulous (Adj.) : too ready to believe things and therefore easy to trick
incredulous (Adj.) : not willing or not able to believe something
credible (Adj.) : that can be believed or trusted
- creditable (Adj.) : praiseworthy
Here, incredible/credulous is the right usage.
409. (1) Here, friendly (Adjective) : is the right usage.
410. (4) thrilled (Adj.) : very excited and pleased
thriving (Verb) : flourishing; being successful
Here, thrilled is the right usage.
411. (3) Here, nor is the right usage.
Neither ... nor are Correlatives.
412. (4) Here to (Prep.) is the right usage.
413. (2) heal (Verb) : to cure somebody who is ill/sick
Here, heal is the right usage.
414. (3) Here between (Prep.) is the right usage
It is used for referring to two things which are clearly separated.
415. (1) Here, at (Prep.) is the right usage.
416. (2) rise (Verb) : to move up; to stand up; to increase
raise (Verb) : to lift; to become bigger; to develop; to bring about
Here, rise is the right usage.
417. (4) Here, was perfected' (Passive Voice) is the right usage.
418. (4) The Subject (a number of refugees) → Plural
Hence, Verb (have) → Plural, is the right usage.
419. (2) take over (Phr. V.) : to begin to have control of something.
420. (1) Here, interesting (Adj.) is the right usage.
421. (3) Here, over (Prep.) is the right usage.
422. (4) accomplished (Adj.) : skilled.
Here, accomplished is the right usage.
423. (4) Here, heavily (Adv.) is the right usage.
424. (4) hand over (Phr. V.) : to give something to someone else.
Here, over is the right usage.
425. (2) Here, is (Singular Verb) is the right usage.
426. (4) Here, with; into (Prep.) is the right usage.
427. (2) get rid of (Idiom) : to remove something that you do not want any longer
Here, of is the right usage.
428. (3) Here, with (Prep.) is the right usage.
429. (2) prude (Noun) : a person who is easily shocked by nude things (connected with sex)
Here, prude is the right usage.
430. (2) bare your soul (Idiom) : to tell somebody your deepest and most private feelings
Here, bare is the right usage.
431. (3) Here, for (Prep.) is the right usage.
432. (1) Here, between (Prep.) is the right usage.
It is used for referring to two things.
433. (4) part from (Idiom) : to leave somebody
part with (Idiom) : to leave something
Here, from is the right usage.
434. (3) Here, isn't it is the right usage.
435. (4) Here, There is the right usage.
436. (2) Here, of (Prep.) is the right usage.
437. (3) Surprise (Verb) agrees with at (Preposition)
Here, at is the right usage.
438. (4) sceptical (Adj.) : having doubts that a claim or statement is true
grudging (Adj.) : given or done unwillingly; reluctant
Here, highly sceptical is the right usage.
439. (2) Here, Past Perfect Tense-had missed is the right usage.
440. (1) Here, for (Prep.) is the right usage.
441. (2) Here, Past Perfect Tense-had known is the right usage.
442. (1) Here, Past Perfect Tense-had worked is the right usage.
443. (4) convocation (Noun) : a ceremony held in a university or college when students receive their degrees
conference (Noun) : a large official meeting, lasting for a few days, where people with the same interests come together to discuss their views
convention (Noun) : a large meeting of the members of a profession, a political party, etc.
convolution (Noun) : a thing that is very complicated
Here, convocation is the right usage.

444. (2) sprained (Verb) : injured a joint in your body, by suddenly twisting it.
Here, sprained is the right usage.
445. (3) Here, attractions (Noun) is the right usage.
446. (1) Here, with (Prep.) is the right usage.
447. (1) even though (Idiom) : despite the fact or belief that ; no matter whether
Here, even though is the right usage.
448. (3) Here, permanent is the right usage.
gypsy (Noun) : a member of a group of people, originally from Asia, who travel around and do don't live in one place.
449. (3) Here, because (Conj.) is the right usage.
It shows reason.
450. (2) Here, Comp. Deg. (faster) is the right usage.
451. (2) marry off (Phr. V.) : to find a husband or wife for somebody, especially your daughter or son
Here, off is the right usage.
452. (3) Present Past Past Participle fly flew (have) flown
Here, flown is the right usage.
453. (3) Here, haven't they is the right usage.
454. (3) Here, with (Prep.) is the right usage.
455. (2) Here, with (Prep.) is the right usage.
go with (Phr. V.) : match
456. (4) Here, to (Prep.) is the right usage.
457. (1) derogatory (Adj.) : insulting; expressing a low opinion of somebody or something
Here, derogatory is the right usage.
458. (4) declared (Verb) : to say or state in an official or public way; to say in a strong and confident way
Here, declared is the right usage.
459. (4) ought to (Mod. V.) : used for saying what is the right thing to do
Here, ought to is the right usage.
460. (3) in (Prep.) : at a point within an area or a space
below (Prep.) : at or to a lower level than somebody or something
- beneath (Prep.) : in or to a lower position from somebody or something
Here, in is the right usage.
461. (4) fortunate (Adj.) used differently :
I I have been fortunate enough to visit many parts of the world.
I I was fortunate in having a good teacher.
I It was very fortunate for him that I arrived on time.
Here, in is the right usage.
462. (4) glutton (Noun) : a person who eats too much
digester (Noun) : one that digests makes a digest (a piece of writing)
Here, glutton is the right usage.
463. (4) disappointed (Verb) agrees with Prep. with
Here, with is the right usage.
464. (4) The structure of the sentence (Interrogative, Present Continuous) is as follows :
Is/Am/Are + Subject +V-ing?
Here, are you cooking, smells is the right usage.
465. (4) a little (Adv.) : a small amount; some : used with Uncountable Nouns
little (Adj.) : not much
Used with Uncountable Nouns
few (Adj.) : not many
Used with Plural Nouns and a Plural Verb
a few (Adv. Adj) : a small number; some; used with Plural Noun and a Plural Verb
Here, a little, little is the right usage.
466. (2) Here, at (Prep.) is the right usage.
at (Prep.) is used for specific addresses.
467. (4) egotist (Noun) : a selfish, self-centred person
egoist (Noun) : a person who thinks that he or she is better than other people and who thinks and talks too much about himself or herself
poser (Noun) : a difficult question or problem
misanthrope (Noun) : a person who hates and avoids other people
Here, egotist, egoist is the right usage.
468. (4) Here, when; which (Rel. Pro.) is the right usage.
469. (2) free (Adj.) : costing nothing
Here, free is the right usage.
470. (4) bouquet (Noun) : a bunch of flowers arranged in an attractive way
Here, bouquet is the right usage.
471. (3) Principal (Noun) : the person who is in charge of a school, college or a university
principles (Noun) : moral rules or a strong beliefs that influences your actions
Here, Principal, principles is the right usage.
472. (2) pragmatic (Adj.) : solving problems in a practical and sensible way rather than by having fixed ideas or theories
idealistic (Adj.) : having a strong belief in perfect standards and trying to achieve them, even when this is not realistic
Here, pragmatic is the right usage.
473. (3) Here, an, a, the (Art.) is the right usage.
474. (4) At first sight (Idiom) : immediately; at first glance; when you first begin to consider something; when you see somebody or something for the first time
Here, At first sight is the right usage.
475. (2) Here of (Prep.) is the right usage.
476. (2) having been denotes a completed activity. It shows y happened after x has happened.
Here, having been completed is the right usage.
477. (1) shot up (Phr. V.) : rose suddenly by a large amount
Here, shot up is the right usage.
478. (2) devoid of (Adj.) : completely lacking in something
Here, devoid of is the right usage.
479. (1) utilised (Verb) : used something, especially for a practical purpose
flabbergasted (Verb) : extremely surprised and/or shocked
Here, utilized is the right usage.
480. (2) dilly-daily (Verb) : to take too long to do something
Here, dilly-daily is the right usage.

481. (3) adept (Noun) : a person who is good at doing something that is quite difficult
adapt (Verb) : adjust
adopt (Verb) : foster; to take somebody else's child into your family and become its legal parent (s)
Here, adept, adopt is the right usage.
482. (1) penultimate (Adj.) : immediately before the last one; next/second to last
Here, penultimate is the right usage.
483. (1) sagacious (Adj.) : showing good judgement and understanding
pugnacious (Adj.) : having a strong desire to argue or fight with other people
malicious (Adj.) : having or showing hatred and a desire to harm somebody or hurt their feelings.
tenacious (Adj.) : determined continuing to exist
Here, sagacious is the right usage.
484. (2) consistent (Adj.) : always in the same way, or having the same opinions, standards, etc.
Here, consistent is the right usage.
485. (3) convey (Verb) agrees with- to (Prep.)
Here, to is the right usage.
486. (1) is divided (Singular Verb)
divided (Adj.) : split by disagreements or different opinions
Here, government is Singular Subject
Here, is divided is the right usage.
487. (3) Here, complete (Verb) is the right usage.
488. (4) The sentence is in Present Perfect Tense.
Here, completed (Verb) is the right usage.
489. (3) blame (Verb) : to think or say that somebody/ something is responsible for something bad
point at somebody (Idiom) : to accuse somebody of doing something
Here, blaming is the right usage.
490. (4) since (Prep.) : used with Present Perfect Tense, i.e. from a time in the past until a later past time, or until now
Here, since is the right usage.
491. (1) amateur (Noun) : a person who takes part in any activity for enjoyment, not as a job
professional (Noun) : a person who takes part in any activity as a paid job and not as a hobby
Here, amateur is the right usage.
492. (3) negligible (Adjective) : of very little importance or size and not worth considering ; insignificant
Here, negligible is the right usage.
493. (2) as + Adj. + as is used for comparing things that are equal in some way
Here, as is the right usage.
494. (3) flee (Verb) : to leave a place very quickly, especially because you are afraid of possible danger
flee (S. Pr.) fled (S. Past)
Here, fled is the right usage.
495. (1) with (Prep.) is the right usage.
leverage (Noun) : power to influence people
496. (1) Here, from (Prep.) is the right usage.
It is used for showing the range of something. (from to)
497. (4) legible (Adj.) : clear enough to read
The correct word will be audible (Adj.) : that can be heard clearly
498. (2) Here, too (Adv.) is the right usage.
499. (1) In the Subjunctive Mood, the Verb is always in the Plural, even with a Singular Subject
Here, were is the right usage.
500. (4) lest (Conj.) : in order to prevent something from happening
Here, lest is the right usage.
501. (2) Here, visit (Verb) is the right usage.
502. (4) of (Prep.) : belonging to something ; relating to somebody
Here, of is the right usage.
503. (1) tie-up (Noun) : an agreement between two companies to join together
Here, tie-up is the right usage.
504. (4) slip - into (Verb + Prep.) : to pass into a particular state
or situation, especially a difficult or unpleasant one
Here, slipped-into is the right usage.
505. (4) Here, Past Per. Tense- had left is the right usage.
506. (4) come of (Phr. V.) : to emerge successfully
come upon (Phr. V.) : to discover or meet someone or something by accident
come out of (Phr. V.) : to develop from something
come through (Phr. V.) : to arrive by telephone, radio, etc.
Here, come of is the right usage.
507. (1) dependent on (Adj.) : needing somebody/something in order to survive or be successful
Here, dependent is the right usage.
508. (2) Here, my leave is the right usage.
take your leave (Idiom) : to say goodbye
509. (1) generally (Adv.) : by or to most people; in most cases
pruning (Noun) : the activity of cutting off some of the branches from a tree, bush, etc. so that it may grow better and stronger
Here, generally is the right usage.
510. (4) combated (Verb) : stopped something unpleasant or harmful from happening or from getting worse
hastened (Verb) : to make something happen sooner or more quickly
impeded (Verb) : delayed or stopped the progress of something
aggravated (Verb) : made an unpleasant situation worse
Here, combated is the right usage.
511. (4) deal in (Phr. V.) : trade in
deal with (Phr. V.) : to be about
Here, with is the right usage.
512. (2) Here, bore away is the right usage.
bear away (Phr. V.) : bear off; carry away; take away; carry off
bear on (Phr. V.) : to be relevant to or burdensome to
513. (1) at the door : at the front door of a house
Here, at is the right usage.

514. (3) Here, has run off is the right usage.
run off with something (Idiom) : to steal something and take it away
515. (2) fatally (Adv.) : causing or ending in death
Here, fatally is the right usage.
516. (3) Here, endowed (Verb) is the right usage.
be endowed with something (Phr. V.) : to naturally have a particular feature, quality, etc.
517. (4) leave behind (Phr. V.) : to have family remaining after your death
Here, behind is the right usage.
518. (3) Here, stands as is the right usage.
519. (3) Here, as well as of a is the right usage.
520. (4) prejudices (Noun) : unreasonable dislike of or preferences for a person, group, custom, etc.
Here, prejudices is the right usage.
521. (1) averted (Verb) : turned away; prevented; kept from happening
controlled (Verb) : restrained or managed or kept within certain bounds
restrained (Adj.) : kept under control
Here, averted is the right usage.
522. (2) slow and steady is a Singular Subject. Simple Present Tense is used when we talk about a Universal Truth.
Here, wins is the right usage.
523. (3) Here, grew (Simple Past Tense) is the right usage.
524. (4) carry somebody through (Phr. V.) : to help somebody to survive a difficult period.
Here, through is the right usage.
525. (1) generally (Adv.) : in most cases
rarely (Adv.) : not very often
Here, generally is the right usage.
526. (2) come what may (Idiom) : despite any problems or difficulties you may have
Here, may is the right usage.
527. (2) Here, on raising is the right usage.
insist (Verb) : to demand that something happens or that somebody agrees to do something
528. (2) litter (Noun) : a number of baby animals that one mother gives birth to at the same time.
Here, litter is the right usage.
529. (2) take after (Phr. V.) : to look or behave like an older member of your family, especially your mother or father
Here, takes after is the right usage.
530. (1) Here, against (Prep.) is the right usage.
guard against (Phr. V.) : to take care to avoid something or someone
531. (1) Here, shines is the right usage.
532. (1) irreparable (Adj.) : too bad or too serious to repair or put right
Here, irreparable is the right usage.
533. (3) Here, had shifted is the right usage.
534. (1) Here, with (Prep.) is the right usage.
remonstrate (Verb) : to disagree and argue or complain about something
535. (3) Here, his (Possessive Case) is the right usage.
536. (1) Here, for (Prep.) is the right usage.
537. (3) woolly : covered with wool or with hair-like wool.
woollen : made of wool.
Here, woolly is the right usage.
538. (4) unappetizing : unpleasant to eat.
Here, unappetizing is the right usage.
539. (1) trust (Uncountable N.) agrees with in (Prep.)
we trust (in) somebody/ something
Here, in is the right usage.
540. (2) let off (Phr. V.) : to not punish somebody for something they have done wrong
let out (Phr. V.) : to come to an end, so that it may be time for people to leave (classes, movies, meetings, etc.)
let on (Phr. V.) : to tell a secret
Here, let off is the right usage.
541. (1) For Countable Nouns, as many as should be used.
Here, As many as is the right usage.
542. (4) realise : to understand or become aware of a particular fact or situation.
- Look at the sentence :
i Only later did she realise her mistake.
Here, realised is the right usage.
543. (2) unless : used to say that something can only happen or be true in a particular situation.
Here, unless is the right usage.
544. (2) If a since Clause implies time, it must contain a Verb in Past Tense.
Here, met is the right usage.
545. (4) Typical agrees with Preposition-of.
Look at the sentence :
i This meal is typical of local cookery.
Here, of is the right usage.
546. (3) at (Prep.) is used for designating specific times.
as in —
The train is due at 12 : 15 P.M.
Here, at is the right usage.
547. (1) laugh at (Phr.V.) : to make somebody/something seem stupid/not serious by making jokes about him/it
Here, at is the right usage.
548. (4) cope with something : to deal successfully with something difficult; manage.
Here, with is the right usage.
549. (2) dispose of somebody/something : to get rid of somebody/ something that you do not want.
Here, of is the right usage.
550. (4) The event is of Past time.
Here, Past Simple-reached
Here, reached is the right usage.
551. (1) Shine ⇒ Shone ⇒ Shone
shine : to be bright
Look at the sentence :
i The sun shone brightly in a cloudless sky.
Here, shone is the right usage.
552. (2) Here, went-Simple Past Tense is the right usage.
553. (2) Here, has is the right usage.
554. (4) during : all through a period of time.
Here, during is the right usage.
555. (4) by the dozen : in large quantities
Here, by is the right usage.
556. (4) Here, prohibited is the right usage.
propagated (V.) : to spread an idea, a belief or a piece of information among many people
encapsulated (V.) : to express the most important parts of

<p>something in a few words/a small space/a single object</p> <p>557. (3) go with (Phr. V.) : to agree/accept something go about (Phr. V.) : to continue to do something go through (Phr.V.) : to look at/ examine something carefully Here, go with is the right usage.</p> <p>558. (3) bruised (Adj.) : having one/ more blue, brown or purple marks on your skin after falling, being hit, etc.</p>	<p>wounded (Adj.) : injured Here, bruised is the right usage.</p> <p>559. (2) retained (V.) : to keep something Here, detained is the right usage.</p> <p>560. (4) although : used for introducing a statement that makes the main statement in a sentence seem surprising. Here, although is the right usage.</p> <p>561. (4) Here, loudly is the right usage.</p>	<p>574. (3) bale : a large amount of a light material pressed tightly together. Bales of hay/straw/cotton/wool. Here, bale is the right usage.</p> <p>575. (4) assent (N.) : official agreement to/ approval of something ascent (N.) : an upward journey Here, assent is the right usage.</p> <p>576. (2) fowl (N) : a bird that is kept for its meat and eggs. foul (Adj) : dirty and smelling bad. Here, fowl is the right usage.</p> <p>577. (2) except (Prep.) : apart from accept (V.) : to agree expect (V.) : to think/believe that something will happen or that somebody will do something access (V.) : to reach, enter/use something Here, except is the right usage.</p> <p>578. (1) congeal (V.) : to become thick/solid (blood, fat, etc.) masquerade (V.) : to pretend to be something that you are not conceal (V.) : to hide something/somebody Here, conceal is the right usage.</p> <p>579. (2) Here, auspicious is the right usage. fficious (Adj.) : self-important fortuitous (Adj.) : happening by chance, especially a lucky chance that brings a good result</p> <p>580. (3) Here, diseased is the right usage. contagious (Adj.) : communicable ; transmissible by direct/ indirect contact infectious (Adj.) : capable of transmitting a disease defiled (Adj.) : impure</p> <p>581. (2) underneath : under or below something else especially when it is hidden or covered by thing on top. Here, underneath is the right usage.</p> <p>582. (2) incredible (Adj.) : unbelievable impractical (Adj.) : not practical/ workable inaudible (Adj.) : impossible to hear ineffable (Adj.) : too great</p>						
<p>562. (1) In this case the structure is as follows :</p> <table><tr><td>would have + Past Participle (V₃)</td><td>+ if + Past Perfect Tense</td></tr><tr><td style="text-align: center;">↓</td><td style="text-align: center;">↓</td></tr><tr><td>I would have + done.....</td><td>+ if + had paid</td></tr></table> <p>Here, would have done is the right usage.</p>			would have + Past Participle (V ₃)	+ if + Past Perfect Tense	↓	↓	I would have + done.....	+ if + had paid
would have + Past Participle (V ₃)	+ if + Past Perfect Tense							
↓	↓							
I would have + done.....	+ if + had paid							
<p>563. (2) Here, Past Simple should be used. Here, left is the right usage.</p> <p>564. (3) In this case difficulty (N.) agrees with in (Prep.). When there is difficulty with something, with (Prep.) is used. Look at the sentences :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">▮ I have difficulty with my travel arrangements.▮ We had no difficulty in finding his address. <p>Here, in is the right usage.</p> <p>565. (4) put down (Phr.V.) : to stop something by force put off (Phr. V.) : to cancel a meeting/an arrangement that you have made with somebody put away (Phr. V.) : to send somebody to prison, to a mental hospital, etc. put back (Phr. V.) : to return something to its usual place or to the place where it was before it was moved Here, put down is the right usage.</p> <p>566. (1) throw out : to produce smoke, light, heat etc. Here, out is the right usage.</p>	<p>567. (1) Here, just average is the right usage. nothing much to write home about : not especially good; ordinary.</p> <p>568. (4) when push comes to shove : when there is no other choice; when everything has failed. Here, go back to Nigeria is the right usage.</p> <p>569. (1) full of yourself : very proud; thinking only of yourself. Here, upset is the right usage.</p> <p>570. (4) aim by an inch is the right usage.</p> <p>571. (1) tie the knot : to get married. Here, they loved one another is the right usage.</p> <p>572. (4) creaking : a sound that is sometimes made by a door when it opens or shuts crashing : a loud noise made by something falling or breaking. rattling : a series of short loud sounds eg. rattling cups and saucers in kitchen rustling : soft rustling of leaves. Here, creaking is the right usage.</p>							
<p>573. (1) The structure of a sentence in Passive Voice and Simple Present Tense is as follows :</p> <table><tr><td>Thing receiving action + be + V₃ (Past Participle)</td><td>+ by + thing doing action</td></tr><tr><td style="text-align: center;">↓</td><td style="text-align: center;">↓</td></tr><tr><td>The sound effects</td><td>are provided by the recording director</td></tr></table> <p>Here, are provided is the right usage.</p>			Thing receiving action + be + V ₃ (Past Participle)	+ by + thing doing action	↓	↓	The sound effects	are provided by the recording director
Thing receiving action + be + V ₃ (Past Participle)	+ by + thing doing action							
↓	↓							
The sound effects	are provided by the recording director							

- beautiful to describe in words
Here, incredible is the right usage.
583. (3) Here, generates is the right usage.
emits (V.) : to give/send out
584. (2) handful : a small number of people or things.
Here, handful is the right usage.
585. (3) coterie (N.) : a small group of people who have the same interests and do things together but do not like to include others
clique (N.) : a small exclusive group of friends/associates
Here, coterie is the right usage.
586. (2) evokes (V.) : to bring a feeling, a memory/ an image into your mind
invokes (V.) : to call for assistance/support/inspiration
provokes (V.) : to incite anger/resentment
revokes (V.) : to invalidate/cause to no longer be in effect
bygone (Adj.) : past
era (N.) : a period of time characterized by particular circumstances, events, or personages
Here, evokes is the right usage.
587. (1) invent : to produce something that has not existed before.
discover : to find something that was hidden.
Here, invented is the right usage.
588. (2) add insult to injury : to make worse.
Here, she worked very slowly is the right usage.
589. (1) Here, got a much better job is the right usage.
590. (2) Here, most is the right usage.
591. (2) Here, unparalleled is the right usage.
592. (1) recommend : to tell somebody that something is good or useful.
Here, recommend is the right usage.
593. (2) lose (V.) : to suffer loss ; to be defeated ; to part with
Here, loose is the right usage.
594. (3) Here, compromise is the right usage.

- compression (N.) : the state of being compressed
595. (4) Competent (Adj.) : having enough skill/knowledge to do something
complaisant (Adj.) : polite
Here, competent is the right usage.
596. (3) illusion (N.) : something that seems to exist but in fact does not, or seems to be something that it is not
imitation (N.) : the act, practice, or art of imitating ; mimicry
allusion (N.) : a passing/indirect reference
elision (N.) : omission of a sound that would normally be pronounced in speaking a word
Here, illusion is the right usage.
597. (1) If two people part, they leave each other.
He has recently parted from his wife (they have started to live apart.).
Here, from (Prep.) is the right usage.
598. (2) Here, out of his way is the right usage.
out of the way (Id.) : inconvenience caused to oneself/take extra trouble to do something beyond what is required
599. (4) Here, losing is the right usage.
600. (3) recreant (Adj.) : not brave; unfaithful/ disloyal to a belief, duty/ cause
ostracized (V.) : to refuse to let somebody be a member of a social group.
abandoned (Adj.) : left and no longer wanted, used or needed
coward (N.) : a person who is not brave/who does not have the courage to do things that other people do not think are difficult
litigant (N.) : a person who is making/defending a claim in court
suppliant (N.) : a person who asks for something in a humble way (from God/ a powerful person)
Here, recreant is the right usage.
601. (2) When a Subject is not mentioned, Verb + ing is used.

- Look at the sentence :
Would you mind preparing a cup of tea for me ?
Here, opening is the right usage.
602. (4) Here, uncertain is the right usage.
ambiguous (Adj.) : that can be understood in more than one way ; not clearly stated/defined
ambivalent (Adj.) : having/showing both good and bad feelings about somebody/something
ambidextrous (Adj.) : able to use the left hand/the right hand equally well
603. (3) For the two events of the past, the event that happens earlier, should be expressed in Past Perfect.
Hence, had signed....is the right usage.
604. (3) Here, tried is the right usage.
605. (4) squabbled (V.) : to argue noisily about something that is not very important
apologized (V.) : to say that you are sorry for doing something wrong/causing a problem
truculent (Adj.) : tending to argue/be bad-tempered ; slightly aggressive
digressed (V.) : to start to talk about something that is not connected with the main point of what you are saying
conferred (V.) : to discuss something with somebody, in order to exchange opinions/ get advice.
Here, squabbled is the right usage.
606. (2) beyond suspicion (Id.) : definitely not guilty of doing anything wrong
above suspicion (Id.) : too good, honest, etc.
to have done something wrong, illegal/dishonest
above/beyond suspicion means the same.
under suspicion (Id.) : suspected of doing, illegal/dishonest
Look at the sentences :
Nobody who was near the scene of the crime is above suspicion.
The whole family is currently under suspicion of her murder.
In this investigation, no one in the company is beyond suspicion.
Here, beyond is the right usage.

607. (4) Here, bitterness is the right usage.
 manifested (V.) : to appear/ become noticeable
 sarcastic (Adj.) : showing/ expressing sarcasm
 sarcasm (N.) : a way of using words that are the opposite of what you mean in order to be unpleasant to somebody/to make fun of him
 revealed (V.) : to make something known to somebody
608. (4) novice (N.) : a person who is new and has little experience in a skill, job or situation
 virtual (Adj.) : almost/very nearly the thing described, so that any slight difference may not be important
 connoisseur (N.) : an expert on matters involving the judgement of beauty, quality/skill in art, food/music
 zealot (N.) : a person who is extremely enthusiastic about something, especially religion/ politics ; fanatic
 glutton (N.) : a person who eats too much
 prodigal (Adj.) : willing to spend money/waste time, energy/ materials ; extravagant
 Here, novice is the right usage.
609. (4) put out (Phr. V.) : to stop something from burning/ shining
 take off (Phr. V.) : to leave a place, especially in a hurry ; to leave the ground and begin to fly (of an aircraft, etc.)
 put on (Phr. V.) : to dress yourself in something ; to switch on a piece of equipment
 put off (Phr. V.) : to cancel a meeting ; to change something to a later time/date ; postpone; delay
 Here, put out is the right usage.
610. (4) bring in (Phr. V.) : to introduce a new law
 bring down (Phr. V.) : to reduce something; to make somebody lose power or be defeated
 bring off (Phr. V.) : to succeed in doing something difficult
 bring about (Phr. V.) : to make something happen
 Here, in is the right usage.

611. (2) The sentence is in Passive Voice.
 Here, to be delivered is the right usage.
612. (3) accomplice (N.) agrees with with (Prep.) (a person)
 accomplice (N.) agrees with in (Prep.) (some crime)
 In this case, with (Prep.) is the right usage.
613. (2) detach from : to become/ make separated from something.
 Here, from (Prep.) is the right usage.
614. (4) congratulate (V.) : agrees with on (Prep.) while expressing one's good wishes in the context of a happy event
 congratulate (V.) : agrees with for (Prep.) while expressing praise for someone's achievement.
 Look at the sentences :
 Congratulations on your promotion !
 Congratulations for saving the farm from foreclosure !
 Here, on is the right usage.
615. (3) Here, Indef. Art – a is the right usage.
616. (2) stagnated (Adj.) : to be or become stagnant (not moving) ; to stop to run/flow
 Here, stagnated is the right usage.
617. (4) start (V.) : to begin doing/ using something
 resume (V.) : to start again after an interruption
 prefer (V.) : to like one thing/ person better than another
 imply (V.) : to make it seem likely that something is true/ exists
 Here, start is the right usage.
618. (3) Look at the sentences :
 He was fearful of an attack from the terrorists.
 He was frightened of walking home alone in the dark.
 He was afraid of spiders.
 He was terrified of losing you.
 Here, afraid is the right usage.
619. (1) beset (V.) : to affect somebody/something in an unpleasant/harmful way ; to surround (as with jewels) ; surround

- Look at the sentences :
 He has been beset by a lack of self-confidence virtually his entire life.
 The gold bracelet was beset with jewels.
 Here, by (Prep.) is the right usage.
620. (4) Here, over (Prep.) is the right usage.
621. (2) To show contrast, but is the right usage.
622. (4) incite (V.) : to encourage somebody to do something violent, illegal or unpleasant.
 Here, incited is the right usage.
623. (2) both turn off and turn out can be used here, as they mean the same. But we cannot turn out when we talk about a tap/a radio.
 turn on (Phr. V.) : to attack somebody suddenly and unexpectedly ; to depend on something ; to start the flow of electricity, gas, water, etc. by moving a switch, button, etc.
 turn out (Phr. V.) : to stop the flow of electricity, gas, water, etc. by moving a switch, button, etc.
 turn down (Phr. V.) : to reduce noise, heat, etc. produced by a piece of equipment by moving its controls
 Here, the most appropriate usage is turn off.
624. (4) Here, factual is the right usage.
 facile (Adj.) : produced without effort/careful thought
 fictitious (Adj.) : invented by somebody rather than true
 facetious (Adj.) : humorous ; amusing
625. (1) Look at the sentences :
 Throw it to him → give it to him to catch it.
 Throw it at him → hit him
 Here, at is the right usage.
626. (4) The Adj. inferior, superior, senior, junior, prior, etc. take the to (Prep.).
 Here, to is the right usage.
627. (2) too (Adv.) : used before Adj. and Adv. to say that something is more than is good, necessary, possible, etc.
 Here, too is the right usage.

628. (3) take off (Phr. V.) : to leave the ground and begin to fly (of an aircraft, etc.)
take away (Phr. V.) : to make a feeling, pain, etc. disappear ; take something out (to buy cooked food at a restaurant and carry it away to eat)
take over (Phr. V.) : to replace something/somebody
Here, took off is the right usage.
629. (2) Here, a loaf of bread is the right usage.
630. (2) conquered (V.) : to succeed in dealing with/ controlling something
surrendered (V.) : to admit that you have been defeated and want to stop fighting ; to allow yourself to be caught, taken prisoner, etc.
Here, conquered is the right usage.
631. (3) Here, diagnosing is the right usage.
632. (3) prepared (V.) agrees with for (Prep.)
Here, for is the right usage.
633. (3) Here, preached is the right usage.
634. (4) Here, assured is the right usage.
635. (2) look up (Phr. V.) : to look for information (dictionary/ reference book/computer).
look down on (Phr. V.) : to think that you are better than somebody/something
look into (Phr. V.) : to examine something
look after (Phr.V.) : to be responsible for or to take care of somebody/something
Here, look up is the right usage.
636. (3) revenge (N.) : something that you do in order to make somebody suffer because he has made you suffer
avenge (V.) : to punish/hurt somebody in return for something bad/wrong that he has done to you, your family/ friends (to avenge)
vengeance (N.) : the act of punishing/harming somebody in return for what he has done to you, your family/friends (to take vengeance)

- ravage (V.) : to damage something badly
As take (V.) has been used, revenge is the right usage
637. (4) fair (Adj.) : of pleasing appearance ; acceptable and appropriate in a particular situation
fare (V.) : to be successful in a particular situation → fare well/ badly/better, etc.
flare (V.) : to burn brightly, but usually for only a short time/ not steadily
None but the brave (only the brave) deserve the fair is a Proverb : only the best deserve the best ; only a courageous and gallant man deserves a beautiful woman
Here, fair is the right usage.
638. (3) You cannot lose what you never had is a Proverb : you should not have lost something if you only wished that you had it to begin with
Look at the sentence :
Mary was never your girl-friend. You haven't lost what was never yours.
Here, never is the right usage.
639. (3) Here, about is the right usage.
640. (4) Here, Past Perfect Tense had arrived is the right usage.
641. (1) Here, a monster is the right usage.
642. (2) almost : not quite ; nearly.
Here, almost is the right usage.
643. (2) Here, extravagant is the right usage.
moderate (Adj.) : staying within limits that are considered to be reasonable by most people
644. (4) counsel (N.) : advice (by older people/ experts)
councillor (N.) : a member of a council
council (N.) : a group of people chosen to give advice, make rules, do research, provide money, etc.
counsellor (N.) : a person who has been trained to advise people with problems, especially personal problems.
Here, counsel is the right usage.
645. (1) complementary : (two things that are complementary

- are different but together form a useful combination.
complimentary : expressing admiration ; given free.
Here, complementary is the right usage.
646. (1) feud : an angry and bitter argument between two people or groups of people that continues for a long period of time.
Here, feud is the right usage.
647. (2) beat : to defeat somebody in a game or competition.
Here, beat is the right usage.
648. (3) build-up (Noun) an increase in the amount of something.
Here, build-up is the right usage.
649. (3) ensure : to make sure that something happens or is definite.
Here, ensure is the right usage.
650. (1) allusions : something that is said or written that refers to or mentions another person or subject in indirect way.
illusions (N.) : a false idea/ belief
delusions (N.) : a false belief/ opinion about yourself/ your situation.
651. (1) quadruped : any creature with four feet.
Here, quadruped is the right usage.
652. (1) impudence (Noun) : rudeness, not showing respect for other people; impertinence.
prudence (N.) : a sensible and careful attitude when you make judgements and decisions
clemency (N.) : kindness shown to somebody when they are being punished; mercy
Here, impudence is the right usage.
653. (2) feeble (Adjective) : very weak.
Here, feeble is the right usage.
654. (1) retrieve (Verb) : to bring or get something back; recover.
Here, retrieve is the right usage.
655. (3) make over : to change something in order to make it look different.
Here, over is the right usage.
656. (3) augur (Verb) : to be a sign that something will be successful or not successful in the future; bode.
attunes (V.) : to bring into a harmonious/responsive relationship
Here, augurs is the right usage.

- 657.(1) go through (Phr. V.) : to experience or suffer something
Here, through (Prep.) is the right usage.
- 658.(1) Pour (Verb) : to express feelings.
Here, pour is the right usage.
- 659.(1) It is a general fact.
Hence, Present Simple become is the right usage.
- 660.(3) sore (Noun) : a painful red place on your body ; wound.
Here, sore is the right usage.
- 661.(3) pessimistic (Adjective) : expecting bad things to happen or something not to be successful.
reasonable (Adj.) : fair, practical and sensible
forward-looking (Adj.) : planning for the future; willing to consider modern ideas and methods
optimistic (Adj.) : expecting good things to happen/ something to be successful; positive
Here, pessimistic is the right usage.
- 662.(2) dwell on : to think or talk a lot about something, especially it would be better to forget.
Here, on is the right usage.
- 663.(3) The sentence shows past time.
I had to walk. (Past Tense)
Here, had to is the right usage.
- 664.(4) The sentence is as good as a Proverb. Hence, Simple Present should be used. Moreover to express purpose, infinitive should be used.
Here, does, to is the right usage.
- 665.(1) check (Verb) : to examine something.
Here, check is the right usage.
- 666.(4) High standard : high quality.
Here, standard is the right usage.
667. (1) herd : a group of animals of the same type that live and feed together.
Here, herd is the right usage.
668. (2) divert (Verb) : to make somebody/something change direction
reverted (V.) : to reply
deflected (V.) : to change direction, especially after hitting something
Here, diverted is the right usage.
669. (3) tighten your belt : to spend less money because there is less available.
Here, tighten is the right usage.
670. (1) Impression (Noun) : the effect that an experience or a person has on somebody/something ; an idea, a feeling that you get about or that gives you.
discursive (Adj.) : moving from one point to another without any strict structure (writing/ speaking)
Here, impression is the right usage.
671. (3) relinquish (Verb) : to stop having something ; give up.
Here, relinquished is the right usage.
672. (4) Here, title, bestowed is the right usage.
673. (3) Here, irrelevant, failed is the right usage.
674. (4) Here, talented, praised is the right usage.
675. (4) Here, adept, demonstration is the right usage.
676. (2) Here, so, gasping is the right usage.
677. (1) Here, To show contrast, but should be used.
believed ; but is the right usage.
678. (1) Here, rejected ; missing is the right usage.
679. (1) realistic : feasible, viable, sensible and appropriate; possible to achieve.
Here, prepared ; realistic is the right usage.
680. (4) tariff : a list of fixed prices that are charged by a hotel or restaurant for rooms, meals etc.
exorbitant : much too high.
Here, tariff ; exorbitant is the right usage.
681. (2) aghast : filled with horror and surprise; horrified.
Here, invasion ; leave is the right usage.
682. (1) on foot : walked.
Here, on foot is the right usage.
683. (2) up and about : out of bed.
Look at the sentence :
He is up and about again after his illness.
Here, up and about is the right usage.
684. (1) pursue (Verb) : to do something or try to achieve something over a period of time
Here, pursue is the right usage.
685. (4) Here, Subject is Singular.
Hence, is is the right usage.
↓
Sing. V.
- 686 (1) Here, with (Prep.) is the right usage.
687. (2) pip : to beat somebody in a race, competition.
Here, for is the right usage.
688. (1) philanthropy : the practice of helping the poor and those in need.
altruism (N.) : the fact of caring about the needs and happiness of other people more than your own
Here, genuine, philanthropy is the right usage.
689. (4) sail : to travel on water
Here, driven is the right usage.
But, propelled is the right word used for driving a ship.
690. (2) affect (Verb) : to produce a change
afflict (Verb) : to affect in an unpleasant way
Here, affected is the right usage.
691. (4) abate : to become less strong; to make something less strong.
ebbed (V.) : to become gradually weaker/ less; decrease
receded (V.) : to become gradually weaker/ smaller
Here, abated is the right usage.
692. (1) Here, turned violent is the right usage.
693. (1) keep something up your sleeve : to keep a plan secret until you need to use it.
Here, up his sleeves is the right usage.
694. (2) Here, is changing is the right usage.
695. (2) came is the right usage.
The question seems to be wrong.
If should be without the before morning.
696. (3) call-up : to bring something back to your mind ; recall.
Here, up is the right usage.
697. (4) impart (to) : to pass information, knowledge etc. to other people; convey; lend.

- Look at the sentence :
This spice imparts an Eastern flavour to the dish.
Here, to is the right usage.
698. (2) comprises : consists of
Here, comprises is the right usage.
699. (1) reversal (Noun) : opposite of what it was.
Look at the sentence :
The government suffered a total reversal of fortune(s) last year.
Here, reversal is the right usage.
700. (2) timid (Adjective) : shy and nervous; not brave.
Here, timid is the right usage.
701. (4) dispirited (Adjective) : having no hope or enthusiasm.
Here, dispirited is the right usage.
702. (2) indeed : used to emphasize a positive statement or answer.
Here, indeed is the right usage.
703. (2) come to the conclusion : something that you decide.
Here, came to the conclusion is the right usage.
704. (3) made-up (Adj.) : invented ; not true/real
make off (Phr.V.) : to hurry away, especially in order to escape
made off → Past Tense of make off
make up (Phr.V.) : to form something
Here, made up is the right usage.
705. (2) Here, before is the right usage.
It is a quote by Shakespeare.
706. (4) comply with (Phr. V.) : to obey a rule, an order etc.
cope with (Phr.V.) : to manage ; to deal success fully with something difficult
conduce to (Phr.V.) : to lead/ contribute (to a result)
side with (Phr.V.) : to support one person/group in an argument against somebody else
Here, comply with is the right usage.
707. (1) unless (Conj.) : used to talk about a situation that could happen in the future

- until : up to the point in time or the event mentioned.
The sentence means —
If there is no rain this week, the crops will fail.
Here, unless is the right usage.
708. (4) stand down : to leave a job or position
stand out (Phr. V.) : to be easily seen ; to be much better/more important than somebody/ something
get out (Phr. V.) : to leave/go out of a place
Here, stand down is the right usage.
709. (1) Structure of a Conditional Sentence of this type is as follows :
If + Past Tense + _____, _____ +
↓ ↓
If + were _____
would + V₁ + _____
↓ ↓
would make _____
Here, would make is the right usage.
710. (4) to the best (Id.) : as far as possible
with the best (Id.) : as well as anyone
at the best (Adv.) : under the best of conditions
Here, to the best is the right usage.
711. (1) speed up (Phr.V.) : to make something move/happen faster
expedite (V.) : to make a process happen more quickly.
Here, speed up is the right usage.
712. (2) persevering (Adjective) : showing determination to achieve a particular aim despite difficulties.
rotund (Adj.) : having a fat round body
lackadaisical (Adj.) : not showing enough care/ enthusiasm
catalytic (Adj.) : causing positive change to happen
Here, persevering is the right usage.
713. (1) Here Possessive Case-their's is the right usage.
714. (2) bring out : to produce something; to publish something.

- Look at the sentence:
The band have just brought out their second album.
Here, out is the right usage.
715. (2) feint (N.) : a movement that is intended to make you opponent think you are going to do one thing when you are really going to do something else
fain (Adv.) : willingly/ with pleasure
feign (Verb) : to pretend that you have a particular feeling or that you are ill/sick/tired etc.
Here, feign is the right usage.
716. (1) Here, dairy is the right usage.
717. (2) Here, as is the right usage.
718. (1) Here, for is the right usage.
719. (2) Here, council is the right usage.
720. (2) perplex (Verb) : puzzle, make worried/confused.
persisted (V.) : continued/ existed
pertained (V.) : to exist/to apply in a particular situation/at a particular time
Here, perplexed is the right usage.
721. (3) As the structure demands, will be is the right usage.
722. (3) need not : not required.
Here, need is the right usage.
723. (2) repute (Noun) : reputation
Here, repute is the right usage.
724. (3) hold up : to delay or block the movement.
hold out (Phr.V.) : to last, especially in a difficult situation
hold forth (Phr.V.) : to speak for a long time about something in a way that other people might find boring
hold on (Phr.V.) : to survive in a difficult/dangerous situation
Here, held up is the right usage.
725. (3) strike ⇒ struck (Past) ⇒ struck (Past participle)
strike : to happen suddenly and have a harmful or damaging effect on something.
Here, struck is the right usage.
726. (1) the ball is in your/ somebody's court : It is your responsibility to take action next.
Here, your court is the right usage.
727. (1) childlike : having the qualities that children usually have.
Here, child like is the right usage.

728. (3) distinguish : differentiate.
Look at the sentence :
Are children able to distinguish between right and wrong ?
Here, distinguish between is the right usage.
729. (4) devote agrees with Preposition-to
Look at the sentences :
I could only devote two hours a day to work.
They are devoted to their children.
Here, to is the right usage.
730. (2) Here, Which is the right usage.
731. (4) Here, to (Prep.) is the right usage.
732. (1) drought : a long period when there is little or no rain.
Here, drought is the right usage.
733. (2) conform to : to agree with or match something.
Here, conform to is the right usage.
734. (4) keep up : to continue something same usually high level.
Here, keep up is the right usage.
735. (2) Both simultaneous events relate to the past.
Here, came is the right usage.
736. (3) slowdown : a reduction in speed or activity.
Here, slowdown is the right usage.
737. (2) Ten dollars denotes a certain amount of money.
Hence, Singular Verb-is is the right usage.
738. (4) It is my first experience of living alone.
Look at the sentences :
I have no experience of office work.
Here, experience is the right usage.
739. (2) power (Verb) : to supply a machine with energy.
Here, power is the right usage.
740. (3) Here, an Adjective i.e., appropriate is the right usage.
741. (1) hear of something : to know about something.
Here, heard is the right usage.
742. (1) remark : something that you say or write which expresses an opinion about something.

- Here, remarked is the right usage.
743. (3) irritable : getting annoyed easily.
irate : very angry.
Here, irritable is the right usage.
744. (3) consist of : to be formed from the things
consist in : to have something as the main or only feature.
Look at the sentences :
The beauty of the city consists in its magnificent buildings.
The committee consists of ten members.
Here, consists of is the right usage.
745. (1) knock down : to hit somebody and make them fall on the ground.
Here, knocked down is the right usage.
746. (1) The first/last/final resort : the first or last course of action that you can take in a particular situation.
Here, resort is the right usage.
747. (1) take care of : be careful about something
Here, of is the right usage.
748. (2) blow up : to destroy something by an explosion.
Here, blow up is the right usage.
749. (1) succeeds
Here, succeeds is the right usage.
750. (1) turn out : to be discovered to be; to prove to be.
Here, turned out is the right usage.
751. (2) Here, sympathy for is the right usage.
752. (2) in collaboration with : the act of working with another person.
Look at the sentence :
She wrote the book in collaboration with one of her friends.
Here, collaboration is the right usage.
753. (1) Here, refused is the right usage.
754. (1) For, one (Singular), succeeds should be used.
Hence, succeeds is the right option.
755. (1)
(1) turn out (Phr.V.) : to be discovered to be; to prove to be.

- Here, turned out is the right option.
756. (2) Here, sympathy for is the right option.
Look at the sentence :
I I have no sympathy for Mohan; it is all his own fault.
757. (2)
(1) in collaboration with : the act of working with another person.
Look at the sentence :
I She wrote the book in collaboration with one of her friends.
Here, collaboration is the right option.
758. (1) Here, refused is the right option.
Look at the sentences :
I He flatly refused to discuss the matter.
I They were denied access to the information.
759. (2) complement (Noun) : used after linking verbs.
Look at the sentences :
I I am angry.
↓
complement.
I He became a politician.
↓
complement
Here, complement is the right option.
760. (2) vocation (N.) : a belief that a particular work or way of life is especially suitable for you.
Here, vocation is the right option.
761. (3) incident (N.) : something that happens ; a serious or violent event.
Here, incident is the right option.
762. (3) Here, loose is the right option.
763. (3) heedless (Adj.) : not paying careful attention to somebody/ something
(2) weary (Adj.) : no longer interested in or enthusiastic about something.
Here, heedless is the right option.
764. (1) Here, communication; people is the right option.

765. (4) Here, recommended;
because is the right option.

766. (4) Here, in is the right option.

767. (1)
(2) emulate (V.) : to try to do something as well as somebody else because you admire them.
(1) conceited (Adj.) : having too much pride in yourself and what you do.
(3) penalize (V.) : impose a penalty on; inflict punishment on
(4) patronize (V.) : to treat somebody in a way that seems friendly
Here, emulate is the right option.

768. (3) (1) pertinent (Adj.) : appropriate to a particular situation; relevant.
Here, perodicals ; pertinent is the right option.

769. (2)
(1) oust (V.) : to force somebody out of job or position of power.
(2) disastrous (Adj.) : very bad, harmful or unsuccessful; devastating.
Here, ousted; disastrous is the right option.

770. (2)
(1) wasteful (Adj.) : using more of something than is necessary; not saving.
Here, wasteful; increase is the right option.

771. (4) acknowledge (V.) : to accept that something is true; recognise; to express thanks.
Here, acknowledged; because is the right option.

772. (1)
(1) obscenely (Adj.) : outrageously; offensively
(2) whine (V.) : to complain in an annoying, crying voice.
Here, obscenely; whines is the right option.

773. (4) expel (V.) : to officially make somebody leave an organisation.
Here, expelled is the right option.

774. (3) generous (Adj.) : giving or willing to give freely; given freely.
generous is the right option.

775. (4)
(1) consensus (N.) : an opinion that all members of a group agree with.
Here, consensus is the right option.

776. (3)
(1) cares (N.) : a feeling of worry or anxiety.
Here, cares is the right option.

777. (1)
(1) catalyse (V.) : to make a process happen faster.
(2) cackle (V.) : talk/utter in a cackling manner
(3) combat (V.) : battle/contend against in/as if in a battle
Here, catalyse is the right option

778. (4)
(1) proceed on leave : go on leave
Here, proceeding is the right option.

779. (1)
(1) nightmare : an experience that is very frightening and unpleasant.
Here, nightmare is the right option.

780. (1) flabbergasted (Adj.) : extremely surprised and/or shocked; astonished.
Here, flabbergasted is the right option.

781. (3)
(1) cannons (N.) : a generally accepted rule, standard or principle by which something is judged.

782. (2)
(1) candour (N.) : the quality of saying what you think openly and honestly ; frankness.
(2) candid (Adj.) : saying what you think openly and honestly; not hiding your thoughts
Here, candour is the right option.

783. (4)
(1) dog-eared (Adj.) : used so much that the corners of many of the pages are turned down.
(2) dog face (N.) : A US Army foot soldier (World War II)
(3) dog leg (N.) : a sharp bend (road or golf course)

(4) dogging (V.) : go after with the intent to catch
Here, dog-eared is the right option.

784. (2)
(1) creative (Adj.) : having the skill and ability to produce something new by a work of art.
Here, creative is the right option.

785. (3)
(1) insight (N.) : ability to see and understand the truth about a situation.
(2) uptight (Adj.) : anxious and/or angry about something
(3) folly (N.) : a lack of good judgement

786. (4) genuine (Adj.) : true; not fake ; real ; authentic.
Here, genuine is the right option.

787. (2)
(1) comprehend (V.) : to understand something fully.
(2) discern (V.) : detect with the senses
(3) acknowledge (V.) : report the receipt of
Here, comprehend is the right option.

788. (1)
(1) astonishingly (Adv.) : amazingly ; surprisingly.
Here, astonishingly is the right option.

789. (1)
(1) deferential (Adj.) : the behaviour that shows that you respect somebody/ something.
(2) disputatious (Adj.) : inclined to dispute
(3) impertinent (Adj.) : rude and not showing respect for somebody who is older/more important
(4) insolent (Adj.) : extremely rude and showing a lack of respect
Here, deferential is the right option.

790. (1) whom (Pro.) is used instead of who as the Object of a Verb/ Prep.

- Look at the sentences :
- I The author whom you criticized in your review has written a reply.
- I I wonder who that letter was from.
- Here, whom is the right option.
791. (1)
- (1) look down on somebody : to think that you are better than somebody
- Look at the sentence :
- I She looks down on people who haven't been to college.
- Hence, down is the right option.
792. (2) Preposition-with should be used with agree here.
- Hence, agreed with is the right option.
793. (2) creep (V.) : to move slowly, quietly and carefully.
- The sentence shows past time.
- Hence, crept is the right option.
794. (1) The job was started in the past and continues till present time.
- Hence, Present Perfect Continuous should be used here.
- Hence, have been is the right option.
795. (2)
- (1) memorable (Adj.) : unforgettable, special, good or unusual.
- (2) momentous (Adj.) : historic; very important or serious.
- Here, memorable is the right option.
796. (4)
- (1) implementation (N.) : carrying out; enactment; execution; application.
- Here, implementation is the right option.
797. (2) may is used to express a wish.
- Here, May is the right option.
798. (2) yet is used in Negative Sentences to talk about something that has not happened.
- Hence, yet is the right option
799. (3)
- (1) fall back on somebody : to go to somebody for support
- Here, back on is the right option.
800. (3) For two events of the past, the event that happens earlier should be expressed in Past Perfect.
- Hence, had just swallowed is the right option.
801. (3)
- (1) on time : not late ; at the correct time.
- Here, on is the right usage.
802. (4)
- (1) assure (V.) : to guarantee; to tell somebody that something is definitely going to happen.
- Here, assured is the right option.
803. (1)
- (1) insist (V.) : to demand earnestly.
- insist (V.) agrees with on (Prep.)
- Hence, on is the right usage.
804. (3) Structure of Imperative Sentence :
- Do/does + not + V₁ (Infinitive without to)
- Hence, interrupt is the right usage.
805. (1)
- (1) run down (Phr. V.) : to lose power or stop working; to gradually stop functioning.
- run short (Id.) : to become scanty/insufficient in supply
- run past (Phr. V.) : to run near/ alongside someone/something from one side to the other
- run up (Phr. V.) : accumulate
- Here, run down is the right usage.
806. (3)
- (1) attract (V.) : to interest something.
- Here, attract is the right option.
807. (4) For more than two things, among should be used.
- Hence, among is the right usage.
808. (4)
- (1) look for : to hope for something
- Here, looking for is the right option.
809. (1)
- (1) take off : to remove something especially a piece of clothing from body.
- Here, took off is the right option.
810. (1) Structure of Future Imperfect:
- Subject + will be/shall be +V-ing
- Here, be travelling is the right option.
811. (3) without fail : unfailingly; without exception
- Here, fail is the right option.
812. (4) give off : to produce something such as a smell, heat light etc.
- give away (Phr. V.) : make a gift of
- give over (Phr.V.) ; to tell somebody to stop doing something
- give up (Phr.V.) : to stop trying to do something
- Here, gives off is the right option.
813. (1) Here, as long as is the right option.
814. (3) Here, respectably is the right usage.
- (1) respectably (Adv.) : acceptably; no reason to be ashamed of ; fairly good.
815. (1) Here, in is the right usage.
- lived in (Phr. V.) : settled in
816. (3) Here, grumbled at is the right option.
- (1) grumble (at) (V.) : to complain about somebody/ something in a bad-tempered way.
817. (3) Here, V₂ i.e, retired is the right option.
818. (4) at the top of his voice : loudly.
- Here, at the top of is the right option.
819. (4) Here, the art of is the right option.
820. (1) Here, Comparative Degree will be used.
- Hence, faster is the right option.
821. (3)
- (1) employ (V.) : to give somebody a job to do for payment.
- Hence, employed is the right option.
822. (1) altercation (N.) : a noisy argument or disagreement.
- alteration (N.) : a change to something that makes it different

- aberration (N.) : a fact, an action/a way of behaving that is not usual, and that may be unacceptable
alliteration (N.) : the use of the same letter or sound at the beginning of words that are close together, as in – sing a song of sixpence
Here, altercation is the right option.
823. (1) Here, ship is a Singular Subject.
Hence, has (Singular Verb) is the right option.
824. (2) Here, Reporting Verb (asked) is in Past Tense.
Hence, might (V²) is the right option.
825. (4) for certain : without doubt.
Here, for is the right option.
826. (3) give the cold shoulder : to treat somebody in an unfriendly way.
Here, the cold shoulder is the right option.
827. (1) scald (V.) : to burn yourself or part of your body with very hot liquid.
Here, scalded is the right option.
828. (3) replete (Adj.) : filled with something with a full supply of something.
brood (V.) : to think a lot about something that makes you annoyed, anxious/upset
burst into (Phr. V.) : to start producing something suddenly and with great force
boasted of (Phr. V.) : to talk with too much pride about something that you have/can do
Here, replete with is the right option.
829. (4) Here, both is the right option
830. (1) Here, at is the right option.
831. (1) considerate (Adj.) : thoughtful; careful not to hurt or upset others.
Here, considerate is the right option.
832. (4) Here, present is the right option.
833. (1) obedient (Adj.) : willing to obey; submissive to authority.
Here, obedient is the right option.
834. (4) responsible : involving important duties.
Here, responsible is the right option.
835. (2) heart to heart : in good heart; happy and cheerful
Here, heart to heart is the right option.
836. (1) keep an eye (Id.) : to take care of something
Here, keeping an eye is the right option.
837. (2) interested agrees with Preposition-in.
Look at the sentence :
I am very interested in history.
Here, interested in is the right option.
838. (3) confirm (V.) : to state that something is definitely true.
Here, confirms is the right option.
839. (1) Everything is a Singular Subject. Hence, has been (Passive) is the right option.
840. (4)
(1) almost (Adv.) : not quite; nearly.
Here, almost is the right option.
841. (2) certainly (Adv.) : without doubt ; definitely.
Here, has certainly is the right option.
842. (2) Preposition by is the right option.
843. (3) The sentence is Affirmative (Present Perfect).
Hence, hasn't she ? is the right option.
844. (3) extinct (Adj.) : no longer in existence
Hence, extinct is the right option.
845. (2) scarcely (Adv.) : only just ; almost not.
Here, scarcely is the right option.
846. (2)
(1) rival (V.) : compare with; to be as good, impressive etc. as somebody/ something else.
Here, rival is the right option.
847. (4) Here, with one another is the right option.
848. (4) barely (Adv.) : just ; certainly not more than.
Here, was barely is the right option.
849. (1) benefit (V.) : to be useful.
Here, benefit is the right option.
850. (2)
(1) look after (Phr., V.) : to take care of somebody/ something.
Here, looks after is the right option.
851. (1) momentary (Adj.) : lasting for a very short time.
momentous (Adj.) : very important/serious
Here, momentary is the right option.
852. (4) back up (Phr.V.) : support
back out (Phr.V.) : to withdraw from something before completion
Here, up is the right option.
853. (2) call up (Phr.V.) : to make a telephone call
call in (Phr.V.) : summon to enter
call off (Phr.V.) : postpone indefinitely
call down (Phr.V.) : censure severely/angrily
Here, calls up is the right option.
854. (2) Subject + has/ have + been + V-ing is the right structure.
Hence, deteriorating is the right option.
855. (3) Here, at is the right option
Note : in is used in North American English.
856. (3) erupted (V.) : to start happening, suddenly and violently
trigger (V.) : to make something happen suddenly
temper (V.) : to make something less severe.
tamper (V.) : interfere with.
Here, erupted is the right option.
857. (3) devoid of something : completely lacking in something
Here, devoid of is the right option.
858. (1) so ... that is correct form of Correlative.
Hence, that he fell is the right option.

859. (2) call in (Phr. V.) : to ask for the services of somebody ; to call in a doctor/ police.
Here, called in is the right option.
860. (4) imminent (Adj.) : likely to happen very soon.
eminent (Adj.) : famous; well-known.
emanate (V.) : to produce or show something; come from.
Here, imminent is the right option.
861. (4) all right (Adj., Adv.) : safe and well; OK
Here, all right is the right option.
862. (1) alert (V.) : to make somebody aware of something; to warn about a dangerous or urgent situation.
Here, alerted is the right option.
863. (4) cordial (Adj.) : pleasant and friendly.
Here, cordial is the right option.
864. (1) To express Exclamation Inversion, i.e. have I should be used after never.
Hence, have I is the right option.
865. (4) Here, a particular man is being mentioned. Hence, The (Def. Art.) is the right option.
866. (2) device (N.) : a piece of equipment that has been designed to do a particular job.
Here, devices is the right option.
867. (2) procrastinate (V.) : to delay doing something that you should do; put off doing something.
prevaricate (V.) : be unclear in order to mislead/withhold information
interrogate (V.) : pose a series of questions to
discriminate (V.) : distinguish; treat differently
Here, procrastinate is the right option.
868. (1) ad infinitum : without ever coming to an end.
voraciously (Adv.) : in a way that involves eating/wanting large amounts of food
ad interim (Adv.) : temporarily
Here, ad infinitum is the right option.
869. (3) irrevocable (Adj.) : that cannot be changed; final.
irretrievable (Adj.) : irreparable; not able to be put right or got back
irreconcilable (Adj.) : incompatible; at variance; not possible to settle.
irreparable (Adj.) : too bad or too serious to repair.
Here, irrevocable is the right option.
870. (2) tie down (Phr., V.) : to restrict somebody's freedom
tie up (Phr., V.) : to connect/ link something to something else
Here, tie down is the right option.
871. (4) back out (Phr., V.) : to separate; break ; no longer taking part in something that has been agreed.
back up (Phr., V.) : to support somebody/something
Here, back out is the right option.
872. (3) assure (V.) : to make sure ; guarantee.
Here, assured is the right option.
873. (3) To express period of time for should be used.
Here, for is the right option.
874. (2) put in an appearance (Id.) : to appear briefly at some place or at some event
put on (Phr., V.) : add to something existing
put across (Phr., V.) : to state so as to be understood clearly/ accepted readily
put up (Phr., V.) : to suggest an idea, etc. for other people to discuss
Here, put in is the right option.
875. (3) Because = for the reason that
876. (2) Subject + must have + V₃.
877. (2) Infinitive ⇒ to + V₁
Lend = loan ; to give something to somebody.
878. (2) Preservation = the act of keeping something in its original state or in good condition.
879. (2) Here, preposition 'in' should be used.
880. (2) Proficiency (Noun) = ability to do something well because of training and practice.
881. (1) Wipe out = to destroy or remove something completely.
882. (2) Conscious (of something) = aware of something.
883. (2) Break down = to lose control of your feelings and start crying.
884. (4) Impose = to force; to make somebody accept something.
885. (2) It is a negative sentence.
886. (1) Here, preposition 'on/upon' should be used.
887. (3) The sentence shows past time. Hence, Past Simple should be used.
888. (1) Here, Past Perfect should be used. Reporting verb is in Past Tense.
889. (2) Fetter (Verb) = to restrict somebody's freedom to do what they want; put chains around a prisoner's feet; shackle.
Here, Past participle should be used. The sentence is in Passive Voice.
890. (3) Defalcate (Verb) = to misuse or misappropriate property; embezzle.
891. (2) Engaged in = busy doing something.
892. (3) Fall through = to not be completed or not happen.
893. (1) However is used to introduce a statement that contrasts with something.
894. (4) Fall off = to decrease in quantity or quality.
Fall down = to drop down from a higher level to a lower level.
895. (3) So refers back to an action that has just been mentioned.
896. (2) Cure (Verb) = to make a person or an animal healthy again after an illness.
897. (1) Be talk of the town = to be the person or subject that everyone is talking about and interested in.
898. (3) Would is used for saying what you want to happen (wish).
899. (1) As sense suggests, gain (= to obtain) should be used.
900. (1) Cut down = to reduce or curtail volume or activity
901. (3) Accidental = happening by chance or unintentionally.
Organised = arranged systematically

902. (2) into
903. (2) Work on = to try hard to achieve or improve something
904. (1) Hatred (Noun) = a very strong feeling of dislike
905. (1) Set aside = something that is saved and used for a particular purpose.
906. (4) on
907. (3) much
908. (3) Appropriate preposition - for.
909. (2) Appropriate preposition - with.
910. (2) The sentence shows past time.
911. (2) Before a gerund, possessive case (his) should be used.
912. (3) in
913. (4) Turn up = be found; put in an appearance; arrive; appear.
914. (2) Until = up to the point in time or the event mentioned.
Let's wait until the rain stops.
915. (4) Here, comparative degree i.e., more should be used.
916. (1) If soldiers fall in, they form lines.
917. (2) Call off = to cancel or abandon; to order to desist.
918. (3) Go ahead = to proceed or be carried out. The project will go ahead.
919. (3) Dubious (Adjective) = hesitating or doubting; doubtful; uncertain.
920. (4) lie – lying (put yourself in a flat or horizontal position).
Hence, Gerund i.e., lying should be used here.
921. (2) Refuse = to say that you will not do something that somebody has asked you to do; turn down.
Deny = refuse to admit or accept something
922. (4) Designation = the action of choosing someone to hold an office.
Destination = aim; ambition; end.
Determination = firmness of purpose
923. (1) The appropriate preposition will be 'on'.
924. (3) Delighted (Adjective) = a high degree of pleasure or enjoyment; ecstatic; elated; overjoyed; pleased.

925. (3) Preliminary (Adjective) = preparatory; introductory; initial.
926. (4) answer
927. (4) Beside = by the side of
928. (3) The sentence shows contrast.
Brief (Adjective) ⇒ short
929. (1) Pity (Noun) = the feeling of sorrow and compassion caused by the sufferings of others.
930. (3) is on
931. (3) Might is used when showing that something is or was possible.
932. (2) Back out = to withdraw from a commitment
933. (3) Attract = entice, allure; interest
934. (4) over
935. (3) Correct preposition is : in.
936. (2) Sensitivity = the quality or state of being sensitive or responsive.
Sensibility = the quality of being able to appreciate and respond to complex emotional influences.
937. (1) Plung into = jump or dive quickly and energetically; pitch oneself; launch oneself.
938. (1) University
↓
Consonant sound
Hence, indefinite article 'a' should be used.
939. (2) It is a negative sentence. As the structure suggests, either should be used.
940. (4) Set off = begin a journey
941. (4) in
942. (2) Make up = compensate
Look at the sentence :
Her enthusiasm makes up for her lack of experience.
943. (2) With bated breath = feeling very anxious or excited.
944. (3) When journalists write rave reviews, they praise something in a very enthusiastic way.
Look at the sentence :
The play received rave reviews from the critics.
945. (2) Passion (for) = strong and barely controllable emotion; strong liking.

Look at the sentence :

The English have a passion for gardens.

946. (3) Elude (Verb) = not achieve; fail to be attained by someone.
947. (2) Register (Verb) = record; put on record; enter; file.
948. (1) Deep (Adjective) = very intense or extreme; profound; sound.
949. (3) Plan (Verb) = to intend or expect to do something ; to make detailed arrangements for something you want to do in the future.
950. (4) Emulation (Noun) = effort to match or surpass a person or achievement
951. (2) Here, Past Simple (Passive) should be used.
952. (3) Assassinate (Verb) = to murder an important or famous person especially for political reason.
Exterminate (Verb) = to wipe out; to kill all the members of a group of people or animals.
953. (3) Consent = Permission to do something
Acquiescence (Noun) = the reluctant acceptance of something without protest.
954. (2) Accede (Verb) = agree to demand, request or treaty; assume an office.
955. (4) Green (Adjective) = of a person) young and lacking experience.
956. (1) Abound (Verb) with/ in something = to exist in great numbers or quantities.
957. (2) Check (Verb) = (examine something)
958. (3) Abide by something = to accept and act according to a law, an agreement etc.
959. (4) Near ⇒ a short distance away
960. (4) To error is human, to forgive divine = It is human nature to make mistakes and it is important to forgive people when they do.
961. (2) near
962. (4) reading
963. (4) regiments
964. (4) prepared
965. (2) at