5. Fifth You Wake Up?

Activity 1.

(B) Study the example. Write based on the rhyme.

(1) Tom	(8) Busy in a fight
(10) Jasmine	<u>(4) Nath</u>
(6) Mary	(7) Amit
<u>(3) Nath</u>	<u>(5) Nath</u>
(2) Tina	(9) Busy in a fight

Activity 2.

(B) Write the names of your classmates as in the class register.

1 First (ફર્સ્ટ) પહેલું	16 Sixteenth (સિક્સટીન્થ) સોળમું
2 Second (સેકન્ડ) બીજું	17 Seventeenth (સેવન્ટીન્થ) સત્તરમું
3 Third (થડ) ત્રીજું	18 Eighteenth (એટીન્થ) અઢારમું
4 Fourth (ફૉર્થ) ચોથું	19 Nineteenth (નાઇન્ટીન્થ) ઓગણીસમું
5 Fifth (ફ્રિફથ) પાંચમું	20 Twentieth (ન્ટિએથ) વીસમું
6 Sixth (સિક્રસ્થ) છ	21 Twenty-first (ન્ટિ-ફસ્ટ) એકવીસમું
7 Seventh (સેવન્થ) સાતમું	22 Twenty-second (ન્ટિ-સેકન્ડ) બાવીસમું
8 Eighth (એ) આઠમું	23 Twenty-third (ન્ટિ-થર્ડ) ત્રેવીસમું
9 Ninth (નાઇન્થ) નવમું	24 Twenty-fourth (ન્ટિ-ફૉર્થ) ચોવીસમું
10 Tenth (ટેન્થ) દસમું	25 Twenty-fifth (ન્ટિ-ફ્રિફથ) પચીસમું
11 Eleventh (ઇલેવન્થ) અગિયારમું	26 Twenty-sixth (ન્ટિ-સિસ્થ) છવ્વીસમું
12 Twelfth (લ્ફથ) બારમું	27 Twenty-seventh ન્ટિ-સેવન્થ) સત્તાવીસમું
13 Thirteenth (થર્ટીન્થ) તેરમું	28 Twenty-eighth (ન્ટિ-એર્થ) અઠ્ઠાવીસમું
14 Fourteenth (ફૉરટીન્થ) ચૌદમું	29 Twenty-ninth (ન્ટિ-નાઇન્થ) ઓગણત્રીસમું
15 Fifteenth (ફિફટીન્થ) પંદરમું	30 Thirtieth (થર્ટિએથ) ત્રીસમું

ACTIVITY 3

(A) તમારા વર્ગમાં 'slow langdi' મારીફાઈનું આયોજન કંરો. વિઘાથીખોએ બેલેન્સ જાળવવું અને પગ જમીન પર મુકવો નહી, છેલ્લે આવનાર વિજેતા ગણાશે. પરિણામના આધારે પરિછેદમાં ખાલી જગ્યા પૂરો,

Our class arranged a 'slow langdi' race on 10th January (date). The students were eager for the race. Nine students took part in the race. The participants had to walk with one leg only. The You cannot put your leg down on the ground. The race was really interesting. Nitin (student's name) won the race. He (He/She) was last in the race. So he stood first. The rest of the eight students put their (his / her / their) legs fastest participant would lose the race. Down. So they (he/ she / they) (was / were) out of the race.

Order Rank	Name	Time in
First	Nitin	2 minutes
Second	Swapnil	1 minutes 50 seconds
Third	Uma	1 minute 50 seconds
Fourth	Deepa	1 minute 20 seconds
Fifth	Rakesh	1 minute
Sixth	Mona	50 seconds
Seventh	Ali	45 seconds
Eighth	Shweta	40 seconds
Ninth	Manoj	30 seconds

Write down the result of the 'slow langdi' race in the table.

- (B) Write down the answers from the table.
- (1) Who won the race?
- Nitin won the race.

(2) Who stood last?

- > Manoj stood last.
- (3) Who was third in the race?
- > Uma was third in the race.

(4) Who was fifth?

> Rakesh was fifth.

(5) Who was fourth in the race?

> Deepa was fourth in the race.

Activity 4.

(B) Now write down Cach President's name in order. Also write down the period.

No.	Name of the President	From To	Order
1.	(1) Dr Rajendra Prasad	26 January, 1950	First President
		to	
		13 May. 1962	
2.	(2) Dr Sarvapalli Radhakrishnan	May. 25 May,	Second President
		1967	
		1962 to	
3.	(3) Dr Zakir Husain	13 May, 1967 to	Third President
		13 May. 1969	
4.	(4) Shri V. V. Giri	13 May, 1969 to	Fourth President
		24 August. 1974	
5.	(5) Fakhruddin Ali Ahmed	24 August. 1974	Fifth President
		to	
		11 February, 1977	
6.	(6) Shri Neelam Sanjiva Reddy	25 July. 1977 to	Sixth President
		25 July. 1982	
7.	(7) Shri Giani Zail Singh	25 July, 1982 to	Seventh President
		25 July, 1987	

8.	(8) Shri R. Venkataraman	25 July, 1987 to 25 July, 1992	Eighth President
9.	(9) Dr Shankar Dayal Sharma	25 July 1992 to 25 July. 1997	Ninth President
10.	(10) Shri K. R. Narayanan	25 July. 1997 25 July, 2002	Tenth President
11.	(11) Dr A. P. J. Abdul Kalam	25 July, 2002 to 25 July, 2007 to	Eleventh President
12.	(12) Smt Pratibha Devisingh Patil	25 July, 2007 to 25 July, 2012	Twelfth President
	Dr Pranab Mukherjee	25 July, 2012	Thirteenth President

- (C) Correct the following sentences.
- (1) Dr Zakir Husain was President of India.
- > Dr Zakir Husain was third President of India.
- (2) Shri Venkataraman was the eleventh President of India.
- > Shri R. Venkataraman was the eighth President of India.
- (3) Dr Rajendra Prasad was third President of India.
- > Dr Rajendra Prasad was first President of India.
- (4) Dr A. P. J. Abdul K tenth President of
- > In Dr A. P. J. Abdul eleventh President
- (5) Shri K. R. Narayana twelfth President of India.
- > Shri K. R. Naraya tenth President of Indi

Activity 5.

- (B) Write down the words that start with 'W' from the story.
- (1) WONDERFUL
- (2) WHERE /WORRY/ WOULD
- (3) WITHIN
- (4) WILL /WELL / WISH/WHAT/WERE / WHEN
- (5) WE
- (6) WAS/WAY

(C)Who did what?

Action	Character
(1) crawling	turtle
(2) flying	crow
(3) throwing	hunter
(4) informing	crow
(5) cutting	mouse
(6) hiding	deer, mouse
(7) chasing	hunter

(D) Mark the sentences True or False. છેલ્લા બે વાક્યો True [√] False [×] ની નિશાની કરેલી છે. તેના વાક્યો વર્તમાથી શોધીને લખો.

(1) The crow and the deer were relatives.	[×]
(2) The hunter ate the turtle.	[×]
(3) The crow located the deer.	[√]
(4) The mouse was not ready to face the hunter.	[×]
(5) The turtle ran fast to save the deer.	[×]
(6) A king trapped the deer.	[×]
(7) The crow saved the turtle.	[×]
(8) The deer ran into the bush.	[×]
(9) The crow made a hole in the sack.	[×]

(10) The hunter lost both the prey.

- (E) Answer the questions.
- (1) Write the names of the main characters of the story.
- Crow, hunter, deer, turtle, mouse and hunter.

(2) Who were good friends?

The crow, deer, turtle and mouse were good friends.

(3) Was there a lake in the forest?

Yes, there was a lake in the forest.

(4) Who cut the net?

The mouse cut the net.

(5) Where did the deer hide in the end?

In the end, the deer hid in a bush.

ACTIVITY 6

(A) Use the same letter two times make a word.

(1)
$$D_R = DEER$$

- (2) $L_K = LOOK$
- (3) $F_D = FOOD$
- (4) FO__OW = FOLLOW
- (5) TR_ = TREE
- (6) NI__LE = NI**BB**LE

(B) Find out the animals / birds / insects.

Example: BEARD -BEAR

(1) PLANT - ANT

(2) COWARD - COW

(3) CROWDED - CROW
(4) CATCH - CAT
(5) RATION - RAT
(6) BATCH - BAT

Activity 7.

(A) વર્ગને ત્રણ જૂથમાં વહેંચો. દરેક જૂથ આ જ વાર્તાને જુદી જુદી રીતે કહે, (1) એક જૂથ આ વાર્તાને crow બનીને કહે. વાર્તા આ રીતે શરૂ કરી શકાય ?

Mouse, deer and turtle are my friends. We always meet near the lake in our forest. One day we got together near the lake, but our friend, deer, did not come...

The deer is always on time. So the turtle and the mouse thought that she must be in trouble. I said I will fly over the forest and find out the deer. When I was flying over the forest, I heard the deer's voice. She was crying for help. She was trapped in a hunter's net. I told the deer that we all friends will help her.

I hurriedly flew back to my friends and told them about the deer. The mouse said that he will cut the net. So I took him to the deer in my beak. The mouse cut the net and freed the deer. Just then the turtle came there crawling slowly.

Suddenly, the hunter also came there. All of us hid ourselves. But the hunter saw the turtle. He caught him and put him in his sack.

My friends and 1 came our hiding places. We were sad and out of speechless. We saved one friend and lost one!

The deer had a wonderful idea! She said she will pretend to be dead. When the hunter comes to catch her, she will run away. The hunter will chase her. In the meantime, the mouse can make a hole in the sack and save the turtle.

All the friends agreed. The deer lay down. The hunter saw the deer. The deer started running. The hunter threw the sack and ran after the deer. The mouse made a hole in the sack and saved the turtle. The deer hid herself in a bush.

In this way, we could save both our friends. We rejoiced. But the hunter was foolish! He lost both his prey.

(2) બીજું જૂથ આ વાતને hunter બનીને કહે, વાતાં આ રીતે કહી શકાય:

My name is Hathisinh Hunter. I am clever hunter. Yet, some animals ono a fooled me. It happened like this....

Once I trapped a deer in my net. I went to trap another animal. When I came back, I saw that the deer was not there. My net was cut! But then I saw a turtle. So I caught the turtle and put him in my sack.

After some time, I saw the deer lying there. It looked dead. As I was walking to catch it, it started running. I threw my sack and ran after the deer. The deer hid in a bush. I could not find it.

At last, I came back. When I picked up my sack, it was empty! There was a hole in it! The turtle was out and gone!

Then I understood that the animals had saved their friends. First the animals had saved the deer. Then the deer and mouse saved the deer. Then the deer and the mouse saved the turtle. How foolish I was ! I lost both the prey. The animals fooled me. They rejoiced.

(3) ત્રીજું જૂથ આ વાર્તાને lake બનીને કહે. વાત આ રીતે શરૂ કરી શકાય :

Hi, friends! I am Lake Lola. I am a witness to every event in this forest. One day, a hunter was searching for a prey...

He trapped the deer. So the deer did not come to meet her friendsthe mouse and the crow. The turtle, the three friends were worried. The crow said he will fly over the forest and find out the deer. As the crow was flying in the forest, he heard the deer's voice. She was trapped in the net!

The crow came back to the lake and told the friends about the deer. The mouse said that it will cut the net and free the deer. The crow took the mouse in his beak and flew to the place where the deer was trapped. The mouse quickly cut the net and freed the deer. The turtle also reached there. He was crawling slowly.

The hunter came there. He saw that the net was cut. The deer was not there. But he saw the turtle! So he caught the turtle and put him in his sack.

The three friends were sad. Suddenly the deer had an idea. He lay down and pretended to be dead. The hunter saw the deer. When he came to catch her, the deer ran into the bush and hid there. The hunter threw his sack and ran after the deer.

The mouse made a hole in the sack and saved the turtle. When the hunter came back, the turtle was also not there!

The hunter was foolish. He lost both the prey - the deer and the turtle. The clever friends helped one another and saved the deer and the turtle.